

FOREWORD

This computer program is one of a series of digital computer programs developed as in-house effort in support of the Space Vehicle Thermal and Atmospheric Control Study. The study is sponsored by the Flight Dynamics Laboratory of the Research and Technology Division under Contract AF33(657)-8953 and is under the direction of W. Uhl of the Environmental Control Branch. R. E. Sexton of S&ID served as Project Manager of the study program. H. L. Nordwall reviewed and edited the contractor's report for publication as an FDL TDR.

The program described in this report represents the second stage in the development of a general configuration factor computer program. This report partly incorporates SID 62-393 (ASD TN 61-101), which describes CONFAC I, the first program developed under the Space Vehicle Thermal and Atmospheric Control Study.

This report may also be identified by Contractor's Report No. SID 63-1397.

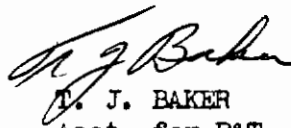
Contrails

ABSTRACT

A simple numerical method is derived for the determination of the geometric radiant-interchange factors used in radiant heat transfer and illumination. A FORTRAN II digital computer program utilizing this method is developed which provides a rapid and accurate means of computation of configuration and form factors. The source of flux may be any general plane polygon and the receiver may be any general plane or nonplanar polygon, the surface of an arbitrary polyhedron, or an arbitrary combination of such surfaces.

It is therefore possible to accurately determine configuration and form factors from a plane surface to another surface occluded by complex intervening surfaces. Form factors are computed rapidly -- averaging less than two seconds on the IBM 7094 for simple, unobstructed plane surfaces, and less than 30 seconds for simple polyhedra. Also, means are provided to internally generate a variety of regular polygons or polyhedra and to transform surface spatial coordinates for convenience of data entry and/or motion simulation. Simplicity of data entry, flexibility of application, and economy of operation are principal features of this program. Sample problems illustrating these important aspects are provided.

This report has been reviewed and is approved.



T. J. BAKER
Asst. for R&T
Vehicle Equipment Division
AF Flight Dynamics Laboratory

Contrails

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section		Page
I	INTRODUCTION.	1
II	ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES	5
	Configuration and Form Factor	5
	Coordinate Transformation	14
	Silhouette Generator.	17
	Surface Generator	21
III	COMPUTER PROGRAM CONTENTS	25
	Program Description	25
	General Rules and Restrictions.	32
IV	INPUT DATA.	33
	Data Specifications and Specific Restrictions	33
	Data Dimension Restrictions	36
	Program Control	37
	Format.	37
V	PROGRAM OUTPUT.	51
VI	REFERENCES.	53
APPENDIXES		
A.	Sample Problems	55
B.	Program Listings and MAPS	193
C.	Coordinate Transformation	269
D.	Computation of Surface Area of Internally Generated Surfaces.	275
E.	Derivation of Configuration Factor to a Sphere.	279

ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure		Page
1	Nusselt Geometrical Relationships	6
2	Geometry of New Method of Configuration Factor Computation . .	10
3	Surface Coordinate Transformation	16
4	Simple Silhouette Geometry	18
5	Complex (Multisurface) Silhouette Geometry	20
6	CONFAC II Surface Generator	23
7	DOICU Surface Analysis	27
8	Mapping Procedure	29
9	"T" and "C" Control Card Format	38
10	Class 1 and 2 Surface Input Data Format	40
11	Class 3 Surface Specifications Input Data Format	41
12	Class 4 and 5 Surface Input Data Format	42
13	Class 6 Surface Specifications Input Data Format	43
14	Class 7 Sphere Specification Input Data Format	45
15	Class 8 Multisurface Specifications Input Data Format	46
16	Class 9 Transformation Data Input Data Format	47
17	Run Instructions Input Data Format	48
18	Group A Sample Problems Geometry	58
19	Group A Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets	59
20	Group A Sample Problems Program Results	63
21	Group B Sample Problems Geometry	89
22	Group B Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets	90
23	Group B Sample Problems Program Results	92
24	Group C Sample Problems Geometry	120
25	Group C Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets	121
26	Group C Sample Problems Program Results	124
27	Group D Sample Problems Geometry	132
28	Group D Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets	133
29	Group D Sample Problems Program Results	135
30	Group E Sample Problems Geometry	150
31	Group E Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets	151
32	Group E Sample Problems Program Results	154
33	Group F Sample Problems Geometry	169
34	Group F Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets	170
35	Group F Sample Problems Program Results	175
36	Program Deck Setup	194
37	MAIN Program Listing	195
38	MAIN Program Core Storage Map	212
39	Subroutine UNIVFC Listing	217
40	Subroutine UNIVFC Core Storage Map	218
41	Subroutine TXFRM Listing	220
42	Subroutine TXFRM Core Storage Map	224
43	Subroutine DOICU Listing	226
44	Subroutine DOICU Core Storage Map	231

ILLUSTRATIONS (cont'd)

Figure		Page
45	Subroutine MAP Listing	234
46	Subroutine MAP Core Storage Man	238
47	Subroutine FACTOR Listing	240
48	Subroutine FACTOR Core Storage Man.	244
49	Subroutine SILFAC Listing	246
50	Subroutine SILFAC Core Storage Man.	260
51	FAP Input-Output Compatibility Subroutine Listing	265
52	Variable Format	267
53	Coordinate Transformation	270
54	Surface Area Geometry of Internally Generated Polyhedra	276
55	Areas Involved in Configuration Factor to Spheres	280
56	Case IIIb Detail Geometry	281

NOMENCLATURE

A	Area
e	Exchange coefficient
c	Configuration factor (italicized)
f	Form factor (italicized)
h,k,l	Translation components
i,j,k	Unit vectors along the X-,Y-,Z-axis, respectively
O	Center of unit sphere, origin of coordinate system
R	Radius of sphere
S	Distance between two areas
X,Y,Z or x,y,z	Spatial coordinates of a point relative to X, Y, Z axis
α, β, γ	Direction angles of a line relative to X, Y, Z axis respectively
γ	Angle between Z axis and vector normal to plane
θ	Angle between two vectors
π	Numerical constant = 3.14159 +
ω	Solid angle

Subscripts

A,B,C	Points on an area
s	Sector
ΔA	Finite incremental area
dA	Differential area
dA-A	From a differential area to an area

NOMENCLATURE (cont'd)

Subscripts (cont'd)

1,2, Areas 1,2,
12 Area 1 to area 2
 ϵ Elliptical

SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

The geometric form factor, f_{12} , is defined as the fraction of radiant energy emanating from finite surface A_1 which is intercepted by another surface A_2 .

$$f_{12} = \frac{\text{Flux received by finite surface } A_2}{\text{Flux emitted by finite surface } A_1} \quad (1)$$

The geometric configuration factor, ϵ_{12} , is defined in a similar manner, except that the emitting surface is infinitesimal, (sometimes referred to as the point configuration factor),

$$\epsilon_{12} = \frac{\text{Flux received by finite surface } A_2}{\text{Flux emitted by infinitesimal surface } dA_1} \quad (2)$$

The subscripts denote the direction of flow of net flux; ϵ_{12} and f_{12} pertain respectively to the configuration and form factor from surface A_1 to surface A_2 . It is assumed that each surface is isothermal and radiates diffusely, i.e., follows Lambert's cosine distribution law.

The "closed-form" determination of the configuration or form factor by classical integration techniques is impossible or impractical in most situations. Experimental techniques and devices have been reported in the literature (Reference 1), and probably the most useful is Pleijel's Globoscope (Reference 4). Experimental techniques produce only the configuration factor, however. Nonetheless, they are useful for many applications where only one or just a few configuration factors are required and nominal accuracy is sufficient.

However, if a large number of form factors are required in a short period of time, experimental techniques are not practical. This report presents a numerical method and a computer program which enables rapid and accurate computation of configuration and form factors between plane surfaces, and plane or solid surfaces. The source (surface 1) may be any general plane polygon; the receiver (surface 2) may be any arbitrarily oriented general plane or nonplanar polygon, the surface of an arbitrary solid, or an arbitrary combination of planes, nonplanes, or solids. Form factors (which nominally are derived from 625 configuration factors) are computed rapidly, averaging less than 2 seconds by IBM 7094 time for simple plane surfaces, and less than 30 seconds from simple plane surfaces to simple solids. Table 1 compares solutions obtained by CONFAC II to those given in Reference 1.

Manuscript released by the author January 1964 for publication as an FDL technical Documentary Report

Contrails

Table 1, Comparison of Configuration and Form Factors Computed by CONFACII to Those Given in Reference 1

Configuration	Reference 1	Computer (Trapezoidal Rule)	
		24 x 24 grid	60 x 60 grid
P-1, X = 1, Y = 1	0.13853	0.138532	0.138532
X = 0.1, Y = 0.1	0.00314	0.003141	0.003141
X = 1, Y = 4	0.17527	0.175270	0.175270
X = 0.1, Y = 0.4	0.01147	0.011471	0.011471
X = 1, Y = ∞ *	0.17678	0.176777	0.176777
X = 0.1, Y = ∞ *	0.02488	0.024876	0.024876
P-2, $\emptyset = 30^\circ$, L = 0, N = 1	0.4665	0.466506	0.466506
$\emptyset = 30^\circ$, L = 1, N = 1	0.1759	0.175923	0.175923
$\emptyset = 30^\circ$, L = 0, N = 4	0.4665	0.466506	0.466506
$\emptyset = 30^\circ$, L = 4, N = 4	0.0964	0.096447	0.096447
$\emptyset = 120^\circ$, L = 0, N = 1	0.125	0.125000	0.125000
$\emptyset = 120^\circ$, L = 1, N = 1	0.0236	0.023554	0.023554
$\emptyset = 120^\circ$, L = 0, N = 4	0.125	0.125000	0.125000
$\emptyset = 120^\circ$, L = 4, N = 4	0.0077	0.007683	0.007683
**P-6, E = 1, D = 1	0.276	0.275	---
E = 1, D = 2	0.438	0.436	---
E = 1, D = ∞	0.500	0.498	---
E = 2, D = 1	0.724	0.722	---
E = 2, D = ∞	0.800	0.799	---
**P-8, D = 4, L = 2	0.08074	0.08055	---
D = 2, L = 4	0.24774	0.2472	---
A-1, X = 1, Y = 1	0.19982	0.19972	0.19981
X = 0.1, Y = 0.1	0.00316	0.00316	0.00316
X = 1, Y = 4	0.34596	0.34559	0.34590
X = 0.1, Y = 0.4	0.01207	0.01207	0.01207
X = 1, Y = ∞ *	0.41421	0.40549	0.41075
X = 0.1, Y = ∞ *	0.04988	0.04884	0.04946
A-2, $\emptyset = 30^\circ$, L = 1, N = 1	0.6202+	0.61769	0.61878
$\emptyset = 30^\circ$, L = 4, N = 4	0.3961+	0.39431	0.39450
$\emptyset = 120^\circ$, L = 1, N = 1	0.0870+	0.08665	0.08662
$\emptyset = 120^\circ$, L = 4, N = 4	0.0433+	0.04272	0.04235

* 10^8 was assumed to approximate ∞ for computer run

** 32 sided regular polygon used to simulate circular cross-section

+ These values were obtained by numerical integration across surface A_1 , according to Reference 1

Contrails

The FORTRAN II Computer Program described herein, CONFAC II, is a follow-on development of an earlier version, CONFAC I (Reference 5). The original program has been extensively modified and significant improvements in the flexibility of application have been achieved. CONFAC I was developed principally to compute geometric form factors between plane surfaces; no application to nonplanar surfaces or bodies was originally intended. However, because of the particular analytical approach utilized and the data handling techniques developed, it was possible to use the basic plane-to-plane program to compute factors to nonplanar surfaces, provided proper restrictions were observed.

The principal similarities and differences between CONFAC I and CONFAC II are as follows:

1. Both CONFAC I and CONFAC II require that Surface 1 be a plane polygon; it may be arbitrarily oriented in the coordinate system in which it is described (entered) in data.
2. Both CONFAC I and CONFAC II specify that if Surface 2 is a plane polygon, it may be arbitrarily oriented with respect to Surface 1 and within its own coordinate system.
3. Both CONFAC I and CONFAC II require that, if Surface 2 is a nonplanar surface, then the surface boundaries must present a valid silhouette from any point on the active side of Surface 1.
4. CONFAC I specifies that no part of nonplanar Surface 2 may lie below the "horizon" of Surface 1 when viewed from the active side of Surface 1. CONFAC II does not require that all of a nonplanar Surface 2 appear above the horizon of Surface 1. CONFAC II will automatically bisect a nonplanar Surface 2 and compute the factor to only the part which Surface 1 "sees."
5. CONFAC I cannot, in general, be used to compute the factor to a solid surface. CONFAC II will compute the factor to arbitrary solid surfaces or regular solids such as parallelepipeds, cylinders, cones, etc., with the restriction that all of the surface must appear above the horizon of Surface 1. CONFAC I cannot, in general, be used to compute factors to surfaces which are occluded or "shadowed" in a varying manner by intervening surfaces; on the other hand, the factor in such instances can be determined by CONFAC II with few restrictions.
6. CONFAC I has only two principal classes of data -- surface data and surface transformation data. No distinction of data entry is made between plane and nonplane surfaces. Surface data is distinguished from transformation data by the position of the data name on the data name card. CONFAC II, however, utilizes nine data classifications, as follows:

Contrails

- Class 1 - Plane polygon, silhouette developed directly from data
 - Class 2 - Nonplane polygon, silhouette developed directly from data
 - Class 3 - Internally generated disk, silhouette developed directly from generated data
 - Class 4 - Plane polygon, silhouette internally developed
 - Class 5 - Nonplane surface or solid, silhouette internally developed
 - Class 6 - Internally generated regular disk or solid, silhouette internally developed
 - Class 7 - Sphere
 - Class 8 - Multisurface, silhouette internally developed from all surfaces taken together
 - Class 9 - Transformation data
7. CONFAC II incorporates a silhouette generator subroutine which is utilized when the factor to solids or, in certain cases, to non-solids is requested. The silhouette generator computes the perspective of Surface(s) 2 from preselected positions on Surface 1 from which configuration factors are computed.
 8. CONFAC II incorporates an internal automatic surface generator which computes the surface boundary coordinates of regular plane and solid surfaces from input data specifications. This feature enables the analyst to create surfaces such as circular or elliptical disks, parallelepipeds, pyramids, cones, truncated cones, cylinders, etc. An endless variety of regular surfaces can be created by CONFAC II.
 9. CONFAC II incorporates extremely fast computation of factors to a sphere which is arbitrarily oriented with respect to Surface 1.

SECTION II

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

CONFIGURATION AND FORM FACTOR

The general equation that must be solved in the determination of the radiant-interchange form factor is (see Figure 1)

$$f_{12} = \frac{1}{A_1} \iint_{A_1} \iint_{A_2} \frac{\cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 dA_2 dA_1}{\pi S^2} \quad (1)$$

The following part of the integrand is the factor from the elemental surface dA_1 to the total surface A_2 , referred to as the configuration factor or plane point factor, c_{12} .

$$c_{12} = \iint_{A_2} \frac{\cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2}{\pi S^2} dA_2 \quad (2)$$

Therefore,

$$f_{12} = \frac{1}{A_1} \iint_{A_1} c_{12} dA_1 \quad (3)$$

A very simple geometric interpretation of Equation 2 is given by Nusselt. The principal value of the Nusselt concept is that the computational procedure is simplified and made more accurate by the fact that no mathematical or numerical integration is required to compute the configuration factor. However, the Nusselt method yields only the configuration factor from the elemental area dA_1 ; one must still integrate all such factors over surface A_1 to yield the form factor f_{12} as given in Equation 3.

The Nusselt concept utilizes a hemisphere of radius R constructed over the incremental plane area dA_1 , as shown in Figure 1. Every point defining the boundary of surface A_2 is projected radially to the hemisphere surface and then vertically downward to the plane of dA_1 , the equatorial plane of the hemisphere. The locus of all points thus projected encloses an area, A''_2 , on the hemisphere base. This area A''_2 , divided by the area of the base, is the configuration factor from dA_1 to A_2 .

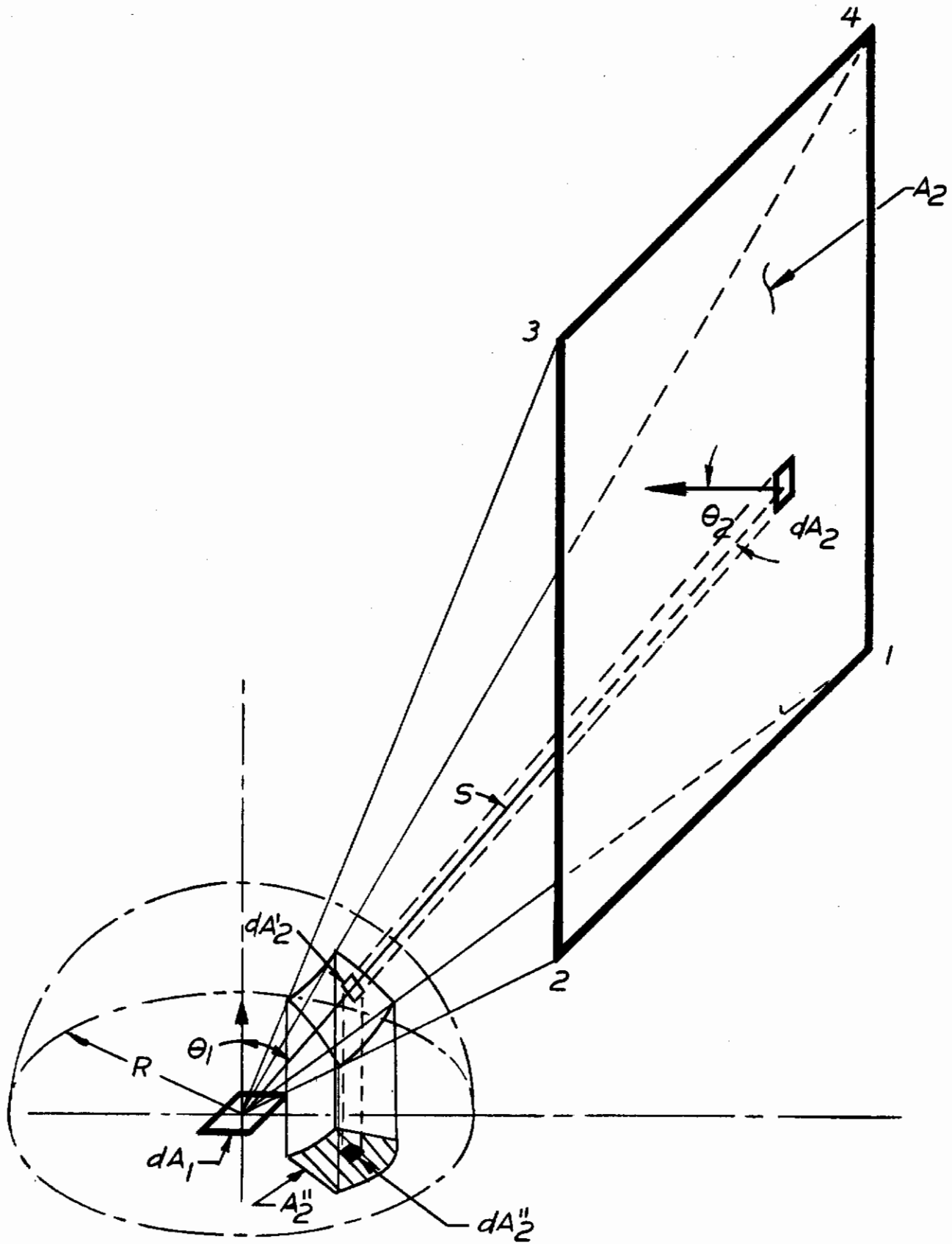


FIGURE 1. NUSSULT GEOMETRICAL RELATIONSHIPS

Contrails

The validity of this conclusion can be demonstrated as follows. Note that the elemental area dA_2 is described in surface A_2 by the elemental solid angle $d\omega_1$, or

$$d\omega_1 = \frac{\cos \theta_2 dA_2}{S^2} \quad (4)$$

Similarly, on the sphere having radius R ,

$$d\omega_1 = \frac{dA_2'}{R^2} \quad (5)$$

Because dA_2'' is the projection of dA_2' on the hemisphere base,

$$dA_2' = \frac{dA_2''}{\cos \theta_1} \quad (6)$$

Inserting Equation 6 in Equation 5,

$$d\omega_1 = \frac{dA_2''}{R^2 \cos \theta_1} \quad (7)$$

The right side of Equation 4 appears explicitly in Equation 1 and, because Equation 7 is identical to Equation 4, Equation 2 becomes

$$e_{12} = \iint_{A_2} \frac{\cos \theta_1}{\pi} \left(\frac{dA_2''}{R^2 \cos \theta_1} \right) = \frac{\iint_{A_2} dA_2''}{\pi R^2} = \frac{A_2''}{\pi R^2}$$

For a sphere of unit radius (unit sphere),

$$e_{12} = \frac{A_2''}{\pi} \quad (8)$$

which completes the proof of Nusselt's method. By inserting Equation 8 in Equation 3, the original equation becomes greatly simplified; only one area integration is now required.

$$f_{12} = \frac{1}{A_1} \iint_{A_1} \frac{A_2''}{\pi} dA_1 \quad (9)$$

Contrails

The computer program described herein solves Equation 9 numerically by successive algebraic evaluation of A_2'' at preselected points on Surface A_1 , with subsequent numerical integration to yield f_{12} , or

$$f_{12} = \frac{1}{A_1} \sum_{A_1} \sum_{A_1} \frac{A_2''}{\pi} \Delta A_1 \quad (10)$$

It should be emphasized that area A_2'' is, in fact, formed by the doubly projected silhouette of surface A_2 as it appears from dA_1 .

^{W.C.} The element dA_1 is assumed to be oriented in the XY plane and at the origin of the coordinate system of Surface A_2 . The area A_2'' can be found from the line integral where $y_1 = F(x_1)$ is the locus of the boundary of A_2 ,

$$A_2'' = \frac{1}{2} \int_C (x_1 dy_1 - y_1 dx_1) \quad (11)$$

Let $z = F(x,y)$ be the locus of the silhouette of A_2 , and S the distance from dA_1 to the point (x,y,z) on the silhouette of A_2 .

$$S = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

From similar triangles,

$$x_1 = \frac{x}{S}, \quad dx_1 = \frac{1}{S} dx + x d\left(\frac{1}{S}\right)$$

$$y_1 = \frac{y}{S}, \quad dy_1 = \frac{1}{S} dy + y d\left(\frac{1}{S}\right)$$

Inserting in Equation 11

$$A_2'' = \frac{1}{2} \int_C \frac{xdy - ydx}{S^2} \quad (12)$$

Equation 12 can be transposed to finite difference form by replacing the differentials with increments for numerical evaluation. Because of the problems of increment size control, it appears desirable to solve Equation 12 for a finite line segment in space and to allow the analyst to control accuracy of configuration factor computation by suitable selection of line segments describing Surface 2. If the surface is actually a polygon or polyhedra, the simulation is perfect; if the surface boundary is curved, like a disk, for example, the validity of the result is a function of the number of line segments used.

Contrails

However, a much simpler and more easily understood geometric derivation, using the unit sphere, yields the result in superior computational form. Referring to Figure 2, note that the radial projection of line segment AB on the hemisphere surface forms the circular arc A'B'. Projection of A'B' to the base plane produces the elliptical arc A''B'', forming the elliptical section A''OB'' with the origin.

If all line segments describing Surface 2 are similarly projected, the area A_2'' will be formed by a closed series of elliptical arcs. Surface A_2 does not have to be a plane. Actually, the area A_2 results from the geometry of a silhouette; any surface or object projecting an identical silhouette in the same spatial position on the hemisphere surface will produce the same area A_2 and the same point factor.

Inspection reveals that the magnitude of area A_2'' can be determined by computing the area of each elliptical sector, properly signed, followed by an algebraic summation.

In Figure 2, the area of elliptical sector A_e is the projected area of circular sector A_s . If the angle between the plane of the circular sector A'OB' and the XY plane is γ , then

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{A_e}{A_s} \quad (13)$$

The area A_s is computed from the usual polar equation, with θ in radians,

$$A_s = \frac{1}{2} R^2 \theta$$

For the unit radius sphere,

$$A_s = \frac{\theta}{2} \quad (14)$$

Substituting Equation 14 in Equation 13, and solving for A_e ,

$$A_e = \frac{\theta}{2} \cos \gamma \quad (15)$$

For a polygon of N sides, the net area A_2'' is found by algebraic summation of all computed A_e .

Contrails

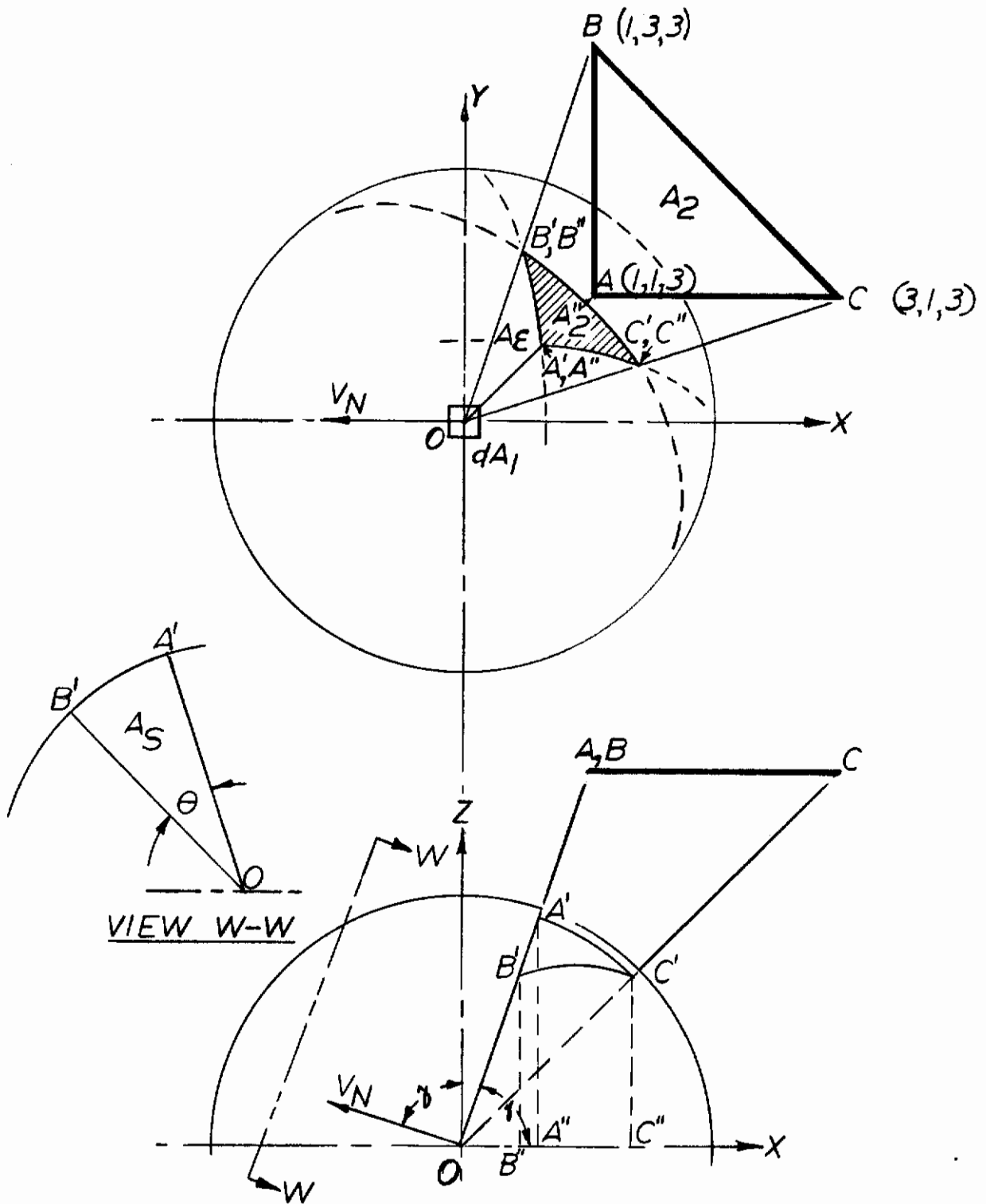


FIGURE 2. GEOMETRY OF NEW METHOD OF CONFIGURATION FACTOR COMPUTATION

Contrails

$$A_2'' = \frac{1}{2} \left| \sum_{n=1}^N \theta_n \cos \gamma_n \right| \quad (16)$$

Substituting in Equation 8, we have

$$\epsilon_{12} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left| \sum_{n=1}^N \theta_n \cos \gamma_n \right| \quad (17)$$

A general analytical derivation of this equation is given in Reference 3, and is reported to be originally developed by Omoto in 1924.

The absolute value notation will be explained later. The use of vector algebra greatly facilitates the computation of θ and $\cos \gamma$. Taking, for example, directed line segments of \vec{OA} and \vec{OB} , the vector dot product is

$$\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB} = x_A x_B + y_A y_B + z_A z_B \quad (18)$$

The cross product $\vec{OA} \times \vec{OB}$ in determinant form is

$$\vec{OA} \times \vec{OB} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ x_A & y_A & z_A \\ x_B & y_B & z_B \end{vmatrix}$$

which, upon expansion, becomes the normal vector \vec{V}_N ,

$$\vec{V}_N = \vec{OA} \times \vec{OB} = (y_A z_B - z_A y_B)i + (x_B z_A - z_B x_A)j + (x_A y_B - x_B y_A)k \quad (19)$$

where i , j , and k are mutually orthogonal unit base vectors directed along the principal axes.

\vec{V}_N is equal in magnitude to twice the area of the triangle AOB and is oriented normal to the plane of AOB so that the three vectors form a right-handed system. The magnitude is computed by the Pythagorean theorem,

Contrails

$$|\vec{V}_N| = \sqrt{(y_A z_B - z_A y_B)^2 + (x_B z_A - x_A z_B)^2 + (x_A y_B - x_B y_A)^2} \quad (20)$$

The angle θ may be evaluated from either the dot or the cross product by use of inverse functions, specifically

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left[\frac{\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB}}{|\vec{OA}| |\vec{OB}|} \right] \text{ or } \sin^{-1} \left[\frac{|\vec{V}_N|}{|\vec{OA}| |\vec{OB}|} \right]$$

However, an overall economy of computation results from the use of the arctan function,

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{|\vec{V}_N|}{\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB}} \right] \quad (21)$$

As noted earlier, the angle γ is defined as the angle between the plane of AOB and the XY plane. It is also the angle between the vector \vec{V}_N and the Z axis; $\cos \gamma$ is therefore the direction cosine of \vec{V}_N with respect to the Z axis. Using the Z component in Equation 19,

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{x_A y_B - x_B y_A}{|\vec{V}_N|} \quad (22)$$

If the numerator and denominator are both divided by 2,

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{\frac{x_A y_B - x_B y_A}{2}}{\frac{|\vec{V}_N|}{2}}$$

This shows that $\cos \gamma$ is also equal to the ratio of the signed projected area of triangle AOB on the XY plane and the plane area of triangle AOB.

In the right-handed system shown, $\cos \gamma$ is positive when the order of computation of the vectors in the cross product causes the normal vector \vec{V}_N to point in the direction of the +Z axis ($0 < \gamma < 90$). The order in which one proceeds from point to point on the boundary of Surface 2 will sign each elliptical sector accordingly; however, because the sectors are summed algebraically, the same absolute magnitude will result regardless of order. Because the point factor is always a positive number, the order is computationally unimportant. Nevertheless, the program requires that data be entered in counterclockwise order for other reasons. This will be discussed in more detail later.

Contrails

The relative ease with which the point factor can be computed is best illustrated by an example. Using the triangle shown in Figure 2, and starting with line segment \overline{AB} , from Equation 18

$$\vec{OA} \cdot \vec{OB} = 1 + 3 + 9 = 13$$

from Equation 20

$$|\vec{V}_{AB}| = |\vec{OA} \times \vec{OB}| = \sqrt{(-6)^2 + 0 + (2)^2} = \sqrt{40}$$

From Equation 21

$$\theta_{AB} = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{\sqrt{40}}{13} \right] \cong 0.453$$

From Equation 22

$$\cos \gamma_{AB} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{40}} = 0.316$$

Moving to BC,

$$\vec{OB} \cdot \vec{OC} = 3 + 3 + 9 = 15$$

$$|\vec{V}_{BC}| = \sqrt{6^2 + 6^2 + (-8)^2} = \sqrt{136}$$

$$\theta_{BC} = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{\sqrt{136}}{15} \right] \cong 0.661$$

$$\cos \gamma_{BC} = \frac{-8}{\sqrt{136}} = -0.686$$

Finally, line segment \vec{CA} ,

$$\vec{OC} \cdot \vec{OA} = 3 + 1 + 9 = 13$$

$$|\vec{VA}| = \sqrt{0 + 6^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{40}$$

$$\theta_{CA} = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{40}}{13}\right) \cong 0.453$$

$$\cos \gamma_{CA} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{40}} = 0.316$$

The configuration factor is, therefore, from Equation 17,

$$\begin{aligned} c_{12} &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left| 2(0.453)(0.316) + (0.661)(-0.686) \right| \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left| -0.167 \right| \\ c_{12} &= 0.0266 \end{aligned}$$

Note the repetitive nature of the computation. Thus, all surfaces represented by straight line segments in space can be analyzed in the simple, direct manner shown.

COORDINATE TRANSFORMATION

The task of computing factors, even when simple "closed-form" solutions are available, is oftentimes laborious because the surfaces under consideration appear in difficult, skewed relative positions. A significant part of this effort has been eliminated by the program through the capability of general coordinate transformation (translation and/or rotation). Surface data may be entered for each surface using an individually convenient local origin. The surfaces may then be linked together by transforming one or both surfaces to a convenient third origin which is common to both surfaces. The fact that internally generated surfaces may also be transformed (excluding multisurfaces) makes this feature a very powerful tool.

Contrails

Actually, two different types of coordinate transformation are used by the program. The transformation discussed in the prior paragraph is termed a "primary" transformation, and is under control of the user through transformation data entry. The second type of transformation is termed an "auxiliary" transformation, and is under internal program control only. An auxiliary transformation transforms the surface coordinates of both surfaces into a new coordinate system formed so that the XY plane of the coordinate system lies in the reference plane of one of the surfaces. The reference plane of a surface is the plane formed by the first, second and last point describing that surface. The origin of an auxiliary coordinate system is located at point 1 in the particular surface controlling the transformation. The X-axis is directed along the line segment formed by points 1 and 2. The surface unit orientation vector becomes the Z axis; the Y axis is computed orthogonal to the X and Z axes, thus locating the XY plane in the control surface reference plane.

The auxiliary transformation actually serves two purposes. First, it is utilized by Subroutine DOICU to facilitate reconstruction of the "seen" part of surfaces which are not entirely seen by the other surface. Secondly, the program requires that prior to computation of the configuration factors, Surface 1 must appear in the XY plane of the final coordinate system along with Surface 2 in its proper relative position. This is necessary to enable Subroutine MAP to select points on Surface 1 from which factors to Surface 2 may be directly computed, or from which silhouettes of Surface 2 may be generated and factors computed.

For example, suppose Figure 3 represents the surfaces of various items of equipment appearing in a compartment. The unprimed coordinate system shown may be conveniently chosen at a corner or axis of symmetry, perhaps as shown on a mechanical drawing. This system may not be convenient for data entry of the disk, however. The primed coordinate system with the origin at the center of the disk is the more logical choice in this case. The previously described surface generator will generate the disk about this origin. The disk data can then be transformed from the primed to the unprimed system by a primary transformation. The choice of generating the cube and transforming, or directly entering data from the unprimed system, is left to the user as it requires about equal effort both ways. The plate coordinates can be easily entered from the unprimed system. Now, suppose we desire the form factor from the disk to the plate. If the data are entered as discussed above (including the transformation data), the program will generate the disk and then primary transform disk coordinates to the unprimed system. Since the disk is bisected by the plate, an auxiliary transformation of all coordinates, both disk and plate, will be made from the unprimed to the quad-primed system. Now, that portion of the disk appearing above the active side of the plate will be determined, and an auxiliary transformation of the plate and the truncated disk will be made to the double primed coordinate system, i.e., the reference plane of the disk. The disk is now in a position for mapping, and the plate coordinates are proper for obtaining the configuration factors. A similar manipulation of surface data would be made to obtain the form factor to the cube with one exception -no truncation of the disk would occur and the auxiliary

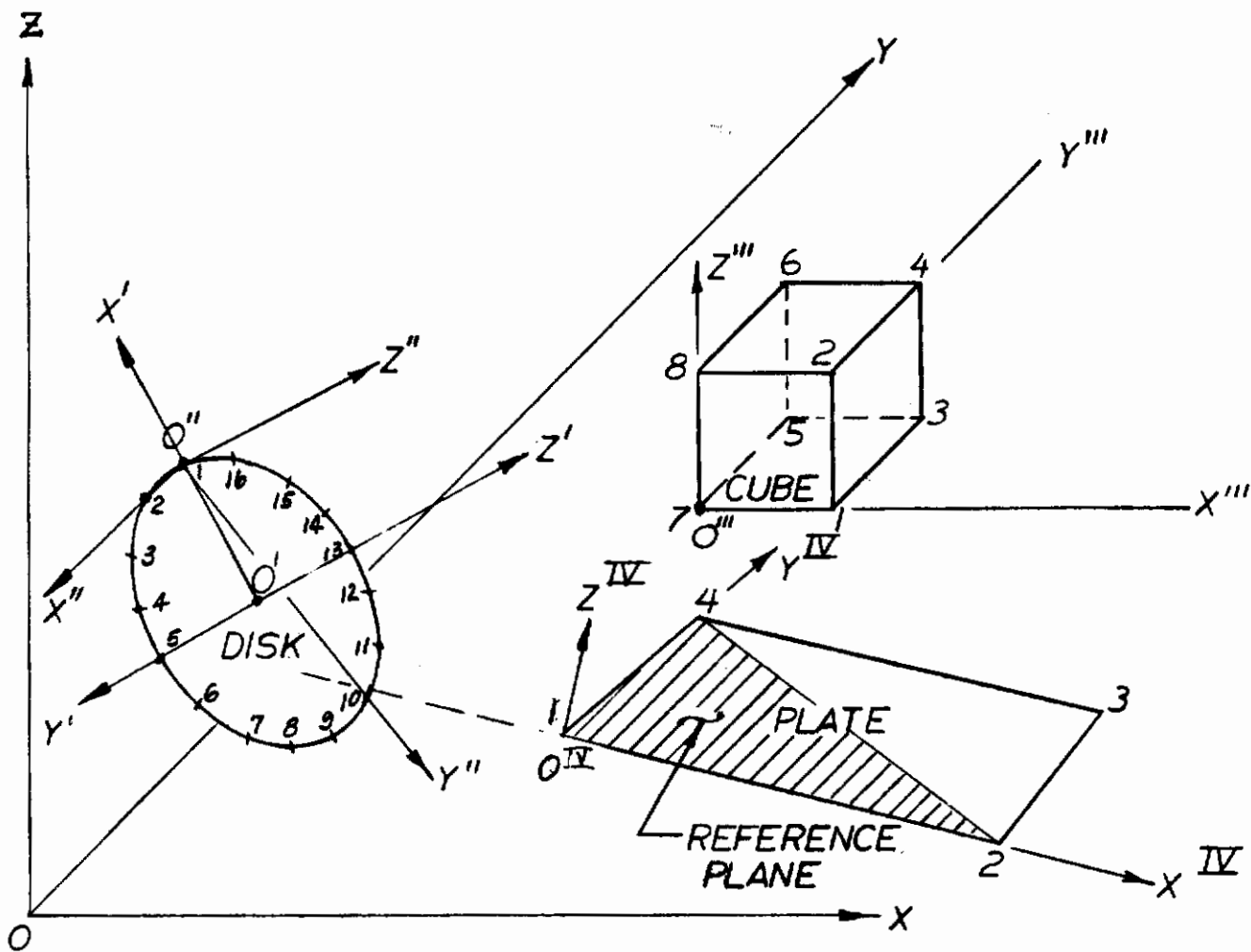


FIGURE 3. SURFACE COORDINATE TRANSFORMATION

transformation to the double-primed system would occur immediately after primary transformation.

The transformation technique utilized for a primary transformation differs from the customary method whereby "old" coordinates plus translation data and direction cosines or Euler angles are supplied, from which a "new" set of coordinates are derived. The program requires the coordinates of any three points (not in a line) measured from the new origin. These data are then used to derive direction cosines and translation terms, by which the old coordinates are then transformed to the new origin.

The reader may find it easier to visualize transformation in terms of the movement of the surfaces instead of the origins. In the case of the disk, again referring to Figure 3, we may say we generated the disk with its center at the origin of the unprimed system and in its XY plane, and then moved the surface to the position indicated by the primed system. This viewpoint appears more realistic when motion is simulated by transforming a surface along a particular path.

The mathematical treatment of primary and auxiliary transformation is presented in Appendix C.

SILHOUETTE GENERATOR

As noted in the introduction, CONFAC I cannot, in general, be used to compute the form factor to solid surfaces. Subroutine FACTOR requires a single array be made available containing the surface boundary points, and only those points, which, when taken in numerical sequence, form a valid silhouette of Surface 2 from a particular point in Surface 1. It is impossible to generally satisfy this requirement with a single input array if Surface 1 is finite and Surface 2 is arbitrarily nonplanar or solid. It is the function of the silhouette generator to determine which points in a given set of Surface 2 data form the silhouette from preselected viewpoints on Surface 1.

The silhouette generator computes the silhouette from the perspective of Surface 2 developed on the Z-unity ($Z = +1$) plane. The perspective on the Z-unity plane is the locus formed in the plane by the boundary of the solid angle subtended by Surface 2.

For example, the view of a cube from two positions on the XY plane is shown in Figure 4. The coordinates of each point in the Z-unity plane are derived in the following manner from the coordinates of its corresponding point on the cube. Note the triangle formed by the origin, point 2 in the cube, and point Q, the vertical projection of point 2 on the XY plane. A similar triangle is constructed from point 2' to point N. From similar triangles,

$$\frac{ON}{OQ} = \frac{Z_2'}{Z_2} \quad (22)$$

Contrails

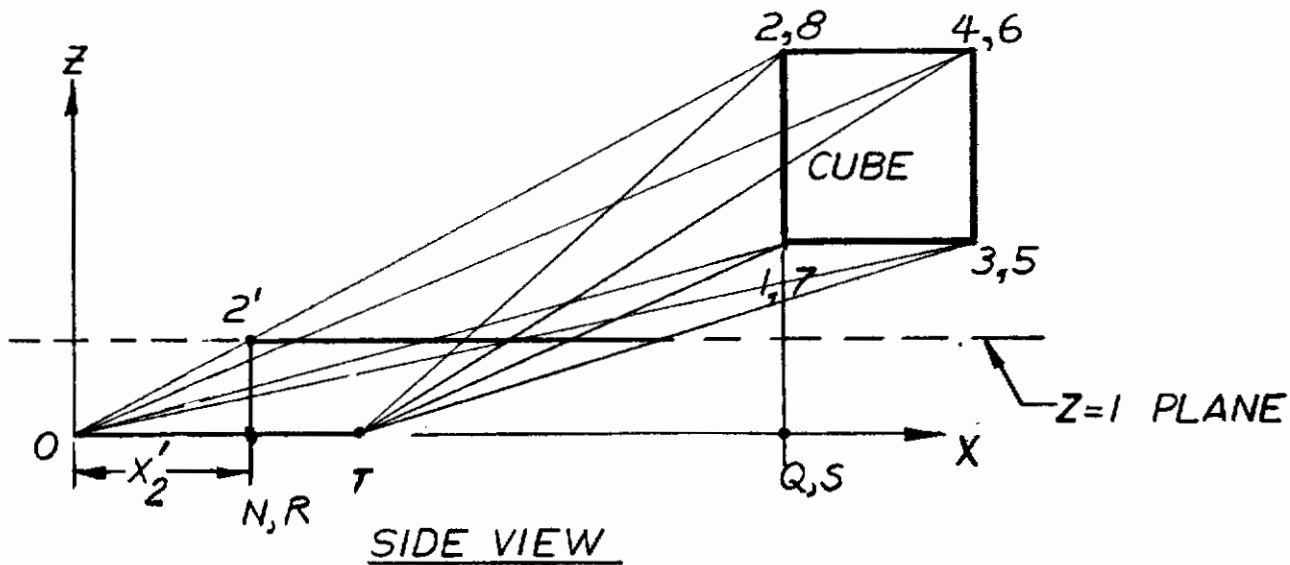
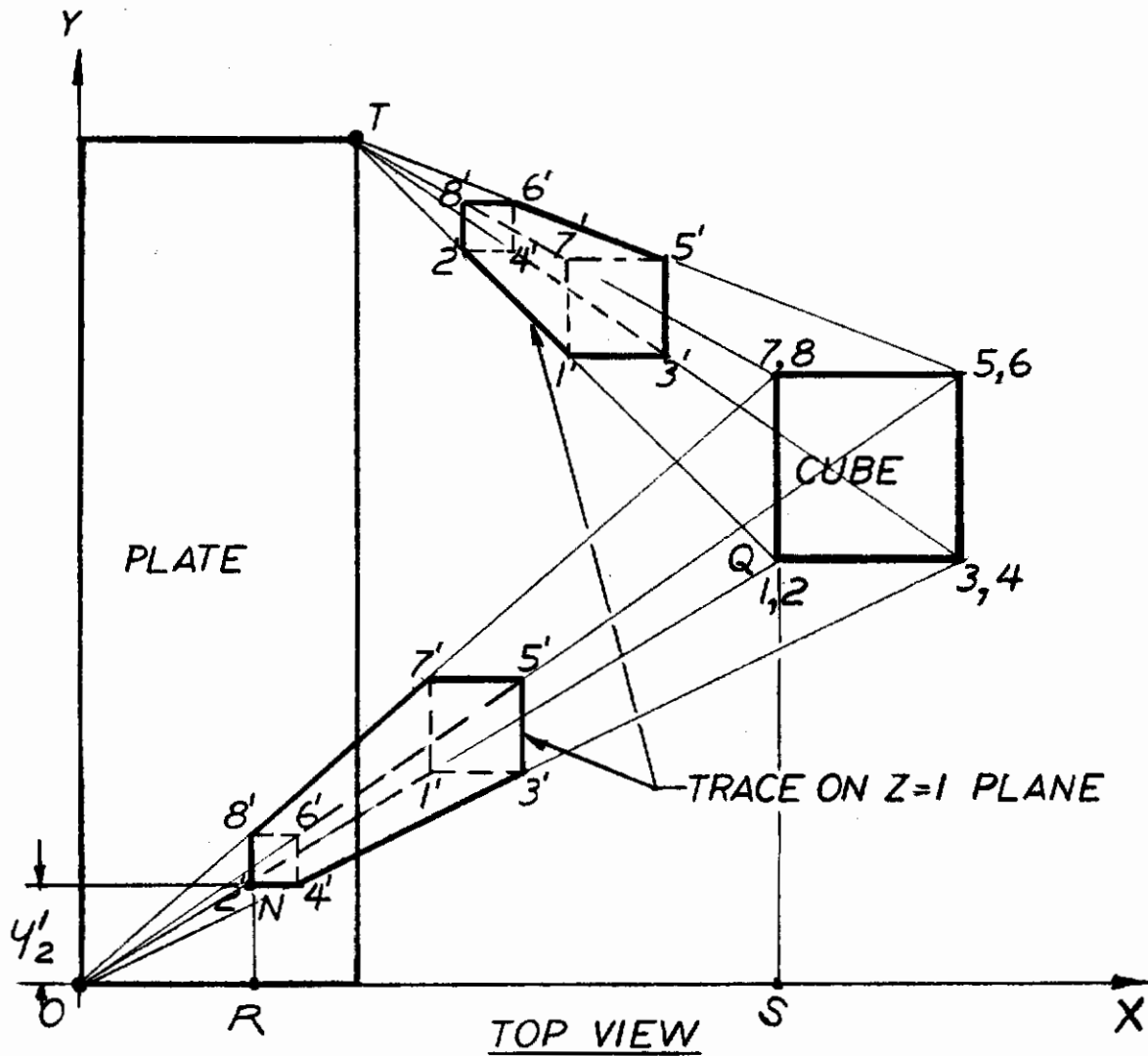


FIGURE 4. SIMPLE SILHOUETTE GEOMETRY

Contours

In like manner, using triangles RON and SOQ in the top view,

$$\frac{ON}{OQ} = \frac{OR}{OS} = \frac{NR}{QS}$$

but $OR = X_2'$, $OS = X_2$, $NR = Y_2'$, $QS = Y_2$ and $Z_2' = 1$.

Therefore,

$$\frac{X_2'}{X_2} = \frac{Z_2'}{Z_2} = \frac{1}{Z_2}$$

$$X_2' = \frac{X_2}{Z_2} \tag{23}$$

and similarly,

$$Y_2' = \frac{Y_2}{Z_2} \tag{24}$$

This reduction to two dimensions results in considerable simplification. Given the coordinates (X, Y) and point connections data, it is possible to determine the line segments forming the silhouette by application of a simple criterion. At each point on the silhouette, those line segments forming the largest included angle define the silhouette. For example, at point 2' in the lower silhouette in Figure 4, vectors 2' - 8', 2' - 1' and 2' - 4' emerge from the point. Vectors 2' - 8' and 2' - 4' obviously form the silhouette, and can be numerically selected by applying the criterion.

Figure 5 shows the development of the Z-unity plane silhouette of a multisurface. In contrast to point D, Surfaces S2 and S3 appear separated in the silhouette when viewed from C.

Note the line connecting 4 to 7. This artifice - a "bridge" line - is utilized to cause the silhouette generator to include both surfaces in the silhouette, otherwise surface S3 would be ignored. Because the line has no width, it has no effect on the factor computation, but the silhouette generator follows the line as if it were a boundary of the multisurface S2 plus S3.

The distinguishing difference between the silhouettes shown in Figure 4 and Figure 5 is the fact that "crossover" occurs in Figure 5. The silhouette at a crossover is formed by intersecting line segments at a point between line segment extremities. The detection of such intersections, and the computation of the coordinates of the intersection, requires considerable analysis with resultant increased computer time. Because of this, silhouette analysis is termed "simple" if no investigation is made by the silhouette generator to detect crossovers, and "complex" when such is made. Only multisurface data (class 8) are run in the complex mode. All other surface data requiring the silhouette generator (classes 4, 5 and 6) are run in the simple mode.

Contrails

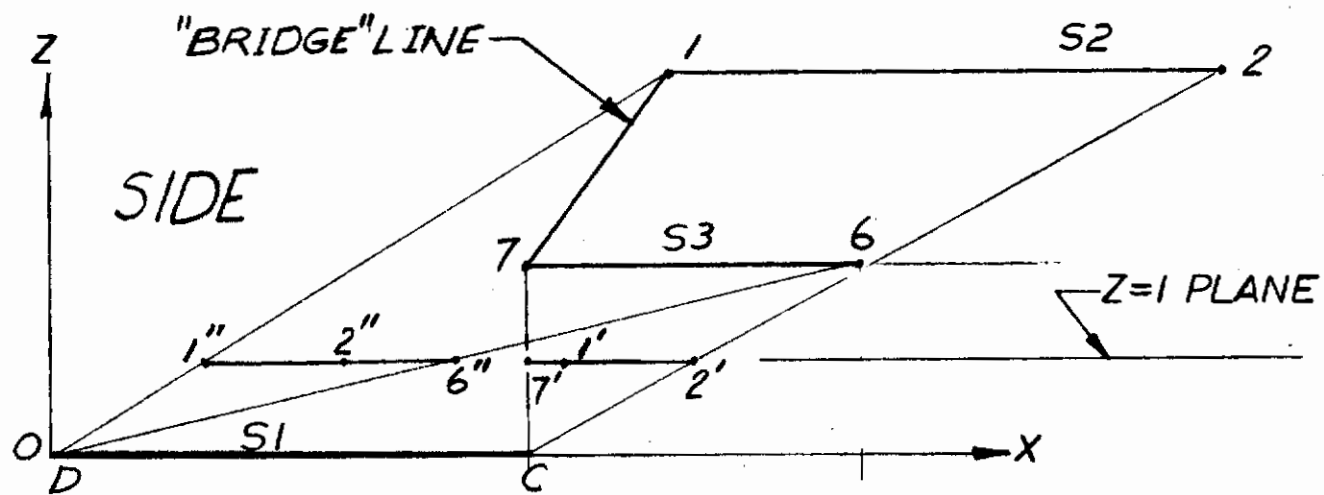
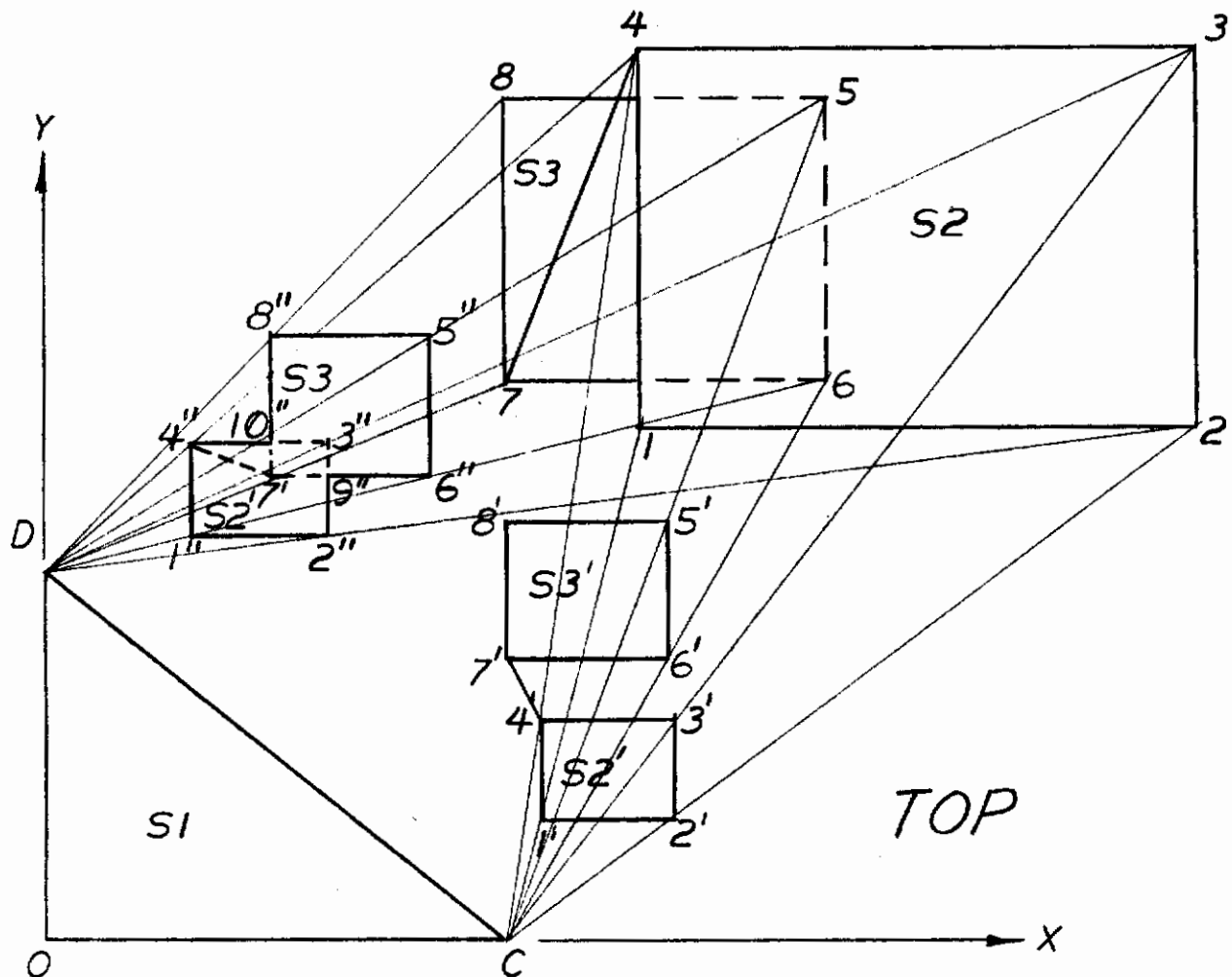


FIGURE 5. COMPLEX (MULTISURFACE) SILHOUETTE GEOMETRY

SURFACE GENERATOR

The program cannot directly compute factors to curved surfaces or boundaries such as disks, cylinders, etc. A series of line segments must be substituted for a curved line. In general, the more line segments used, the more accurate the simulation. Because every surface point requires 3 coordinates (and connecting points data, when the silhouette must be computed), preparation and entry of data for even a modest simulation of a cylinder can involve a considerable amount of effort. The internal surface generator eliminates practically all of this effort.

The surface generator is used to create surfaces entered under data classes 3 or 6. Regular plane polygons are created under Class 3, but no connections data are generated. A regular plane polygon or solid surface, including connections data, is created under a class 6 entry.

The surface generator "creates" a surface in accordance with cross section specifications. The following information is required to create a class 3 surface:

1. Number of cross section division (sides) ≥ 3
2. Coordinates (X, Y, Z) of center of polygon
3. X-axis Radius
4. Y-axis Radius

Because a class 6 surface may have one or more cross sections, the following data are required:

1. Number of cross section division (sides) ≥ 3
2. Number of cross sections
3. Coordinates (X, Y, Z) of first cross section
4. X-axis Radius of first cross section
5. Y-axis Radius of first cross section

If more than one cross section is specified, the following data are required for each additional cross section: X-axis radius, Y-axis radius and Z-coordinate. All cross sections are created parallel to the XY plane of the generator coordinate system, and must be specified above the XY plane. Note that X, Y coordinates are required to locate the first cross section only. If more than one is specified, all are oriented along the same vertical centerline to the position specified by the respective Z coordinate.

Contours

The basic generating element is the ellipse. Because only complete polygons are generated, the total angle of 2π radians about the vertical centerline is divided by the number of sides specified to yield the unit parametric angle ϕ in the equations of the ellipse:

$$\phi = \frac{2\pi}{N}$$

$$X = (XR) \cos \phi$$

$$Y = (YR) \sin \phi$$

Instead of the conventional semi-major and semi-minor expressions, the terms "X-Radius" and "Y-Radius" are utilized - the larger of the two becomes the semi-major axis as shown in Figures 6 (a), (b), and (c). When $XR = YR$, the generating figure is circular and a regular polygon of N sides results. Notice that the generating figure always circumscribes the generated polygon. The radius vector always starts in the same relative position parallel to X-axis and moves counterclockwise about the vertical centerline of the generated cross section. Considerable computing time is saved by using $\sin(\phi + \beta)$, $\cos(\phi + \beta)$ trigonometric formulae for computation of X , Y after unit values are obtained by use of computer library functions.

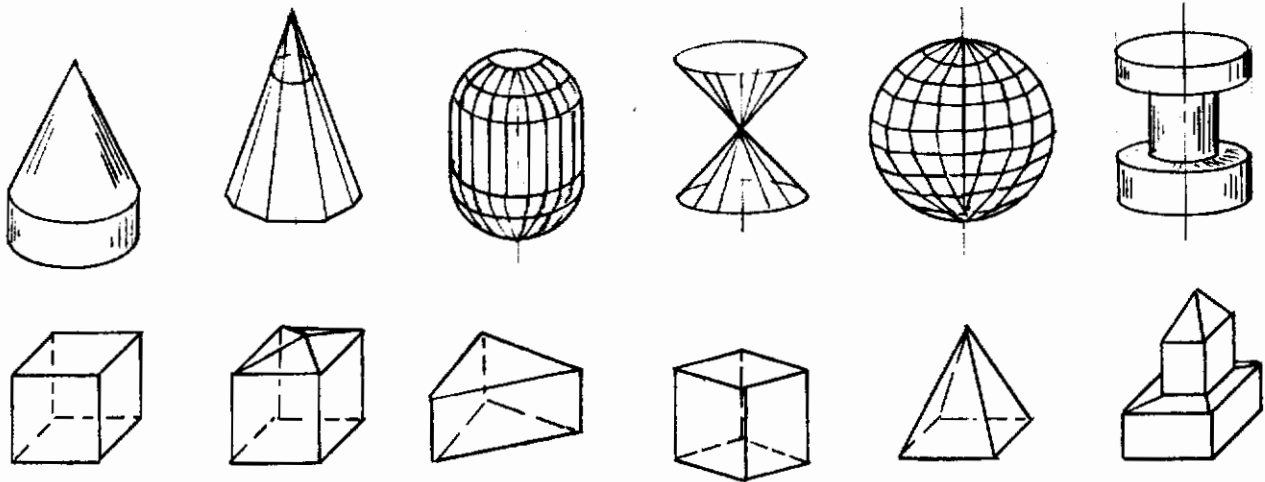
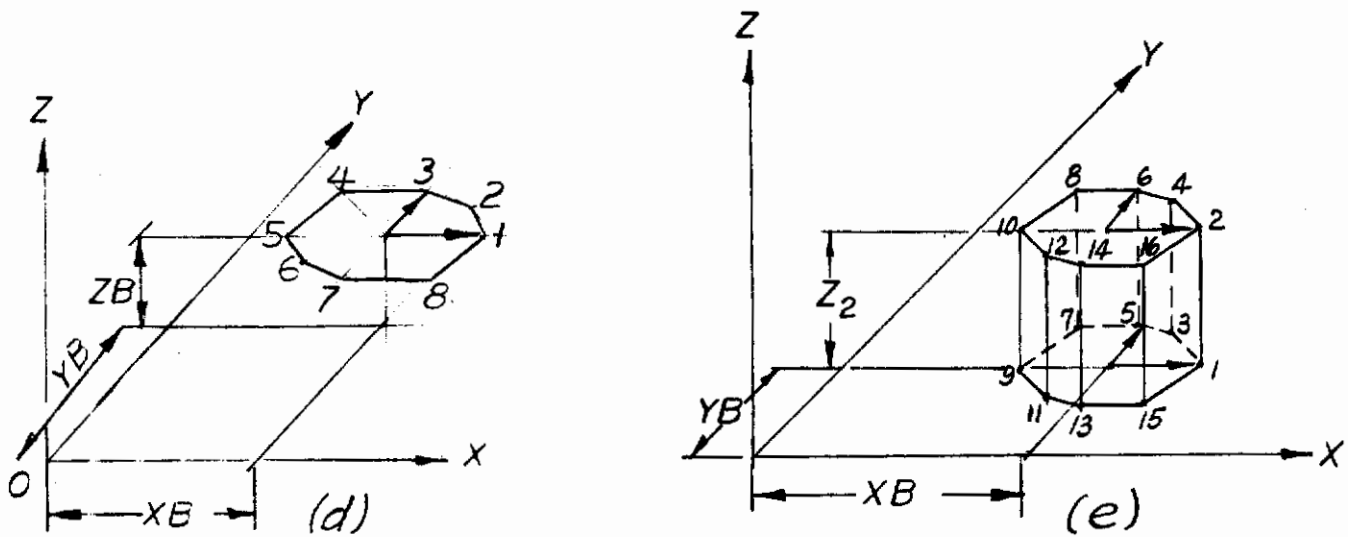
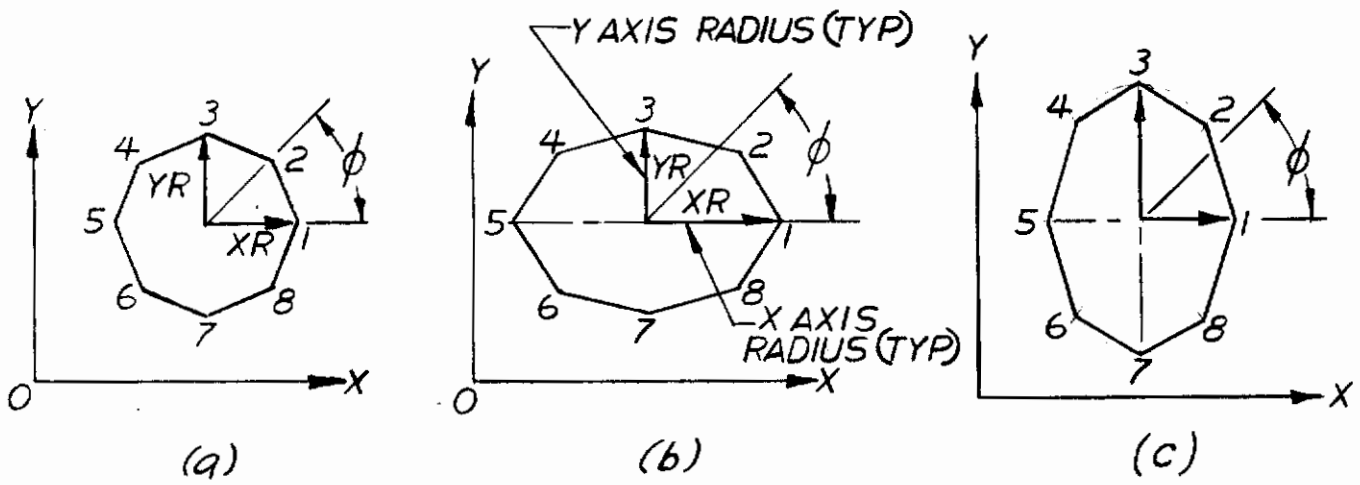
Figure 6 (d) shows an eight-sided polygon elevated above the XY plane. Figure 6 (e) indicates the order in which point numbers are assigned to a solid surface. The first point is always assigned to the first coordinates in the first cross section. Numbers are assigned in numerical sequence vertically until the last cross section is numbered, for a particular value of ϕ ; the sequence is continued in similar manner with the first cross section and the next value of ϕ , until all points are defined.

Point connections data are also computed for each point for Class 6 surfaces. For example, in Figure 6 (e), points 2, 3 and 15 are computed for point 1; points 1, 4 and 16 are computed for point 2, etc. This information is used by the silhouette generator.

An example of the variety of objects which may be created by a few cards of specifications are shown in Figure 6 (f). The cone vertex is generated merely by specifying zero X-radius and Y-radius.

The internal surface generator also computes the surface area of the generated solid, if the cross sections are similar. Because the silhouette generator analyzes the solid figure, the total surface area is computed. For instance, the area of the prismatic cylinder shown in Figure 6 (e) would include the top and bottom polygons. The surface area computation analytical development is given in Appendix D.

Contraails



(f)

FIGURE 6. CONFAC II SURFACE GENERATOR

Contrails

SECTION III

COMPUTER PROGRAM CONTENTS

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The program is written in IBM 7090 FORTRAN II source language. The source deck consists of the Main Program and Subroutines UNIVEC, TXFRM, COICU, MAP, SILFAC and FACTOR. An input-output tape compatibility Subroutine written in IBM 7090 (FAP) machine language is included. Algebraic routines required from library tape are SQRT (Square Root), ARCTAN (Inverse tangent trigonometric function), COS (Cosine trigonometric function), and SIN (Sine trigonometric function). The source programs are presently dimensioned so that a 32 K core size is required. NAA Library Subroutines COUNTV and TIMEV are also used by Subroutine SILFAC when operating in the NAA 7094 system.

Main Program

The functions performed by the Main Program are as follows:

1. Reads in surface, transformation and run data.
2. Processes input surface data and prints immediately upon completion. Run instruction data are read in and processed one card at a time and processed at once. No printout of the complete run instructions is given, as was in CONFAC I.
3. Selects the proper data for processing according to the run instructions.
4. Examines each run instruction and calls in proper subroutines for processing.
5. Prints diagnostic error indications when possible.
6. Prints standard or detailed output as indicated by run instructions.

Subroutine UNIVEC

This subroutine computes the components of a unit orientation vector normal to the reference plane formed by the first, second and last point in surface data classes 1, 3, 4 and plane 6. The cross product of vectors 1-2 and 1-last is computed and normalized. The vector is formed normal to point 1, and is located on the active side of the surface, thus orienting the surface.

It also computes a new fourth point normal to the new three points submitted in transformation data and an old fourth point normal to the old three points in the surface data to be transformed.

Subroutine TXFRM

The first section performs the auxiliary transformation. This transformation is used to reconstruct a surface which is bisected by the second surface. It also tests Surface 1 to determine if the reference plane is substantially in the XY plane of its coordinate system. If it is not, an auxiliary transformation is effected to move the surfaces to fulfill this requirement prior to computation of silhouettes or factors.

This subroutine also performs a primary transformation as indicated by run instructions and transformation data. This transformation, if indicated for a surface, is accomplished prior to entry to subroutine DOICU so that tests of the surface "view" of each other occur in their transformed position(s).

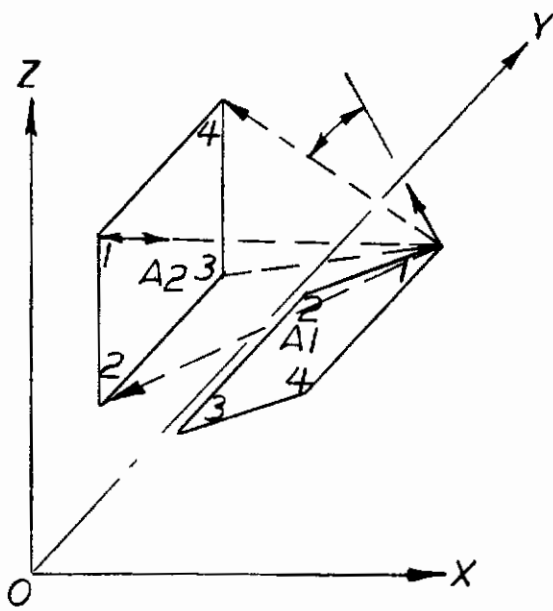
Subroutine DOICU

The function of this subroutine is conveyed literally by its name DO-I-C-U. Given surfaces A1 and A2 with the "active" side of each surface identified by the surface orientation unit vector, the question is asked; Is all, part, or none of surface A1 "seen" by A2? Conversely, does A2 see all, none, or part of A1? This is accomplished by computing the vector dot product formed by the unit vector in one surface with the vector formed by point 1 in the first surface and each point in the other surface (See Figure 7). The sign of the dot product indicates whether the angle between the vectors is less than or greater than 90° , which reveals the position of the point relative to the plane of the viewing surface. In Figure 7 (a) the dot products from surface A1 to A2 are all positive, and conversely, all from A2 to A1 are likewise positive: A1 sees all of A2; A2 sees all of A1. However, in Figure 7 (b) all dot products from A2 to A1 are positive, but all from A1 to A2 are negative. Hence, in general, if all dot products from one surface to another are all negative, then the surfaces do not see each other, even though the converse products may be positive. There is also the trivial case where all products are zero, in which case the surfaces are in the same plane, and obviously again cannot see each other.

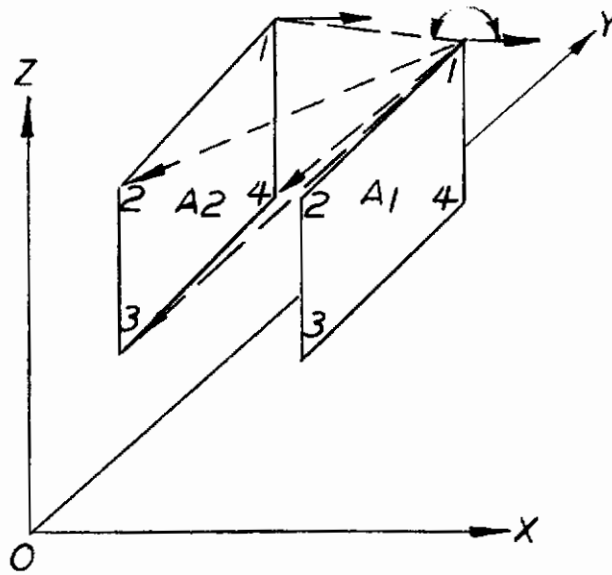
Figure 7 (c) shows a surface A2 bisecting surface A1. In this case, some of the dot products from A2 and A1 are positive and some negative. In Figure 7 (d) both A1 and A2 are bisected. Nonplanar surface A3 was added to show how it would be bisected by A1. Surface A3 has no orientation vector and thus no test is made of the view from this surface. The vertical dashed line in A2 represents how the plane 1-2-5-6 in A3 might bisect A2. DOICU will not detect this condition. If the configuration factor, C_{23} , were required, DOICU would properly bisect A3. However, if the factor to the concave side only is desired, an error would result because part of A2 sees the convex side of A3. This represents one of the limitations of CONFAC I which is carried over to CONFAC II.

If a surface is bisected, DOICU reconstructs the surface data to exclude the area not seen by the other surface. If point 1 in the original surface is

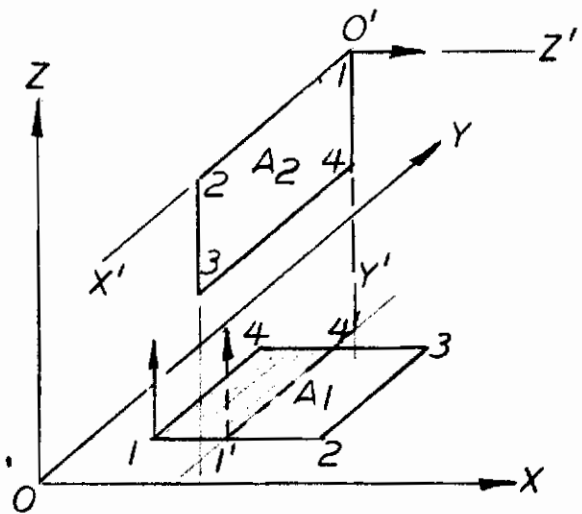
Contrails



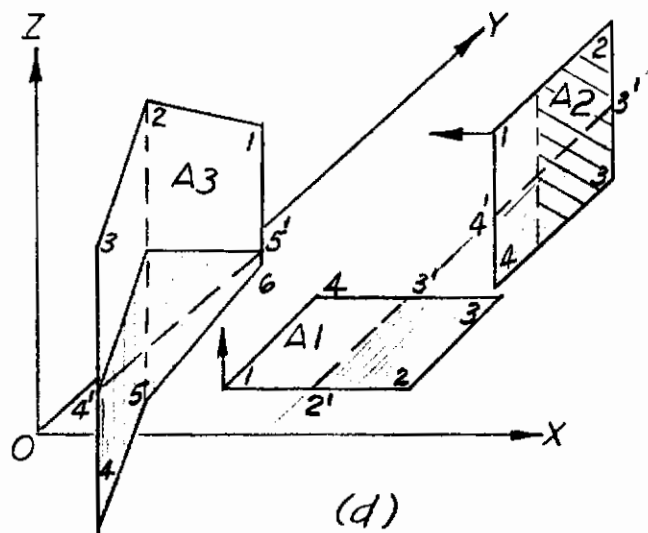
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

FIGURE 7. DOICU SURFACE ANALYSIS

removed as a result, a new orientation vector is created over the new point 1 as shown in Figure 7 (c). Notice that in reconstructing A3 [Figure 7 (d)], DOICU created the new array 1, 2, 3, 4', 5'. This "surface" is identical to the actual surface seen by A1 insofar as factor computation from A1 is concerned.

The bisection of a surface is done in a simple manner, with the aid of the auxiliary transformation capability. For example, in Figure 7 (c), the coordinates of both surfaces are transformed so that A2 lies in the XY plane of the auxiliary (primed) coordinate system. Each point in A1 is tested, in numerical order, until a change in the sign of the Z-coordinate occurs. The coordinates of the new points where the transition line segment crosses the X Y' plane ($Z = 0$) are obtained by computing X and Y intercepts of traces projected on X' Z', Y' Z' principal planes.

Subroutine MAP

The double integral in Equation (9) and its numerical counterpart in Equation (10) mathematically represent the volume under a surface defined by the configuration factor $\epsilon_{12} = f(X,Y)$. Subroutine MAP decides the location (X,Y) from which each factor to Surface 2 will be computed.

It is assumed that Surface 1, being classed as a plane, is a plane surface throughout. The program insures only that the reference plane of Surface 1 is in the XY plane of the final coordinate system. MAP will use the X,Y coordinates of all points, and assumes a value of 0 for all Z coordinates. This procedure cannot properly map a nonplanar surface.

Subroutine MAP determines the maximum Y coordinate and the minimum Y coordinate from among the points defining Surface 1 (Figure 8). The total vertical distance between Y_{\max} and Y_{\min} is divided into equal vertical increments, as specified by the run instructions. Then, horizontal lines are scribed across (parallel to X-axis) the surface at each vertical increment position, including Y_{\max} and Y_{\min} . The point at which a horizontal line intersects the left (toward the negative X direction) boundary of Surface 1 is termed "X-left" and the intersection on the right, "X-right". Each horizontal line segment thus created is termed a "mapping line". Each mapping line segment is also divided into an equal number of increments as specified by the run instructions. All mapping lines are divided into the same number of increments, not necessarily the same size of increment. Obviously, if Surface 1 converges to a point instead of a line at Y_{\max} or Y_{\min} , the horizontal increment is 0. A configuration factor is computed at each increment point along a mapping line, including X-left and X-right, which means the number of factors per line is one greater than the number of increments.

The number of increments is automatically set to 24 horizontal and 24 vertical, but can be separately specified by input data to 3, 6, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, or 60. The details are discussed in Section IV.

Contours

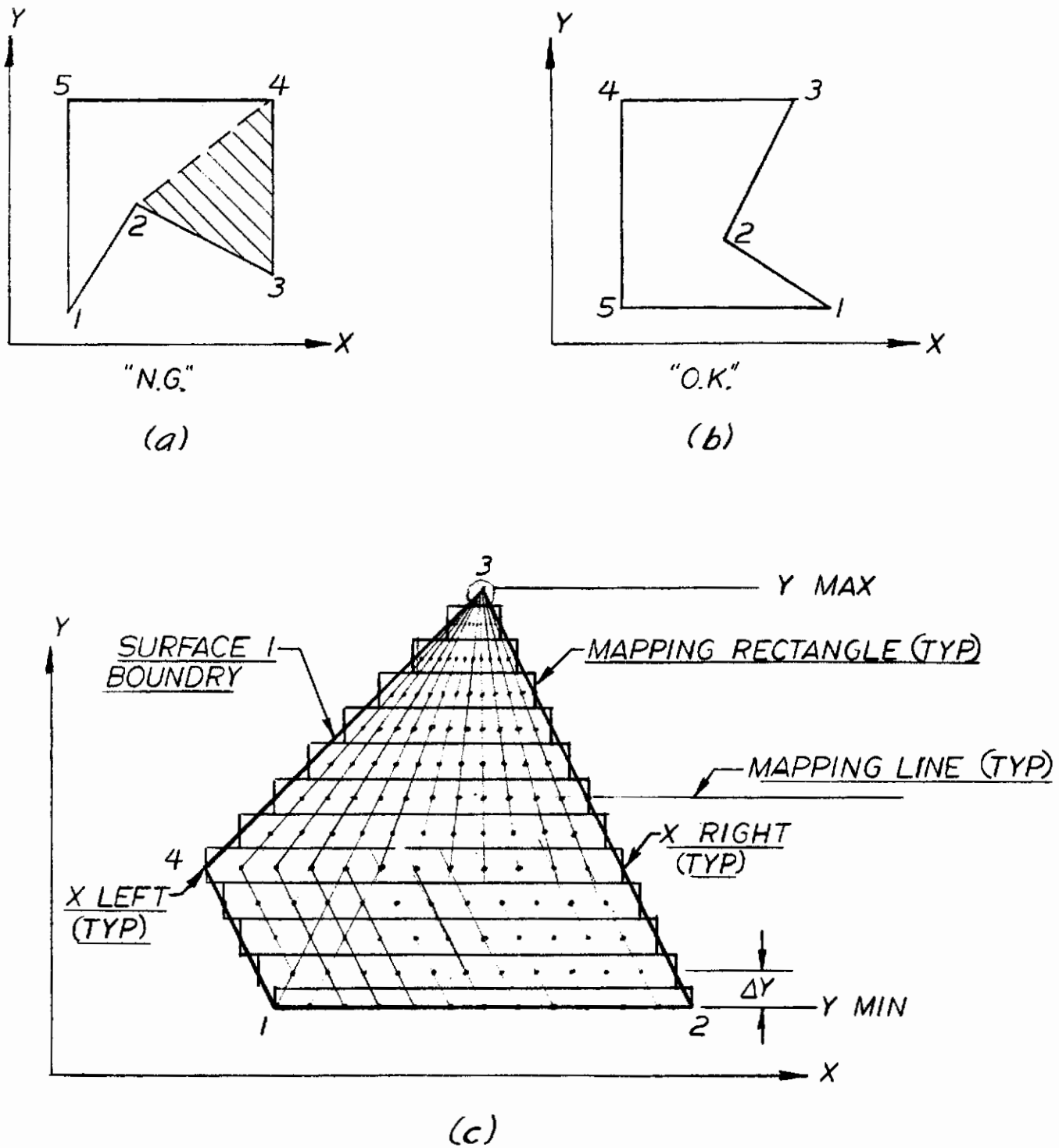


FIGURE 8. MAPPING PROCEDURE

A typical example of Surface 1 mapping using a standard (24 x 24) increment is shown in Figure 8 (c). The mapping area is also computed by Subroutine MAP; it is the sum of the rectangular areas formed by each mapping line. A measure of form factor accuracy is the degree with which the mapping area approximates the actual surface area.

Figure 8 (a) illustrates a Surface 1 orientation which cannot be satisfactorily mapped because the crosshatched area is ignored. The program does not detect more than one left and one right intersection between a mapping line and the surface boundary; therefore, point 3 is ignored. The same surface rotated sufficiently may be acceptable, however, clearing this restriction, as shown in Figure 8 (b).

Subroutine SILFAC

This subroutine computes the silhouette of Surface 2 which appears from the points selected on Surface 1 by Subroutine MAP, and then computes the configuration factor from this silhouette. After all configuration factors have been determined, the form factor is computed by numerical integration.

Surface data entered as Class 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8 is processed by SILFAC. Class 7 data, a sphere, is processed in this routine, but the silhouette generator is not utilized; a closed form solution is used instead (see Appendix E).

Classes 4, 5 and 6 are processed by the silhouette generator in the "simple" mode; only those points given in connections data are analyzed to select the next point on the silhouette. Surfaces such as planes, cylinders, parallelepipeds, etc. may be processed in the simple mode.

Class 8, a multisurface, is the only class processed in the complex mode. One or more (limitations on data are given at the end of this section and in Section IV) surfaces may be processed as a multisurface. Processing in the complex mode is complicated because the computer must test all line segments in all surfaces (including the surface in which the segment appears) in order to select the next point forming the silhouette, or to compute the next point on the silhouette. This analysis is further complicated by ambiguities resulting from normal imprecision in input data and internal arithmetic roundoff, necessitating the use of numerous time consuming tolerance tests. Consequently, a factor computation in the complex mode takes considerably longer than the simple mode.

If a surface is processed as simple when it should be complex, a wrong silhouette will be computed whenever a crossover (an intersection of two line segments) occurs. The configuration factor computed from that silhouette will be wrong.

It is possible to detect certain kinds of trouble in the silhouette generator from the detailed silhouette output which lists the points forming the

silhouette. Normally, the silhouette will start at the lowest leftmost point in the Z-unity plane perspective developed for the noted point in Surface 1, and move progressively from point to point in a counterclockwise manner, keeping the perspective area to the left. When a crossover occurs, the point is computed and assigned the next highest number in the silhouette array. For example, from point "D" in Figure 5, the silhouette derived in the complex mode would appear in the detailed silhouette output as "Line No., Point No., 1; 2; 9; 6; 5; 8; 10; 4; 1." However, if this problem were run as simple (both surfaces entered together as Class 4) instead, Surface S3 would be ignored because the crossover at point 9 would not be computed. The silhouette would appear normal, but actually be wrong, as follows:

Line No., Point No., 1; 2; 3; 4; 1;

A bad silhouette can sometimes be detected by the presence of internal "looping". Normally, a silhouette is completed by a return to the starting point. But, if, for some reason, a wrong path is chosen, it may loop a polygon within the perspective. Looping is characterized by the repeated appearance of the same sequence of numbers. No internal pattern recognition is attempted; the only detection is visual examination of the detailed output.

The coordinates of the silhouette on the $Z = 1$ plane are used directly for factor computation instead of the actual points on the surface in space. Because the Z - coordinate of each point is 1, the configuration factor equations for this special case can be simplified, and computing time reduced. SILFAC, therefore, contains its own equations for configuration factor computation and numerical integration across Surface 1. The integration process is similar to the procedure given in Subroutine FACTOR. Subroutine FACTOR has been retained from CONFAC I for factor computations not utilizing the silhouette generator.

Subroutine FACTOR

This subroutine computes configuration factors from each point on Surface 1 selected by MAP to Surface 2. The exchange coefficient is computed by numerical integration of configuration factors across Surface 1, from which the form factor is finally derived as the area-weighted mean of all configuration factors.

Factors are computed for each point along each mapping line, moving from X-left to X-right, by translating the origin of the Surface 2 coordinate system in X. The analysis and equations are organized for minimum computational time; constants at each loop level are computed once prior to loop entry. Because the usual output desired is only the form factor, configuration factors per se are not computed unless a detailed output is requested. A numerical integration of computed point function with respect to X is performed before proceeding to the next line. After all horizontal integrations are completed, these products are integrated with respect to Y, and divided by the mapping area computed in subroutine MAP.

Contrails

A standard 24 X 24 grid results in 625 configuration factors to be computed. The question naturally arises as to whether this many configuration factors are actually required. If the configuration factor changes very little across Surface 1, then it is probably too many; but if there are sharp changes in the factor, and third place accuracy is desired, then it is probably sufficient. Contrary to off-hand expectations, a more sophisticated integration rule such as Simpson's or Weddle's is not as accurate as the trapezoidal rule for standard increments if the factor function slope changes rapidly. Weddle's rule was initially used which explains why the program increment control is in groups of six (except the initial 3 which is not in CONFAC I). If the factor varies smoothly, a 6 x 6 Weddle's rule integration (49 factors) is probably as accurate as the standard 625 factors presently used by the trapezoidal rule. The time saved is appreciable when running many factors. If desired, Weddle's rule may be inserted in the source deck and compiled with no other changes required.

The form factor computed by the above is from that part of Surface 1 which "sees" Surface 2. If Surface 1 is bisected, then the computed factor must be reduced in proportion to the area reduction. This is required because the total active side of Surface 1 entered in data is considered the radiant surface.

GENERAL RULES AND RESTRICTIONS

The following general rules and restrictions must be observed for normal program operation:

1. All data must be derived from right-handed rectangular coordinate systems.
2. Points 1, 2 and the last point in plane surface input data (Class 1 and 4) must not form a straight line in space.
3. The active side of a plane or nonplanar surface is established by entering the boundary points in counterclockwise order, as they appear when facing the active side.
4. If the factor to a Class 2 (nonplanar) surface is required, only the active surfaces should be seen from any point on Surface 1, and they must also be seen from every point on Surface 1.
5. All surfaces used as Surface 2 which utilizes the silhouette generator (Classes 5, 6, 8, or 4 if included in Class 8) must appear above the plane of Surface 1, i.e., all Z - coordinates must be nonzero and positive, prior to factor computation.
6. A primary transformation of Class 8 data is not permitted. Also, no auxiliary transformation is permitted; Surface 1 must be in the XY plane of the Multisurface coordinate system as entered in data.
7. Detailed restrictions and limitations upon input data are given in Section IV.

SECTION IV

INPUT DATA

DATA SPECIFICATIONS AND SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS

Input data consists of externally computed surface data, specifications for internally created surfaces, transformation data and run instructions (factor requests). Also title and comments cards may be entered as required.

Data type is classified by the use of an integer from 1 to 9 placed in column 1 of the data name card, followed by a 1 to 5 FORTRAN character name to provide data identity within each class. The classes of data are described below.

Class 1 - Plane Polygon

The X, Y, and Z coordinates of each point defining the surface boundary are required. Only one side of a single plane surface can be made active i.e., may interchange radiant flux with another surface. The active side is established in the following manner: Face or look at the desired active side, and select any point on the surface boundary as point number one. Proceeding in a counterclockwise direction about the boundary of the surface, select the remaining points in sequence. If this rule is followed, the surface will always be on the left when moving along the boundary.

The X, Y, and Z coordinates of each point are entered on the data cards in the above sequence, and each point is numbered internally according to its position in the data.

It is assumed that a Class 1 surface is a plane surface. No internal check is made to verify this (in contrast to CONFAC I). If a substantially nonplanar surface is classed as a plane surface, serious errors in mapping could result if used as Surface 1, or wrong factors computed if used as Surface 2.

No point connections data are entered under Class 1; the silhouette generator is not used.

Class 2 - Nonplanar Surface

Two or more plane surfaces, not in the same plane, adjoining or connected, and entered as one package is termed a nonplanar surface.

A Class 2 surface can be used as a Surface 2 if the side of each facet selected as the active side, and only those sides, are seen from everywhere on the active side of Surface 1. The counterclockwise order of data

entry establishing the active side is also required as in Class 1, but no orientation vector is generated.

No connection data is required because the silhouette generator is not used.

Class 3 - Internally Generated Plane Polygon, No Connections Data

The internal surface generator will compute the coordinates of each point defining a plane polygon, parallel to the XY plane, with an orientation vector erected over point 1 and directed toward the +Z axis. A detailed description of the internal surface generator is given in Section II.

The data required for a Class 3 surface is:

No. of sides, $3 \leq N \leq 100$

X - Axis Radius

Y - Axis Radius

X, Y, and Z coordinates to center of polygon

A Class 3 surface is used in the same manner as a Class 1 surface. The same rules and restrictions apply.

Class 4 - Plane Polygon with Connections Data and Class 5 - Nonplanar Polygon or Solid Surface with Connections Data

A Class 4 surface is actually a Class 1 surface with connections data added making it possible for it to be processed with the silhouette generator. But, in general, no useful purpose is gained by the use of the silhouette generator to process a plane surface, unless combined with other surfaces. Therefore, a Class 4 surface is processed as a Class 1 surface, unless it is listed under a Class 8 entry.

A Class 5 surface is always processed in the simple mode by SILFAC unless listed under a Class 8 entry.

A maximum of 100 boundary points may be entered describing a Class 4 or 5 surface. Up to 4 connecting points for each boundary point may be entered. If more than four connecting points are required, one may enter more boundary data points having the same coordinates and connecting to each other, using the surplus (3) connections to satisfy the additional connections requirement. However, if more than two such identical boundary points are used, the surface cannot be processed in the simple mode. This restriction in most practical situations can be circumvented by separating the points slightly with little effect on the final form factor computed. If this cannot be done, the surface must be listed under a Class 8 name and processed in the complex mode.

Class 6 - Internally Generated Polygon or Polyhedron, Including Connections Data

A detailed description of the internal surface generator is given in Section II. A class 6 surface is always processed by SILFAC - in the simple mode if used directly, and complex if listed under Class 8. The data required to create a Class 6 surface are:

1. No. of cross sections
2. No. of cross sections divisions (sides)
3. Coordinates and generating radii of first cross section.
4. Z-coordinate and generating radii of additional cross sections, if any.

Attention is directed to general restrictions 4 and 5 in Section III.

Class 7 - Sphere

The radius and the X, Y, and Z coordinates of the sphere are required. A primary transformation of a sphere is pointless and therefore not permitted. Arbitrary orientation of both Surface 1 and sphere is allowed. One peculiarity exists which differs from the usual treatment of bisected surfaces. If the plane of Surface 1 bisects the sphere, the area of the spherical surface above the horizon of Surface 1 will be computed. Now the sphere cannot bisect Surface 1 in the usual sense, but it is possible a bisected sphere may be partly or totally inside the boundaries of Surface 1 - embedded in the surface. In this case, the program will merely assign a zero for the configuration factor when the viewpoint from Surface 1 is inside the sphere. This zero will be integrated as usual with the other factors computed along each manning line. No commutation of the Surface 1 area seeing the sphere is made, however, even though part of Surface 1 is not seen by the sphere.

Class 8 - Multisurface

A Multisurface consists of from one to eleven Class 4, 5, or 6 surfaces. A Class 8 surface, and only a Class 8 surface, is processed in the complex mode. The only data entry necessary to indicate the surfaces which comprise a Multisurface are the names assigned each surface.

Class 9 - Transformation Data

Transformation Data consists of the coordinates of three points in a surface, not in a straight line, derived from the "new" position of a surface which has been moved in its coordinate system. One may, with equal validity, interpret the transformation to mean that the origin of the coordinate system is being moved to a different position, and the data are the coordinates of

Contrails

each point taken from the new origin. The three points selected need not be chosen or entered in any particular order, nor must the same points be used if more than one different primary transformation of the same surface is desired.

Run Instructions

Run instructions specify, for each factor desired, the following:

1. The name of Surface 1 (emitter)
2. The name of Surface 2 (receiver)
3. Transformation data name(s) for Surface 1 and/or 2, if required.
4. Whether a standard or detailed output is desired, by inserting code letter "D" for detailed output.
5. The horizontal and/or vertical divisions to be used in mapping surface 1. The major divisions which may be used are 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54 and 60, but in run instructions these divisions are specified, respectively, by the integers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10. A special division of 2 may be specified by the integer 11.

DATA DIMENSION RESTRICTIONS

1. A maximum of 100 boundary points (300 coordinates) for each surface entered as Class 1, 2, 4, and 5.
2. A maximum of 100 points, equivalent to 100 sides, generated by Class 3 data.
3. For Class 6 data, the number of sides plus one, times the number of cross sections, must not exceed 101 if plane, and 102 if non-planar.
4. The grand total of surfaces entered or generated by Class 4, 5 and 6 must not exceed 11.
5. The grand total of surfaces entered or generated by Classes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 must not exceed 26. If a detailed silhouette output is requested, the grand total must not exceed 16.
6. The total number of Class 7 data must not exceed 9.
7. The total number of Class 8 data must not exceed 12.
8. The total number of Class 9 data must not exceed 10.

PROGRAM CONTROL

The program deck setup is shown in Figure 36. Note the presence of a "T" card immediately following the * DATA Card and the variable format. A "T" card has a "T" in column 1, and serves two purposes. Columns 2 - 72 may contain job title, name of programmer, etc. and will be printed in the output of input data and each factor result. The "T" card also initializes data storage locations, so that new input data can be read in. This means, however, that the old data is effectively wiped out, and is no longer available for factor computations, unless re-entered as input data. It is obviously unnecessary to use the "T" card unless all available locations are used up.

Actually, a "T" card does not necessarily have to follow the variable format unless one desires the title to be printed, because the data location counters are automatically initialized at the start of the program. But subsequent re-initialization can be accomplished only by a card with a "T" in column 1.

It appears desirable to have separate identification of the various factors computed, and a comments card has been provided for that purpose. The comments card has a "C" in column 1, and a comment may appear in columns 2 - 72. A comments card may be inserted between run instruction cards, and the line of comment given on the card will be printed below the title on all output thereafter, unless superseded by another comments card.

Comments output may be entirely suppressed by using another comments card containing blanks in columns 2 - 72.

FORMAT

All data may be entered on NAA FORTRAN Fixed 10 Decimal Data sheets. Each line represents 12 card columns with six lines per card, making a total of 72 card columns available for data entry. Columns 73 - 80 are used for card identification and/or numerical sequencing for sorting purposes.

Title Card

A title card is characterized by an alphabetical "T" placed in column 1. Columns 2 - 72 available for job identification, as shown on Figure 9.

Comments Card

A comments card is characterized by an alphabetical "C" placed in column 1. Columns 2 - 72 are available for run comments, as shown on Figure 9.

Surface and Transformation Data

All surface and transformation data is preceded by a name card uniquely identifying the data. A name consists of six FORTRAN characters (a computer "word") and always occupies the first six columns of the name card. The data

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. FORMAT PROGRAMMER K. A. TOPEL DATE 8/11/61 PAGE of JOB NO.

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	7		A "TITLE" CARD MUST HAVE A "T" IN COL 1
2			COLS 2 - 72 ARE USED FOR JOB IDENTIFICATION
3			NAME, ETC.
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			
31			
32			
33			
34			
35			
36			
37			
38			
39			
40			
41			
42			
43			
44			
45			
46			
47			
48			
49			
50			
51			
52			
53			
54			
55			
56			
57			
58			
59			
60			
61			
62			
63			
64			
65			
66			
67			
68			
69			
70			
71			
72			
73			
74			
75			
76			
77			
78			
79			
80			
81			
82			
83			
84			
85			
86			
87			
88			
89			
90			
91			
92			
93			
94			
95			
96			
97			
98			
99			
100			

FIGURE 9. "T" and "C" Control Card Format

Contrails

class, an integer from 1 to 9, must always be placed in column 1. The remainder of the name occupies columns 2 - 6, and it is important to note that a blank space is considered a character and a part of the name. For example, the name 1S1 is not the same as 1 _ S1 or 1 _ _ S1.

The next word on the name card, columns 7 - 12 must be left blank. The remainder of the name card, (columns 13 - 72) may be left blank or comments written to further identify the data, and will be printed out along with the name of the surface as part of the "Input Data" print out.

The data identified by the name card must follow the name card. There are seven different formats which must be adhered to in entering data.

Class 1 and 2

The number of points to be entered describing the surface appears on the first line, Figure 10, followed by the X, Y, and Z coordinates of each point in sequence. The order in which the points are selected in the surface is explained in detail in Section IV.

Class 3

The number of sides are entered on the first line, followed by the X, Y, and Z coordinates of the center of the internally generated polygon, the X-axis radius and the Y-axis radius as shown in Figure 11.

Class 4

The total number of points describing the surface are entered on the first line as shown in Figure 12. The X, Y, and Z coordinates of the first point follow on the next three lines. The fourth line, representing 12 columns, is divided into four equal parts of 3 columns each. Each point in the surface connecting to point 1 is entered, up to a maximum of four. The pattern is repeated for the remaining points describing the surfaces.

Class 6

The numbers of surface cross section boundary divisions (sides) is given on the first line as shown in Figure 13. The number of cross sections desired is specified on the second line, followed by the X, Y, and Z coordinates of the base (1st) cross section. The X-axis radius of the base cross section is given on the last line of the first card. The Y-axis radius is entered on the first line of the second card, followed by, if more than one cross section is specified, the following, repeated for each cross section: The height (Z-coordinate) of the cross section above the XY plane, the X-axis radius and the Y-axis.

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ FORMAT _____ PROGRAMMER K. A. TOUPS DATE 8/14/63 PAGE _____ of _____ JOB NO. _____

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	N	X X X X X	NAME OF CLASS 1 OR 2 SURFACE, COLS 1-6	
13			(CLASS 1 - PLAN POLYGON, USE "1" IN COL. 1	
25			CLASS 2 - NONPLANAR POLYGON, USE "2" IN COL. 1	
37			IMPORTANT: COLS. 7-8 MUST BE BLANK!	
49			USE COLS. 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION	
61			USE COLS. 73-80 FOR CARD ID, ALL CARDS	
1	N	P	NO. OF POINTS DEFINING THE SURFACE	
13	X	1	COORDINATES OF FIRST BOUNDARY POINT	
25	Y	1		
37	Z	1		
49	X	2	COORDINATES OF SECOND BOUNDARY POINT	
61	Y	2		
73	Z	2		
13	X	3	3RD	
25	Y	3		
37	Z	3		
49			etc.	
1				
13				
25			NOTE: 1) ALL DATA MUST USE DECIMAL POINT, EXCEPT	
37			INTEGERS WHICH MAY BE ENTERED TO EXTREME RIGHT OF FIELD	
49			2) DATA MUST BE DERIVED FROM RIGHT-HANDED	
61			RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-66-YELLOW

FIGURE 10. Class 1 and 2 Surface Input Data Format

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ FORMAT _____ PROGRAMMER **K. A. TOUPS** DATE **8/24/63** PAGE _____ of _____ JOB NO. _____

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1 3	X X X X X	NAME OF CLASS 3 SURFACE, COLS 1-6
13		USE "3" IN COL. 1 TO CREATE AN
25		INTERALLY GENERATED PLANE POLYGON
37		IMPORTANT: COLS. 7-12 MUST BE BLANK!
49		USE COLS. 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION
61		USE COLS. 73-80 FOR CARD ID, ALL CARDS
1 N		NO. OF POLYGON SIDES, = 3
13 X		
25 Y		COORDINATES OF CENTER
37 Z		
49 R X		X - AXIS RADIUS
61 R Y		Y - AXIS RADIUS
1		
13		
25		
37		
49		
61		
1		NOTE: 1) ALL DATA MUST USE DECIMAL POINT, EXCEPT
13		INTegers WHICH MAY BE ENTERED TO EXTREME RIGHT OF FIELD
25		2) SURFACE IS GENERATED IN A RIGHT HANDED
37		RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM
49		
61		

FORM 110-C-17 REV. 7-58-YELLUM

FIGURE 11. Class 3 Surface Specifications Input Data Format

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO.	FORMAT	PROGRAMMER	DATE	PAGE	OF	JOB NO.
		K. A. TOUPS	8/14/63			
	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH			
1	N	X X X X X				RAME OF CLASS 4 OR 5 SURFACE, COLS 1 - 6
13						CLASS 4 - PLANE POLYGON, USE "4" IN COL. 1
25						CLASS 5 - NONPLANAR POLYGON OR SOLID, USE "5" IN COL. 1
37						IMPORTANT: COLS. 7-12 MUST BE BLANK!
49			73			USE COLS 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION
61						USE COLS 73-80 FOR CARD ID, ALL CARDS
1	K	P				NO. OF POINTS DEFINING SURFACE
13	X	1				COORDINATES OF FIRST BOUNDARY POINT
25	Y	1				
37	Z	1				
49		N 1 N 2 N 3 N 4	73			POINTS CONNECTING TO FIRST POINT (≤ 4)
61	X	2				COORDINATES OF SECOND BOUNDARY POINT
1	Y	2				
13	Z	2				
25		N 1 N 2 N 3 N 4				POINTS CONNECTING TO SECOND POINT (≤ 4)
37			73			etc. IMPORTANT: ALL CONNECTING POINTS MUST BE
49						ENTERED AS INTEGERS TO RIGHT
61						OF FIELD OF 4 COLS. AS SHOWN.
1						NOTE: 1) ALL DATA MUST USE DECIMAL POINT, EXCEPT
13						INTSGPS WHICH MAY BE ENTERED TO EXTREME
25						RIGHT OF FIELD (NOTE ABOVE EXCEPTION)
37						2) DATA MUST BE DERIVED FROM RIGHT-HANDED
49			73			RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM

FIGURE 12. Class 4 and 5 Surface Input Data Format

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. FORMAT PROGRAMMER K. A. TOUF3 DATE 8/11/63 PAGE of JOB NO.

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	6	X X X X X	NAME OF CLASS 6 SURFACE, COLS 1 - 6
12			USE "6" IN COL. 1 FOR AN INTERNALLY
13			GENERATED PLANE POLYGON OR SOLID, WITH CONNECTIONS DATA
14			IMPORTANT: COLS 7-12 MUST BE BLANK!
15			USE COLS 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION
16			USE COLS 73-80 FOR CARD ID, ALL CARDS
1	N S		NO. OF POLYGON CROSS SECTION SIDES, ≥ 3
12	N C		NO. OF CROSS SECTIONS DESIRED
13	X 1		
14	Y 1		COORDINATES OF FIRST CROSS SECTION CENTER
15	Z 1		
16	X R 1		X-AXIS RADIUS, FIRST CROSS SECTION
1	Y R 1		Y-AXIS RADIUS, FIRST CROSS SECTION
12	Z 2		HEIGHT (Z-COORD), SECOND CROSS SECTION (IF ANY)
13	X R 2		X-AXIS RADIUS, " " " " "
14	Y R 2		Y-AXIS RADIUS, " " " " "
15			THIRD " " " " "
16	etc.		etc. " " " " "
1			
12			
13			NOTE: 1) ALL DATA MUST USE DECIMAL POINT, EXCEPT INTEGERS
14			WHICH MAY BE ENTERED TO EXTREME RIGHT OF FIELD
15			2) SURFACE IS GENERATED IN A RIGHT HANDED
16			RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM

FORM 114-D-17 REV. 7-60 - YELLOW

FIGURE 13. Class 6 Surface Specifications Input Data Format

Contrails

Class 7

The sphere radius is entered on the first line, followed by the X, Y, and Z coordinates locating the center of the sphere as shown in Figure 14.

Class 8

The names of the surface (s) which are to be entered under this class are entered together on one card, without regard to order as shown in Figure 15. The card is equally divided into 12 words of six columns each. Each name to be entered must appear identically in a word-space as it appears in the word-space on the data name card.

Class 9

The first point to be transformed is entered on the first line, followed by the X, Y and Z coordinates of the "new" position of the point as shown in Figure 16. The second point to be transformed immediately follows on the fifth line followed by the X-coordinate of the new position of the second point, thus completing the first card. The Y and Z coordinates of the new position of the second point are entered on the first two lines of the second card, followed by the number of the third point to be transformed and its new X, Y, and Z coordinates.

All of the numbers entered in the above data may be entered as fixed or floating point numbers except connections data, which must be entered as decimal integers. If a decimal point is given (fractional numbers must have decimal points given), the floating number may be located anywhere in the field (line); if no decimal point is given, the number must be located to the extreme right of the field (no blanks to the right of the number).

Run Instructions

Six FORTRAN words comprise a set of run instructions; two sets may be entered on one card as shown in Figure 17. The first set starts at column 1 and the second set starts at column 37. Two words (12 columns) comprise one line on the data sheet. The name of the Surface 1 data is entered in the first word (columns 1 - 6) precisely as it appears in the first word of the surface data name card. The name of the Surface 2 data is entered in the second word (columns 8 - 12) precisely as it appears in the first word of the surface data name card. If a primary transformation of Surface 1 is desired, the desired transformation data name is entered in columns 13 - 18, otherwise, it is left blank. If a primary transformation of Surface 2 is desired, the name of the transformation data is entered in the fourth word, columns 19 - 24. If a detailed output is desired, the alphabetical character "D" is entered in column 25, or in column 31. If the "D" appears in either or both locations, a detailed output will result; if a blank is in both locations, a standard output will result. The horizontal mapping division "integer" appears in column 30, unless the integer 10 or 11 is used, in which case columns 29 and 30 are utilized. The vertical mapping division "integer" appears in column 36, un-

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. FORHAT PROGRAMMER K. A. TOUPS DATE 8/11/63 PAGE of JOB NO.

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	7	X X X X X	NAME OF CLASS 7 SURFACE, COLS 1-6
13			USE "7" IN COL 1 FOR A SPHERE
15			
17			IMPORTANT: COLS. 7-12 MUST BE BLANK!
19		73	USE COLS 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION
21			USE COLS 73-80 FOR CARD ID, ALL CARDS
1	R	A	RADIUS OF SPHERE
13	X		COORDINATES OF CENTER
15	Y		
17	Z		
19		73	
21			
1			
13			
15			
17			
19		73	
21			
1			NOTE: 1) ALL DATA MUST USE DECIMAL POINT EXCEPT
13			INTERCEPS WHICH MAY BE ENTERED TO
15			EXTREME RIGHT OF FIELD
17			2) DATA MUST BE DERIVED FROM RIGHT-
19		73	HANDED RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM
21			

FORM 14-C-17 REV. 7-61-YELLUM

FIGURE 14. Class 7 Sphere Specification Input Data Format

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. FORMAT PROGRAMMER K. A. TOUPS DATE 8/14/53 PAGE OF JOB NO.

LINE NO.	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	8 X.X.X.X.X		NAME OF CLASS 8 SURFACE, COLS 1 - 6
2			USE "8" IN COL 1 FOR MULTISURFACE
3			
4			IMPORTANT: COLS 7-12 MUST BE BLANK!
5			USE COLS. 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION:
6			USE COLS. 73-80 FOR CARD ID. ALL CARDS
7	1st		ENTER NAMES OF SURFACES (≤ 11) WHICH ARE TO BE GROUPED TOGETHER
8	2nd		
9	3rd		
10	etc		
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			

FORM 110-C-13 REV. 7-52-V8LLUM

FIGURE 15. Class 8 Multisurface Specifications Input Data Format

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. FORMAT PROGRAMMER K. A. TOUPS DATE 8/14/63 PAGE OF JOB NO.

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	9	X X X X X X	NAME OF CLASS 9 DATA, COLS 1 - 6
13			USE "9" IN COL. 1 FOR TRANSFORMATION
14			DATA
15			IMPORTANT: COLS. 7-12 MUST BE BLANK!
16		71	USE COLS. 13-72 FOR ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION
17			USE COLS. 73-80 FOR CARD ID, ALL CARDS
18	X 1		FIRST POINT TO BE TRANSFORMED
19	X 1		
20	Y 1		COORDINATES OF FIRST POINT FROM
21	Z 1		"NEW" ORIGIN
22	X 2	71	SECOND POINT TO BE TRANSFORMED
23	X 2		
24	Y 2		COORDINATES OF SECOND POINT FROM "NEW" ORIGIN
25	Z 2		
26	X 3		THIRD POINT, etc
27	Y 3		
28	Z 3	71	COORDINATES, etc
29			
30			
31			Note: 1) ALL DATA MUST USE DECIMAL POINT EXCEPT
32			INTEGERS WHICH MAY BE ENTERED TO EXTREME
33			RIGHT OF FIELD
34			2) DATA MUST BE DERIVED FROM A RIGHT-HANDED
35			RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM

FORM 150-C-17 REV. 7-66-VELLUM

FIGURE 16. Class 9 Transformation Data Input Data Format

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO.		FORMAT		PROGRAMMER		K. A. TOUPS		DATE		8/14/63		PAGE		of		JOB NO.		
NUMBER		IDENTIFICATION		DESCRIPTION		DO NOT KEY PUNCH												
1																		
13																		
23																		
33																		
43																		
53																		
1																		
13																		
23																		
33																		
43																		
53																		
1																		
13																		
23																		
33																		
43																		
53																		
1																		
13																		
23																		
33																		
43																		
53																		
1																		
13																		
23																		
33																		
43																		
53																		
1																		
13																		
23																		
33																		
43																		
53																		

FORM 156-C-17 REV. 7-66-YELLUM

FIGURE 17. Run Instructions Input Data Format

Contrails

less the integer 10 or 11 is used, in which case columns 35 and 36 are utilized. If columns 29 and 30 are both blank, a standard integer 4 meaning 24 horizontal divisions of each mapping line is used. If 35 and 36 are both blank, a standard vertical division of 24 will be used. The above format is repeated in the same manner, starting from column 37 on the fourth line, for the second set of run instructions on the card. There is no numerical limit to the number of run instructions which may be entered. The only requirement is, of course, that the data called for has been loaded in under the names used.

Contracts

SECTION V

PROGRAM OUTPUT

Input data is processed and printed out prior to its use in factor computations for programmer verification. The orientation vector head end is also printed out for all plane surfaces, so that the "active" side used by the program is clearly shown. Class 3 and 6 specifications as read in are printed, along with the surface data generated by the specifications.

A standard "minimum" output is given when the code letter "D" does not appear in the run instructions, consisting of the following:

1. Run number
2. Run instructions
3. The computed form factor
4. The Surface 1 mapping area
5. The exchange coefficient (fA product)
6. The total area of Surface 1
7. If Surface 1 is bisected, the area seen by Surface 2
8. The total area of Surface 2, if Surface 2 area can be computed
9. If Surface 2 is bisected, the area seen by Surface 1, if that area can be computed
10. The time in seconds spent in Subroutine SILFAC, if utilized

If a detailed output is requested, the minimum output plus the following is printed:

1. The final coordinates of Surface 1 and Surface 2 prior to computation of configuration factors.
2. The X-Left and X-Right coordinates for each Y division of Surface 1 mapping, including horizontal and vertical divisions used.
3. Each configuration factor computed. The output is given in groups of factors easily identified because the last factor in a group occupies a line by itself. Each group contains the configuration factors computed on a mapping line. The first factor in the group is that computed at X-left and the last factor in the group is that

Contrails

computed at X-right. The first group represents the first mapping line, the second group the second mapping line, etc.

4. If the silhouette generator was used, the silhouette computed for points selected on each mapping line is printed out. The first numeral given is the mapping line, the second is the point on the mapping line, moving from X-left to X-right. The numbers following represent the silhouette.

SECTION VI

REFERENCES

1. Hamilton, D. C. and W. R. Morgan. Radiant-Interchange Configuration Factors. National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics. NACA TN-2836 (1952).
2. Sokolnikoff, I. D., and R. M. Redheffer. Mathematics of Physics and Modern Engineering. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc., (1958).
3. Moon, Parry. The Scientific Basis of Illuminating Engineering. New York: Dover Publications, Inc, (1961), pp. 312-318.
4. O'Brien, P. F. "Pleijel's Globoscope for Lighting Design," Illuminating Engineering, Vol. LVIII, No. 3 (3 March 1963).
5. Touns, Kempton A. A General Computer Program for the Determination of Radiant-Interchange Configuration Factors. NAA S&ID, SID 62-393, ASD Technical Note ASD-TN-61-101 (ASTIA No. 403027), (March 1963).

Contrails

APPENDIX A

SAMPLE PROBLEMS

A number of sample problems have been devised to illustrate the capabilities and limitations of CONFAC II. The examples are arranged roughly in order of complexity, beginning with simple plane surfaces and concluding with a complicated "intervening surface" problem involving plane and solid surfaces.

The surface configurations upon which the example problems are based are shown in accompanying illustrations. Each illustration is conveniently grouped separately with the problem description pertaining to the surfaces shown in the illustration, along with the input data sheets, run instructions, program output and a short discussion.

Contrails

SAMPLE PROBLEM GROUP A

The surfaces shown in Figure 18 are similar to the examples given in CONFAC I. The added CONFAC II capability of bisecting a nonplanar surface is demonstrated. The data sheets are shown in Figure 19 and the results are presented in Figure 20.

Problem 1A

In Figure 18 (A1), the factor between the floor of a cubical room (1FLOOR) and an adjacent wall (1WALL) is computed, using standard horizontal and vertical mapping divisions (24 x 24) on Surface 1. A detailed output is requested.

Note that because no primary or auxiliary transformation occurred, the final coordinate system is the same as the input data (unprimed) coordinate system. The first mapping line starts at the origin and extends to point 1 in 1FLOOR.

Problem 2A

In Figure 18 (A1), any plane surface may be used as Surface 1 providing it has been properly entered in data prior to the factor request. To demonstrate, the wall (1WALL) now acts as Surface 1, and the factor to the floor (1FLOOR) is requested.

Note that Surface 1WALL is not in the X-Y plane of its input (unprimed) coordinate system. The program, therefore, had to perform an auxiliary transformation of both surfaces to the primed system shown, prior to factor computation, to get Surface 1 in the XY plane.

Problem 3A

In Figure 18 (A2), the factor from the floor (1FLOOR) to two adjacent walls taken together (2WALLS) is requested. This is a valid request because the boundary data describing 2WALLS form a valid silhouette of 2WALLS from any point on 1FLOOR. The factor should be twice that to one wall alone.

Problem 4A

The program cannot validly compute the factor from a nonplanar surface. A Class 2 surface is assumed nonplanar. The factor from 2WALLS to 1FLOOR is requested in order to elicit the diagnostic, warning the user of this error.

The program does not test the surface, as in CONFAC I. If a nonplanar surface is erroneously entered as a Class 1 surface, it will not be rejected if used as Surface 1 - the responsibility lay with the user to insure that Surface 1 is planar.

Problem 5A

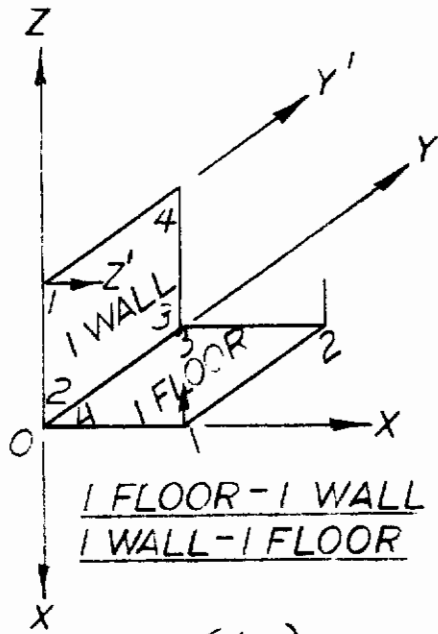
In Figure 18 (A3), the necessity for proper order in data entry is emphasized. The wall data are deliberately entered in a clockwise direction (1WALLR) looking at the active surface, instead of counterclockwise. Hence, the orientation vector points in the wrong direction. The factor from 1FLOOR to 1WALLR is requested in order to elicit the diagnostic which alerts the user to a possible error.

Problem 6A

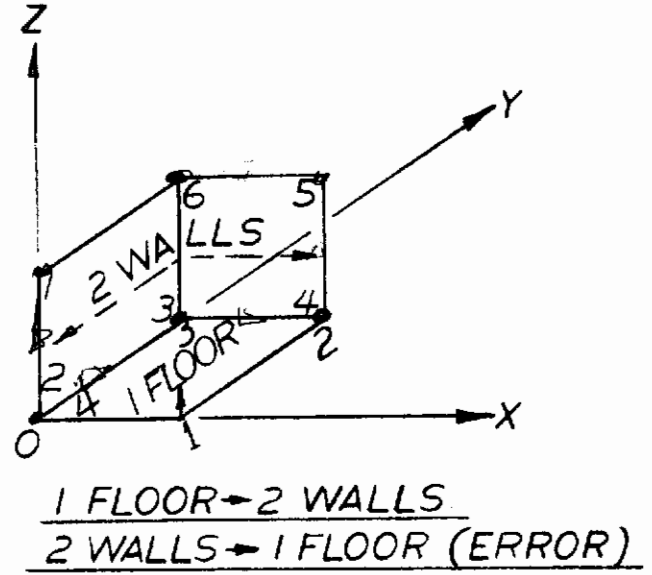
In Figure 18 (A4), CONFAC II has the capability of bisecting a nonplanar (Class 2) surface. The factor from 1FLOOR to 2WALLZ, is requested, with a detailed output, to demonstrate this capability.

Subroutine DOICU bisected 2WALLZ at the XY plane, and reconstructed the surface by eliminating points 2, 3, and 4, as shown, and creating new points 2', 3', 4' and 5'. The dashed line 2' 3' divides Surface 1 (1FLOOR) into triangular parts, designated A and B. The view of the reconstructed 2WALLZ from anywhere in area B reflects a valid silhouette in the proper counterclockwise order. When reconstructed 2WALLZ is viewed from area A, the points still form a valid silhouette, but the order is reversed. This means the computed configuration factor will be to the hemispherical space not occupied by 2WALLZ, and will be negative. So, subroutine FACTOR subtracts this factor from 1.0 to yield the correct factor to 2WALLZ.

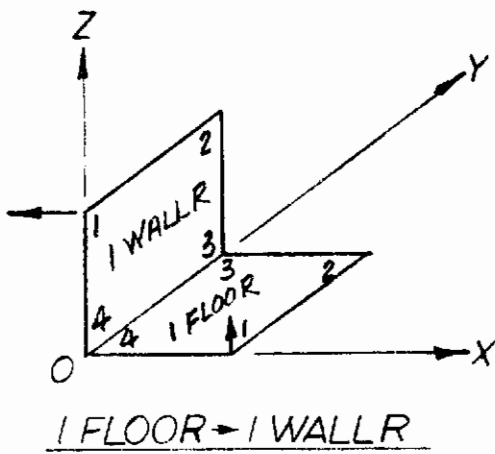
Contrails



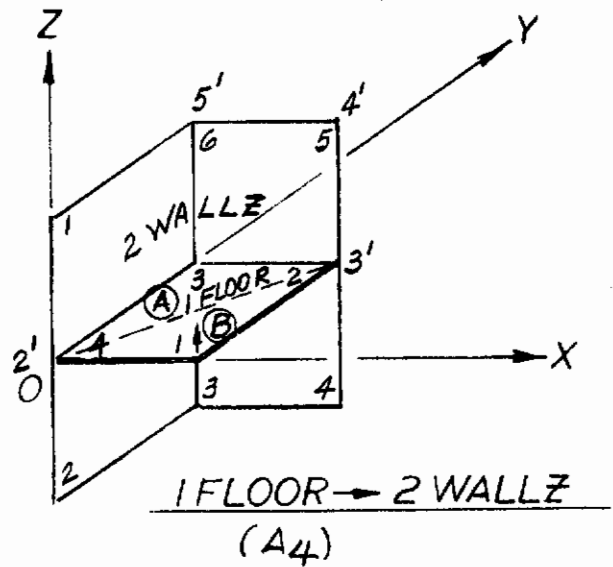
(A₁)



(A₂)



(A₃)



(A₄)

FIGURE 18. SAMPLE PROBLEMS - GROUP A

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. DATA PROGRAMMER K. TOUPS DATE 11/1/63 PAGE 1 of 26 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1		T N A A C O N F A C	
19		I R E P O R T A	
25		H P L E P R O B L E M	
31		F R O M F I G .	
49		- K . A . T O U	
61		P # , 1 1 / 1 / 6 3	A 0 1 0
1		L F L O O R	
13			
25		L X 1 S Q U A R E	
31			
49			
61			A 0 2 0
1		4 . 0	
13		1 . 0	
25		C . 0	
31		0 . 0	
49		1 . 0	
61		1 . 0	A 0 3 0
1		0 . 0	
13		0 . 0	
25		1 . 0	
31		0 . C	
49		0 . C	
61		0 . C	A 0 4 0

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-63

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. PROGRAMMER DATE PAGE 2 of 26 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1		0 . 0	
13			
25			
31			
49			
61			A 0 5 0
1		L W A L L	
13			
25		L X 1 S Q U A R E T	
31		H U C H I N G L W A L	
49		L	
61			A 0 6 0
1		4 . 0	
13		0 . 0	
25		0 . 0	
31		1 . 0	
49		0 . 0	
61		0 . 0	A 0 7 0
1		0 . 0	
13		0 . 0	
25		1 . 0	
31		0 . 0	
49		0 . 0	
61		1 . 0	A 0 8 0

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-63

FIGURE 19. Group A Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. PROGRAMMER DATE PAGE 3 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1 . 0			
		A 0 . 9 0	
1 WALLR			
1 SAME AS 1WAL			
1 BUT WITH			
1 DATA ENTERED			
1 C L O C K W I S E			
		A 1 . 0 0	
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
0 . 0			
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
1 . 0		A 1 1 0	
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
0 . 0			
0 . 0		A 1 2 0	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-60

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. PROGRAMMER DATE PAGE 4 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1 C . 0			
		A 1 3 0	
1 WALLR			
1 IDE AND BAC			
1 K WALL TAKEN			
1 T G E T H E R			
		A 1 4 0	
6 . 0			
0 . 0			
0 . 0			
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
0 . 0		A 1 5 0	
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
1 . 0			
0 . 0			
1 . 0		A 1 6 0	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-60

FIGURE 19. Group A Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets (continued)

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO.	PROGRAMMER	DATE	PAGE 5 of 36	JOB NO. 2329-30
NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH	
1	0 . 0			
13	1 . 0			
25	1 . 0			
37	1 . 0			
49	0 . 0			
61	1 . 0	A 1 7 0		
1	1 . 0			
13				
25				
37				
49				
61		A 1 8 0		
1	2 WALLZ			
13				
25	2 WALLZ BUT E			
37	XTENDED BELT			
49	W THE SURFACE			
61	E OF FLOR	A 1 9 0		
1	6 . 0			
13	1 . 0			
25	C . C			
37	1 . 0			
49	0 . 0			
61	0 . 0	A 2 0 0		

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-64

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO.	PROGRAMMER	DATE	PAGE 6 of 36	JOB NO. 2329-30
NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH	
1	- 1 . 0			
13	0 . 0			
25	1 . 0			
37	- 1 . 0			
49	1 . 0			
61	1 . 0	A 2 1 0		
1	- 1 . 0			
13	1 . 0			
25	1 . 0			
37	1 . 0			
49	0 . 0			
61	1 . 0	A 2 2 0		
1	1 . 0			
13				
25				
37				
49				
61		A 2 3 0		
1	2 B X			
13				
25	A L L P P A C			
37	E E E N B Y I P			
49	L P R			
61		A 2 4 0		

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-64

FIGURE 19. Group A Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 7 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
14	. 0		
15	. C		
25	. C		
37	. 0		
49	. 0		
61	1 . 0	A 2 5 0	
1	. 0		
13	1 . 0		
25	1 . 0		
37	0 . 0		
49	1 . C		
61	1 . 0	A 2 6 0	
1	0 . 0		
13			
25			
37			
49			
61		A 2 7 0	
1	1 P L F L G R 1 W A L L		
13			
25	D		
37	1 W A L L 1 F L G R		
49			
61		A 2 8 0	

FORM 114-C-13 REV. 7-59

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 8 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	1 P L F L G R 2 W A L L S		
13			
25	D		
37	2 W A L L S 1 F L G R		
49			
61		A 2 9 0	
1	1 P L F L G R 1 W A L L L H		
13			
25			
37	1 P L F L G R 2 W A L L Z		
49			
61	1	A 3 0 0	
1	1 P L F L G R 2 B O X		
13			
25	D		
37			
49			
61		A 3 1 0	
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			

FORM 114-C-13 REV. 7-59

FIGURE 19. Group A Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION
T+A PROJECT RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM

C O N F A C I I

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (A)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

I N P U T D A T A

```

***** DATA NAME-- *1FLOOR *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.

***** DATA NAME-- *1WALL * 1X1 SQUARE TOUCHING 1WALL
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01

***** DATA NAME-- *1WALLR * SAME AS 1WALL, BUT WITH DATA ENTERED CLOCKWISE
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 -0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01

***** DATA NAME-- *2WALLS * SIDE AND BACK WALL TAKEN TOGETHER
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 2 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.
3 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 4 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
5 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 6 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01

```

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(24 pages)

```
***** DATA NAME= *2WALLZ * 2WALLS BUT EXTENDED BELOW THE SURFACE OF IFLOOR
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
3 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 -0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 -0.1000000E 01
5 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
2 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
4 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
6 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
```

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

RUN NO. 1 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IFLOR*IWALL *
 *D * *
 THE FOR4 FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IFLOR * TO SURFACE *IWALL * = 0.19996
 THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.19996E-00 \$Q UNITS
 THE MAPPING AREA = 1.0000000E 00 \$Q UNITS
 THE AREA OF SURFACE *IFLOR * = 0.1000000E 01 \$Q UNITS.
 THE AREA OF SURFACE *IWALL * = 0.1000000E 01 \$Q UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *IFLOR *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
 3 0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
 0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.

***** DATA NAME- *IWALL *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
 3 0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
 COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IFLOR * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL
 X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y
 0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.4166667E-01
 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.8333333E-01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1250000E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1666667E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2083333E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2500000E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2916667E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.3333333E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.3750000E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.4166666E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.4583333E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.5000000E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.5416666E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.5833333E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.6250000E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.6666666E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.7083333E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.7500000E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.7916666E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.8333333E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.8750000E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.9166666E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.9583333E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.9583333E 00

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.2500000E-00	0.2381714E-00	0.2264098E-00	0.2147805E-00	0.2033451E-00	0.1921608E-00
0.1812784E-00	0.1707421E-00	0.1605884E-00	0.1508463E-00	0.1415374E-00	0.1326757E-00
0.1242689E-00	0.1163187E-00	0.1088213E-00	0.1017688E-00	0.9514960E-01	0.8894909E-01
0.8315061E-01	0.7773592E-01	0.7268577E-01	0.6798038E-01	0.6359979E-01	0.5952419E-01
0.5573420E-01	0.3627489E-00	0.2993618E-00	0.2647417E-00	0.2406953E-00	0.2215649E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.1906369E-00	0.1773929E-00	0.1652008E-00	0.1539019E-00	0.1433944E-00
0.1336074E-00	0.1244870E-00	0.1159894E-00	0.1080764E-00	0.1007129E-00	0.9386608E-01
0.8750442E-01	0.8159701E-01	0.7611643E-01	0.7103273E-01	0.6631951E-01	0.6195098E-01
0.5790261E-01	0.4135154E-00	0.3496923E-00	0.3058146E-00	0.2737868E-00	0.2486091E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.2095478E-00	0.1934858E-00	0.1790103E-00	0.1658298E-00	0.1537498E-00
0.1426349E-00	0.1323835E-00	0.1229162E-00	0.1141671E-00	0.1060798E-00	0.9860413E-01
0.9169456E-01	0.8530921E-01	0.7940921E-01	0.7395829E-01	0.6892256E-01	0.6427036E-01
0.5997212E-01	0.4356356E-00	0.3801885E-00	0.3358659E-00	0.3006194E-00	0.2718642E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.2267755E-00	0.2083611E-00	0.1918990E-00	0.1770340E-00	0.1635191E-00
0.1511751E-00	0.1398664E-00	0.1294859E-00	0.1199457E-00	0.1111711E-00	0.1030969E-00
0.9566517E-01	0.8882340E-01	0.8252385E-01	0.7672266E-01	0.7137946E-01	0.6645701E-01
0.6192093E-01	0.4473657E-00	0.3990101E-00	0.3570122E-00	0.3213185E-00	0.2909358E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.2419023E-00	0.2216715E-00	0.2035842E-00	0.1872861E-00	0.1725157E-00
0.2647653E-00	0.1468093E-00	0.1355937E-00	0.1253244E-00	0.1159130E-00	0.1072821E-00
0.1590750E-00	0.9209505E-01	0.8542179E-01	0.7929282E-01	0.7366185E-01	0.6848651E-01
0.9936325E-01					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.6372799E-01	0.4544209E-00	0.4112148E-00	0.3718966E-00	0.3369377E-00	0.3061129E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.2547786E-00	0.2332360E-00	0.2138885E-00	0.1964244E-00	0.1805977E-00
0.2789097E-00	0.1531066E-00	0.1411489E-00	0.1302257E-00	0.1202389E-00	0.1111026E-00
0.1662118E-00	0.9508227E-01	0.8806704E-01	0.8163780E-01	0.7574306E-01	0.7033587E-01
0.1027400E-00	0.4590002E-00	0.4194697E-00	0.3824940E-00	0.3486228E-00	0.3179568E-00
0.6537341E-01	0.2654469E-00	0.2430097E-00	0.2227285E-00	0.2043526E-00	0.1876684E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.1586752E-00	0.1460774E-00	0.1345840E-00	0.1240917E-00	0.1145086E-00
0.2903267E-00	0.9774738E-01	0.9042696E-01	0.8372935E-01	0.7759864E-01	0.7198393E-01
0.1724943E-00	0.4621056E-00	0.4252060E-00	0.3901042E-00	0.3573098E-00	0.3270483E-00
0.1057521E-00	0.2740546E-00	0.2510376E-00	0.2300914E-00	0.2110276E-00	0.1936706E-00
0.6683891E-01	0.1634541E-00	0.1503215E-00	0.1383464E-00	0.1274235E-00	0.1174575E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.1000575E-00	0.9247279E-01	0.8554240E-01	0.7920679E-01	0.7341176E-01
0.2993339E-00	0.4642506E-00	0.4292292E-00	0.3955579E-00	0.3636870E-00	0.3338817E-00
0.1778607E-00	0.2807856E-00	0.2574107E-00	0.2360083E-00	0.2164437E-00	0.1985776E-00
0.1083618E-00	0.1674011E-00	0.1538385E-00	0.1414719E-00	0.1301962E-00	0.1199146E-00
0.6810803E-01	0.1019848E-00	0.9418001E-01	0.8705545E-01	0.8054869E-01	0.7460294E-01
0.5000000E 00	0.4657200E-00	0.4320121E-00	0.3993846E-00	0.3682363E-00	0.3388398E-00
0.3062500E-00	0.2858183E-00	0.2622336E-00	0.2405308E-00	0.2206169E-00	0.2023829E-00
0.1822734E-00	0.1704894E-00	0.1565984E-00	0.1439300E-00	0.1323804E-00	0.1218524E-00
0.1105380E-00	0.1035087E-00	0.9552856E-01	0.8825074E-01	0.8160876E-01	0.7554382E-01
0.6916649E-01	0.4666782E-00	0.4338384E-00	0.4019193E-00	0.3712832E-00	0.3421993E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.2893024E-00	0.2656025E-00	0.2437138E-00	0.2235724E-00	0.2050913E-00
0.3148421E-00	0.1727031E-00	0.1585815E-00	0.1456994E-00	0.1339547E-00	0.1232505E-00
0.1881704E-00	0.1046060E-00	0.9650286E-01	0.8911442E-01	0.8237474E-01	0.7622363E-01
0.1134958E-00	0.4672204E-00	0.4348755E-00	0.4033667E-00	0.3730350E-00	0.3441448E-00
0.7060624E-01	0.2913482E-00	0.2675923E-00	0.2456034E-00	0.2253343E-00	0.2067115E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.1740338E-00	0.1597756E-00	0.1467662E-00	0.1344904E-00	0.1240948E-00
0.3168800E-00	0.1052704E-00	0.9709184E-01	0.8963658E-01	0.8283786E-01	0.7663463E-01
0.1896446E-00	0.4673959E-00	0.4352119E-00	0.4038375E-00	0.3736066E-00	0.3447819E-00
0.1142451E-00	0.2920227E-00	0.2682502E-00	0.2462298E-00	0.2259196E-00	0.2072507E-00
0.7097130E-01	0.1744778E-00	0.1601743E-00	0.1471226E-00	0.1352244E-00	0.1243771E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.1054927E-00	0.9728890E-01	0.8981130E-01	0.8299282E-01	0.7677215E-01
0.3175496E-00	0.4671204E-00	0.4348755E-00	0.4033667E-00	0.3730350E-00	0.3441448E-00
0.1901359E-00	0.2913482E-00	0.2675923E-00	0.2456034E-00	0.2253343E-00	0.2067115E-00
0.1144957E-00	0.1740338E-00	0.1597756E-00	0.1467662E-00	0.1344904E-00	0.1240948E-00
0.7109344E-01	0.1054927E-00	0.9728890E-01	0.8981130E-01	0.8299282E-01	0.7677215E-01
0.5000000E 00	0.4671204E-00	0.4348755E-00	0.4033667E-00	0.3730350E-00	0.3441448E-00
0.3168800E-00	0.2913482E-00	0.2675923E-00	0.2456034E-00	0.2253343E-00	0.2067115E-00
0.1896446E-00	0.1740338E-00	0.1597756E-00	0.1467662E-00	0.1344904E-00	0.1240948E-00
0.1144957E-00	0.1054927E-00	0.9728890E-01	0.8981130E-01	0.8299282E-01	0.7677215E-01
0.7109344E-01	0.4671204E-00	0.4348755E-00	0.4033667E-00	0.3730350E-00	0.3441448E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.2913482E-00	0.2675923E-00	0.2456034E-00	0.2253343E-00	0.2067115E-00
0.3168800E-00	0.1740338E-00	0.1597756E-00	0.1467662E-00	0.1344904E-00	0.1240948E-00
0.1896446E-00	0.1054927E-00	0.9728890E-01	0.8981130E-01	0.8299282E-01	0.7677215E-01

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1142451E-00	0.1052704E-00	0.9709184E-01	0.8963659E-01	0.8283786E-01	0.7663463E-01
0.7097130E-01	0.4666782E-00	0.4338384E-00	0.4019193E-00	0.3712832E-00	0.3421993E-00
0.500000E 00	0.2893024E-00	0.2656025E-00	0.2437138E-00	0.2235724E-00	0.2050913E-00
0.3148421E-00	0.1727031E-00	0.1585015E-00	0.1456994E-00	0.1323250E-00	0.1232505E-00
0.1881704E-00	0.1046060E-00	0.9650286E-01	0.8911442E-01	0.8237474E-01	0.7622363E-01
0.1134958E-00	0.706624E-C1	0.4320121E-00	0.3993846E-00	0.3682363E-00	0.3388398E-00
0.500000E 00	0.2858183E-00	0.2622336E-00	0.2405308E-00	0.2206169E-00	0.2023829E-00
0.3113485E-00	0.1857127E-00	0.1565984E-00	0.1439300E-00	0.1323804E-00	0.1218524E-00
0.1857127E-00	0.1122557E-00	0.9552856E-01	0.8825074E-01	0.8160876E-01	0.7554382E-01
0.1105380E-00	0.7000237E-01	0.4292292E-00	0.3955579E-00	0.3636870E-00	0.3338817E-00
0.6916649E-C1	0.500000E 00	0.2574107E-00	0.2360083E-00	0.2164437E-00	0.1985776E-00
0.500000E 00	0.3062500E-00	0.1538385E-00	0.1414719E-00	0.1301962E-00	0.1199146E-00
0.2993339E-00	0.1822734E-00	0.9418002E-01	0.8705545E-01	0.8054869E-01	0.7460294E-01
0.1778607E-00	0.1105380E-00	0.4621056E-00	0.3901042E-00	0.3573098E-00	0.3270483E-00
0.1083618E-00	0.6810803E-C1	0.2740546E-00	0.2300914E-00	0.2110276E-00	0.1936706E-00
0.500000E 00	0.2903267E-00	0.1503215E-00	0.1383464E-00	0.1274235E-00	0.1174576E-00
0.2903267E-00	0.1724943E-00	0.9247279E-01	0.8554241E-01	0.7920679E-01	0.7341176E-01
0.1057521E-00	0.6683891E-01	0.4194697E-00	0.3824940E-00	0.3486228E-00	0.3179568E-00
0.6683891E-01	0.500000E 00	0.2430097E-00	0.2227285E-00	0.2043526E-00	0.1876684E-00
0.500000E 00	0.278907E-00	0.1460774E-00	0.1345840E-00	0.1240917E-00	0.1145086E-00
0.278907E-00	0.1662118E-00	0.9042696E-01	0.8372935E-01	0.7759864E-01	0.7198393E-01
0.1662118E-00	0.1027400E-00	0.4112148E-00	0.3718966E-00	0.3369377E-00	0.3061129E-00
0.1027400E-00	0.6537342E-01	0.2332360E-00	0.2138885E-00	0.1964244E-00	0.1805977E-00
0.6537342E-01	0.500000E 00	0.1411489E-00	0.1302257E-00	0.1202390E-00	0.1111026E-00
0.500000E 00	0.2647653E-00	0.8806705E-01	0.8163781E-01	0.7574307E-01	0.7033588E-01
0.2647653E-00	0.1590750E-00	0.3990101E-00	0.3570122E-00	0.3213185E-00	0.2909358E-00
0.1590750E-00	0.9936326E-01	0.2216715E-00	0.2035842E-00	0.1872861E-00	0.1725157E-00
0.9936326E-01	0.6372799E-01	0.1355937E-00	0.1253244E-00	0.1159130E-00	0.1072821E-00
0.6372799E-01	0.500000E 00	0.8542179E-01	0.7929283E-01	0.7366186E-01	0.6848652E-01
0.500000E 00	0.2476720E-00	0.3801883E-00	0.3358659E-00	0.3006195E-00	0.2718643E-00
0.2476720E-00	0.1511751E-00	0.2083611E-00	0.1918990E-00	0.1770340E-00	0.1635191E-00
0.1511751E-00	0.9566518E-01	0.1294859E-00	0.1199457E-00	0.1111711E-00	0.1030969E-00
0.9566518E-01	0.6192094E-01	0.8252385E-01	0.7672267E-01	0.7137946E-01	0.6645701E-01
0.6192094E-01	0.500000E 00	0.3496924E-00	0.3058146E-00	0.2737868E-00	0.2486091E-00
0.500000E 00	0.2276612E-00	0.1934858E-00	0.1790103E-00	0.1658296E-00	0.1537498E-00
0.2276612E-00					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1426349E-C0	0.1323835E-00	0.1219162E-00	0.1141671E-00	0.1060798E-00	0.9860414E-01
0.9169456E-01	0.8530921E-01	0.7940921E-01	0.7395829E-01	0.6892256E-01	0.6427036E-01
0.5997213E-C1					
0.500000E-C0	0.3677490E-00	0.2993619E-00	0.2647418E-00	0.2406956E-00	0.2215649E-00
0.2051995E-C0	0.1906359E-00	0.1773929E-00	0.1652008E-00	0.1539019E-00	0.1433945E-00
0.1336074E-C0	0.1244870E-00	0.1159894E-00	0.1080764E-00	0.1007129E-00	0.9386609E-01
0.8750442E-01	0.8159762E-01	0.7611643E-01	0.7103274E-01	0.6631952E-01	0.6195099E-01
0.5790201E-01					
0.250000E-C0	0.2331744E-00	0.2264098E-00	0.2147805E-00	0.2033451E-00	0.1921608E-00
0.1812794E-00	0.1707421E-00	0.1605884E-00	0.1508463E-00	0.1415374E-00	0.1326757E-00
0.1242689E-C0	0.1163187E-00	0.1088213E-00	0.1017688E-00	0.9514960E-01	0.8894909E-01
0.8315061E-C1	0.7773592E-01	0.7268577E-01	0.6798038E-01	0.6359979E-01	0.5952419E-01
0.5573420E-C1					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (A)-K.A.TDUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 2 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IWALL *IFLOOR*
 *D * * *
 THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IWALL * TO SURFACE *IFLOOR * = 0.19996
 THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.19996E-00 SQ UNITS
 THE MAPPING AREA = 1.0000000E 00 SQ UNITS
 THE AREA OF SURFACE *IWALL * = 0.1000000E 01 SQ UNITS.
 THE AREA OF SURFACE *IFLOOR * = 0.1000000E 01 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *IWALL *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 -0. -0. 0.1000000E 01 --- (INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
 3 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0. 2 0.1000000E 01 -0. 0.
 4 -0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 4 -0. 0.1000000E 01 0.

***** DATA NAME- *IFLOOR *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 0.1000000E 01 -0. 0.1000000E 01 --- (INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
 3 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0. 2 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
 4 0.1000000E 01 -0. 4 0.1000000E 01 -0. 0.

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IWALL * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
-0.	0.1000000E 01	-0.	-0.	0.1000000E 01	0.4166667E-01
-0.	0.1000000E 01	0.8333333E-01	-0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1250000E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

-0.	0.100000E 01	0.1666667E-00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.2083333E-00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.2500000E-00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.2916667E-00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.333333E-00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.3750000E-00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.416666E-00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.458333E-00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.500000E-00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.541666E 00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.583333E 00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.625000E 00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.666666E 00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.708333E 00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.750000E 00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.791666E 00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.833333E 00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.875000E 00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.916666E 00	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.958333E 00
-0.	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01	-0.	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.5573420E-01	0.5952419E-01	0.6359978E-01	0.6798038E-01	0.7268577E-01	0.7773592E-01
0.8315061E-01	0.8894909E-01	0.9514960E-01	0.1017688E-00	0.1088213E-00	0.1163187E-00
0.1242689E-00	0.1326757E-00	0.1415374E-00	0.1508464E-00	0.1605884E-00	0.1707424E-00
0.1812784E-00	0.1926080E-00	0.2033451E-00	0.2147805E-00	0.2264099E-00	0.2381714E-00
0.2500000E-00	0.6193098E-01	0.6631951E-01	0.7103273E-01	0.7611643E-01	0.8159761E-01
0.8750442E-01	0.9386608E-01	0.1007129E-00	0.1080764E-00	0.1159894E-00	0.1244487E-00
0.1336074E-00	0.1433945E-00	0.1539019E-00	0.1652008E-00	0.1773929E-00	0.1906369E-00
0.2051995E-00	0.2215649E-00	0.2406956E-00	0.2647418E-00	0.2993619E-00	0.3627491E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.6427035E-01	0.6892255E-01	0.7395828E-01	0.7940920E-01	0.8530921E-01
0.9169455E-01	0.9860433E-01	0.1060798E-00	0.1141671E-00	0.1229162E-00	0.1323835E-00
0.1426349E-00	0.1537498E-00	0.1658296E-00	0.1790103E-00	0.1934858E-00	0.2095478E-00
0.2276612E-00	0.2486091E-00	0.2737868E-00	0.3053146E-00	0.3496924E-00	0.4135155E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.6645700E-01	0.7137946E-01	0.7672266E-01	0.8252385E-01	0.8882340E-01
0.9566517E-01	0.1030969E-00	0.1111711E-00	0.1199457E-00	0.1294859E-00	0.1398664E-00
0.1511751E-00	0.1635191E-00	0.1770340E-00	0.1918990E-00	0.2083612E-00	0.2267756E-00
0.2476720E-00	0.2718643E-00	0.3006195E-00	0.3358659E-00	0.3801863E-00	0.4355635E-00
0.5000000E 00	0.6848651E-01	0.7366185E-01	0.7929282E-01	0.8542179E-01	0.9209504E-01
0.9936325E-01	0.1072821E-00	0.1159130E-00	0.1253244E-00	0.1355937E-00	0.1468093E-00
0.1590750E-00	0.1725157E-00	0.1872861E-00	0.2035842E-00	0.2216715E-00	0.2419023E-00
0.2647653E-00	0.2909358E-00	0.3213185E-00	0.3570122E-00	0.3990102E-00	0.4473658E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.500000E CC	0.7033587E-01	0.7574306E-01	0.8163780E-01	0.8805704E-01	0.9508226E-01
0.6537341E-C1	0.1111026E-00	0.1202389E-00	0.1302257E-00	0.1411489E-00	0.1531066E-00
0.1027400E-C0	0.1805977E-00	0.1964244E-00	0.2138885E-00	0.2332360E-00	0.2547786E-00
0.1662118E-C0	0.3001129E-00	0.3369377E-00	0.3718967E-00	0.4112149E-00	0.4544210E-00
0.2789097E-00	0.500000E CC	0.7198393E-01	0.8372935E-01	0.9042696E-01	0.9774738E-01
0.6083891E-C1	0.1145086E-00	0.1240917E-00	0.1345840E-00	0.1460774E-00	0.1586752E-00
0.1057321E-C0	0.1724943E-00	0.2043526E-00	0.2227285E-00	0.2430098E-00	0.2654470E-00
0.1724943E-C0	0.3179569E-00	0.3486228E-00	0.3824940E-00	0.4194698E-00	0.4590003E-00
0.2903267E-00	0.500000E CC	0.7341175E-01	0.8554240E-01	0.9247279E-01	0.1000575E-00
0.500000E CC	0.1174575E-00	0.1274235E-00	0.1383464E-00	0.1503215E-00	0.1634541E-00
0.1083518E-00	0.178607E-C0	0.2110276E-00	0.2300914E-00	0.2510376E-00	0.2740546E-00
0.178607E-C0	0.2993340E-00	0.3270483E-00	0.3901042E-00	0.4252061E-00	0.4621057E-00
0.2993340E-C0	0.500000E CC	0.7460293E-01	0.8705545E-01	0.9418001E-01	0.1019848E-00
0.500000E CC	0.6915049E-01	0.1199146E-00	0.1414719E-00	0.1538385E-00	0.1674011E-00
0.1105380E-00	0.1822734E-00	0.1985776E-00	0.2360083E-00	0.2574107E-00	0.2807856E-00
0.1822734E-00	0.3062500E-00	0.3338818E-00	0.3955580E-00	0.4292293E-00	0.4642507E-00
0.3062500E-C0	0.500000E CC	0.7554381E-01	0.8825074E-01	0.9552856E-01	0.1035067E-00
0.500000E CC	0.700237E-C1	0.1218524E-00	0.1439300E-00	0.1565984E-00	0.1704894E-00
0.112257E-C0	0.1857127E-C0	0.2023829E-00	0.2405309E-00	0.2622337E-00	0.2858183E-00
0.1857127E-C0	0.3113485E-00	0.3388399E-00	0.3993846E-00	0.4320122E-00	0.4657200E-00
0.3113485E-C0	0.500000E CC	0.7622362E-01	0.8911441E-01	0.9650285E-01	0.1046060E-00
0.500000E CC	0.7060624E-C1	0.2232505E-00	0.1456994E-00	0.1565815E-00	0.1727031E-00
0.1134358E-C0	0.1881704E-C0	0.2050914E-00	0.2437138E-00	0.2656025E-00	0.2893024E-00
0.1881704E-C0	0.3148422E-00	0.3421993E-00	0.4019193E-00	0.4338385E-00	0.4666783E-00
0.3148422E-C0	0.500000E CC	0.7665452E-01	0.8963658E-01	0.9709184E-01	0.1052704E-00
0.500000E CC	0.7097130E-C1	0.1240948E-00	0.1467662E-00	0.1597756E-00	0.1740359E-00
0.1142451E-00	0.1896446E-00	0.2007116E-00	0.24456034E-00	0.2675923E-00	0.2913482E-00
0.1896446E-C0	0.3168806E-C0	0.3441449E-00	0.4033668E-00	0.4348755E-00	0.4672204E-00
0.3168806E-C0	0.500000E CC	0.7677215E-01	0.8981130E-01	0.9728890E-01	0.1054927E-00
0.500000E CC	0.7109344E-C1	0.1243771E-00	0.1471226E-00	0.1601743E-00	0.1744778E-00
0.1144937E-C0	0.1901359E-00	0.2072507E-00	0.2462298E-00	0.2682503E-00	0.2920227E-00
0.1901359E-C0	0.3175497E-C0	0.3447820E-00	0.4038376E-00	0.4352120E-00	0.4673960E-00
0.3175497E-C0	0.500000E CC	0.7663463E-01	0.8963658E-01	0.9709184E-01	0.1052704E-00
0.500000E CC	0.7097130E-C1	0.1240948E-00	0.1467662E-00	0.1597756E-00	0.1740359E-00
0.1142451E-C0	0.1896446E-00	0.2007116E-00	0.24456034E-00	0.2675923E-00	0.2913482E-00
0.1896446E-C0	0.3168806E-C0	0.3441449E-00	0.4033668E-00	0.4348755E-00	0.4672204E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.316880E-00	0.344449E-00	0.3750350E-00	0.4033668E-00	0.4368755E-00	0.4672204E-00
0.500000E-00	0.7622352E-01	0.8237474E-01	0.8911441E-01	0.9630285E-01	0.1046060E-00
0.706024E-01	0.1232505E-00	0.1339547E-00	0.1456994E-00	0.1585815E-00	0.1727031E-00
0.11134958E-00	0.2050914E-00	0.2235724E-00	0.2437138E-00	0.2656025E-00	0.2893024E-00
0.1881704E-00	0.3421913E-00	0.3712832E-00	0.4019193E-00	0.4338385E-00	0.4666782E-00
0.3148422E-00	0.500000E-00	0.8160876E-01	0.8825074E-01	0.9532856E-01	0.1035067E-00
0.500000E-00	0.1216524E-00	0.1323804E-00	0.1439300E-00	0.1565984E-00	0.1704894E-00
0.7000237E-01	0.2023829E-00	0.2206170E-00	0.2405309E-00	0.2622337E-00	0.2858183E-00
0.1122557E-00	0.3388399E-00	0.3682354E-00	0.3993846E-00	0.4320122E-00	0.4657200E-00
0.1857127E-00	0.7460293E-01	0.8054869E-01	0.8705545E-01	0.9418002E-01	0.1019848E-00
0.3113485E-00	0.1199146E-00	0.1301962E-00	0.1414719E-00	0.1533385E-00	0.1674011E-00
0.500000E-00	0.1983776E-00	0.2164437E-00	0.2360083E-00	0.2574107E-00	0.2807856E-00
0.1105340E-00	0.3338818E-00	0.3636870E-00	0.3955580E-00	0.4292293E-00	0.4642507E-00
0.1822734E-00	0.7341175E-01	0.7920678E-01	0.8554240E-01	0.9247279E-01	0.1000575E-00
0.3062500E-00	0.1174576E-00	0.1274235E-00	0.1383464E-00	0.1503215E-00	0.1634541E-00
0.500000E-00	0.1936706E-00	0.2110270E-00	0.2300914E-00	0.2510376E-00	0.2740546E-00
0.6810803E-01	0.3270483E-00	0.3573098E-00	0.3901042E-00	0.4252061E-00	0.4621057E-00
0.1083618E-00	0.7198333E-01	0.7759864E-01	0.8372935E-01	0.9042696E-01	0.9774738E-01
0.2993340E-00	0.1145086E-00	0.1240917E-00	0.1345840E-00	0.1460774E-00	0.1586752E-00
0.500000E-00	0.1876684E-00	0.2043522E-00	0.2227285E-00	0.2430098E-00	0.2654470E-00
0.6683891E-01	0.3179569E-00	0.3486622E-00	0.3824940E-00	0.4194698E-00	0.4590003E-00
0.1057521E-00	0.7033587E-01	0.7574304E-01	0.8163780E-01	0.8806704E-01	0.9508227E-01
0.1724943E-00	0.1111026E-00	0.1202390E-00	0.1302257E-00	0.1411489E-00	0.1531066E-00
0.2903267E-00	0.1805977E-00	0.1984244E-00	0.2138885E-00	0.2332360E-00	0.2547786E-00
0.500000E-00	0.3061129E-00	0.3369378E-00	0.3718967E-00	0.4112149E-00	0.4544210E-00
0.6537342E-01	0.6848651E-01	0.7366185E-01	0.7929282E-01	0.8542179E-01	0.9209504E-01
0.1027400E-00	0.1072811E-00	0.1159130E-00	0.1253244E-00	0.13555937E-00	0.1468093E-00
0.1662118E-00	0.1725157E-00	0.1872861E-00	0.2035842E-00	0.2216715E-00	0.2419023E-00
0.2789098E-00	0.2909338E-00	0.3213185E-00	0.3570123E-00	0.3990102E-00	0.4473658E-00
0.500000E-00	0.6645700E-01	0.7137946E-01	0.7672266E-01	0.8252385E-01	0.8882340E-01
0.6372799E-01	0.1030969E-00	0.1111711E-00	0.1199457E-00	0.1294859E-00	0.1398664E-00
0.9936325E-01	0.1631915E-00	0.1770341E-00	0.1918990E-00	0.2083612E-00	0.2267756E-00
0.1590750E-00	0.2718643E-00	0.3006195E-00	0.3358659E-00	0.3801884E-00	0.4356357E-00
0.2647654E-00	0.6427036E-01	0.6892256E-01	0.7395829E-01	0.7940915E-01	0.8530921E-01
0.500000E-00	0.9860414E-01	0.1060798E-00	0.1141671E-00	0.1229162E-00	0.1323835E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1426349E-00	0.1537498E-00	0.1658294E-00	0.1790103E-00	0.1934838E-00	0.2095478E-00
0.2276613E-00	0.2486091E-00	0.2737869E-00	0.3058147E-00	0.3496924E-00	0.4135156E-00
0.500000E 00	0.6195098E-01	0.6631951E-01	0.7103273E-01	0.7611643E-01	0.8159761E-01
0.5790261E-01	0.9586609E-01	0.1067129E-00	0.1080764E-00	0.1159894E-00	0.1244870E-00
0.8750442E-01	0.1433945E-00	0.1539020E-00	0.1652008E-00	0.1773929E-00	0.1906369E-00
0.1336074E-00	0.2212649E-00	0.2406950E-00	0.2647418E-00	0.2993620E-00	0.3627491E-00
0.2051995E-00	0.592449E-01	0.6359978E-01	0.6798038E-01	0.7268577E-01	0.7773592E-01
0.500000E 00	0.8894909E-01	0.9514960E-01	0.1017688E-00	0.1084213E-00	0.1163187E-00
0.8315061E-01	0.1325757E-00	0.1415374E-00	0.1508464E-00	0.1605884E-00	0.1707421E-00
0.1242669E-00	0.1921608E-00	0.2033451E-00	0.2147805E-00	0.2264099E-00	0.2381714E-00
0.1812784E-00					
0.2500000E-00					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (4)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 3 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IFLGR*2WALLS*
*U * * *
THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IFLGR * TO SURFACE *2WALLS * = 0.39992
THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.39992E-00 SQ UNITS
THE AREA OF SURFACE *IFLGR * = 0.1000000E 00 SQ UNITS
THE MAPPING AREA = 1.0000000E 00 SQ UNITS
THE AREA OF SURFACE *IFLGR * = 0.1000000E 01 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *IFLGR *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01----(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR) Z
3 0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
***** DATA NAME- *2WALLS *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0. 0. 0.
3 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
5 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IFLGR * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL
X-LEFT X-RIGHT X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y
0. 0.1000000E 01 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.4166667E-01
0. 0.1000000E 01 0.8333333E-01 0. 0.1000000E 01 0.1250000E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

0.	0.100000E 01	0.1666667E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2083333E-00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.2500000E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2916667E-00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.333333E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.3750000E-00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.416666E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.458333E-00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.500000E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.541666E 00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.583333E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.625000E 00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.666666E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.708333E 00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.750000E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.791666E 00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.833333E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.875000E 00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.916666E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.958333E 00
0.	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.958333E 00

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.3057342E-00	0.2960740E-00	0.2863820E-00	0.2767014E-00	0.2670731E-00	0.2575342E-00
0.2481172E-00	0.2389501E-00	0.2297549E-00	0.2209487E-00	0.2121436E-00	0.2036470E-00
0.1953623E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.1794275E-00	0.1717712E-00	0.1643161E-00	0.1570571E-00
0.1499395E-00	0.1431093E-00	0.1354138E-00	0.1299013E-00	0.1235719E-00	0.1174268E-00
0.1114684E-00	0.4246999E-00	0.3636322E-00	0.3311987E-00	0.3091820E-00	0.2919007E-00
0.2771834E-00	0.2640486E-00	0.2519958E-00	0.2407446E-00	0.2301235E-00	0.2200291E-00
0.2193792E-00	0.2112285E-00	0.1922130E-00	0.1836202E-00	0.1753158E-00	0.1672778E-00
0.1594883E-00	0.1119335E-00	0.1444029E-00	0.1374897E-00	0.1305999E-00	0.1239019E-00
0.1174268E-00	0.4798349E-00	0.4186149E-00	0.3771940E-00	0.3474486E-00	0.3244352E-00
0.305298E-00	0.2487545E-00	0.2740344E-00	0.2606191E-00	0.2482043E-00	0.2365876E-00
0.236277E-00	0.2122246E-00	0.202909E-00	0.1957759E-00	0.1866285E-00	0.1778109E-00
0.1692932E-00	0.1610523E-00	0.1530710E-00	0.1453377E-00	0.1378451E-00	0.1305899E-00
0.1235719E-00	0.5066683E 00	0.4541465E-00	0.4125885E-00	0.3799122E-00	0.3535020E-00
0.5379804E 00	0.3112179E-00	0.2924168E-00	0.2901497E-00	0.2661484E-00	0.2531557E-00
0.3349015E-00	0.2295030E-00	0.2186035E-00	0.2081965E-00	0.1982266E-00	0.1886393E-00
0.1793945E-00	0.17046.2E-00	0.1618167E-00	0.1534453E-00	0.1453377E-00	0.1374897E-00
0.1299013E-00	0.5234844E 00	0.4784195E-00	0.4395360E-00	0.4067402E-00	0.3790028E-00
0.5725826E 00	0.3343750E-00	0.3158515E-00	0.2971128E-00	0.283789E-00	0.2696075E-00
0.3511923E-00	0.2429011E-00	0.2320965E-00	0.2209500E-00	0.210930E-00	0.1997548E-00
0.2563639E-00	0.1801621E-00	0.1708436E-00	0.1618167E-00	0.1550710E-00	0.1446029E-00
0.1897902E-00					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.1364138E-00	0.4965240E-00	0.4607200E-00	0.4290327E-00	0.4011951E-00
0.5777359E 00	0.33548350E-00	0.3173952E-00	0.3010304E-00	0.2858681E-00
0.376571E-00	0.2585759E-00	0.2337323E-00	0.22222237E-00	0.2111601E-00
0.2717044E-00	0.1901645E-00	0.1704612E-00	0.1610522E-00	0.1519335E-00
0.200874E-00	0.1431093E-00	0.1281591E-00	0.1199945E-00	0.1109937E-00
0.5831506E 00	0.5465046E 00	0.5111643E 00	0.4781591E-00	0.4206968E-00
0.3960787E-00	0.3738067E-00	0.335477E-00	0.3178484E-00	0.3019134E-00
0.2869899E-00	0.2729203E-00	0.2595732E-00	0.2346297E-00	0.2228704E-00
0.2115041E-00	0.2004874E-00	0.1897902E-00	0.1692932E-00	0.1594883E-00
0.1499895E-00	0.1499895E-00	0.1399945E-00	0.1281591E-00	0.1109937E-00
0.5869491E 00	0.5559717E 00	0.5238102E 00	0.4932011E-00	0.4381509E-00
0.4138425E-00	0.3915121E-00	0.3709522E-00	0.3342781E-00	0.3177654E-00
0.3022378E-00	0.2875489E-00	0.2755720E-00	0.2473381E-00	0.2349151E-00
0.2228704E-00	0.2111601E-00	0.1997548E-00	0.1778109E-00	0.1627278E-00
0.1570571E-00	0.1570571E-00	0.1499945E-00	0.1399945E-00	0.1281591E-00
0.5951496E 00	0.5649635E 00	0.535309CE 00	0.4795999E-00	0.4541207E-00
0.4303417E-00	0.4082091E-00	0.3876069E-00	0.3503984E-00	0.3334823E-00
0.3174958E-00	0.3023059E-00	0.2877932E-00	0.2603924E-00	0.2473381E-00
0.2346297E-00	0.2222237E-00	0.2100930E-00	0.1866285E-00	0.1753158E-00
0.1643161E-00	0.1643161E-00	0.1570571E-00	0.1499945E-00	0.1399945E-00
0.601788E 00	0.5757963E 00	0.5461792E 00	0.4935607E-00	0.4690655E-00
0.445324E-00	0.4241647E-00	0.4037055E-00	0.3663103E-00	0.3491491E-00
0.332835E-00	0.3172556E-00	0.3022978E-00	0.2738522E-00	0.2601988E-00
0.2468396E-00	0.2337323E-00	0.2208530E-00	0.1957758E-00	0.1836202E-00
0.171772E-00	0.171772E-00	0.1643161E-00	0.1570571E-00	0.1499945E-00
0.6088213E 00	0.5826676E 00	0.5567545E 00	0.5068769E 00	0.4833481E-00
0.4609195E-00	0.4396239E-00	0.4194409E-00	0.3821539E-00	0.3648669E-00
0.3483446E-00	0.3324786E-00	0.3171629E-00	0.2877932E-00	0.2755720E-00
0.2595732E-00	0.2457549E-00	0.2320965E-00	0.2052909E-00	0.1922130E-00
0.1794275E-00	0.1794275E-00	0.171772E-00	0.1643161E-00	0.1570571E-00
0.6163187E 00	0.5917073E 00	0.5672590E 00	0.5198442E 00	0.4972514E-00
0.4755552E-00	0.4548023E-00	0.4349934E-00	0.3980374E-00	0.3807454E-00
0.3541224E-00	0.3406677E-00	0.3324786E-00	0.3023059E-00	0.2875489E-00
0.2729202E-00	0.2583769E-00	0.2459011E-00	0.2152213E-00	0.2011216E-00
0.1872899E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.1872899E-00
0.6242689E 00	0.6010033E 00	0.5778468E 00	0.5326816E 00	0.5109937E 00
0.4900439E-00	0.4698833E-00	0.4505236E-00	0.4140900E-00	0.3968953E-00
0.3802718E-00	0.3641224E-00	0.3483446E-00	0.3174958E-00	0.3022378E-00
0.2869899E-00	0.2717044E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.1953623E-00	0.1953623E-00	0.1953623E-00	0.1953623E-00	0.1953623E-00
0.6326757E 00	0.6106149E 00	0.5886253E 00	0.5455506E 00	0.5247425E 00
0.5045483E 00	0.4850188E-00	0.4661698E-00	0.4304256E-00	0.4134231E-00
0.3968953E-00	0.3807454E-00	0.3648669E-00	0.3334823E-00	0.3177654E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.3019134E-00	0.2858681E-00	0.2596075E-00	0.2531556E-00	0.2365876E-00	0.2200290E-00
0.2036470E-00	0.6205801E 00	0.5996680E 00	0.5789533E 00	0.5585693E 00	0.5386236E 00
0.6415374E 00	0.5003300E 00	0.4829461E-00	0.4643307E-00	0.44714+8E-00	0.4304256E-00
0.5191947E 00	0.5980374E-00	0.3821539E-00	0.3663163E-00	0.3503984E-00	0.3342781E-00
0.4140900E-00	0.3010303E-00	0.2837889E-00	0.2661484E-00	0.2482043E-00	0.2301255E-00
0.3178484E-00	0.2121436E-00	0.6309207E 00	0.5912836E 00	0.5718205E 00	0.5527283E 00
0.6508463E 00	0.5159097E 00	0.4982419E-00	0.4810617E-00	0.4643307E-00	0.4479862E-00
0.5340769E 00	0.416097E-00	0.4003122E-00	0.3844608E-00	0.3683887E-00	0.3519438E-00
0.4319424E-00	0.3173951E-00	0.2991127E-00	0.2801497E-00	0.2606190E-00	0.2407445E-00
0.3349841E-00	0.2208487E-00	0.6416435E 00	0.6039190E 00	0.5853585E 00	0.5671177E 00
0.6605884E 00	0.5318231E 00	0.5148214E 00	0.4982419E-00	0.4820461E-00	0.4661698E-00
0.5492597E 00	0.4349934E-00	0.4194409E-00	0.4037055E-00	0.3876069E-00	0.3709521E-00
0.4505236E-00	0.3352207E-00	0.3158515E-00	0.2954165E-00	0.2740344E-00	0.2519958E-00
0.3535477E-00	0.2297549E-00	0.6347538E 00	0.6168797E 00	0.5992120E 00	0.5818268E 00
0.6707421E 00	0.5481091E 00	0.5318231E 00	0.5159097E 00	0.5003300E 00	0.4850188E 00
0.5647808E 00	0.4548023E-00	0.4396239E-00	0.4241647E-00	0.4082091E-00	0.3915121E-00
0.4698833E-00	0.3548360E-00	0.3343750E-00	0.3123179E-00	0.2887545E-00	0.2640486E-00
0.3738087E-00	0.2388501E-00	0.6641997E 00	0.6301660E 00	0.6133881E 00	0.5968665E 00
0.6812784E 00	0.5647809E 00	0.5492597E 00	0.5340769E 00	0.5191947E 00	0.5045483E 00
0.5806533E 00	0.4755531E-00	0.4609195E-00	0.4459324E-00	0.4303416E-00	0.4138425E-00
0.4900438E-00	0.3766570E-00	0.3551922E-00	0.3314013E-00	0.3052598E-00	0.2771833E-00
0.3960787E-00	0.2481173E-00	0.6598238E 00	0.6437608E 00	0.628734E 00	0.6122257E 00
0.6921608E 00	0.5818268E 00	0.5671177E 00	0.5527282E 00	0.5386236E 00	0.5247425E 00
0.5968665E 00	0.4972513E-00	0.4833481E-00	0.4690654E-00	0.4541206E-00	0.4381509E-00
0.5109957E 00	0.4011951E-00	0.3790027E-00	0.3535020E-00	0.3243520E-00	0.2919007E-00
0.4206968E-00	0.2575342E-00	0.6880612E 00	0.6576316E 00	0.6426369E 00	0.6278734E 00
0.7033451E 00	0.5992120E 00	0.5853584E 00	0.5718205E 00	0.5585693E 00	0.5455506E 00
0.6133881E 00	0.5198442E 00	0.5068768E 00	0.4935607E-00	0.4795999E-00	0.4645918E-00
0.5326816E 00	0.4290317E-00	0.4067402E-00	0.3799122E-00	0.3474486E-00	0.3091820E-00
0.4479850E-00	0.7003773E 00	0.6860028E 00	0.6717317E 00	0.6576316E 00	0.6437608E 00
0.2670731E-00	0.6168797E 00	0.6039190E 00	0.5912836E 00	0.5789533E 00	0.5668858E 00
0.7147804E 00	0.5432331E 00	0.5314052E 00	0.5193303E 00	0.5067290E 00	0.4932011E-00
0.6301660E 00	0.4607200E-00	0.4393360E-00	0.4125884E-00	0.3771939E-00	0.3311986E-00
0.5550126E 00	0.7128772E 00	0.6993846E 00	0.6860028E 00	0.6727569E 00	0.6598238E 00
0.4781591E-00	0.6347538E 00	0.6227150E 00	0.6110224E 00	0.5996680E 00	0.5886253E 00
0.2767014E-00					
0.7264098E 00					
0.6471309E 00					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.5778468E 00	0.5672590E 00	0.5567545E 00	0.5461792E 00	0.5353090E 00	0.5238101E 00
0.5111642E 00	0.4965240E-00	0.4784192E-00	0.4541465E-00	0.4186148E-00	0.3636320E-00
0.2863819E-00					
0.7381714E 00	0.7254978E 00	0.7148772E 00	0.7003773E 00	0.6880612E 00	0.6759857E 00
0.6941996E 00	0.6527425E 00	0.6416435E 00	0.6309207E 00	0.6205801E 00	0.6106148E 00
0.6010033E 00	0.5917073E 00	0.5826676E 00	0.5737963E 00	0.5649535E 00	0.5559717E 00
0.5465046E 00	0.5360184E 00	0.5234821E 00	0.5066682E 00	0.4798348E-00	0.42446997E-00
0.2960740E-00					
0.5000000E-00	0.7381714E 00	0.7264098E 00	0.7147805E 00	0.7033451E 00	0.6921608E 00
0.6812784E 00	0.6707421E 00	0.6605884E 00	0.6508463E 00	0.6415374E 00	0.6325757E 00
0.6242689E 00	0.6163187E 00	0.6088213E 00	0.6017688E 00	0.5921496E 00	0.5889491E 00
0.5831506E 00	0.5777329E 00	0.5726858E 00	0.5679804E 00	0.5635998E 00	0.5595242E 00
0.3057342E-00					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (A)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN N3. 4 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *2WALLS*1FLOOR*
* * * * *
* * * * *

A NONPLANAR SURFACE CANNOT BE USED AS SURFACE 1-THIS RUN ABORTED.

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (A)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 5 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IFLOOR*1WALLR*
* * * * *
* * * * *

NONE OF SURFACE *IFLOOR * IS SEEN BY SURFACE *1WALLR *

IF THE ABOVE RESULT IS UNEXPECTED, DO NOT BECOME ALARMED- IT HAPPENS TO THE BEST OF EM. JUST CHECK YOUR DATA-ESPECIALLY BE SURE THAT YOU ENTERED ALL POINTS IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE ORDER, AS THEY APPEAR WHEN FACING THE ACTIVE SIDE OF THE SURFACE, AND DERIVED FROM A RIGHT-HANDED COORDINATE SYSTEM.

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (A)-K.A.TGUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 6 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IFLOOR*2WALLZ*
 *D * * *

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IFLOOR * TO SURFACE *2WALLZ * = 0.39992

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.39992E-00 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 1.000000E 00 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *IFLOOR * = 0.100000E 01 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *2WALLZ * SEES SURFACE *IFLOOR *

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

**** DATA NAME- *IFLOOR *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.100000E 01	0.	0.100000E 01	2	0.	0.	0.
3	0.100000E 01	0.	0.	4	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01	0.
	0.	0.100000E 01	0.		0.	0.	0.

**** DATA NAME- *2WALLZ *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.	0.	0.100000E 01	2	0.	0.	0.
3	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01	0.	4	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01
5	0.	0.100000E 01	0.100000E 01				

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IFLOOR * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.	0.1000000E 01	0.	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.4166667E-01
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.8333333E-01	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1250000E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1666667E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2083333E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2500000E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.2916667E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.3333333E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.3750000E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.4166666E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.4583333E-00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.5000000E-00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.5416666E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.5833333E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.6250000E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.6666666E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.7083333E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.7500000E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.7916666E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.8333333E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.8750000E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.9166666E 00	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.9583333E 00
0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.1807342E-00	0.2960740E-00	0.2863820E-00	0.2767014E-00	0.2670731E-00	0.2575342E-00
0.2481173E-00	0.2388501E-00	0.2297549E-00	0.2208487E-00	0.2121436E-00	0.2036470E-00
0.1953624E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.1794275E-00	0.1717712E-00	0.1643161E-00	0.1570571E-00
0.1499895E-00	0.1451093E-00	0.1364138E-00	0.1299013E-00	0.1235719E-00	0.1174268E-00
0.1114684E-00	0.4246999E-00	0.3636322E-00	0.3311987E-00	0.3091820E-00	0.2919007E-00
0.2771834E-00	0.2640487E-00	0.2519958E-00	0.2407446E-00	0.2301256E-00	0.2200291E-00
0.2103795E-00	0.201216E-00	0.1922131E-00	0.1836202E-00	0.1753158E-00	0.1672778E-00
0.1594883E-00	0.1519335E-00	0.1446029E-00	0.1374897E-00	0.1305899E-00	0.1239020E-00
0.1174268E-00	0.4798349E-00	0.4186149E-00	0.3771940E-00	0.3474486E-00	0.3243521E-00
0.3052598E-00	0.2887546E-00	0.2740344E-00	0.2606191E-00	0.2482043E-00	0.2365877E-00
0.2256277E-00	0.2152214E-00	0.2052909E-00	0.1957759E-00	0.1866285E-00	0.1778109E-00
0.1692932E-00	0.1610523E-00	0.1530711E-00	0.1453377E-00	0.1378451E-00	0.1305899E-00
0.1235719E-00	0.5679804E 00	0.5066683E 00	0.4125885E-00	0.3799123E-00	0.3535020E-00
0.3314013E-00	0.3123179E-00	0.2954166E-00	0.2801498E-00	0.2661484E-00	0.2531557E-00
0.2409864E-00	0.2295030E-00	0.2186003E-00	0.2081965E-00	0.1982266E-00	0.1886393E-00
0.1793945E-00	0.1704612E-00	0.1618167E-00	0.1534453E-00	0.1453377E-00	0.1374897E-00
0.1299013E-00	0.5234821E 00	0.4784193E-00	0.4395360E-00	0.4067402E-00	0.3790028E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.3551923E-00	0.3343750E-00	0.3158515E-00	0.2991128E-00	0.2837889E-00	0.2686075E-00
0.2563639E-00	0.2439041E-00	0.2320965E-00	0.22208530E-00	0.2100930E-00	0.1997549E-00
0.1897902E-00	0.1801621E-00	0.1708436E-00	0.1618167E-00	0.1530711E-00	0.1446029E-00
0.1366138E-00	0.5360185E-00	0.4965240E-00	0.4607200E-00	0.4290327E-00	0.4011951E-00
0.5777359E-00	0.3548360E-00	0.3352207E-00	0.3173951E-00	0.3010304E-00	0.2858681E-00
0.3765571E-00	0.2583770E-00	0.2457549E-00	0.2337324E-00	0.222237E-00	0.2111601E-00
0.2717044E-00	0.1901645E-00	0.1801621E-00	0.1704612E-00	0.1610523E-00	0.1519335E-00
0.2004874E-00	0.1431093E-00	0.5465046E-00	0.4781591E-00	0.4479860E-00	0.4206968E-00
0.5831506E-00	0.3738087E-00	0.3535477E-00	0.3349841E-00	0.3178434E-00	0.3019134E-00
0.3969787E-00	0.2729203E-00	0.259732E-00	0.2468396E-00	0.234227E-00	0.2228704E-00
0.2869899E-00	0.2004874E-00	0.1897902E-00	0.1793945E-00	0.1692932E-00	0.1594883E-00
0.2115041E-00	0.5559747E-00	0.5238102E-00	0.4932011E-00	0.4645948E-00	0.4381509E-00
0.1499895E-00	0.3915121E-00	0.3709522E-00	0.3519438E-00	0.3342781E-00	0.3177654E-00
0.5489491E-00	0.2875489E-00	0.2735720E-00	0.2601988E-00	0.2473381E-00	0.2349151E-00
0.4138425E-00	0.2111601E-00	0.1997548E-00	0.1886393E-00	0.1778109E-00	0.1672778E-00
0.3022378E-00	0.5649635E-00	0.5353090E-00	0.5067290E-00	0.4795999E-00	0.4541207E-00
0.2228704E-00	0.4082091E-00	0.3876069E-00	0.3683887E-00	0.3503984E-00	0.334823E-00
0.1570571E-00	0.3023059E-00	0.2877932E-00	0.2738522E-00	0.2603924E-00	0.2473381E-00
0.5951496E-00	0.2222237E-00	0.2100930E-00	0.1982266E-00	0.1866285E-00	0.1753158E-00
0.4303417E-00	0.5757963E-00	0.5461792E-00	0.5193303E-00	0.4955607E-00	0.4690655E-00
0.3174958E-00	0.4241647E-00	0.4037055E-00	0.3844608E-00	0.3663163E-00	0.3491491E-00
0.2346297E-00	0.3172536E-00	0.3022978E-00	0.2878600E-00	0.2738522E-00	0.2601988E-00
0.1643161E-00	0.2337324E-00	0.2208530E-00	0.2081965E-00	0.1957759E-00	0.1836202E-00
0.6017688E-00	0.5826676E-00	0.5567546E-00	0.5314052E-00	0.5068769E-00	0.4833481E-00
0.4459324E-00	0.4396239E-00	0.4194409E-00	0.4003122E-00	0.3821539E-00	0.3648669E-00
0.3328355E-00	0.3172536E-00	0.3171629E-00	0.3022978E-00	0.2877932E-00	0.2733720E-00
0.2468356E-00	0.2457549E-00	0.2320965E-00	0.2186003E-00	0.2052909E-00	0.1922130E-00
0.1717171E-00	0.1794275E-00	0.5672590E-00	0.5432331E-00	0.5198442E-00	0.4972513E-00
0.6088213E-00	0.5917073E-00	0.4349934E-00	0.4160927E-00	0.3980374E-00	0.3807454E-00
0.4609195E-00	0.4548023E-00	0.434786E-00	0.4172556E-00	0.4023059E-00	0.3875489E-00
0.3483447E-00	0.3480677E-00	0.3324786E-00	0.3172556E-00	0.3023059E-00	0.2875489E-00
0.2595732E-00	0.2583769E-00	0.2459011E-00	0.2295030E-00	0.2152214E-00	0.2011216E-00
0.1794275E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.5778468E-00	0.5550126E-00	0.5326816E-00	0.5109937E-00
0.6163186E-00	0.6242689E-00	0.4505236E-00	0.4319424E-00	0.4140900E-00	0.3968953E-00
0.4755551E-00	0.4698833E-00	0.4505236E-00	0.4319424E-00	0.4140900E-00	0.3968953E-00
0.3641224E-00	0.3641224E-00	0.3483447E-00	0.3328353E-00	0.3174958E-00	0.3022378E-00
0.2729203E-00	0.2729203E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.1872899E-00	0.1872899E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.6242689E-00	0.6242689E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.4903459E-00	0.4903459E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.3802718E-00	0.3802718E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.2869899E-00	0.2869899E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00
0.1953624E-00	0.1953624E-00	0.2563639E-00	0.2409864E-00	0.2256277E-00	0.2103795E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.6326757E-00	0.6106148E-00	0.586253E-00	0.5668858E-00	0.5455506E-00	0.5247425E-00
0.5045483E-00	0.4850169E-00	0.4661698E-00	0.4479862E-00	0.4304256E-00	0.4134230E-00
0.3968953E-00	0.3807454E-00	0.3648669E-00	0.3491491E-00	0.3334823E-00	0.3177654E-00
0.3019154E-00	0.2856661E-00	0.2696075E-00	0.2531557E-00	0.2365876E-00	0.2200290E-00
0.2036470E-00	0.1878484E-00	0.1718484E-00	0.15661484E-00	0.14282043E-00	0.1301255E-00
0.6415373E-00	0.6205801E-00	0.5996680E-00	0.5789533E-00	0.5585693E-00	0.5386236E-00
0.5191947E-00	0.5003300E-00	0.4820461E-00	0.4643307E-00	0.4471448E-00	0.4304256E-00
0.4140900E-00	0.3980374E-00	0.3821539E-00	0.3663163E-00	0.3503984E-00	0.3342781E-00
0.3178484E-00	0.3010303E-00	0.2837889E-00	0.2661484E-00	0.2482043E-00	0.2301255E-00
0.2121436E-00	0.1960927E-00	0.18110224E-00	0.166110224E-00	0.1518205E-00	0.1371828E-00
0.6508463E-00	0.6309207E-00	0.6110224E-00	0.5912836E-00	0.5718205E-00	0.5527282E-00
0.5340769E-00	0.5159097E-00	0.4982419E-00	0.4810617E-00	0.4643307E-00	0.4479862E-00
0.4319424E-00	0.4160927E-00	0.4003122E-00	0.3844608E-00	0.3683887E-00	0.3519438E-00
0.3349841E-00	0.3173951E-00	0.2991128E-00	0.2801497E-00	0.2606190E-00	0.2407446E-00
0.2208487E-00	0.2048487E-00	0.1891150E-00	0.173538E-00	0.1585384E-00	0.1431177E-00
0.6505884E-00	0.6316435E-00	0.6127150E-00	0.5937919E-00	0.5748206E-00	0.5558584E-00
0.5492596E-00	0.5318231E-00	0.5148214E-00	0.4982419E-00	0.4820461E-00	0.4661698E-00
0.4505236E-00	0.4349934E-00	0.4194409E-00	0.4037054E-00	0.3876069E-00	0.3709521E-00
0.3535477E-00	0.338087E-00	0.3225207E-00	0.306515E-00	0.290444E-00	0.2740344E-00
0.2297549E-00	0.21549E-00	0.20122E-00	0.18705E-00	0.17288E-00	0.15871E-00
0.6707421E-00	0.6527425E-00	0.6347538E-00	0.6168797E-00	0.5992120E-00	0.5818268E-00
0.5647808E-00	0.5481041E-00	0.5318231E-00	0.5159097E-00	0.5003300E-00	0.4850188E-00
0.4638833E-00	0.448023E-00	0.432538E-00	0.4174647E-00	0.402091E-00	0.3915121E-00
0.3738087E-00	0.358360E-00	0.3433750E-00	0.3283179E-00	0.3132317E-00	0.298143E-00
0.2388501E-00	0.224784E-00	0.2107130E-00	0.1966413E-00	0.182569E-00	0.168496E-00
0.6812784E-00	0.6641966E-00	0.6471309E-00	0.6301659E-00	0.6133881E-00	0.5968665E-00
0.5806533E-00	0.5647808E-00	0.5492597E-00	0.5340769E-00	0.5191947E-00	0.5045483E-00
0.4903438E-00	0.475551E-00	0.4609195E-00	0.4459324E-00	0.4303416E-00	0.4153425E-00
0.3963787E-00	0.38173E-00	0.366570E-00	0.351922E-00	0.3374013E-00	0.322569E-00
0.2481173E-00	0.233657E-00	0.2191951E-00	0.2047402E-00	0.19028E-00	0.17582E-00
0.6721608E-00	0.6579857E-00	0.6437238E-00	0.6294608E-00	0.615205E-00	0.600949E-00
0.5968665E-00	0.5818268E-00	0.5671177E-00	0.5527282E-00	0.5386236E-00	0.5247425E-00
0.5109917E-00	0.4972513E-00	0.4833481E-00	0.4690654E-00	0.4541206E-00	0.438509E-00
0.4206968E-00	0.4071951E-00	0.3930027E-00	0.379020E-00	0.365020E-00	0.351020E-00
0.2575342E-00	0.244031E-00	0.230528E-00	0.217025E-00	0.203522E-00	0.190020E-00
0.7033451E-00	0.6890612E-00	0.6727969E-00	0.6576316E-00	0.6426369E-00	0.6278734E-00
0.6133881E-00	0.5992120E-00	0.5853584E-00	0.5718205E-00	0.5585693E-00	0.5455506E-00
0.5326816E-00	0.5198442E-00	0.5068768E-00	0.4935607E-00	0.4795999E-00	0.4645918E-00
0.4477850E-00	0.4349841E-00	0.4206968E-00	0.4071951E-00	0.3930027E-00	0.379020E-00
0.267031E-00	0.254031E-00	0.241031E-00	0.228031E-00	0.215031E-00	0.202031E-00
0.7147804E-00	0.7003773E-00	0.6860028E-00	0.6717317E-00	0.6576316E-00	0.6437608E-00
0.6301659E-00	0.6166777E-00	0.6039190E-00	0.5912836E-00	0.5789533E-00	0.5668858E-00
0.5550126E-00	0.542331E-00	0.5314052E-00	0.5193303E-00	0.5067290E-00	0.4932011E-00
0.4781591E-00	0.4607200E-00	0.44395360E-00	0.425884E-00	0.40771939E-00	0.3911986E-00

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.2767014E-00	0.7128772E 00	0.5993846E 00	0.6860028E 00	0.6727969E 00	0.6598238E 00
0.7264098E 00	0.6347538E 00	0.6227150E 00	0.6110224E 00	0.5996680E 00	0.5886253E 00
0.6471309E 00	0.5672590E 00	0.5567545E 00	0.5461792E 00	0.5353090E 00	0.5238101E 00
0.5778468E 00	0.4965239E-00	0.4784192E-00	0.4541465E-00	0.4186147E-00	0.3636320E-00
0.5111642E 00					
0.2863820E-00	0.7254978E 00	0.7128772E 00	0.7003773E 00	0.6880612E 00	0.6759857E 00
0.7381714E 00	0.6527425E 00	0.6416435E 00	0.6309207E 00	0.6205801E 00	0.6106148E 00
0.6641996E 00	0.5917073E 00	0.5826676E 00	0.5737963E 00	0.5649635E 00	0.5559717E 00
0.6010033E 00	0.5360184E 00	0.5234821E 00	0.5066682E 00	0.4798348E-00	0.4246997E-00
0.5465046E 00					
0.2960740E-00	0.7381714E 00	0.7264098E 00	0.7147804E 00	0.7033451E 00	0.6921608E 00
0.7500000E 00	0.6707421E 00	0.6605884E 00	0.6508463E 00	0.6415373E 00	0.6326757E 00
0.6812784E 00	0.6165187E 00	0.6088213E 00	0.6017688E 00	0.5951496E 00	0.5889491E 00
0.6242689E 00	0.5777359E 00	0.5716858E 00	0.5679804E 00	0.5635998E 00	0.5595242E 00
0.5831506E 00					
0.1807342E-00					

FIGURE 20. Group A Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

SAMPLE PROBLEM GROUP B

The geometrical relationships used in this example are presented in Figure 21. The data sheets are shown in Figure 22 with results in Figure 23.

Problem 1B

The use of the surface generator and double bisection of surfaces is demonstrated. The plane Surface 1PLAT1 is entered as usual in the data, but the octagonal disk 3DISK is created by specifications to the surface generator. Note that no connections data are created for a Class 3 surface, but would be if the disk were named 6DISK.

The double bisection is easily seen in side view of 1PLAT1 and 3DISK. The results of the factor request from 1PLAT1 and 3DISK is shown in Run #1 output, indicating the areas in each surface seen by the other. The number of points defining 3DISK has been reduced to 7 and reorganized because of the bisection, as seen along the dotted line.

Problem 2B

The converse factor, 3DISK to 1PLAT1, is requested as Run #2. Because the disk is now Surface 1, the final coordinate system in 3DISK is aligned so that the XY plane is the plane of the disk. Point 1 becomes the origin, and line segment 1 2 the X axis. Note that the exchange coefficients (f_A) are very nearly equal, as they should be because of the reciprocity theorem.

Notice that the factor from one surface to the other along the line of bisection is, in reality, zero, but the output is, in some cases, non-zero though quite small (10^{-8} order of magnitude). This is caused by accumulated internal truncation error, and is not significant enough to warrant concern here. (This is not the case, however, with some silhouette generator computations).

Problem 3B

The capability of coordinate transformation is illustrated. Run #3 requests the factor from 1PLAT1 to 3DISK transformed to the position shown by the transformation data 9TDISK. The program detected, after transforming 3DISK, that it bisected 1PLAT1. As the output shows, the part of 1PLAT1 actually mapped was the trapezoid indicated in the top view, and in the output final coordinate data.

Problem 4B

It is quite feasible to generate or manually input a surface, transform the surface to a different location, and then ask for the factor between the original surface and the transformed surface. This is shown by Run #4, where 3DISK is used as Surface 1, and 3DISK transformed by 9TDISK is used as

Contrails

Surface 2. The output shows a bisection of 3DISK, removing the 4th boundary point, and therefore adding a point to the final 3DISK surface boundaries, making it 9 instead of 8.

Problem 5B

The factor from the transformed disk, 3DISK9TDICK, to 1PLAT1 is requested as Run #5, demonstrating program flexibility in that Surface 1 is now transformed. The resulting exchange coefficient is very nearly equal to Run #3, as it should be.

Contrails

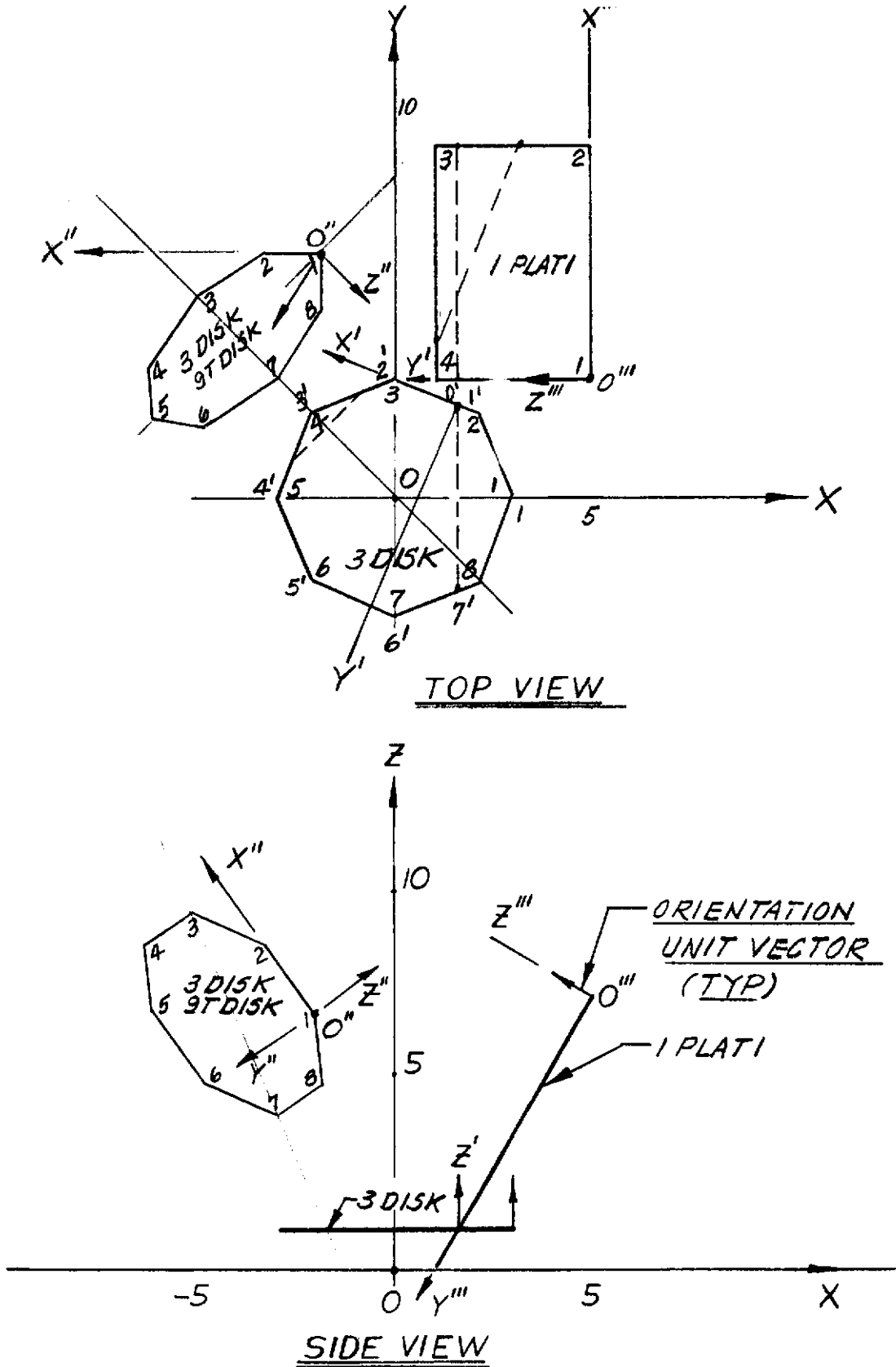


FIGURE 21. GROUP B SAMPLE PROBLEMS GEOMETRY

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 9 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1		T N A A C O N F A C	
13		I I R E P O R T P A	
15		M P L E P R O B L E M	
17		FR O M F I G .	
19		- K . A . T U	
21		P # 1 1 / 1 / 6 3	B 0 1 0
1		1 P L A T 1	
13		A S K E W E D	
15		R E C T A N G U L A R	
17		S U R F A C E	
19			B 0 2 0
1		4 . 0	
13		5 . 0	
15		3 . 0	
17		7 . 0	
19		5 . 0	
21		9 . 0	B 0 3 0
1		7 . 0	
13		1 . 0	
15		9 . 0	
17		0 . 0	
19		1 . 0	
21		3 . 0	B 0 4 0

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-64

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 10 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1		0 . 0	
13			
15			
17			
19			B 0 5 0
1		3 D I S K	
13		C T A G O N A L D I	
15		S K	
17			B 0 6 0
1		8 . 0	
13		0 . 0	
15		0 . 0	
17		1 . 0	
19		3 . 0	
21		3 . 0	B 0 7 0
1		9 T D I S K	
13		T R A N S F O R M # 3	
15		D I S K T O S K E W	
17		E D P E R I T I O N	
19		I N I I Q U A D R A	
21		N T	B 0 8 0

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-64

FIGURE 22. Group B Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 11 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	. 0		
13	- 1 . 9 3 9 3 3 9 8		
17	6 . 1 8 1 9 8 0 6		
19	6 . 5 9 8 0 7 5		
21	3 . 0		
23	- 5 . 1 2 1 3 2 0 4	B 0 9 0	
25	5 . 1 2 1 3 2 0 4		
27	9 . 1 9 6 1 5 0 0		
29	7 . 0		
31	- 3 . 0		
33	+ 3 . 0		
35	+ 4 . 0	B 1 0 0	
1	1 P L A T 1 3 D I S K		
13			
17	D		
19	3 D I S K 1 P L A T 1		
21			
23	D	B 1 1 0	
1	1 P L A T 1 3 D I S K		
13	9 T D I S K		
17	D		
19	3 D I S K 3 D I S K		
21	9 T D I S K		
23	D	B 1 2 0	

FORM 110-11 REV. 7-68

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 12 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	3 D I S K 1 P L A T 1		
13	9 T D I S K		
17	D		
19			
21		B 1 3 0	
1			
13			
17			
19			
21			
1			
13			
17			
19			
21			
1			
13			
17			
19			
21			

FORM 110-11 REV. 7-68

FIGURE 22. Group B Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION
T+A PROJECT RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM

C O N F A C I I

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (B)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

I N P U T D A T A

```

***** DATA NAME- *IPLATI * A SKEWED RECTANGULAR SURFACE
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.4131757E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.7496139E 01---( INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.5000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 2 0.5000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.7000000E 01
3 0.1000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0. 4 0.1000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.

```

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK * OCTAGONAL DISK

SURFACE SPECIFICATIONS-

NO OF X-SECTIONS = 1 NO OF X-SECTION BOUNDARY DIVISIONS = 8

LOCATION OF VERTICAL CENTERLINE, X= 0. Y= 0.

```

X-SECTION NO. X-AXIS RADIUS Y-AXIS RADIUS ELEVATION ABOVE XY PLANE
1 0.3000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.1000000E 01

```

THE FOLLOWING INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACE DATA RESULTED FROM THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS-

```

POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.5000000E 01 0. 0.2000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.3000000E 01 0. 0.1000000E 01 2 0.2121320E 01 0.2121320E 01 0.1000000E 01
5 -0.3000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 4 -0.2121320E 01 0.2121320E 01 0.1000000E 01
7 -0.1748199E-06 -0.3000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 6 -0.2121320E 01 -0.2121320E 01 0.1000000E 01
8 0.2121320E 01 -0.2121320E 01 0.1000000E 01

```

***** DATA NAME- *9TDISK * TRANSFORMS 3DISK TO SKEWED POSITION IN II QUADRANT

TRANSFORMATION DATA-

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(27 pages)

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	-0.1939340E 01	0.6181981E 01	0.6598075E 01	3	-0.5121320E 01	0.5121320E 01	0.9196150E 01
7	-0.5000000E 01	0.5000000E 01	0.4000000E 01				

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (B)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 1 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLATI*3DISK *
* * * * *
*D * * * * *
THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLATI * TO SURFACE *3DISK * = 0.00954

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.46132E-00 SQ UNITS
THE MAPPING AREA = 0.4148305E 02 SQ UNITS

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *1PLATI *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.4148303E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *3DISK *

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLATI * = 0.4837355E 02 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *3DISK *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.2113364E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *1PLATI *

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISK * = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *1PLATI *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0. -0. 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR) 0. 0. 0.
3 0.6000000E 01 0.6910507E 01 0. 0. 0.6000000E 01 -0. 0. 0.6910507E 01 0.

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 -0.4509074E 00 0.6042253E 01 0.4961389E-00---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR) 0.7690154E 01 0.364382E 0.
3 -0.659071E 00 0.6910507E 01 0. 0. 0. 0.7690154E 01 0.364382E 0.

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

3 -0.8786797E 00 0.8742623E 01 0.3206204E 01 4 -0.3000000E 01 0.9178570E 01 0.3969112E 01
 5 -0.5121320E 01 0.8742623E 01 0.3206204E 01 6 -0.6000000E 01 0.7690154E 01 0.1364382E 01
 7 -0.5349093E 01 0.6910507E 01 0.

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLATI * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.	0.6000000E 01	-0.	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.2879378E-00
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.5758756E 00	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.8638133E 00
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.1151751E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.1439689E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.172727E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.2015564E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.2303502E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.2591440E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.2879378E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.3167315E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.3455253E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.3743191E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.4031129E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.4319066E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.4607004E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.4894942E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.5182880E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.5470817E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.5758756E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.6046693E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.633431E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.6622569E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.6910507E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.6622569E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.1059385E-01	0.1024098E-01	0.9877514E-02	0.9506416E-02	0.9130518E-02	0.8752485E-02
0.8374781E-02	0.7999687E-02	0.7629241E-02	0.7265234E-02	0.6909221E-02	0.6562512E-02
0.6226195E-02	0.5901136E-02	0.5587984E-02	0.5287228E-02	0.4999155E-02	0.4723928E-02
0.4461556E-02	0.4211954E-02	0.3974939E-02	0.3750235E-02	0.3537521E-02	0.3336416E-02
0.3146497E-02	0.1105647E-01	0.1064295E-01	0.1022179E-01	0.9796299E-02	0.9369567E-02
0.8944445E-02	0.8523500E-02	0.8109187E-02	0.7703333E-02	0.7307714E-02	0.6923744E-02
0.6552560E-02	0.6195040E-02	0.5851823E-02	0.5523325E-02	0.5209775E-02	0.4911237E-02
0.4627613E-02	0.4358698E-02	0.4104184E-02	0.3863686E-02	0.3635740E-02	0.3422844E-02
0.3221470E-02	0.1195360E-01	0.1148192E-01	0.1100278E-01	0.1052006E-01	0.1003737E-01
0.9558026E-02	0.9084978E-02	0.8620835E-02	0.8167814E-02	0.7727791E-02	0.7302275E-02
0.6892454E-02	0.6499135E-02	0.6122980E-02	0.5764290E-02	0.5423177E-02	0.5099562E-02
0.4793240E-02	0.4503833E-02	0.4230874E-02	0.3973815E-02	0.3732053E-02	0.3504949E-02

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.12918055-02	0.12941745-01	0.1240230E-01	0.1185584E-01	0.130694E-01	0.1075984E-01
0.1346930E-01	0.9685834E-02	0.9165245E-02	0.8659048E-02	0.8169245E-02	0.7697431E-02
0.1021834E-01	0.812140E-02	0.6399971E-02	0.6008496E-02	0.5637652E-02	0.5287209E-02
0.7244792E-01	0.4645682E-02	0.4353382E-02	0.4079099E-02	0.3822038E-02	0.3581367E-02
0.4956736E-02	0.335246E-02	0.1341276E-01	0.1278794E-01	0.1216235E-01	0.1154093E-01
0.1463810E-01	0.1032773E-01	0.9743105E-02	0.9176931E-02	0.8631350E-02	0.8108005E-02
0.1092812E-01	0.7132197E-02	0.6680797E-02	0.6253848E-02	0.5851092E-02	0.5472041E-02
0.7608049E-02	0.478271E-02	0.4469833E-02	0.4177753E-02	0.390509E-02	0.3650563E-02
0.5116042E-01	0.3413374E-02	0.1452286E-01	0.1380655E-01	0.1309185E-01	0.1238452E-01
0.1593447E-01	0.1101183E-01	0.1035450E-01	0.9720696E-02	0.9112681E-02	0.8532079E-02
0.1168973E-01	0.7456823E-02	0.6952809E-02	0.6497686E-02	0.6060816E-02	0.5651479E-02
0.7979947E-01	0.4911226E-02	0.4577999E-02	0.4267719E-02	0.3979076E-02	0.3710792E-02
0.5268644E-02	0.3401288E-01	0.1574224E-01	0.1491953E-01	0.1410102E-01	0.1329424E-01
0.3401288E-01	0.1737342E-01	0.1099871E-01	0.1028872E-01	0.9610910E-02	0.8966815E-02
0.1250507E-01	0.1173854E-01	0.7242615E-02	0.6736565E-02	0.6263544E-02	0.5822350E-02
0.8357309E-02	0.7782653E-02	0.4675323E-02	0.4346625E-02	0.4042077E-02	0.3760094E-02
0.5411590E-02	0.5029779E-02	0.1708419E-01	0.1613500E-01	0.1519530E-01	0.1427308E-01
0.3499136E-02	0.1897388E-01	0.116738E-01	0.1087813E-01	0.1012247E-01	0.9408215E-02
0.1337520E-01	0.137520E-01	0.7515879E-02	0.6966346E-02	0.6455251E-02	0.5980889E-02
0.8735887E-02	0.5541354E-02	0.4758834E-02	0.4411804E-02	0.4091602E-02	0.3796300E-02
0.3524071E-01	0.3524071E-01	0.1855842E-01	0.1746107E-01	0.1637949E-01	0.1532312E-01
0.207583E-01	0.207583E-01	0.1237641E-01	0.1148446E-01	0.1064226E-01	0.9850768E-02
0.1429984E-01	0.131600E-01	0.7777164E-02	0.7181822E-02	0.6631106E-02	0.6122612E-02
0.9110030E-02	0.8419281E-02	0.4825171E-02	0.4460224E-02	0.4124946E-02	0.3817023E-02
0.5653834E-02	0.5232212E-02	0.2017788E-01	0.1890543E-01	0.1765737E-01	0.1644480E-01
0.3534278E-02	0.3534278E-02	0.1310077E-01	0.1210108E-01	0.1116307E-01	0.1028709E-01
0.2274213E-01	0.1416044E-01	0.8019719E-02	0.7376714E-02	0.6785291E-02	0.6242243E-02
0.1527682E-01	0.8717369E-02	0.4870544E-02	0.4488544E-02	0.4139166E-02	0.3819669E-02
0.9472402E-02	0.5744260E-02	0.2195475E-01	0.2047465E-01	0.1903072E-01	0.1763608E-01
0.3527490E-02	0.3527490E-02	0.1383831E-01	0.1271855E-01	0.1167514E-01	0.1070744E-01
0.2495825E-01	0.1630110E-01	0.8990688E-02	0.8235284E-02	0.7543439E-02	0.6910975E-02
0.9813571E-02	0.8990688E-02	0.5327529E-02	0.4890729E-02	0.4431045E-02	0.3801458E-02
0.5907192E-02	0.3501314E-02	0.2566083E-01	0.2390030E-01	0.2217307E-01	0.1889112E-01
0.2743235E-01	0.1736357E-01	0.1592371E-01	0.1457639E-01	0.1332370E-01	0.1216534E-01
0.1736357E-01	0.1012160E-01	0.9228211E-02	0.8413833E-02	0.7673001E-02	0.7000153E-02

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.5835448E-02	0.5355155E-02	0.4881088E-02	0.4469793E-02	0.4097171E-02	0.3759460E-02
0.345237E-01	0.2809746E-01	0.2602353E-01	0.2400110E-01	0.2205336E-01	0.2019840E-01
0.1844924E-01	0.1681414E-01	0.1519708E-01	0.1389857E-01	0.1261633E-01	0.1144459E-01
0.1038158E-01	0.9416474E-02	0.8343354E-02	0.7754841E-02	0.7043617E-02	0.6402620E-02
0.5525195E-02	0.4833441E-02	0.4336533E-02	0.444502E-02	0.4033946E-02	0.3690646E-02
0.3380717E-02	0.3078258E-01	0.2872877E-01	0.2595242E-01	0.2369178E-01	0.2153789E-01
0.3327884E-01	0.1767980E-01	0.1597531E-01	0.1441904E-01	0.1300558E-01	0.1172727E-01
0.1953471E-01	0.959226E-02	0.8329730E-02	0.775782E-02	0.7030939E-02	0.6363389E-02
0.1057508E-01	0.5231071E-02	0.4732077E-02	0.4322774E-02	0.3937698E-02	0.3591962E-02
0.3281215E-02	0.3372868E-01	0.3081164E-01	0.2800948E-01	0.2535664E-01	0.2287701E-01
0.3671609E-01	0.1846507E-01	0.1697668E-01	0.1485308E-01	0.1330411E-01	0.1191747E-01
0.2058465E-01	0.9577239E-02	0.8526594E-02	0.7724987E-02	0.6950550E-02	0.6262407E-02
0.1067975E-01	0.5100493E-02	0.4521977E-02	0.4190144E-02	0.3804746E-02	0.3460401E-02
0.5650657E-02	0.3693739E-01	0.3345215E-01	0.3013632E-01	0.2703178E-01	0.2416459E-01
0.3152276E-02	0.1917950E-01	0.1705472E-01	0.1515904E-01	0.1347543E-01	0.1198512E-01
0.4053386E-01	0.9508239E-02	0.8485390E-02	0.7584186E-02	0.6789916E-02	0.6089437E-02
0.2154690E-01	0.4924575E-02	0.4440895E-02	0.4012190E-02	0.3632159E-02	0.3293146E-02
0.1065894E-01	0.4039032E-01	0.3620258E-01	0.3226653E-01	0.2863112E-01	0.2532207E-01
0.5471030E-02	0.1969355E-01	0.1734764E-01	0.1528351E-01	0.1347432E-01	0.1189255E-01
0.2991659E-02	0.9306879E-02	0.8255680E-02	0.7337931E-02	0.6534866E-02	0.5834026E-02
0.4475620E-01	0.4678755E-02	0.4203640E-02	0.3784872E-02	0.3415021E-02	0.3087699E-02
0.2234570E-01	0.4402565E-01	0.3896590E-01	0.3428337E-01	0.3003200E-01	0.2623096E-01
0.1051166E-01	0.1995258E-01	0.1737492E-01	0.1515963E-01	0.1324620E-01	0.1159585E-01
0.5218865E-02	0.8945536E-02	0.7885734E-02	0.6969253E-02	0.6175245E-02	0.5485912E-02
0.2797407E-02	0.4362942E-02	0.3905529E-02	0.3504610E-02	0.3152324E-02	0.2842013E-02
0.4954860E-01	0.4770030E-01	0.4155645E-01	0.3598643E-01	0.3103997E-01	0.2671527E-01
0.2287289E-01	0.1977050E-01	0.1703437E-01	0.1470620E-01	0.1272752E-01	0.1104573E-01
0.1017291E-01	0.8395292E-02	0.7333598E-02	0.6461544E-02	0.5695500E-02	0.5035735E-02
0.4886096E-02	0.3971967E-02	0.3542769E-02	0.3168636E-02	0.2841524E-02	0.2554704E-02
0.2568003E-02	0.5110827E-01	0.4362728E-01	0.3703649E-01	0.3135156E-01	0.2651930E-01
0.5430407E-01	0.1904488E-01	0.1620135E-01	0.1382890E-01	0.1184757E-01	0.1018986E-01
0.2297685E-01	0.7627848E-02	0.6638687E-02	0.5799884E-02	0.5085900E-02	0.4475827E-02
0.9614835E-02	0.3502066E-02	0.3112811E-02	0.2775277E-02	0.2481584E-02	0.2225192E-02
0.4465602E-02	0.5360086E-01	0.4433607E-01	0.3686799E-01	0.3050483E-01	0.2528390E-01
0.2302494E-02	0.1755737E-01	0.1473235E-01	0.1242513E-01	0.1053395E-01	0.8977028E-02
0.5935640E-01					
0.2245086E-01					
0.8798837E-02					
0.3952561E-02					
0.2000636E-02					
0.6399733E-01					
0.2102489E-01					

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.7689145E-02	0.6618482E-02	0.5723893E-02	0.4972657E-02	0.4338700E-02	0.3801149E-02
0.334234E-02	0.2951424E-02	0.2614743E-02	0.2324252E-02	0.2072633E-02	0.1853878E-02
0.166304E-02	0.538578E-01	0.4311004E-01	0.3456716E-01	0.278282E-01	0.2253425E-01
0.668905E-01	0.1508468E-01	0.1247712E-01	0.1039467E-01	0.8720072E-02	0.7363857E-02
0.1837075E-01	0.5349309E-02	0.4598320E-02	0.3973521E-02	0.3450555E-02	0.3010314E-02
0.6257119E-02	0.2320689E-02	0.2049683E-02	0.1816937E-02	0.1616179E-02	0.1442296E-02
0.2637696E-02	0.1291100E-02	0.3740368E-01	0.2876140E-01	0.2243616E-01	0.1770874E-01
0.6462940E-01	0.1141016E-01	0.9303220E-02	0.7657754E-02	0.6359036E-02	0.5323673E-02
0.1413778E-01	0.3813943E-02	0.3260169E-02	0.2803377E-02	0.2423884E-02	0.2106523E-02
0.4490437E-02	0.1521409E-02	0.141107E-02	0.1256608E-02	0.1115241E-02	0.9932169E-03
0.1839457E-02	0.8374408E-03	0.2403334E-01	0.1770987E-01	0.1356350E-01	0.1027887E-01
0.4830583E-01	0.6382834E-02	0.5134819E-02	0.4180039E-02	0.3459163E-02	0.2856819E-02
0.8039944E-02	0.201555E-02	0.1719458E-02	0.1472162E-02	0.1268048E-02	0.1098326E-02
0.2393719E-04	0.8364910E-03	0.7350130E-03	0.6485291E-03	0.5744472E-03	0.5106864E-03
0.9562250E-03	0.4555598E-03	-0.	0.2964492E-09	0.	0.2223369E-08
0.4555598E-03	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
-0.	0.116797E-08	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.	0.	0.	0.1334021E-08	0.	0.1482246E-09
0.	0.2964492E-09	0.	0.	0.	0.

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC 11 REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (B)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 2 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *3DISK *1PLATI*
 *D * * *
 THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *3DISK * TO SURFACE *1PLATI * = 0.01815
 THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.46198E-00 SQ UNITS
 THE MAPPING AREA = 0.2112591E 02 SQ UNITS

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *3DISK *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.2113364E 02 SQ UNITS,
 SEES SURFACE *1PLATI *
 THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISK * = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *1PLATI *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.4146304E 02 SQ UNITS,
 SEES SURFACE *3DISK *
 THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLATI * = 0.4837355E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.	0.	0.100000E 01	2	0.1700902E 01	0.	-0.
3	0.3324490E 01	0.1623588E 01	0.	4	0.3324490E 01	0.3919689E 01	0.
5	0.1700902E 01	0.5543277E 01	-0.	6	-0.5951983E 00	0.5543277E 01	-0.
7	-0.1797918E 01	0.4340557E 01	-0.				

***** DATA NAME- *1PLATI *

POINT	X	Y	Z

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

-0.211644E 01 -0.158115E 01 0.649613E 01 --- (INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
 1 -0.291849E 01 -0.191047E 01 0.600000E 01 2 -0.622394E 00 -0.745669E 01 0.600000E 01
 3 0.254519E 01 -0.614463E 01 0. 4 0.2490914E 00 -0.501359E 00 0.

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *3DISK * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.	0.170090E 01	0.	-0.956708E 01	0.193-872E 01	0.2309699E-00
-0.1913417E-00	0.2162842E 01	0.4619397E-00	-0.2870126E-00	0.2393812E 01	0.6929076E 00
-0.3826834E-00	0.2624781E 01	0.9238795E 00	-0.4783543E-00	0.2955751E 01	0.1154849E 0.
-0.5760251E 00	0.3086721E 01	0.1385819E 01	-0.6696960E 00	0.3317691E 01	0.1616789E 0.
-0.7533609E 00	0.3324490E 01	0.1447759E 01	-0.8610377E 00	0.3324490E 01	0.2078729E 01
-0.9567085E 00	0.3324490E 01	0.2309699E 01	-0.1052379E 01	0.3324490E 01	0.2540668E 01
-0.1148050E 01	0.3324490E 01	0.2771058E 01	-0.1443721E 01	0.3324490E 01	0.3002008E 01
-0.1339392E 01	0.3324490E 01	0.3233578E 01	-0.1435063E 01	0.3324490E 01	0.3484548E 0.
-0.1530734E 01	0.3324490E 01	0.3695518E 01	-0.1750048E 01	0.3317691E 01	0.3926487E 01
-0.1722075E 01	0.3086722E 01	0.4157457E 01	-0.1750048E 01	0.2855752E 01	0.4388427E 01
-0.1519078E 01	0.2624781E 01	0.4619397E 01	-0.1448810E 01	0.2393812E 01	0.4800367E 01
-0.1057138E 01	0.2162842E 01	0.5081337E 01	-0.8261686E 00	0.193-872E 01	0.5312307E 01
-0.5931983E 00	0.1700902E 01	0.5543277E 01			

100

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.5355685E-01	0.1011833E-01	0.2005937E-01	0.2957023E-01	0.3842510E-01	0.4645351E-01
0.7824513E-01	0.5970795E-01	0.6493755E-01	0.6931489E-01	0.7292916E-01	0.7587533E-01
0.8435086E-01	0.8012217E-01	0.8158001E-01	0.8268203E-01	0.8348208E-01	0.8402561E-01
0.8320594E-0.	0.8448995E-01	0.8446994E-01	0.8431364E-01	0.8404035E-01	0.8366646E-01
0.442571E-01	0.8155679E-02	0.14-0881E-01	0.2400304E-01	0.3138345E-01	0.3822174E-01
0.6772117E-01	0.4994393E-01	0.5476371E-01	0.5890409E-01	0.6240845E-01	0.6532537E-01
0.7422241E-01	0.6965456E-01	0.7118317E-01	0.7235985E-01	0.7323180E-01	0.7384060E-01
0.7322892E-0.	0.7440837E-01	0.7442607E-01	0.7429817E-01	0.7404490E-01	0.7368352E-01
0.1185797E-08	0.6932360E-02	0.1380240E-01	0.2048838E-01	0.2687289E-01	0.3285276E-01
0.3834710E-01	0.4330212E-01	0.4769192E-01	0.5151559E-01	0.5479246E-01	0.5755503E-01
0.5984560E-01	0.6170937E-01	0.6319227E-01	0.6433847E-01	0.6518902E-01	0.6578127E-01
0.6614862E-01	0.6632007E-01	0.6632345E-01	0.6617973E-01	0.6590941E-01	0.6552985E-01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

0.6505618E-C1	0.1209266E-C1	0.1797826E-01	0.2362666E-01	0.2895043E-C1
0.2371593E-C8	0.4235750E-01	0.4586970E-01	0.4690110E-01	0.5147268E-01
0.3387778E-C1	0.5675338E-01	0.5782561E-01	0.5861510E-01	0.5915555E-01
0.5361458E-C1	0.5957594E-01	0.5939870E-01	0.5907738E-01	0.5868910E-01
0.5747770E-C1	0.1077994E-01	0.1604525E-01	0.2111559E-01	0.2591350E-01
0.5318891E-C1	0.3810771E-01	0.4133354E-01	0.4412863E-01	0.4650655E-01
0.1185797E-C8	0.5139127E-01	0.5237368E-01	0.5308718E-01	0.5356256E-01
0.3037474E-C1	0.5383368E-01	0.5361806E-01	0.532288E-01	0.5284491E-01
0.4849001E-C1	0.9720069E-02	0.1448181E-01	0.1907838E-01	0.2334406E-01
0.5232837E-01	0.3459314E-01	0.3756066E-01	0.4013683E-01	0.4233042E-01
0.5231894E-C1	0.4682080E-01	0.4771038E-01	0.4834480E-01	0.4875240E-01
0.2371593E-08	0.4867176E-01	0.4861906E-01	0.4825240E-01	0.4778809E-01
0.2750988E-C1	0.8854779E-02	0.1317433E-01	0.1737161E-01	0.2136324E-01
0.4415912E-C1	0.3160930E-01	0.3434488E-01	0.3672118E-01	0.3874379E-01
0.4395992E-C1	0.4285916E-01	0.4365898E-01	0.4421689E-01	0.4455924E-01
0.4724064E-C1	0.4453623E-01	0.4425056E-01	0.4385704E-01	0.4337153E-01
0.2509398E-C1	0.8077422E-02	0.1205490E-01	0.1590838E-01	0.1957911E-01
0.4042661E-01	0.2902765E-01	0.3155482E-01	0.3374969E-01	0.3561552E-01
0.4471121E-C1	0.3938232E-01	0.4009824E-01	0.4058482E-01	0.4086682E-01
0.4280816E-C1	0.4091090E-01	0.4040269E-01	0.3998770E-01	0.3948655E-01
0.	0.3542397E-02	0.1051489E-01	0.1390615E-01	0.1715997E-01
0.2301532E-C1	0.2308956E-01	0.2804607E-01	0.3011602E-01	0.3190773E-01
0.3716382E-01	0.3468085E-01	0.3646288E-01	0.3702665E-01	0.3739862E-01
0.4096804E-01	0.3764580E-01	0.3735348E-01	0.3704662E-01	0.3665211E-01
0.3891297E-C1	0.3076318E-02	0.9232371E-02	0.1223250E-01	0.1512838E-01
0.2371593E-08	0.2045769E-01	0.2502295E-01	0.2696276E-01	0.2866735E-01
0.2023328E-C1	0.3137660E-01	0.3239589E-01	0.3382483E-01	0.3426467E-01
0.3425872E-01	0.3467556E-01	0.3467849E-01	0.3435408E-01	0.3405386E-01
0.3759860E-C1	0.2714077E-02	0.5445834E-02	0.1083276E-01	0.1342255E-01
0.3618390E-C1	0.1825384E-01	0.2042490E-01	0.2423713E-01	0.2584764E-01
0.	0.2840342E-01	0.2947596E-01	0.3095198E-01	0.3143837E-01
0.1788396E-C1	0.3177415E-01	0.3204771E-01	0.3187801E-01	0.3165768E-01
0.3013688E-C1	0.2409344E-02	0.4856601E-02	0.9648862E-02	0.1197514E-01
0.3454286E-C1	0.1634120E-01	0.1833667E-01	0.2018634E-01	0.2338317E-01
0.3367797E-C1	0.2588834E-01	0.2688081E-01	0.2770630E-01	0.2888892E-01
0.1185797E-C8				
0.1590201E-C1				
0.2725581E-01				
0.3177415E-01				
0.3156196E-C1				
0.1185797E-C8				
0.1421381E-01				
0.2472337E-01				

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.2926585E-01	0.2951442E-01	0.2964601E-01	0.2967188E-01	0.296304E-01	0.2945002E-01
0.292280E-01	0.2150391E-02	0.4321988E-02	0.6492229E-02	0.863788E-02	0.1073581E-01
0.3557390E-01	0.1470086E-01	0.1522892E-01	0.1823242E-01	0.1979899E-01	0.2121980E-01
0.1276370E-01	0.2360565E-01	0.2456922E-01	0.2538336E-01	0.2658757E-01	0.2658757E-01
0.2248941E-01	0.2727818E-01	0.2745379E-01	0.2752912E-01	0.2751380E-01	0.2741719E-01
0.2699261E-01	0.1923355E-02	0.3878601E-02	0.5831566E-02	0.7767420E-02	0.9666294E-02
0.2724827E-01	0.1327701E-01	0.1495433E-01	0.165268E-01	0.1798243E-01	0.1931279E-01
0.1185797E-01	0.2157618E-01	0.2250540E-01	0.2330108E-01	0.2396687E-01	0.2450801E-01
0.2031177E-01	0.2524308E-01	0.2545233E-01	0.2556698E-01	0.2559537E-01	0.2554579E-01
0.2493095E-01	0.1730511E-02	0.3495177E-02	0.5259539E-02	0.7012530E-02	0.8736948E-02
0.2542629E-01	0.1203355E-01	0.1357511E-01	0.1502773E-01	0.1638056E-01	0.1762505E-01
0.3557390E-01	0.1976656E-01	0.2065816E-01	0.2143025E-01	0.2248508E-01	0.2262645E-01
0.1041595E-01	0.2538972E-01	0.2362415E-01	0.2376968E-01	0.2383353E-01	0.2382297E-01
0.1875499E-01	0.1569655E-02	0.3161414E-02	0.4761040E-02	0.6353738E-02	0.7924502E-02
0.2330533E-01	0.1094173E-01	0.123093E-01	0.1370440E-01	0.1496209E-01	0.1612578E-01
0.2374548E-01	0.1814832E-01	0.1900072E-01	0.1974603E-01	0.2038546E-01	0.2092162E-01
0.178695E-01	0.2170054E-01	0.2195308E-01	0.2212252E-01	0.2221488E-01	0.2223653E-01
0.945850E-02	0.1424676E-02	0.2869188E-02	0.4324139E-02	0.5775602E-02	0.7210414E-02
0.1718928E-01	0.9978367E-02	0.1128715E-01	0.1253118E-01	0.137014E-01	0.1478925E-01
0.2135583E-01	0.164970E-01	0.1750998E-01	0.1822663E-01	0.1884759E-01	0.1937456E-01
0.1981038E-01	0.2015881E-01	0.2042433E-01	0.2061194E-01	0.2072700E-01	0.2077509E-01
0.2076183E-01	0.1293503E-02	0.2608373E-02	0.3933798E-02	0.5258459E-02	0.6570801E-02
0.2964492E-01	0.911273E-02	0.1032059E-01	0.1147311E-01	0.1256172E-01	0.1357908E-01
0.8615529E-02	0.1537789E-01	0.1615190E-01	0.1683978E-01	0.1744128E-01	0.1795740E-01
0.1578940E-01	0.1874244E-01	0.1901788E-01	0.1922067E-01	0.1935536E-01	0.1942678E-01
0.1943989E-01	0.1125652E-02	0.2270660E-02	0.3426779E-02	0.4585369E-02	0.5737536E-02
0.1185797E-01	0.7087025E-02	0.9067106E-02	0.1010667E-01	0.1109850E-01	0.1203620E-01
0.6374352E-02	0.1372845E-01	0.1447523E-01	0.1515235E-01	0.157853E-01	0.1629348E-01
0.1274143E-01	0.1715281E-01	0.1748059E-01	0.1774373E-01	0.1794529E-01	0.1808867E-01
0.1817752E-01	0.1312960E-02	0.2301836E-02	0.3299427E-02	0.4299321E-02	0.5294936E-02
0.3389558E-01	0.7446372E-02	0.8192276E-02	0.9103816E-02	0.9981871E-02	0.1081937E-01
0.6279637E-02	0.1235542E-01	0.1334707E-01	0.1368439E-01	0.1426573E-01	0.1479013E-01
0.1161183E-01	0.1566771E-01	0.1602207E-01	0.1632181E-01	0.1656871E-01	0.1676492E-01
0.1525738E-01	0.2615648E-02	0.3425916E-02	0.4238623E-02	0.5047863E-02	0.5849534E-02
0.1691283E-01	0.741404E-02	0.8169038E-02	0.8901041E-02	0.9606661E-02	0.1028285E-01
0.1306356E-02					
0.6639575E-02					

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1092687E-01	0.1210934E-01	0.1264421E-01	0.1313975E-01	0.1359513E-01
0.1400996E-01	0.1471770E-01	0.1501140E-01	0.1525593E-01	0.1548234E-01
0.1566185E-01	0.4323964E-02	0.4974276E-02	0.5618839E-02	0.6255228E-02
0.3015924E-02	0.8091968E-02	0.8672744E-02	0.9234444E-02	0.9775270E-02
0.6881065E-02	0.1125743E-01	0.1170061E-01	0.1211681E-01	0.1250540E-01
0.1029363E-01	0.1350210E-01	0.1377775E-01	0.1402544E-01	0.1424553E-01
0.1286594E-01	0.5028753E-02	0.5538715E-02	0.6042714E-02	0.6539383E-02
0.1443859E-01	0.7972497E-02	0.8427202E-02	0.8868549E-02	0.9295542E-02
0.3996468E-02	0.1048179E-01	0.1084320E-01	0.1118666E-01	0.1151170E-01
0.7027412E-02	0.1237350E-01	0.1262247E-01	0.1285229E-01	0.1306630E-01
0.9707288E-02	0.5569779E-02	0.5960123E-02	0.6345350E-02	0.6724747E-02
0.1181800E-01	0.7831270E-02	0.8170797E-02	0.8511366E-02	0.8842452E-02
0.1325484E-01	0.9774147E-02	0.1006289E-01	0.1034005E-01	0.1060548E-01
0.4776642E-02	0.1132908E-01	0.1154556E-01	0.1174955E-01	0.1194103E-01
0.7097636E-02	0.5972156E-02	0.6262784E-02	0.6548562E-02	0.6830165E-02
0.9163569E-02	0.7646702E-02	0.7908456E-02	0.8164542E-02	0.8414695E-02
0.1085891E-01	0.9127270E-02	0.9351472E-02	0.9568713E-02	0.9778833E-02
0.1212000E-01	0.1036523E-01	0.1054570E-01	0.1071855E-01	0.1088372E-01
0.5383751E-02	0.5680026E-02	0.5972156E-02	0.6262784E-02	0.6548562E-02
0.7107262E-02	0.7379540E-02	0.7646702E-02	0.7908456E-02	0.8164542E-02
0.8658684E-02	0.8896278E-02	0.9127270E-02	0.9351472E-02	0.9568713E-02
0.9981708E-02	0.1017721E-01	0.1036523E-01	0.1054570E-01	0.1071855E-01
0.1104118E-01				

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (B)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 5 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLATI*3DISK *
 * * *9TDISK*
 *0 * *

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLATI * TO SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK* = 0.02579

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.12476E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.3686819E 02 SQ UNITS

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *1PLATI *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.3686761E 02 SQ UNITS,
 SEES SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK*

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLATI * = 0.4837355E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK* = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *1PLATI *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.	0.	0.100000E 01	2	0.600000E 01	0.	0.
3	-0.	-0.	-0.	4	0.7340150E 00	0.8062258E 01	0.
5	0.	0.	0.8062258E 01				

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK 9TDISK*

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.2569609E 01	0.3055901E 01	0.5542007E 01	4	0.3310661E 01	0.287746E 01	0.7927730E 01
3	0.3181981E 01	0.3791845E 01	0.5827626E 01	6	0.3106624E -03	0.4365562E 01	0.1053246E 02
5	0.2121322E 01	0.3114787E 01	0.9877364E 01	8	-0.1189337E 01	0.5811482E 01	0.740764E 01
7	-0.1060657E 01	0.5896783E 01	0.9509268E 01				
	0.	0.6373841E 01	0.5457530E 01				

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *PLPLATI * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.0	0.600000E 01	0.	0.	0.600000E 01	0.3359274E-00
0.	0.600000E 01	0.6718548E 00	0.	0.600000E 01	0.1007782E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.1343710E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.1679637E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.2015564E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.2351492E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.2687419E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.3023347E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.3359274E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.3695201E 01
0.	0.5591753E 01	0.4031129E 01	0.	0.5186941E 01	0.4367056E 01
0.	0.4792350E 01	0.4702983E 01	0.	0.4377318E 01	0.5038911E 01
0.	0.3972507E 01	0.5374838E 01	0.	0.3567696E 01	0.5710766E 01
0.	0.3162884E 01	0.6046693E 01	0.	0.2758073E 01	0.6382620E 01
0.	0.2353261E 01	0.6718548E 01	0.	0.1948450E 01	0.7054475E 01
0.	0.1543638E 01	0.7390402E 01	0.	0.1138827E 01	0.7726330E 01
0.	0.7340150E 00	0.8062258E 01			

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.5559791E-01	0.5516987E-01	0.5456312E-01	0.5377758E-01	0.5281553E-01	0.5168177E-01
0.5038360E-01	0.4893071E-01	0.4733510E-01	0.4561082E-01	0.4377369E-01	0.4184095E-01
0.3983085E-01	0.3776244E-01	0.3565405E-01	0.3352504E-01	0.3139323E-01	0.2927561E-01
0.2718784E-01	0.2514402E-01	0.2315651E-01	0.2123585E-01	0.1939074E-01	0.1762802E-01
0.1595279E-01	0.1457175E-01	0.1300044E-01	0.11594723E-01	0.10490189E-01	0.09366945E-01
0.5225817E-01	0.5067912E-01	0.4894592E-01	0.4707457E-01	0.4508302E-01	0.4299079E-01
0.4081851E-01	0.3858737E-01	0.3631865E-01	0.3403316E-01	0.3175087E-01	0.2949041E-01
0.2725882E-01	0.2510120E-01	0.2300084E-01	0.2097855E-01	0.1904325E-01	0.1720172E-01
0.1545878E-01	0.1423444E-01	0.1300044E-01	0.11594723E-01	0.10490189E-01	0.09366945E-01
0.5397063E-01	0.5225695E-01	0.5037775E-01	0.4835119E-01	0.4619761E-01	0.4393908E-01
0.4159879E-01	0.3920049E-01	0.3676788E-01	0.3432404E-01	0.3189087E-01	0.2948870E-01
0.2713589E-01	0.2484856E-01	0.2264046E-01	0.2052289E-01	0.1850471E-01	0.1659246E-01
0.1479048E-01	0.1360375E-01	0.1248246E-01	0.1136044E-01	0.1025812E-01	0.0915579E-01
0.5546497E-01	0.5360866E-01	0.5157567E-01	0.4938684E-01	0.4706505E-01	0.4463513E-01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.4212305E-01	0.3955549E-01	0.3695811E-01	0.3435686E-01	0.3177545E-01	0.2923582E-01
0.2675755E-01	0.2435761E-01	0.2205021E-01	0.1984674E-01	0.1775587E-01	0.1578369E-01
0.1393388E-01	0.6334791E-01	0.6249651E-01	0.6139791E-01	0.6005607E-01	0.5847910E-01
0.6395211E-01	0.5467230E-01	0.5247966E-01	0.5012309E-01	0.4762890E-01	0.4502488E-01
0.5667926E-01	0.3960393E-01	0.3684438E-01	0.3409021E-01	0.3136683E-01	0.2869769E-01
0.4233999E-01	0.2610343E-01	0.2120682E-01	0.1893017E-01	0.1677995E-01	0.1476152E-01
0.2610343E-01	0.1287771E-01	0.6395414E-01	0.6265671E-01	0.6119935E-01	0.5949142E-01
0.6545474E-01	0.5538432E-01	0.5302617E-01	0.5049857E-01	0.4783043E-01	0.450272E-01
0.5754692E-01	0.3924666E-01	0.3638236E-01	0.3348393E-01	0.302910E-01	0.2784264E-01
0.4219746E-01	0.2255719E-01	0.2009055E-01	0.1773695E-01	0.1556389E-01	0.1351582E-01
0.2914601E-01	0.1161442E-01	0.6482677E-01	0.6352129E-01	0.6194004E-01	0.6009390E-01
0.6659267E-01	0.5585080E-01	0.5315025E-01	0.5045128E-01	0.476113E-01	0.4466400E-01
0.5799885E-01	0.3858936E-01	0.3533089E-01	0.3250159E-01	0.2953058E-01	0.2664362E-01
0.4164505E-01	0.2120576E-01	0.1868684E-01	0.1631603E-01	0.1409983E-01	0.1204147E-01
0.2386268E-01	0.1014130E-01	0.6643801E-01	0.6391937E-01	0.6220644E-01	0.6021603E-01
0.1014130E-01	0.6643801E-01	0.6534219E-01	0.6391937E-01	0.6220644E-01	0.6021603E-01
0.6729540E-01	0.5548121E-01	0.5278890E-01	0.4992195E-01	0.4691590E-01	0.4380826E-01
0.5796641E-01	0.3744072E-01	0.3425485E-01	0.3111333E-01	0.2804649E-01	0.2508072E-01
0.4063727E-01	0.1953617E-01	0.1698822E-01	0.1460326E-01	0.1238646E-01	0.1039395E-01
0.2223807E-01	0.8461465E-01	0.6550011E-01	0.6378110E-01	0.6192983E-01	0.5979097E-01
0.6749370E-01	0.6616643E-01	0.6473946E-01	0.6285799E-01	0.609715E-01	0.5876030E-01
0.5738532E-01	0.3581985E-01	0.3252875E-01	0.2929909E-01	0.2616192E-01	0.2314378E-01
0.3913740E-01	0.1754643E-01	0.1499603E-01	0.1262281E-01	0.1043029E-01	0.8418553E-02
0.2026635E-01	0.6584729E-02	0.6608768E-01	0.6304357E-01	0.6104917E-01	0.5876030E-01
0.6584729E-02	0.6712344E-01	0.6472650E-01	0.6304357E-01	0.6104917E-01	0.5876030E-01
0.6712344E-01	0.5620056E-01	0.5339961E-01	0.4721833E-01	0.4391958E-01	0.4053926E-01
0.5620056E-01	0.3712165E-01	0.3376880E-01	0.2705181E-01	0.2387466E-01	0.2053492E-01
0.3712165E-01	0.1795341E-01	0.1524562E-01	0.1038844E-01	0.8246601E-02	0.6294717E-02
0.1795341E-01	0.4528110E-02	0.6477122E-01	0.6165604E-01	0.5951643E-01	0.5707948E-01
0.4528110E-02	0.6613036E-01	0.6447869E-01	0.62497849E-01	0.6156404E-01	0.5951643E-01
0.6613036E-01	0.5437175E-01	0.5142612E-01	0.4497849E-01	0.4156404E-01	0.380837E-01
0.5437175E-01	0.3458337E-01	0.3110602E-01	0.2438037E-01	0.2119768E-01	0.1817061E-01
0.3458337E-01	0.1531853E-01	0.1265920E-01	0.7924175E-02	0.5859952E-02	0.3992732E-02
0.1531853E-01	0.2315988E-01	0.6318328E-01	0.5958567E-01	0.5730258E-01	0.5472357E-01
0.2315988E-01	0.6447521E-01	0.6155095E-01	0.4213551E-01	0.3863410E-01	0.3508545E-01
0.6447521E-01	0.5167883E-01	0.4554148E-01	0.2131170E-01	0.1816085E-01	0.1518289E-01
0.5167883E-01	0.3153663E-01	0.2461194E-01	0.5264405E-02	0.3304051E-02	0.1545277E-02
0.3153663E-01	0.1239522E-01	0.7432087E-02	0.5729333E-01	0.5509078E-01	0.5264493E-01
0.1239522E-01	0.9999797E-02	0.6081376E-01	0.5729333E-01	0.5509078E-01	0.5264493E-01
0.9999797E-02	0.5215899E-01	0.5919140E-01	0.5729333E-01	0.5509078E-01	0.5264493E-01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.4996653E-01	0.4708541E-01	0.44035567E-01	0.4085467E-01	0.3758186E-01	0.3425747E-01
0.3092127E-01	0.2761133E-01	0.2436295E-01	0.2120780E-01	0.1817328E-01	0.1528211E-01
0.1255218E-01	0.9996601E-02	0.7623980E-02	0.5438760E-02	0.3441710E-02	0.1630454E-02
0.4594962E-08	0.5778175E-01	0.5618242E-01	0.5433681E-01	0.5225655E-01	0.4995769E-01
0.5912766E-01	0.4478913E-01	0.4197098E-01	0.3903606E-01	0.3601613E-01	0.3294380E-01
0.4746050E-01	0.2677126E-01	0.2373252E-01	0.2076280E-01	0.1788648E-01	0.1512451E-01
0.2985164E-01	0.1000929E-01	0.7679664E-02	0.5511905E-02	0.3509409E-02	0.1672734E-02
0.1249425E-01	0.5412674E-01	0.5256767E-01	0.5080493E-01	0.4884846E-01	0.4671141E-01
0.4446738E-C8	0.4196322E-01	0.3939248E-01	0.3672116E-01	0.3397401E-01	0.3117660E-01
0.5547543E-01	0.2553351E-01	0.2273741E-01	0.1998911E-01	0.1730937E-01	0.1474662E-01
0.4441000E-01	0.9852915E-02	0.7605597E-02	0.5492568E-02	0.35119067E-02	0.1687963E-02
0.2835467E-01	0.4991634E-01	0.4841724E-01	0.4675477E-01	0.4493720E-01	0.4297502E-01
0.1222674E-01	0.3866909E-01	0.3635606E-01	0.3395931E-01	0.3149748E-01	0.2898988E-01
0.4446738E-C8	0.2391525E-01	0.2138721E-01	0.1888913E-01	0.1643815E-01	0.1404970E-01
0.5124604E-01	0.9513462E-02	0.7387611E-02	0.5368041E-02	0.3460949E-02	0.1670715E-02
0.4088081E-01	0.4524511E-01	0.4382717E-01	0.4228260E-01	0.4061805E-01	0.3884159E-01
0.2645608E-C1	0.3499203E-01	0.3294736E-01	0.3082374E-01	0.2865235E-01	0.2644130E-01
0.1173750E-01	0.2195739E-01	0.197293E-01	0.1748516E-01	0.1528709E-01	0.1313090E-01
0.4653128E-01	0.8987790E-02	0.7019776E-02	0.5131332E-02	0.3328754E-02	0.1617055E-02
0.2420488E-01	0.4022969E-01	0.3891425E-01	0.3750441E-01	0.3600527E-01	0.3442279E-01
0.1102778E-01	0.3103590E-01	0.2924736E-01	0.2740705E-01	0.2552432E-01	0.2360889E-01
0.2816267E-C8	0.1971975E-01	0.1776604E-01	0.1581935E-01	0.1388919E-01	0.1198461E-01
0.4144655E-C1	0.8285732E-02	0.6506575E-02	0.4783149E-02	0.3121135E-02	0.1525403E-02
0.3276381E-C1	0.3500137E-01	0.3360846E-01	0.3254823E-01	0.31222443E-01	0.2984121E-01
0.2167069E-01	0.2691574E-01	0.2538414E-01	0.2381435E-01	0.2221254E-01	0.2058509E-01
0.1011415E-01	0.1727958E-01	0.1561485E-01	0.1395093E-01	0.1229436E-01	0.1065146E-01
0.2223369E-C8	0.7430611E-02	0.5863851E-02	0.4333039E-02	0.2842772E-02	0.1397202E-02
0.3612378E-01	0.2969712E-01	0.2864397E-01	0.2754526E-01	0.2640353E-01	0.2522154E-01
0.2840327E-01	0.2274927E-01	0.2145554E-01	0.2015508E-01	0.1882164E-01	0.1746917E-01
0.1893856E-01	0.1472343E-01	0.1333846E-01	0.1195097E-01	0.105652E-01	0.9184973E-02
0.9028287E-02	0.6457618E-02	0.5118008E-02	0.3799204E-02	0.2504553E-02	0.1237188E-02
0.1482246E-C8	0.2445047E-01	0.2334991E-01	0.2262076E-01	0.2166422E-01	0.2068203E-01
0.3070248E-01	0.2274927E-01	0.2145554E-01	0.2015508E-01	0.1882164E-01	0.1746917E-01
0.2400233E-01	0.1472343E-01	0.1333846E-01	0.1195097E-01	0.105652E-01	0.9184973E-02
0.1610173E-01	0.6457618E-02	0.5118008E-02	0.3799204E-02	0.2504553E-02	0.1237188E-02
0.7814522E-02	0.2445047E-01	0.2334991E-01	0.2262076E-01	0.2166422E-01	0.2068203E-01
0.5928984E-09	0.1864806E-01	0.1760025E-01	0.1653467E-01	0.1545354E-01	0.1435912E-01
0.2532002E-01	0.1213978E-01	0.1101962E-01	0.9895685E-02	0.8770398E-02	0.7646165E-02
0.1967600E-01	0.5410355E-02	0.4303422E-02	0.3206803E-02	0.2122659E-02	0.1053064E-02
0.1325375E-01					
0.6525367E-C2					

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.2010267E-01	0.1934139E-01	0.1864237E-01	0.1788638E-01	0.1711432E-01	0.1632712E-01
0.1552576E-01	0.1471129E-01	0.1388477E-01	0.1304733E-01	0.1220009E-01	0.1134425E-01
0.1048109E-01	0.9611587E-02	0.8757244E-02	0.7859230E-02	0.6978812E-02	0.6097267E-02
0.5215855E-02	0.4335844E-02	0.3458487E-02	0.2585021E-02	0.1716655E-02	0.8545947E-03
0.	0.1459266E-01	0.1401798E-01	0.1343437E-01	0.1284228E-01	0.1224214E-01
0.1515802E-01	0.1101963E-01	0.1039822E-01	0.9770712E-02	0.9137528E-02	0.8499501E-02
0.1163443E-01	0.7210288E-02	0.6560311E-02	0.5907510E-02	0.5252448E-02	0.4595707E-02
0.7856870E-02	0.3279494E-02	0.2621180E-02	0.1963499E-02	0.1307028E-02	0.6523373E-03
0.3937865E-02	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.1057084E-01	0.1046274E-01	0.9750507E-02	0.9334293E-02	0.8914265E-02	0.8490595E-02
0.8063459E-02	0.7633030E-02	0.7199495E-02	0.6763036E-02	0.6333844E-02	0.5882109E-02
0.5438030E-02	0.4997799E-02	0.4543621E-02	0.4093695E-02	0.3642227E-02	0.3189423E-02
0.2735494E-02	0.2280644E-02	0.1825086E-02	0.1369030E-02	0.9126860E-03	0.4562729E-03
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
0.6400494E-02	0.6145768E-02	0.5889678E-02	0.5632264E-02	0.5373567E-02	0.5113631E-02
0.4352502E-02	0.4590217E-02	0.4326826E-02	0.4062370E-02	0.3796898E-02	0.3530456E-02
0.3263088E-02	0.2994843E-02	0.2725768E-02	0.2455909E-02	0.2185314E-02	0.1914035E-02
0.1642116E-02	0.1369606E-02	0.1096564E-02	0.8230286E-03	0.5490540E-03	0.2746903E-03
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (B)-K.A.TOUPS., 1/1/63

RUN NO. 4 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *3DISK *3DISK *
* * *9TDISK*
*D * *

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *3DISK * TO SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK* = 0.01981

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA) = 0.50423E 00 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.2487100E 02 SQ UNITS

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *3DISK *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.2487759E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK*

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISK * = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK* = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	-0.	-0.	0.9999997E 00	2	0.2296102E 01	-0.	0.
3	0.3919689E 01	0.1623388E 01	0.	4	0.3919689E 01	0.2640801E 01	0.
5	0.3015380E 01	0.4823998E 01	0.	6	0.2296102E 01	0.5543276E 01	0.
7	0.	0.5245276E 01	0.	8	-0.1623387E 01	0.3919689E 01	0.
9	-0.1623388E 01	0.1623389E 01	0.				

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK 9TDISK*

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.6801207E 01	0.1866199E 01	0.6098074E 01	2	0.8245276E 01	0.3415303E 01	0.7435191E 01
3	0.7839380E 01	0.5245275E 01	0.8196149E 01	4	0.6621689E 01	0.7334990E 01	0.7435190E 01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

```

5 0.5305511E 01 0.7740887E 01 0.5598074E 01 0.4661845E 01 0.6523197E 01 0.3760958E 01
7 0.5067741E 01 0.4395225E 01 0.2999999E 01 0.6285432E 01 0.2603510E 01 0.3760958E 01
COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *3DISK * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL
X-LEFT X-RIGHT X-LEFT X-RIGHT X-LEFT X-RIGHT X-LEFT X-RIGHT X-LEFT X-RIGHT
-0. 0.2296101E 01 -0. 0.4619397E-00 -0.2309697E-00 0.2527071E 01 0.2309698E-00
-0.4619395E-00 0.2758041E 01 0.4619397E-00 0.2989010E 01 0.2989010E 01 0.6929092E 00
-0.9238790E 00 0.3219980E 01 0.9238794E 00 0.3450950E 01 0.3450950E 01 0.1154849E 01
-0.138548E 01 0.3281920E 01 0.1385819E 01 0.3912890E 01 0.3912890E 01 0.1616789E 01
-0.1623588E 01 0.3919689E 01 0.1847759E 01 0.3919689E 01 0.3919689E 01 0.2078729E 01
-0.1623588E 01 0.3919689E 01 0.2309698E 01 0.3919689E 01 0.3919689E 01 0.2540668E 01
-0.1623588E 01 0.3865495E 01 0.2771638E 01 0.3769824E 01 0.3769824E 01 0.3002608E 01
-0.1623587E 01 0.3674233E 01 0.3233578E 01 0.3578483E 01 0.3578483E 01 0.3464548E 01
-0.1623587E 01 0.3482812E 01 0.3695517E 01 0.3387141E 01 0.3387141E 01 0.3926648E 01
-0.1385819E 01 0.3291470E 01 0.4157457E 01 0.3195799E 01 0.3195799E 01 0.4388427E 01
-0.9238792E 00 0.3100129E 01 0.4619397E 01 0.2989011E 01 0.2989011E 01 0.4850367E 01
-0.4619397E-00 0.2718044E 01 0.5081327E 01 0.2527072E 01 0.2527072E 01 0.5512306E 01
0. 0.2296102E 01 0.5543276E 01

```

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

```

0.1922567E-01 0.1937664E-01 0.1972124E-01 0.1965897E-01 0.1978916E-01 0.1991121E-01
0.2002446E-01 0.2012821E-01 0.2022176E-01 0.2030435E-01 0.2037520E-01 0.2043350E-01
0.2047841E-01 0.2050951E-01 0.2052453E-01 0.2052390E-01 0.2050623E-01 0.2047050E-01
0.2041572E-01 0.2034064E-01 0.2024482E-01 0.2012656E-01 0.1998499E-01 0.1981900E-01
0.1962749E-01 0.1958004E-01 0.1978143E-01 0.1997421E-01 0.2015736E-01 0.2032980E-01
0.1937100E-01 0.2063786E-01 0.2077098E-01 0.2088837E-01 0.2098858E-01 0.2107009E-01
0.2049037E-01 0.211705E-01 0.2118629E-01 0.2117644E-01 0.2113924E-01 0.2107274E-01
0.2113154E-01 0.2097494E-01 0.2064376E-01 0.2047205E-01 0.202879E-01 0.1994274E-01
0.1961251E-01 0.1968859E-01 0.1996336E-01 0.2021833E-01 0.2046192E-01 0.2069244E-01
0.1942545E-01 0.2110686E-01 0.2128666E-01 0.2144525E-01 0.2158017E-01 0.2168887E-01
0.2090808E-01 0.2185456E-01 0.2182940E-01 0.2180448E-01 0.2173744E-01 0.2162567E-01
0.2175860E-01 0.2146521E-01 0.2125231E-01 0.2098310E-01 0.2065366E-01 0.1979822E-01
0.1926430E-01

```

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1939185E-01	0.1973329E-01	0.2006646E-01	0.2038935E-01	0.2069972E-01	0.2099514E-01
0.2117290E-01	0.2153005E-01	0.2176337E-01	0.2196937E-01	0.2214424E-01	0.2228386E-01
0.2238382E-01	0.2243937E-01	0.2244544E-01	0.2239665E-01	0.2228730E-01	0.2211142E-01
0.2186278E-01	0.2155492E-01	0.2112122E-01	0.2061495E-01	0.2000936E-01	0.1929775E-01
0.1847365E-01	0.1968658E-01	0.2009145E-01	0.2048646E-01	0.208683E-01	0.2123461E-01
0.1927449E-01	0.2190260E-01	0.2219578E-01	0.2245506E-01	0.2267478E-01	0.2284871E-01
0.2158066E-01	0.2303144E-01	0.2302486E-01	0.2294175E-01	0.2277296E-01	0.2250879E-01
0.2297006E-01	0.2165350E-01	0.2104061E-01	0.2029011E-01	0.1939094E-01	0.1833258E-01
0.1710510E-01	0.1956216E-01	0.2004028E-01	0.2050999E-01	0.2096730E-01	0.2140845E-01
0.1907893E-01	0.2222013E-01	0.2257879E-01	0.2289665E-01	0.2316563E-01	0.2337668E-01
0.2182788E-01	0.2358389E-01	0.2355690E-01	0.2342566E-01	0.2317600E-01	0.2279279E-01
0.2351977E-01	0.2156135E-01	0.2067963E-01	0.1959798E-01	0.1829989E-01	0.1676984E-01
0.2226010E-01	0.1936484E-01	0.1991606E-01	0.2046139E-01	0.2099622E-01	0.2151512E-01
0.188166E-01	0.2247877E-01	0.2290765E-01	0.2328863E-01	0.2361056E-01	0.2386076E-01
0.2402456E-01	0.2408717E-01	0.2402961E-01	0.2383273E-01	0.2347526E-01	0.2293434E-01
0.2218572E-01	0.2120428E-01	0.1996443E-01	0.1844100E-01	0.1661016E-01	0.1445059E-01
0.1194490E-01	0.1910050E-01	0.1972285E-01	0.2034313E-01	0.2095571E-01	0.2155405E-01
0.1847993E-01	0.2267534E-01	0.2317807E-01	0.2362573E-01	0.2400341E-01	0.2429383E-01
0.2213035E-01	0.2455103E-01	0.2442988E-01	0.2414550E-01	0.2364675E-01	0.2289994E-01
0.244722E-01	0.2051767E-01	0.1880783E-01	0.1670394E-01	0.1417352E-01	0.1119002E-01
0.2186928E-01	0.1934307E-01	0.198426E-01	0.2062361E-01	0.2125346E-01	0.2187293E-01
0.7735614E-02	0.2303030E-01	0.2354833E-01	0.2400863E-01	0.2439492E-01	0.2468851E-01
0.1870471E-01	0.2490823E-01	0.2478178E-01	0.2445718E-01	0.238985E-01	0.2307214E-01
0.2486783E-01	0.2044324E-01	0.1855806E-01	0.1623769E-01	0.1344530E-01	0.1015089E-01
0.2193388E-01	0.1956964E-01	0.2022566E-01	0.2088005E-01	0.2152685E-01	0.2215888E-01
0.6334633E-02	0.233422E-01	0.2387052E-01	0.2433800E-01	0.2472734E-01	0.2501843E-01
0.1891679E-01	0.2520931E-01	0.2505195E-01	0.2468168E-01	0.2406047E-01	0.2314676E-01
0.2276744E-01	0.2026161E-01	0.1819649E-01	0.1565505E-01	0.1259601E-01	0.8985800E-02
0.2518800E-01	0.197001E-01	0.2042851E-01	0.2109514E-01	0.2173391E-01	0.2239728E-01
0.2189600E-01	0.2359934E-01	0.2413389E-01	0.2460416E-01	0.2499171E-01	0.2527501E-01
0.4802561E-02	0.2542472E-01	0.2522918E-01	0.2480504E-01	0.2411054E-01	0.2310028E-01
0.1909527E-01	0.1993237E-01	0.1767125E-01	0.1489012E-01	0.1154323E-01	0.7593443E-02
0.2301609E-01	0.1991198E-01	0.2058965E-01	0.2126542E-01	0.2193279E-01	0.2258386E-01
0.2562898E-01	0.2379655E-01	0.2433264E-01	0.2480066E-01	0.2518097E-01	0.2545051E-01
0.2172480E-01	0.2554527E-01	0.2530355E-01	0.2481662E-01	0.2403904E-01	0.2292080E-01
0.3017018E-02	0.1944341E-01	0.1696962E-01	0.1393048E-01	0.1027531E-01	0.5963463E-02

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.9696838E-03	0.200568E-01	0.2069283E-01	0.2136775E-01	0.2203386E-01	0.2268315E-01
0.195458E-01	0.2389019E-01	0.2442200E-01	0.2488440E-01	0.2525739E-01	0.2551738E-01
0.2330586E-01	0.2558358E-01	0.2592094E-01	0.2480692E-01	0.2399438E-01	0.2283116E-01
0.2126059E-01	0.1922269E-01	0.1665594E-01	0.1350008E-01	0.9699846E-02	0.5209764E-02
0.1940496E-01	0.2007043E-01	0.2073844E-01	0.2140374E-01	0.2205988E-01	0.2269896E-01
0.2331137E-01	0.2388553E-01	0.2440754E-01	0.2486080E-01	0.2522565E-01	0.2547890E-01
0.2559336E-01	0.2553747E-01	0.2527482E-01	0.2476382E-01	0.2395755E-01	0.2280361E-01
0.2124557E-01	0.1922188E-01	0.1666956E-01	0.1352560E-01	0.9730856E-02	0.5234536E-02
0.1942599E-01	0.2007945E-01	0.2073471E-01	0.2138657E-01	0.2202867E-01	0.2265323E-01
0.2325084E-01	0.2391010E-01	0.2431740E-01	0.2475648E-01	0.2510810E-01	0.2534952E-01
0.2545415E-01	0.2539101E-01	0.2512433E-01	0.2461320E-01	0.2381129E-01	0.2266688E-01
0.21123.4E-01	0.191.867E-01	0.1658999E-01	0.1347177E-01	0.9702066E-02	0.5225704E-02
0.1940314E-01	0.2004145E-01	0.208019E-01	0.2131481E-01	0.2193886E-01	0.2254469E-01
0.2312303E-01	0.2366276E-01	0.2415055E-01	0.2457056E-01	0.2490397E-01	0.2512865E-01
0.2521866E-01	0.2544381E-01	0.2486920E-01	0.2435486E-01	0.2355546E-01	0.2242017E-01
0.2089298E-01	0.1891312E-01	0.1641655E-01	0.1333769E-01	0.9612510E-02	0.5182529E-02
0.1933528E-01	0.1995476E-01	0.2057388E-01	0.2118760E-01	0.2178971E-01	0.2237271E-01
0.2292735E-01	0.234349E-01	0.2390701E-01	0.2430326E-01	0.2461376E-01	0.2481703E-01
0.2488794E-01	0.2479722E-01	0.2451105E-01	0.2399065E-01	0.2319204E-01	0.2206577E-01
0.2055713E-01	0.1850659E-01	0.1615083E-01	0.1312455E-01	0.9462859E-02	0.5105206E-02
0.19241.2E-01	0.1983799E-01	0.2043305E-01	0.2102126E-01	0.2159651E-01	0.2215143E-01
0.2267716E-01	0.2316308E-01	0.2359656E-01	0.2396265E-01	0.2424369E-01	0.2441896E-01
0.2446422E-01	0.2455154E-01	0.2404784E-01	0.2351648E-01	0.2271500E-01	0.2159587E-01
0.2010641E-01	0.1818911E-01	0.1578246E-01	0.1282250E-01	0.9245016E-02	0.4988804E-02
0.1972696E-01	0.2026837E-01	0.2080187E-01	0.2132219E-01	0.2182309E-01	0.2229711E-01
0.2273545E-01	0.2342779E-01	0.2396196E-01	0.2372378E-01	0.2389673E-01	0.2396164E-01
0.2389645E-01	0.2367578E-01	0.2327068E-01	0.2264839E-01	0.2177203E-01	0.2060060E-01
0.1908899E-01	0.1718834E-01	0.1484667E-01	0.1200998E-01	0.8623988E-02	0.4636388E-02
0.20121.6E-01	0.2059705E-01	0.2105902E-01	0.2150167E-01	0.2191874E-01	0.2230290E-01
0.2264560E-01	0.2293695E-01	0.2346551E-01	0.2331809E-01	0.2337953E-01	0.2333250E-01
0.2315728E-01	0.2283150E-01	0.2232991E-01	0.2162428E-01	0.2068318E-01	0.1947202E-01
0.1795309E-01	0.1608586E-01	0.1382745E-01	0.1113350E-01	0.7959288E-02	0.4261426E-02
0.2039665E-01	0.20797.2E-01	0.2117796E-01	0.2153385E-01	0.2195865E-01	0.2214530E-01
0.2238571E-01	0.2257065E-01	0.2268959E-01	0.2273057E-01	0.2268002E-01	0.2252265E-01
0.2224125E-01	0.2181656E-01	0.2122714E-01	0.2044926E-01	0.1945682E-01	0.1822137E-01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1671223E-01	0.1489667E-01	0.1274028E-01	0.1020759E-01	0.7262875E-02	0.3871211E-02
0.	0.2083680E-01	0.2112693E-01	0.2138755E-01	0.2161289E-01	0.2179648E-01
0.2052221E-01	0.2200835E-01	0.2201866E-01	0.2195220E-01	0.2179715E-01	0.2154058E-01
0.2193097E-01	0.2066413E-01	0.2001101E-01	0.1918981E-01	0.1817983E-01	0.1695878E-01
0.2116819E-01	0.1378666E-01	0.1178401E-01	0.9467732E-02	0.6810490E-02	0.3785403E-02
0.1550280E-01	0.3669136E-03	0.2086469E-01	0.2102256E-01	0.2114562E-01	0.2122879E-01
0.3669136E-03	0.2046247E-01	0.2117944E-01	0.2104035E-01	0.2082667E-01	0.2052928E-01
0.2046247E-01	0.2126642E-01	0.1903066E-01	0.1828971E-01	0.1740607E-01	0.1636516E-01
0.2126642E-01	0.1964260E-01	0.1213970E-01	0.1030698E-01	0.8232535E-02	0.5898336E-02
0.1902828E-01	0.1374866E-01	0.2038556E-01	0.2044466E-01	0.2047361E-01	0.2046672E-01
0.1473559E-01	0.2029373E-01	0.2018873E-01	0.1999440E-01	0.1974029E-01	0.1942041E-01
0.585454E-02	0.2032884E-01	0.1799901E-01	0.1734658E-01	0.1659120E-01	0.1572399E-01
0.1962749E-01	0.1855695E-01	0.1235548E-01	0.1094299E-01	0.9367839E-02	0.7619011E-02
0.1938487E-01	0.1361616E-01	0.1965371E-01	0.1963016E-01	0.1957917E-01	0.1949828E-01
0.1785108E-01	0.1965210E-01	0.1904910E-01	0.1882056E-01	0.1854715E-01	0.1822526E-01
0.1425608E-01	0.1742057E-01	0.1692947E-01	0.1637331E-01	0.1574735E-01	0.1504666E-01
0.7591673E-02	0.1340025E-01	0.1244359E-01	0.1139036E-01	0.1023466E-01	0.8970473E-02

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (B)-K.A.TOUPS.11/1/63

RUN NO. 5 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *3DISK *1PLAT1*
9TDISK *
*0 * *

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK* TO SURFACE *1PLAT1 * = 0.04739

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.12064E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.2545277E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK* = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *1PLAT1 * , COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.3686761E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *3DISK 9TDISK*

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLAT1 * = 0.4837355E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME-- *3DISK 9TDISK*

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.	-0.	0.1000000E 01	2	0.2296100E 01	-0.	0.
3	0.2919687E 01	0.1623588E 01	-0.	4	0.3919687E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.
5	0.2296100E 01	0.5543275E 01	0.	6	0.	0.5543275E 01	0.
7	-0.1623587E 01	0.3919688E 01	0.	8	-0.1623587E 01	0.1623588E 01	0.

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLAT1. *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	-0.5085678E 01	-0.9331043E 00	0.6415361E 01	2	-0.3664933E 01	-0.5949895E 01	0.2724745E 0
3	-0.4001184E 01	-0.1218412E 01	0.6398980E 01	4	-0.7171818E 01	0.2594583E 01	0.
5	-0.5135656E 01	-0.3958538E 01	0.				
	-0.7212955E 01	0.3173423E 01	0.4494908E-00				

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *3DISK 9TDISK* FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT		X-RIGHT		Y		X-LEFT		X-RIGHT		Y	
0.	0.2296100E 01	-0.	0.4619396E 00	-0.	0.2309697E 00	0.2527070E 01	0.2309698E 00	0.2527070E 01	0.2309698E 00	0.2309698E 00	0.2309698E 00
-0.	0.2758039E 01	0.	0.4619396E 00	-0.	0.6929091E 00	0.2989009E 01	0.6929094E 00	0.2989009E 01	0.6929094E 00	0.6929094E 00	0.6929094E 00
-0.	0.3219979E 01	0.	0.9238792E 00	-0.	0.1154848E 01	0.3450949E 01	0.1154849E 01	0.3450949E 01	0.1154849E 01	0.1154849E 01	0.1154849E 01
-0.	0.3681919E 01	0.	0.1385819E 01	-0.	0.1616788E 01	0.3912888E 01	0.1616789E 01	0.3912888E 01	0.1616789E 01	0.1616789E 01	0.1616789E 01
-0.	0.3919687E 01	0.	0.1847758E 01	-0.	0.1623587E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.2078728E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.2078728E 01	0.2078728E 01	0.2078728E 01
-0.	0.3919687E 01	0.	0.2309698E 01	-0.	0.1623587E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.2540668E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.2540668E 01	0.2540668E 01	0.2540668E 01
-0.	0.3919687E 01	0.	0.2771637E 01	-0.	0.1623587E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.3002607E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.3002607E 01	0.3002607E 01	0.3002607E 01
-0.	0.3919687E 01	0.	0.3695517E 01	-0.	0.1623587E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.3464547E 01	0.3919687E 01	0.3464547E 01	0.3464547E 01	0.3464547E 01
-0.	0.3681919E 01	0.	0.4157456E 01	-0.	0.1616789E 01	0.3912888E 01	0.3926486E 01	0.3912888E 01	0.3926486E 01	0.3926486E 01	0.3926486E 01
-0.	0.3219979E 01	0.	0.4619396E 01	-0.	0.1154849E 01	0.3450949E 01	0.4388426E 01	0.3450949E 01	0.4388426E 01	0.4388426E 01	0.4388426E 01
-0.	0.2758039E 01	0.	0.5081335E 01	-0.	0.6929095E 00	0.2989009E 01	0.4850365E 01	0.2989009E 01	0.4850365E 01	0.4850365E 01	0.4850365E 01
0.	0.2296100E 01	0.	0.5543275E 01	-0.	0.2309700E 00	0.2527070E 01	0.5312305E 01	0.2527070E 01	0.5312305E 01	0.5312305E 01	0.5312305E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 24 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 24

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.9553849E-01	0.9263247E-01	0.8982160E-01	0.8710299E-01	0.8447382E-01	0.8193132E-01
0.7947276E-01	0.7709530E-01	0.7479694E-01	0.7257454E-01	0.7042584E-01	0.6834841E-01
0.6633991E-01	0.6439805E-01	0.6252061E-01	0.6070541E-01	0.5895035E-01	0.5725339E-01
0.5561256E-01	0.5402591E-01	0.5249161E-01	0.5100783E-01	0.4957283E-01	0.4818490E-01
0.4684243E-01	0.4540759E-01	0.4402510E-01	0.4269414E-01	0.4141393E-01	0.4021393E-01
0.3265834E-01	0.3143222E-01	0.3026322E-01	0.2914322E-01	0.2807213E-01	0.2704948E-01
0.4304075E-01	0.5089347E-01	0.4919697E-01	0.4756607E-01	0.4599811E-01	0.4449049E-01
0.1040466E-00	0.9974768E-01	0.9563510E-01	0.9170157E-01	0.8794001E-01	0.8434353E-01
0.8790540E-01	0.7764909E-01	0.7447824E-01	0.7147670E-01	0.6860849E-01	0.6586784E-01
0.6324917E-01	0.6074709E-01	0.5835642E-01	0.5607213E-01	0.5388944E-01	0.5180370E-01
0.4981049E-01	0.4790554E-01	0.4608478E-01	0.4434429E-01	0.4268034E-01	0.4108935E-01
0.1077341E-00	0.1027431E-00	0.9799166E-01	0.9345962E-01	0.8916701E-01	0.8507414E-01
0.8118163E-01	0.7748057E-01	0.7396155E-01	0.7061660E-01	0.6743733E-01	0.6441578E-01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.6154429E-01	0.5881552E-01	0.5622239E-01	0.5375813E-01	0.5141625E-01	0.4919055E-01
0.4707508E-01	0.4500491E-01	0.4515247E-01	0.4133481E-01	0.3900629E-01	0.3796222E-01
0.3639831E-01	0.1052722E-00	0.9991401E-01	0.9483380E-01	0.9002229E-01	0.8546666E-01
0.110934E-00	0.7707388E-01	0.7321322E-01	0.6956138E-01	0.6610764E-01	0.6284167E-01
0.8115451E-01	0.5683380E-01	0.5407332E-01	0.5146342E-01	0.4899580E-01	0.4666257E-01
0.5975335E-01	0.4236958E-01	0.4039590E-01	0.3852875E-01	0.3676205E-01	0.3509004E-01
0.4445621E-01	0.3250729E-01	0.1013564E-00	0.9576203E-01	0.9048340E-01	0.8551028E-01
0.3250729E-01	0.1072853E-00	0.7224140E-01	0.6832259E-01	0.6463319E-01	0.6116047E-01
0.1135665E-00	0.7640297E-01	0.5192249E-01	0.4919931E-01	0.4663688E-01	0.4422558E-01
0.8082113E-01	0.5481656E-01	0.3780962E-01	0.3591641E-01	0.3413344E-01	0.3245390E-01
0.5789216E-01	0.3982034E-01	0.1022782E-00	0.9622743E-01	0.9054079E-01	0.8519867E-01
0.4195627E-01	0.3087134E-01	0.7105654E-01	0.6691334E-01	0.6302867E-01	0.5938737E-01
0.3087134E-01	0.1087157E-00	0.4978200E-01	0.4697569E-01	0.4434670E-01	0.4188374E-01
0.1155558E-00	0.7547406E-01	0.3538723E-01	0.3348752E-01	0.3170829E-01	0.3005568E-01
0.8018239E-01	0.5277757E-01	0.1026450E-00	0.9620898E-01	0.9017824E-01	0.8453008E-01
0.5597496E-01	0.3741379E-01	0.6967123E-01	0.6534816E-01	0.6130937E-01	0.5753760E-01
0.3957614E-01	0.1093107E-00	0.4766271E-01	0.4480100E-01	0.4213099E-01	0.3963983E-01
0.2846831E-01	0.7429659E-01	0.3312167E-01	0.3123161E-01	0.2946667E-01	0.2781805E-01
0.1168323E-00	0.5072970E-01	0.1036693E-00	0.9140361E-01	0.8582190E-01	0.8058168E-01
0.7924302E-01	0.3554625E-01	0.6673269E-01	0.6268478E-01	0.5889484E-01	0.5534800E-01
0.1103959E-00	0.1036693E-00	0.4602547E-01	0.4331330E-01	0.4077826E-01	0.3840892E-01
0.7566483E-01	0.7105404E-01	0.321897E-01	0.3038069E-01	0.2868900E-01	0.2710666E-01
0.5202991E-01	0.4892680E-01	0.9195486E-01	0.8651623E-01	0.8159284E-01	0.7656929E-01
0.3619444E-01	0.3424600E-01	0.6375372E-01	0.5998798E-01	0.5645351E-01	0.5315779E-01
0.2562607E-01	0.1038448E-00	0.4438370E-01	0.4182599E-01	0.3942965E-01	0.3718587E-01
0.1038448E-00	0.9772543E-01	0.3127468E-01	0.2954906E-01	0.2793268E-01	0.2641834E-01
0.7203092E-01	0.6776361E-01	0.8666917E-01	0.8171508E-01	0.7703345E-01	0.7261157E-01
0.5002808E-01	0.4714443E-01	0.6079637E-01	0.5730492E-01	0.5401932E-01	0.5092926E-01
0.3508474E-01	0.3311721E-01	0.4273263E-01	0.4032633E-01	0.3806777E-01	0.3594830E-01
0.2499928E-01	0.1919078E-01	0.3054335E-01	0.2870102E-01	0.2716003E-01	0.2571394E-01
0.9744465E-01	0.9190788E-01	0.8666917E-01	0.8171508E-01	0.7703345E-01	0.7261157E-01
0.6843892E-01	0.6450414E-01	0.6079637E-01	0.5730492E-01	0.5401932E-01	0.5092926E-01
0.4802465E-01	0.4529563E-01	0.4273263E-01	0.4032633E-01	0.3806777E-01	0.3594830E-01
0.3595962E-01	0.3209362E-01	0.3054335E-01	0.2870102E-01	0.2716003E-01	0.2571394E-01
0.2435668E-01	0.2435668E-01	0.8151852E-01	0.7702686E-01	0.7276695E-01	0.6873031E-01
0.9123259E-01	0.8625007E-01	0.8151852E-01	0.7702686E-01	0.7276695E-01	0.6873031E-01
0.6490862E-01	0.6129358E-01	0.5787694E-01	0.5465041E-01	0.5160373E-01	0.4873462E-01
0.4602890E-01	0.4348048E-01	0.4108136E-01	0.3882376E-01	0.3670008E-01	0.3470294E-01
0.3282519E-01	0.3105997E-01	0.294007E-01	0.2784109E-01	0.2637513E-01	0.2499710E-01
0.2370160E-01	0.2370160E-01	0.7652825E-01	0.7247453E-01	0.6861509E-01	0.6494454E-01
0.8524000E-01	0.8078159E-01	0.7652825E-01	0.7247453E-01	0.6861509E-01	0.6494454E-01

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.6145734E-C1	0.5814777E-01	0.5500992E-01	0.5203768E-01	0.4922480E-01	0.4656489E-01
0.4405148E-01	0.4167830E-01	0.3945825E-01	0.3732505E-01	0.3533352E-01	0.3345609E-01
0.3168716E-01	0.3002084E-01	0.2845147E-01	0.2697355E-01	0.2558184E-01	0.2427133E-01
0.2303723E-01	0.7552369E-01	0.7171933E-01	0.6807723E-01	0.6459514E-01	0.6127036E-01
0.7949237E-01	0.5508075E-01	0.5240788E-01	0.4947831E-01	0.4688720E-01	0.4442988E-01
0.5809994E-01	0.3989679E-01	0.3781087E-01	0.3583847E-01	0.3397441E-01	0.3221355E-01
0.4210142E-01	0.2898117E-01	0.2700039E-01	0.2610239E-01	0.2478383E-01	0.2353995E-01
0.3050838E-C1	0.7049495E-01	0.6710833E-01	0.6385034E-01	0.6072137E-01	0.5772113E-01
0.2236657E-01	0.5210291E-01	0.4948155E-01	0.4698226E-01	0.4460220E-01	0.4233816E-01
0.7400925E-01	0.3834389E-01	0.3620800E-01	0.3436892E-01	0.3262852E-01	0.3098061E-01
0.5484879E-01	0.2794569E-01	0.2655046E-01	0.2524313E-01	0.2399449E-01	0.2280608E-01
0.4018664E-C1	0.6570843E-01	0.6270763E-01	0.5980559E-01	0.5700490E-01	0.5430733E-01
0.2169248E-C1	0.4922484E-01	0.4683985E-01	0.4453792E-01	0.4237765E-01	0.4029712E-01
0.6880454E-01	0.3642582E-01	0.3422966E-01	0.3292240E-01	0.3130096E-01	0.2976202E-01
0.5171386E-01	0.2691816E-01	0.2560650E-01	0.2436387E-01	0.2318698E-01	0.2207262E-01
0.3831404E-C1	0.6117212E-01	0.5853536E-01	0.5595124E-01	0.5345386E-01	0.5103690E-01
0.2330221E-01	0.4645326E-01	0.4428986E-01	0.4221212E-01	0.4022007E-01	0.3831292E-01
0.2101762E-01	0.3474809E-01	0.3308691E-01	0.3150377E-01	0.2999630E-01	0.2856200E-01
0.6388679E-01	0.2590234E-01	0.2467154E-01	0.2350308E-01	0.2239421E-01	0.2134223E-01
0.4870290E-01	0.5682849E-01	0.5451066E-01	0.5224280E-01	0.5003063E-01	0.4787882E-01
0.3648945E-01	0.4377020E-01	0.4181827E-01	0.3993662E-01	0.3812595E-01	0.3638644E-01
0.2719825E-01	0.3311918E-01	0.3158965E-01	0.3012774E-01	0.2873189E-01	0.2740027E-01
0.2034446E-C1	0.2492179E-01	0.2377070E-01	0.2267544E-01	0.2163378E-01	0.2064348E-01
0.5918941E-C1	0.5094730E-01	0.4911375E-01	0.4731100E-01	0.4554354E-01	0.4381514E-01
0.4579106E-01	0.4048739E-01	0.3889255E-01	0.3734581E-01	0.3584835E-01	0.3440050E-01
0.3471776E-01	0.3165526E-01	0.3035746E-01	0.2910891E-01	0.2790892E-01	0.2675659E-01
0.2513093E-01	0.2459070E-01	0.2357477E-01	0.2260181E-01	0.2167048E-01	0.2077937E-01
0.1970231E-C1	0.4581179E-01	0.4436684E-01	0.4294091E-01	0.4152607E-01	0.4015636E-01
0.5280634E-01	0.3748034E-01	0.3618772E-01	0.3492723E-01	0.3369994E-01	0.3250660E-01
0.4212892E-01	0.3022371E-01	0.2913462E-01	0.2808041E-01	0.2706092E-01	0.2607581E-01
0.3300284E-C1	0.2420688E-01	0.2332193E-01	0.2246911E-01	0.2164767E-01	0.2085683E-01
0.2565090E-01	0.4131346E-01	0.4018125E-01	0.3906003E-01	0.3795205E-01	0.3685930E-01
0.1922709E-01	0.3472540E-01	0.3365863E-01	0.3267189E-01	0.3167686E-01	0.3070427E-01
0.4727155E-01	0.2882855E-01	0.2792615E-01	0.2704768E-01	0.2619321E-01	0.2536273E-01
0.3880378E-C1	0.2377529E-01	0.2301392E-01	0.2227776E-01	0.2156446E-01	0.2087364E-01
0.3154775E-C1					
0.2512463E-01					
0.2009578E-C1					
0.4245410E-01					
0.3578352E-01					
0.2975469E-01					
0.2455615E-01					
0.2020489E-C1					

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.3824555E-01	0.3736104E-01	0.3648120E-01	0.3560766E-01	0.3474180E-01	0.3388517E-01
0.3303872E-01	0.3220355E-01	0.3138059E-01	0.3057063E-01	0.2977436E-01	0.2899237E-01
0.2922514E-01	0.2747310E-01	0.2673657E-01	0.2601581E-01	0.2531099E-01	0.2462266E-01
0.2394966E-01	0.2324926E-01	0.2265300E-01	0.2202881E-01	0.2142060E-01	0.2082823E-01
0.2025152E-01	0.2028776E-01	0.2024019E-01	0.2025297E-01	0.2028619E-01	0.2031199E-01
0.3455581E-01	0.2989242E-01	0.2924951E-01	0.2861435E-01	0.2798741E-01	0.2736914E-01
0.3054255E-01	0.2516004E-01	0.2556983E-01	0.2499950E-01	0.2441926E-01	0.2385927E-01
0.2675991E-01	0.2277052E-01	0.2224193E-01	0.2172393E-01	0.2121652E-01	0.2071971E-01
0.2330965E-01	0.2023346E-01	0.2023346E-01	0.2023346E-01	0.2023346E-01	0.2023346E-01
0.3130915E-01	0.3079837E-01	0.3028820E-01	0.2977986E-01	0.2927385E-01	0.2877064E-01
0.2927068E-01	0.2777434E-01	0.2728202E-01	0.2679406E-01	0.2631074E-01	0.2583237E-01
0.2535919E-01	0.2489145E-01	0.2442934E-01	0.2397305E-01	0.2352275E-01	0.2307857E-01
0.2764064E-01	0.2720907E-01	0.2678394E-01	0.2636537E-01	0.2595335E-01	0.2554797E-01
0.2014926E-01	0.2008338E-01	0.2002622E-01	0.2001776E-01	0.2001406E-01	0.2001175E-01
0.2944471E-01	0.2583227E-01	0.2546552E-01	0.2510101E-01	0.2473893E-01	0.2437945E-01
0.2620108E-01	0.2366865E-01	0.2331804E-01	0.2297036E-01	0.2262593E-01	0.2228487E-01
0.2432271E-01	0.2161319E-01	0.2128273E-01	0.2095595E-01	0.2063290E-01	0.2031366E-01
0.1999866E-01					

FIGURE 23. Group B Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

SAMPLE PROBLEM GROUP C

The geometrical relationships for this sample problem are shown in Figure 24. The data sheets are presented in Figure 25 and the results are shown in Figure 26.

Problem 1C

In this problem, a solid surface which could not be created by the program surface generator is entered manually along with the necessary connections data. A cube with four truncated corners, named 5CUBE, is entered in data from a convenient location in its coordinate system, i.e., at the origin, as shown in Figure 24. Only three points were computed and entered as 9TCUBE transformation data to move the surface to the desired position shown over Surface 1, 1PLAT5. The factor from 1PLAT5 to 5CUBE9TCUBE is requested as Run #1.

The silhouette generator was used to compute the silhouette from each point in 1PLAT5, and because a detailed output was requested with 6 horizontal and 6 vertical divisions of 1PLAT5, 49 silhouettes were computed as shown in Figure 26. The numbers following each identifying mapping line and mapping point number are the boundary point numbers which form the silhouette when connected together. It was possible, since there are no crossovers in the silhouette, to run this problem in the simple mode in SILFAC at greater speed. The mapping divisions were deliberately set at 6 x 6 to reduce the output; some experimentation is required to determine how many divisions are required to yield the factor to the accuracy desired.

Problem 2C

The silhouette generator requires that all points in Surface 2 be above the plane of Surface 1 when operating in either the simple or complex mode. A view of 5CUBE in its original position from 1PLAT5 clearly shows part of 5CUBE below the surface of 1PLAT5; the run is therefore rejected with a diagnostic indicating this condition.

Contrails

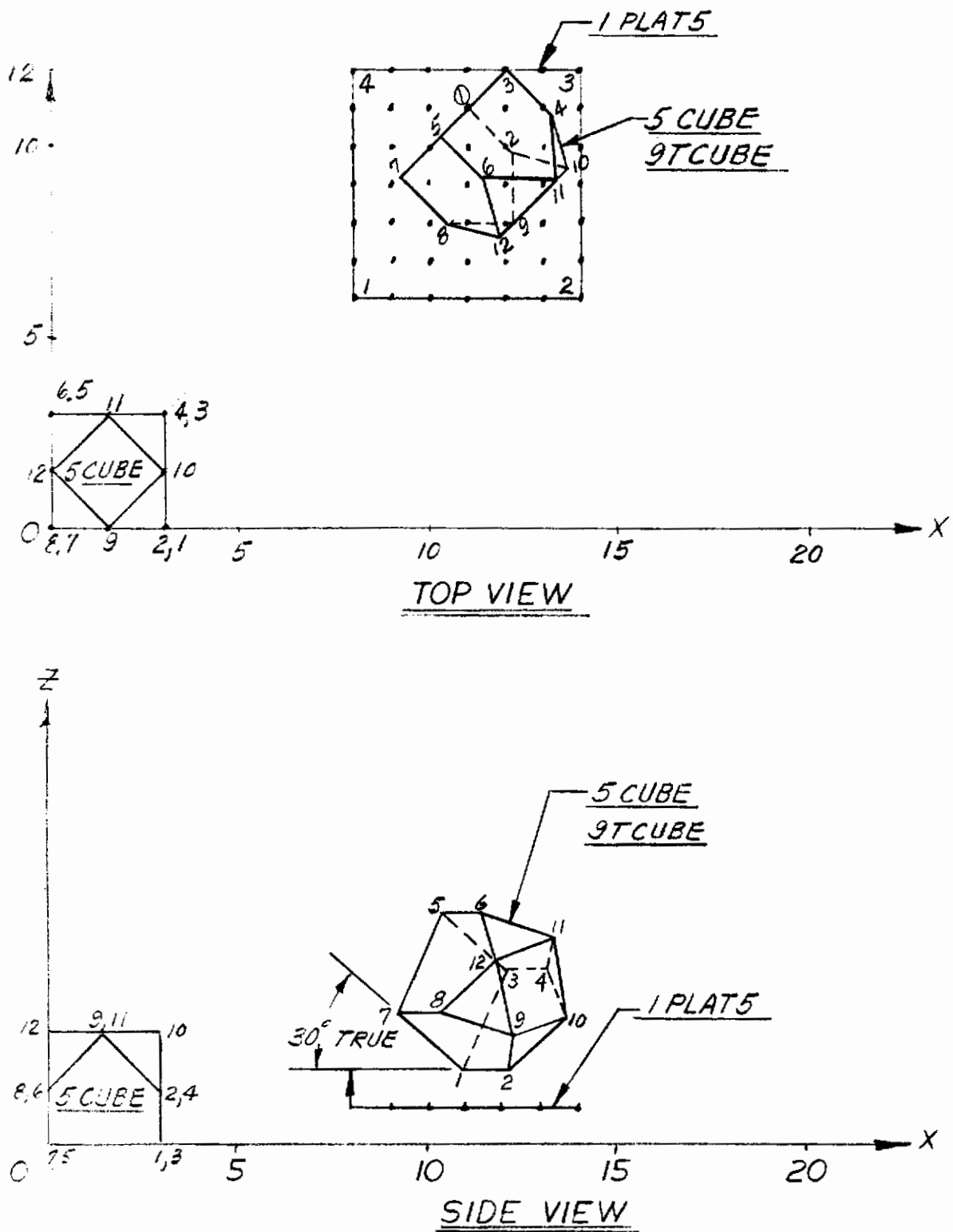


FIGURE 24. GROUP C SAMPLE PROBLEMS GEOMETRY

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 13 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
1			
13			
25			
37			

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 15 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
11			
13	5 2 4		
15	3 . 0		
17	3 . 0		
19	1 . 5		
21	1 0 1 1 3	73 80	
23	0 . 0	C 0 9 0	
25	3 . 0		
27	3 . 0		
29	3 . 0	73 80	
31	1 . 5	C 1 0 0	
33	5 1 1 1 2		
35	0 . 0		
37	0 . 0		
39	0 . 0		
41	1 5 8	73 80	
43	0 . 0	C 1 1 0	
45	0 . 0		
47	1 . 5		
49	7 9 1 2		
51	1 . 5		
53	0 . 0	73 80	
55	3 . 0	C 1 2 0	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-66 - VELLUM

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 16 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
11	2 8 1 0 1 2		
13	3 . 0		
15	1 . 5		
17	3 . 0		
19	2 9 1 1 4	73 80	
21	1 . 5	C 1 3 0	
23	3 . 0		
25	3 . 0		
27	1 0 1 2 6 4		
29	0 . 0		
31	1 . 5	73 80	
33	3 . 0	C 1 4 0	
35	9 8 5 1 1		
37			
39			
41		73 80	
43		C 1 5 0	
45	9 T C U B E		
47	T R A N S F E R M S		
49	C U B E T O K E Y		
51	E D P I T I O N		
53	I N 1 S T Q U A D .	73 80	
55		C 1 6 0	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-66 - VELLUM

FIGURE 25. Group C Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 17 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	1 . 0		
13	1 1 . 0		
25	1 1 . 0		
37	2 . 0		
49	2 . 0	73	80
61	1 2 . 0 6 0 6 6 C 2		C 1 7 0
1	9 . 9 3 9 3 3 9 8		
13	2 . C		
25	7 . C		
37	9 . 1 6 2 8 8 3 5		
49	9 . 1 6 2 8 8 3 5	73	80
61	3 . 5		C 1 8 0
1	1 P L A T 5 5 C U B E		
13	9 T C U B E		
25	D 1 1		
37	1 P L A T 5 5 C U B E		
49		73	80
61	D 1 1		C 1 9 0
1	5 C U B E 1 P L A T 5		
13			
25			
37			
49		73	80
61			C 2 0 0

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLUX

FIGURE 25. Group C Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION
T+A PROJECT RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM

C O N F A C I I

NAA CG.FAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (C)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

I N P U T D A T A

***** DATA NAME- *IPLATS * 6X6 PLATE PARALLEL TO XY PLANE, Z=1

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.8000000E 01	0.6000000E 01	0.2000000E 01	1	0.1400000E 02	0.6000000E 01	0.0000000E 01
3	0.8000000E 01	0.6000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	2	0.1400000E 02	0.6000000E 01	0.0000000E 01
5	0.1400000E 02	0.1200000E 02	0.1000000E 01	4	0.8000000E 01	0.1200000E 02	0.1000000E 01

***** DATA NAME- *5CUBE * 3 UNITS ON A SIDE, WITH FOUR ADJACENT CORNERS TRUNCATED

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.5000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.0000000E 01	2	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
3	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.0000000E 01	4	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
5	0.0000000E 00	0.3000000E 01	0.0000000E 01	6	0.0000000E 00	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
7	0.0000000E 00	0.0000000E 00	0.0000000E 00	8	0.0000000E 00	0.0000000E 00	0.1500000E 01
9	0.1500000E 01	0.0000000E 00	0.3000000E 01	10	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01	0.3000000E 01
11	0.1500000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	12	0.0000000E 00	0.1500000E 01	0.3000000E 01

***** DATA NAME- *9TCUBE * TRANSFORMS 5CUBE TO SKEWED POSITION IN 1ST QUAD.

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	1	0.1500000E 01	0.1500000E 01	0.1500000E 01
2	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	2	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
3	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	3	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
4	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	4	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
5	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	5	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
6	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	6	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
7	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	7	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
8	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	8	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
9	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	9	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
10	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	10	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
11	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	11	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
12	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	12	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01

***** DATA NAME- *9TCUBE * TRANSFORMS 5CUBE TO SKEWED POSITION IN 1ST QUAD.

TRANSFORMATION DATA-

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	1	0.1500000E 01	0.1500000E 01	0.1500000E 01
2	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	2	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
3	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	3	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
4	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	4	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
5	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	5	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
6	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	6	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
7	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	7	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
8	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	8	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
9	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	9	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
10	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	10	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
11	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	11	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01
12	0.1100000E 02	0.1100000E 02	0.2000000E 01	12	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1500000E 01

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results
(7 pages)

7 0.9162883E 01 0.9.62883E 01 0.3500000E 01

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CORFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (C)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 1 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLAT5*SCUBE *
 9TCUBE
 D 1
 1*

MAPPING LINE PT	SURFACE	2	SILHOUETTE	COMPUTED	FROM	MAPPING	POINT	SHOWN
1	1	1	2	1	7	5	6	12
1	1	2	1	2	1	7	5	6
1	1	3	12	9	10	2	1	7
1	1	4	12	11	10	2	1	7
1	1	5	12	11	10	2	1	7
1	1	6	12	11	10	2	1	7
1	1	7	12	11	10	2	1	7
2	2	1	12	9	2	1	7	5
2	2	2	12	9	10	2	1	7
2	2	3	12	9	10	2	1	7
2	2	4	12	9	10	2	1	7
2	2	5	12	11	10	2	1	7
2	2	6	12	11	10	2	1	7
2	2	7	12	11	10	2	1	7
3	3	1	12	9	2	1	5	7
3	3	2	12	9	2	1	7	8
3	3	3	12	9	10	2	1	7
3	3	4	12	9	10	2	1	7
3	3	5	12	9	10	2	1	7
3	3	6	12	11	10	2	1	7
3	3	7	12	11	10	4	3	1
4	4	1	9	2	1	3	5	7
4	4	2	9	2	1	7	8	9
4	4	3	9	2	1	7	8	9
4	4	4	9	10	2	1	7	8
4	4	5	9	10	2	1	7	8
4	4	6	9	10	4	3	1	7
4	4	7	9	11	10	4	3	1
5	5	1	9	2	1	3	5	7
5	5	2	9	2	1	3	5	7
5	5	3	9	2	1	7	8	9
5	5	4	9	10	2	1	7	8
5	5	5	9	10	4	3	1	7
5	5	6	9	10	4	3	1	7

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

```

5 7 9 10 4 3 1 7 8 9
6 1 9 2 1 3 5 7 8 9
6 2 9 2 1 3 5 7 8 9
6 3 9 2 1 3 5 7 8 9
6 4 9 2 10 4 3 5 7 8 9
6 5 9 10 4 3 1 7 8 9
6 6 9 10 4 3 1 7 8 9
6 7 9 10 11 4 3 1 2 9
7 1 9 2 1 3 5 7 8 9
7 2 9 2 1 3 5 7 8 9
7 3 9 2 10 4 3 5 7 8 9
7 4 9 2 10 4 3 5 7 8 9
7 5 9 10 4 3 5 7 8 9
7 6 9 10 4 3 1 2 9
7 7 9 10 11 4 3 1 2 9
    
```

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 1.869 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLATS * T0 SURFACE *5CUBE *9TCUBE* = 0.20965

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.75473E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLATS * = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SL

NITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

```

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLATS *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
2 0. 0. 0.6000000E 01 0. 0.
3 0.6000000E 01 0.6000000E 01 0. 0. 0.6000000E 01 0.
    
```

***** DATA NAME-- *5CUBE *9TCUBE*

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.300000E 01	0.500000E 01	1.000000E 00	2	0.406066E 01	0.393934E 01	1.000000E 00
3	0.406066E 01	0.606066E 01	0.359807E 01	4	0.512132E 01	0.500000E 01	0.559807E 01
5	0.222354E 01	0.422354E 01	0.509807E 01	6	0.328420E 01	0.316288E 01	0.509807E 01
7	0.116288E 01	0.316288E 01	0.250000E 01	8	0.222354E 01	0.210222E 01	0.250000E 01
9	0.420276E 01	0.196012E 01	0.175000E 01	10	0.565165E 01	0.340901E 01	0.229903E 01
11	0.526342E 01	0.302078E 01	0.434807E 01	12	0.381453E 01	0.157189E 01	0.579903E 01

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLATS * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.	0.600000E 01	0.600000E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.100000E 01	0.
0.	0.600000E 01	0.200000E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.300000E 01	0.
0.	0.500000E 01	0.400000E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.500000E 01	0.
0.	0.600000E 01	0.600000E 01	0.			0.

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.5542873E-C1	0.7322678E-01	0.8797613E-01	0.1046541E-00	0.1106608E-00	0.9935200E-01
0.7779035E-C1	0.1026427E-00	0.1477862E-00	0.1783285E-00	0.1793724E-00	0.1513113E-00
0.1085884E-C0	0.1435698E-00	0.2343451E-00	0.2974624E-00	0.2748546E-00	0.2056391E-00
0.7518837E-C1	0.1440602E-C0	0.1681767E-00	0.4090476E-00	0.3782529E-00	0.2721936E-00
0.9988021E-C1	0.1778483E-00	0.2718263E-00	0.3895978E-00	0.3953245E-00	0.3070930E-00
0.1146046E-C0	0.1880566E-C0	0.1633228E-00	0.2438396E-00	0.3081478E-00	0.2582763E-00
0.1082963E-C0	0.1756396E-C0	0.1208751E-00	0.1802528E-00	0.1773333E-00	0.1757886E-00
0.8843643E-C1	0.1340541E-C0				

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (C)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 2 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLAT5*5CUBE *
D 1 1*

MAPPING SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN
LINE PT

SURF 2 HAS A 0 UR - Z-C00K0 REL TO SURF 1-THIS RUN ABORTED.

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (C)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 3 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *SCUBE *1PLAT5*
* * * * *

A NONPLANAR SURFACE CANNOT BE USED AS SURFACE 1--THIS RUN ABORTED.

FIGURE 26. Group C Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

Contrails

SAMPLE PROBLEM GROUP D

The geometrical relationship for this sample problem are presented in Figure 27. The data sheets are shown in Figure 28 and the results are presented in Figure 29.

Problem 1D

The referenced figure, Figure 27, shows a truncated-cone-on-cylinder and a disk, skewed with respect to the cylinder-cone centerline. The cylinder-cone is created by the surface generator as 6CYTR, a 32-sided solid in its final position in the unprimed coordinate system. The disk is also internally generated, but because the generator (in its present version) is limited to cross sections parallel to XY plane, the disk, 3DISKC, had to be transformed to the skewed position by transformation data 9TDSKC. The results are shown in Figure 29. The simple mode was used for processing because no line segment crossovers are present, which enabled the use of transformations to construct the problem. The warning note concerning the difference between the mapping area and the actual 3DISK surface area is supplied to attract attention to possible errors in Surface 1 data entry of the choice of mapping increments. As indicated in the comments on Problem 1 of Sample Problem Group C, the coarse increment 6 x 6 was selected to reduce output. A finer increment should probably be used to insure accuracy to the third place, if such is desired. It must be emphasized that the form factor obtained in Run #1 is the factor to the solid figure, 6CYLTR, which, of course, includes the bases. Since the factor to the skin is the desired number, it is necessary to subtract the factors to the ends. The upper end is obviously not seen ($f = 0$), so the factor to the base only must be obtained. The base is easily created by the surface generator (3DISKB), but it is created with the orientation vector pointing toward the +Z axis--the wrong way. It is necessary to turn it around by a primary transformation--(9TDSKD). Thus, the full capability of the primary transformation feature is utilized and exemplified, shown by Run #2. The factor to the skin of 6CYLTR is obtained by subtracting the results of Run #2 from Run #1, or

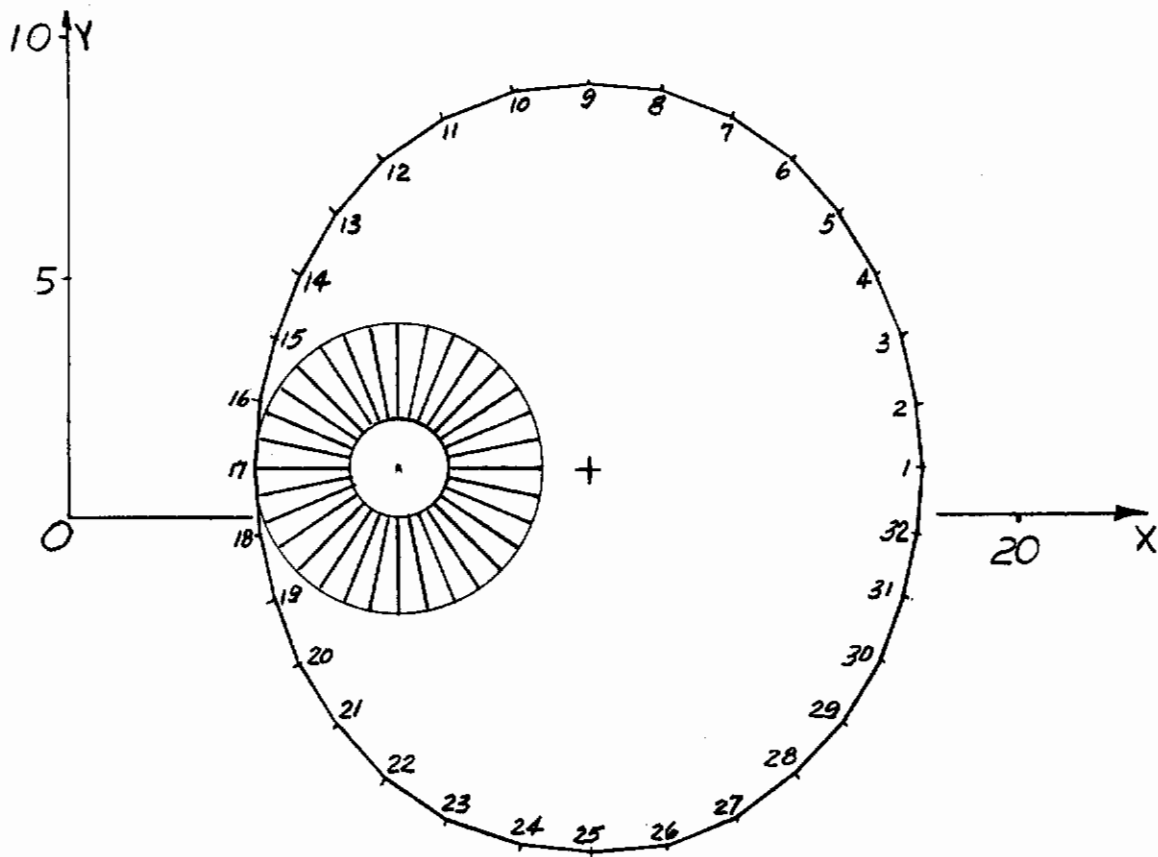
$$f_{\text{skin}} = f_{\text{total}} - f_{\text{base}}$$

$$f = 0.18946 - 0.09955$$

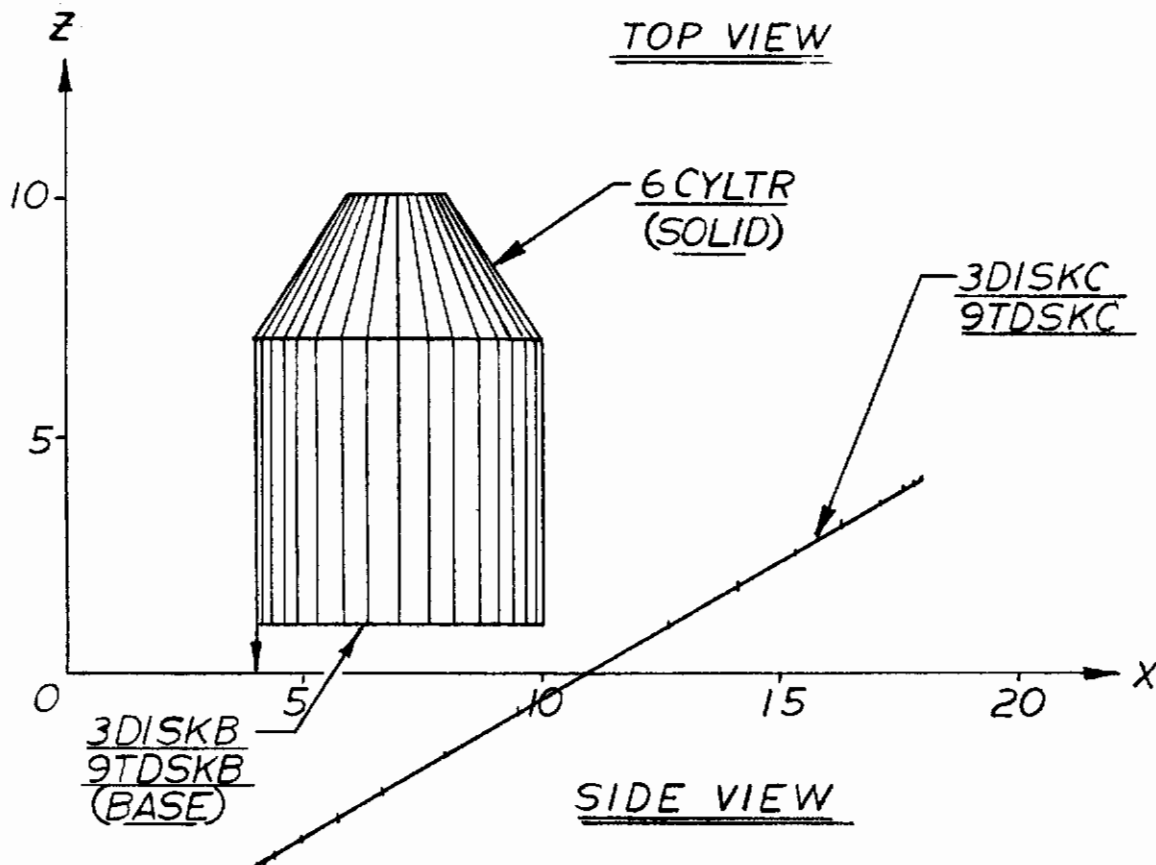
$$f = .08991$$

The exchange coefficient is computed in a similar manner.

Contrails



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

FIGURE 27. GROUP D SAMPLE PROBLEMS GEOMETRY

FORTRAN FIXED IO DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 18 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	T	N A A C O E F A C	
13	I	P E P P E R T A	
25	H	P L E P P B L E M	
37	#	F R M F I G	
49	(O)	- K A T U	
61	P	11/1/63	D O 1 0
1	3	D I K C	
13			
25	F	U N I T R A D I U	
37	#	D I K	
49			
61			D C 2 0
1	3	2 . 0	
13	0	. 0	
25	0	. 0	
37	0	. 0	
49	0	. 0	
61	0	. 0	D O 3 0
1	6	C Y L I N D E R	
13	3	U N I T R A D I U	
25	#	C Y L I N D E R H	
37	I	T H T R U N C A T E	
49	D	C O M M E N T	
61	P		D O 4 0

FORM 14-C-17 REV. 7-66 VELLUM

FORTRAN FIXED IO DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 19 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	3	2 . 0	
13	3	. C	
25	7	. 0	
37	1	. 0	
49	1	. 0	
61	3	. 0	D O 5 0
1	3	. 0	
13	7	. 0	
25	3	. 0	
37	3	. C	
49	1	0 . C	
61	1	. 0	D O 6 0
1	1	. 0	
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			D O 7 0
1	3	D I K B	
13	B	A B E F 6 C Y L	
25	T	R - C R E A T E D W	
37	I	T H A C T I V E #	
49	I	D E T W A R D +	
61	Z	A X I	D O 8 0

FORM 14-C-17 REV. 7-66 VELLUM

FIGURE 28. Group D Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 20 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	3 2 . 0		
13	0 . 0		
25	0 . 0		
37	0 . 0		
49	3 . 0	73	80
61	3 . 0	D 0 9 0	
1	9 T D # K C		
13	M # Y E # 3 D I # K C		
25	T # # K E N E D P		
37	# # I T I # E # N X		
49	- A X I #	73	80
61		D 1 0 0	
1	1 . 0		
13	1 7 . 9 2 8		
25	1 . 0		
37	4 . 0		
49	9 . 0	73	80
61	1 1 . 0	D 1 1 0	
1	9 . 0		
13	0 . 0		
25	2 5 . 0		
37	1 1 . 0		
49	- 7 . 0	73	80
61	D . 0	D 1 2 0	

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLOW

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 21 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	9 T D # K B		
13	F L I P # 3 D I # K B		
25	A R # U N D # # T		
37	H A P A C T I V E #		
49	I D E # E E # 3 D I	73	80
61	S K C 9 T D # K C	D 1 3 0	
1	1 . 0		
13	4 . 0		
25	1 . 0		
37	1 . 0		
49	9 . 0	73	80
61	7 . 0	D 1 4 0	
1	4 . 0		
13	1 . 0		
25	2 5 . 0		
37	7 . 0		
49	- 2 . 0	73	80
61	1 . 0	D 1 5 0	
1	3 D I # K C 6 C Y L T B		
13	9 T D # K C		
25	D 1		
37	3 D I # K C 3 D I # K B		
49	9 T D # K C 9 T D # K B	73	80
61	1	D 1 6 0	

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLOW

FIGURE 28. Group D Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION
T+A PROJECT RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM

C O N F A C I I

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (D)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

I N P U T D A T A

***** DATA NAME= *3DISK * 8 UNIT RADIUS DISK

SURFACE SPECIFICATIONS-

NO OF X-SECTIONS = 1 NO OF X-SECTION BOUNDARY DIVISIONS = 32

LOCATION OF VERTICAL CENTERLINE, X= 0. , Y= 0.

X-SECTION NO. X-AXIS RADIUS Y-AXIS RADIUS ELEVATION ABOVE XY PLANE
1 0.8000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.

THE FOLLOWING INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACE DATA RESULTED FROM THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS-

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.8000000E 01	0.	0.1000000E 01	2	0.7846282E 01	0.1560722E 01	0.
3	0.7391036E 01	0.3061467E 01	0.	4	0.6651757E 01	0.4444562E 01	0.
5	0.5656854E 01	0.5656854E 01	0.	6	0.4444561E 01	0.6651756E 01	0.
7	0.3061467E 01	0.7391035E 01	0.	8	0.1560722E 01	0.7846281E 01	0.
9	0.2980232E-07	0.7999999E 01	0.	10	-0.1560722E 01	0.7846281E 01	0.
11	-0.3061467E 01	0.7391035E 01	0.	12	-0.4444561E 01	0.6651756E 01	0.
13	-0.5656853E 01	0.5656853E 01	0.	14	-0.6651755E 01	0.4444561E 01	0.
15	-0.7391035E 01	0.3061467E 01	0.	16	-0.7846280E 01	0.1560722E 01	0.
17	-0.7999998E 01	0.4470348E-07	0.	18	-0.7846280E 01	-0.1560722E 01	0.
19	-0.7391034E 01	-0.3061466E 01	0.	20	-0.6651755E 01	-0.4444560E 01	0.
21	-0.5656852E 01	-0.5656852E 01	0.	22	-0.4444560E 01	-0.6651755E 01	0.
23	-0.3061466E 01	-0.7391034E 01	0.	24	-0.1560722E 01	-0.7846279E 01	0.
25	-0.7450581E-07	-0.7999997E 01	0.	26	0.1560722E 01	-0.7846279E 01	0.
27	0.3061466E 01	-0.7391033E 01	0.	28	0.4444560E 01	-0.6651754E 01	0.
29	0.5656851E 01	-0.5656852E 01	0.	30	0.6651754E 01	-0.4444560E 01	0.
31	0.7391032E 01	-0.3061466E 01	0.	32	0.7846278E 01	-0.1560722E 01	0.

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results (14 pages)

***** DATA NAME- *6CYLTR * 3 UNIT RADIUS CYLINDER WITH TRUNCATED CONE ON TOP

SURFACE SPECIFICATIONS-

NO OF X-SECTIONS = 3 NO OF X-SECTION BOUNDARY DIVISIONS = 32

LOCATION OF VERTICAL CENTERLINE, X= 0.7000000E 01, Y= 0.1000000E 01

X-SECTION NO.	X-AXIS RADIUS	Y-AXIS RADIUS	ELEVATION ABOVE XY PLANE
1	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.1000000E 01
2	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.7000000E 01
3	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 02

THE FOLLOWING INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACE DATA RESULTED FROM THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS-

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.1000000E 02	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	2	0.1000000E 02	0.1000000E 01	0.7000000E 01
3	0.8000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	4	0.9942356E 01	0.1585271E 01	0.1000000E 01
5	0.9942356E 01	0.1585271E 01	0.7000000E 01	6	0.7980785E 01	0.1195090E 01	0.1000000E 02
7	0.9771638E 01	0.2148050E 01	0.1000000E 01	8	0.9771638E 01	0.2148050E 01	0.7000000E 01
9	0.7923879E 01	0.1382683E 01	0.1000000E 02	10	0.9494409E 01	0.2666711E 01	0.1000000E 01
11	0.9494409E 01	0.2666711E 01	0.7000000E 01	12	0.7831469E 01	0.1555570E 01	0.1000000E 02
13	0.9121320E 01	0.3121320E 01	0.1000000E 01	14	0.9121320E 01	0.3121320E 01	0.7000000E 01
15	0.7707107E 01	0.1707107E 01	0.1000000E 02	16	0.8666710E 01	0.3494409E 01	0.1000000E 01
17	0.8666710E 01	0.3494409E 01	0.7000000E 01	18	0.7555570E 01	0.1831470E 01	0.1000000E 02
19	0.8148050E 01	0.3771638E 01	0.1000000E 01	20	0.8148050E 01	0.3771638E 01	0.7000000E 01
21	0.758271E 01	0.1923879E 01	0.1000000E 02	22	0.758271E 01	0.1923879E 01	0.1000000E 01
23	0.758271E 01	0.3942355E 01	0.7000000E 01	24	0.7195090E 01	0.3942355E 01	0.1000000E 02
25	0.7000000E 01	0.4000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	26	0.7000000E 01	0.4000000E 01	0.7000000E 01
27	0.7000000E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	28	0.6414729E 01	0.3942355E 01	0.1000000E 01
29	0.6414729E 01	0.3942355E 01	0.7000000E 01	30	0.6804910E 01	0.1980785E 01	0.1000000E 02
31	0.5851950E 01	0.3771638E 01	0.1000000E 01	32	0.5851950E 01	0.3771638E 01	0.7000000E 01
33	0.6617317E 01	0.1923879E 01	0.1000000E 02	34	0.5333290E 01	0.3494409E 01	0.1000000E 01
35	0.5333290E 01	0.1923879E 01	0.7000000E 01	36	0.6444430E 01	0.1831469E 01	0.1000000E 02
37	0.4878680E 01	0.3121320E 01	0.1000000E 01	38	0.4878680E 01	0.3121320E 01	0.7000000E 01
39	0.6292893E 01	0.1707107E 01	0.1000000E 02	40	0.4505592E 01	0.2666710E 01	0.1000000E 01
41	0.4505592E 01	0.2666710E 01	0.7000000E 01	42	0.6168530E 01	0.1525570E 01	0.1000000E 02
43	0.4228362E 01	0.2148050E 01	0.1000000E 01	44	0.4228362E 01	0.2148050E 01	0.7000000E 01
45	0.6076121E 01	0.1382683E 01	0.1000000E 02	46	0.4057645E 01	0.1585271E 01	0.1000000E 01
47	0.4057645E 01	0.1585271E 01	0.7000000E 01	48	0.6019215E 01	0.1195090E 01	0.1000000E 02
49	0.4000001E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	50	0.4000001E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.7000000E 01
51	0.6000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	52	0.4057645E 01	0.4147292E-00	0.1000000E 01
53	0.4057645E 01	0.4147292E-00	0.7000000E 01	54	0.6019215E 01	0.8049097E 00	0.1000000E 02

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS
55	0.4228362E 01	-0.1480499E-00	0.1000000E 01	56	0.4228362E 01	-0.1480499E-00	0.7000000E 01
57	0.6076121E 01	0.6173167E 00	0.1000000E 02	58	0.4505592E 01	-0.6667102E 00	0.1000000E 01
59	0.4505592E 01	-0.6667102E 00	0.7000000E 01	60	0.6168531E 01	0.4444299E-00	0.1000000E 02
61	0.4878680E 01	-0.1121320E 01	0.1000000E 01	62	0.4878680E 01	-0.1121320E 01	0.7000000E 01
63	0.6292893E 01	0.2928935E-00	0.1000000E 02	64	0.5333290E 01	-0.1494408E 01	0.1000000E 01
65	0.5333290E 01	-0.1494408E 01	0.7000000E 01	66	0.6444430E 01	0.1685307E-00	0.1000000E 02
67	0.5851950E 01	-0.1771638E 01	0.1000000E 01	68	0.5851950E 01	-0.1771638E 01	0.7000000E 01
69	0.6617317E 01	0.7612080E-01	0.1000000E 02	70	0.6414729E 01	-0.1942355E 01	0.1000000E 01
71	0.6414729E 01	-0.1942355E 01	0.7000000E 01	72	0.6804910E 01	0.1921508E-01	0.1000000E 02
73	0.7000000E 01	-0.1999999E 01	0.1000000E 01	74	0.7000000E 01	-0.1999999E 01	0.7000000E 01
75	0.7000000E 01	0.3874302E-06	0.1000000E 02	76	0.7585271E 01	-0.1942355E 01	0.1000000E 01
77	0.7585271E 01	-0.1942355E 01	0.7000000E 01	78	0.7195090E 01	0.1921511E-01	0.1000000E 02
79	0.8148050E 01	-0.1771637E 01	0.1000000E 01	80	0.8148050E 01	-0.1771637E 01	0.7000000E 01
81	0.7382683E 01	0.7612085E-01	0.1000000E 02	82	0.8666710E 01	-0.1494408E 01	0.1000000E 01
83	0.8666710E 01	-0.1494408E 01	0.7000000E 01	84	0.7555570E 01	0.1685307E-00	0.1000000E 02
85	0.9121319E 01	-0.1121319E 01	0.1000000E 01	86	0.9121319E 01	-0.1121319E 01	0.7000000E 01
87	0.7707106E 01	0.2928935E-00	0.1000000E 02	88	0.9494407E 01	-0.6667099E 00	0.1000000E 01
89	0.9494407E 01	-0.6667099E 00	0.7000000E 01	90	0.7831469E 01	0.4444300E-00	0.1000000E 02
91	0.9771637E 01	-0.1480497E-00	0.1000000E 01	92	0.9771637E 01	-0.1480497E-00	0.7000000E 01
93	0.7923879E 01	0.6173167E 00	0.1000000E 02	94	0.9942354E 01	0.4147293E-00	0.1000000E 01
95	0.9942354E 01	0.4147293E-00	0.7000000E 01	96	0.7980785E 01	0.6049098E 00	0.1000000E 02

POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS
1	4, 2, 94, 0	2	5, 3, 95, 1	3	6, 0, 96, 2	4	7, 5, 1, 0
5	8, 6, 2, 4	6	9, 0, 3, 5	7	10, 8, 4, 0	8	11, 9, 5, 7
9	12, 0, 6, 8	10	13, 11, 7, 0	11	14, 12, 8, 10	12	15, 0, 9, 11
13	16, 14, 10, 0	14	17, 15, 11, 13	15	18, 0, 12, 14	16	19, 17, 13, 0
17	20, 18, 14, 16	18	21, 0, 15, 17	19	22, 20, 16, 0	20	23, 21, 17, 19
21	24, 0, 18, 20	22	25, 23, 19, 0	23	26, 24, 20, 22	24	27, 0, 21, 23
25	28, 26, 22, 0	26	29, 27, 23, 25	27	30, 0, 24, 26	28	31, 29, 25, 0
29	32, 30, 26, 28	30	33, 0, 27, 29	31	34, 32, 28, 0	32	35, 33, 29, 31
33	36, 0, 30, 32	34	37, 35, 31, 0	35	38, 36, 32, 34	36	39, 0, 33, 35
37	40, 38, 34, 0	38	41, 39, 35, 37	39	42, 0, 36, 38	40	43, 41, 37, 0
41	44, 42, 38, 40	42	45, 0, 39, 41	43	46, 44, 40, 0	44	47, 45, 41, 43
45	48, 0, 42, 44	46	49, 47, 43, 0	47	50, 48, 44, 46	48	51, 0, 45, 47
49	52, 50, 46, 0	50	53, 51, 47, 49	51	54, 0, 48, 50	52	55, 53, 49, 0
53	56, 54, 50, 52	54	57, 0, 51, 53	55	58, 56, 52, 0	56	59, 57, 53, 55
57	60, 0, 54, 56	58	61, 59, 55, 0	59	62, 60, 56, 58	60	63, 0, 57, 59
61	64, 62, 58, 0	62	65, 63, 59, 61	63	66, 0, 60, 62	64	67, 65, 61, 0
65	68, 66, 62, 64	66	69, 0, 63, 65	67	70, 68, 64, 0	68	71, 69, 65, 67
69	72, 0, 66, 68	70	73, 71, 67, 0	71	74, 72, 68, 70	72	75, 0, 69, 71
73	76, 74, 70, 0	74	77, 75, 71, 73	75	78, 0, 72, 74	76	79, 77, 73, 0
77	80, 78, 74, 76	78	81, 0, 75, 77	79	82, 80, 76, 0	80	83, 81, 77, 79

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

81	84, 0, 78, 80	82	85, 83, 79, 0	83	86, 84, 80, 82	84	87, 0, 81, 83
85	88, 86, 82, 0	86	89, 87, 83, 85	87	90, 0, 84, 86	88	91, 89, 85, 0
89	92, 90, 86, 88	90	93, 0, 87, 89	91	94, 92, 88, 0	92	95, 93, 89, 91
93	96, 0, 90, 92	94	1, 95, 91, 0	95	2, 96, 92, 94	96	3, 0, 93, 95

***** DATA NAME- *3DISKB * BASE OF 6CYLTR-CREATED WITH ACTIVE SIDE TOWARD +Z AXIS
 SURFACE SPECIFICATIONS-

NO OF X-SECTIONS = 1 NO OF X-SECTION BOUNDARY DIVISIONS = 32

LOCATION OF VERTICAL CENTERLINE, X= 0. , Y= C.

X-SECTION NO. X-AXIS RADIUS Y-AXIS RADIUS ELEVATION ABOVE XY PLANE
 1 0.300000E 01 0.300000E 01 0.

THE FOLLOWING INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACE DATA RESULTED FROM THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS-

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.500000E 01	0.	0.1000000E 01	2	0.2942356E 01	0.5852710E 00	0.
3	0.2771638E 01	0.	0.	4	0.2494409E 01	0.1666711E 01	0.
5	0.2121320E 01	0.1148050E 01	0.	6	0.1666711E 01	0.2494409E 01	0.
7	0.1148050E 01	0.2771638E 01	0.	8	0.5852709E 00	0.2942355E 01	0.
9	0.1117587E-07	0.3000000E 01	0.	10	-0.5852709E 00	0.2942355E 01	0.
11	-0.1148050E 01	0.2771638E 01	0.	12	-0.1666710E 01	0.2494408E 01	0.
13	-0.2121320E 01	0.2121320E 01	0.	14	-0.2494408E 01	0.1666710E 01	0.
15	-0.2771638E 01	0.1148050E 01	0.	16	-0.2942355E 01	0.5852708E 00	0.
17	-0.2999999E 01	0.1676381E-07	0.	18	-0.2942355E 01	0.5852708E 00	0.
19	-0.2771638E 01	-0.1148050E 01	0.	20	-0.2494408E 01	-0.1666710E 01	0.
21	-0.2121320E 01	-0.2121320E 01	0.	22	-0.1666710E 01	-0.2494408E 01	0.
23	-0.1148050E 01	-0.2771638E 01	0.	24	-0.5852708E 00	-0.2942355E 01	0.
25	-0.2793968E-07	-0.2999999E 01	0.	26	0.5852707E 00	-0.2942355E 01	0.
27	0.1148050E 01	-0.2771637E 01	0.	28	0.1666710E 01	-0.2494408E 01	0.
29	0.2121319E 01	-0.2121319E 01	0.	30	0.2494408E 01	-0.1666710E 01	0.
31	0.2771637E 01	-0.1148050E 01	0.	32	0.2942354E 01	-0.5852707E 00	0.

***** DATA NAME- *9TDSKC * MOVES 3DISKC TO SKEWED POSITION ON X-AXIS
 TRANSFORMATION DATA-

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

```
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.1792800E 02 0.1000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.1100000E 02 0.9000000E 01 0.
25 0.1100000E 02 -0.7000000E 01 0.
***** DATA NAME~ *9TDSKB * FLIPS 3DISKB AROUND S0 THAT ACTIVE SIDE SEES 3DISKC9TDSKC
TRANSFORMATION DATA-
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.4000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
25 0.7000000E 01 -0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01
```

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (D)--K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 1 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *3DISK*6CYLTR*
9TDSKC *
D I I*

MAPPING LINE PT	SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN																														
1 1	6	9	12	15	18	21	20	23	22	19	16	13	10	7	4	1	94	91	88	85	82	79	76	77							
1 2	80	81	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																						
1 3	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
1 4	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
1 5	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
1 6	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
1 7	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
2 1	6	9	8	11	14	13	10	7	4	1	94	91	88	85	82	79	76	73	70	71	74	75	78	81							
2 2	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
2 3	84	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
2 4	90	93	96	3	6																										
2 5	86	87	90	93	96	3	6																								
2 6	86	89	90	93	96	3	6																								
2 7	86	89	92	93	96	3	6																								
3 1	88	89	92	95	96	3	6																								
3 2	87	90	93	96	3	2	5																								
3 3	93	96	3	2	5																										
	5	8	11	14	13	10	7	4	1	94	91	88	85	82	79	76	77	80	83	86	89	90	93	96							
	3	2	5																												

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

3	4	5	8	11	14	17	20	19	16	13	10	7	4	1	94	91	88	85	82	83	86	89	92	95	2
5	5	5	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	25	22	19	16	13	10	7	4	1	94	91	88	89	92	95	2
5	5	5	6	9	12	15	18	21	20	23	26	29	32	31	28	25	22	19	16	13	10	7	4	1	94
91	92	95	2	5	2	5	18	21	24	27	30	29	32	35	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64
67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	92	95	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2	5	2
4	1	2	5	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	62	65
68	71	72	75	78	81	84	87	90	93	92	95	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
4	2	2	5	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
68	71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	2	2	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
2	5	8	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	2	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
70	73	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	2	2	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
2	5	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	2	2	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	95	2	2	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
2	5	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	2	2	2	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67
70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	95	2	2	2	29	32	35	38	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61
2	5	8	11	14	15	18	21	24	27	26	2	2	29	32	35	38	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61
64	67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	1
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	59	62	65	68	68	
71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	2	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	65	68
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	65	68	68	
5	1	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	65	68
5	2	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	65	68
71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	95	94	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	65	68	70	
73	76	77	80	83	86	89	92	91	94	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	70	
73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	70	
73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	1	1	1	26	29	32	35	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61
1	4	7	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	64	
67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	1	1	32	35	38	41	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64
1	4	5	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	40	43	46	49	52	55	56	59	62	65	68
67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	56	59	62	65	68
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	59	62	65	68	68	
71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	91	94	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	59	62	65	68
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	70	
71	74	77	80	83	86	89	92	91	94	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	70	
73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	70	
73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1	1	1	1	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	
1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70	70	

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

6	5	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
		73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1															
6	6	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64
		67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1													
6	7	1	4	7	10	13	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	44	45	46	49	52	55	58	61	64
		67	70	75	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1													
7	1	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	53	56	59	62	61	64
		67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1													
7	2	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	53	56	59	62	61	64
		67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1													
7	3	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	53	56	59	58	61	64
		67	70	73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1													
7	4	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
		73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1															
7	5	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
		73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1															
7	6	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
		73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1															
7	7	1	4	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52	55	58	61	64	67	70
		73	76	79	82	85	88	91	94	1															

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 9.837 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC* TO SURFACE *6CYLTR * = 0.18946

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA) = 0.37849E 02 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.1894044E 03 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC* = 0.1997725E 03 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SURFACE *6CYLTR * = 0.1892992E 03 SQ UNITS.

WARNING-WARNING
 THE MAPPING AREA IS MORE THAN 1 PERCENT DIFFERENT FROM THE AREA IN SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC* SEEN BY SURFACE *6CYLTR * THIS MAY BE CAUSED BY WRONG SURFACE DATA ENTRY (THE SURFACE BOUNDARY CROSSES A MAPPING LINE IN MORE THAN TWO PLACES), OR TOO COARSE INCREMENTS. THE FACTOR MAY BE INCORRECT.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME-- *3DISKC9TDSKC*

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z	ORIENTATION VECTOR
1	0.	-0.	0.1000000E 01	2	0.1568275E 01	-0.	0.	0.
3	0.3106415E 01	0.3059554E-00	-0.	4	0.4555312E 01	0.9061081E 00	0.	0.
5	0.5459285E 01	0.1777395E 01	0.	6	0.6968222E 01	0.2886333E 01	0.	0.
7	0.7839509E 01	0.4190306E 01	0.	8	0.8439662E 01	0.5639203E 01	0.	0.
9	0.8745612E 01	0.7177298E 01	0.	10	0.8745619E 01	0.8745619E 01	0.	0.
11	0.8439662E 01	0.1028376E 02	0.	12	0.7839509E 01	0.1173266E 02	0.	0.
13	0.6968223E 01	0.1303663E 02	0.	14	0.5859285E 01	0.1414557E 02	0.	0.
15	0.4555313E 01	0.1501685E 02	0.	16	0.5106417E 01	0.1561701E 02	0.	0.
17	0.1568276E 01	0.1592296E 02	0.	18	0.	0.1592296E 02	0.	0.
19	-0.1538138E 01	0.1561701E 02	0.	20	-0.2987034E 01	0.1501685E 02	0.	0.
21	-0.4291007E 01	0.1414557E 02	0.	22	-0.539944E 01	0.1303663E 02	0.	0.
23	-0.6271230E 01	0.1173266E 02	0.	24	-0.6871383E 01	0.1028376E 02	0.	0.
25	-0.7177343E 01	0.8745619E 01	0.	26	-0.7177338E 01	0.7177346E 01	0.	0.
27	-0.6871383E 01	0.5639205E 01	0.	28	-0.6271231E 01	0.4190308E 01	0.	0.
29	-0.539945E 01	0.2886336E 01	0.	30	-0.4291007E 01	0.1777399E 01	0.	0.
31	-0.2987036E 01	0.9061122E 00	0.	32	-0.1538139E 01	0.3059595E-00	0.	0.

***** DATA NAME-- *6CYLTR *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.8199959E 00	0.8325549E 01	0.1366034E 01	2	0.5259376E 00	0.5339926E 01	0.6562148E 01
3	0.5486780E 00	0.5570813E 01	0.1016023E 02	4	0.1407342E 01	0.8317863E 01	0.1394856E 01
5	0.1113283E 01	0.5332246E 01	0.6590970E 01	6	0.7444599E 00	0.5568251E 01	0.1016983E 02
7	0.1981902E 01	0.8409833E 01	0.1480217E 01	8	0.1687844E 01	0.5424211E 01	0.6676331E 01
9	0.9359862E 00	0.5593908E 01	0.1019829E 02	10	0.2521598E 01	0.8597926E 01	0.1618835E 01
11	0.2227539E 01	0.5612303E 01	0.6814949E 01	12	0.1115879E 01	0.5661605E 01	0.1024449E 02
13	0.3005688E 01	0.8874912E 01	0.1805383E 01	14	0.2711630E 01	0.5889290E 01	0.7001497E 01
15	0.1277242E 01	0.5753934E 01	0.1030668E 02	16	0.3415569E 01	0.9230148E 01	0.2032693E 01
17	0.3121511E 01	0.6244525E 01	0.7228807E 01	18	0.1413869E 01	0.5872346E 01	0.1039245E 02
19	0.3735490E 01	0.9649941E 01	0.2292029E 01	20	0.3441432E 01	0.6664359E 01	0.7488144E 01
21	0.1520509E 01	0.6012290E 01	0.1046889E 02	22	0.3953157E 01	0.1011828E 02	0.2573426E 01
23	0.3659099E 01	0.7132656E 01	0.7769540E 01	24	0.1593065E 01	0.6168390E 01	0.1056269E 02
25	0.4060204E 01	0.1061704E 02	0.2866068E 01	26	0.3766146E 01	0.7631421E 01	0.8082182E 01
27	0.1628747E 01	0.6334644E 01	0.1066024E 02	28	0.4052518E 01	0.1112711E 02	0.3158710E 01
29	0.3758460E 01	0.8141486E 01	0.8354824E 01	30	0.1626185E 01	0.6504666E 01	0.1075779E 02
31	0.3930394E 01	0.1162887E 02	0.3440106E 01	32	0.3636336E 01	0.8643250E 01	0.8636220E 01
33	0.1545477E 01	0.6671921E 01	0.1085158E 02	34	0.3698526E 01	0.1210305E 02	0.3699442E 01
35	0.3404467E 01	0.9117431E 01	0.8895556E 01	36	0.1508188E 01	0.6829981E 01	0.1093803E 02
37	0.3365823E 01	0.1253143E 02	0.3926752E 01	38	0.3071745E 01	0.9545804E 01	0.9122866E 01

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
39	0.1397287E 01	0.6972772E 01	0.1101380E 02	0.2945072E 01	0.1289753E 02	0.4113300E 01
41	0.265104E 01	0.9911910E 01	0.9309414E 01	0.1257037E 01	0.7094807E 01	0.1107598E 02
43	0.2452442E 01	0.1318730E 02	0.4251918E 01	0.2158384E 01	0.1020168E 02	0.9448033E 01
45	0.1092827E 01	0.7191597E 01	0.1112219E 02	0.1906864E 01	0.1336959E 02	0.4337279E 01
47	0.1612806E 01	0.1040397E 02	0.9533393E 01	0.910974E 00	0.7258828E 01	0.1115064E 02
49	0.1329305E 01	0.1349664E 02	0.4366102E 01	0.1035246E 01	0.1051102E 02	0.9562216E 01
51	0.7184476E 00	0.7294511E 01	0.1116025E 02	0.7419590E 00	0.1350433E 02	0.4337279E 01
53	0.4479007E-00	0.1051871E 02	0.9333393E 01	0.5226657E 00	0.7297072E 01	0.1115064E 02
55	0.1673985E-00	0.1341236E 02	0.4251919E 01	-0.1266598E-00	0.1042673E 02	0.9448033E 01
57	0.3311455E-00	0.7266416E 01	0.1112219E 02	-0.3722969E-00	0.1322426E 02	0.4113301E 01
59	-0.6663552E 00	0.1023864E 02	0.9339415E 01	0.1512471E-00	0.7203718E 01	0.1107598E 02
61	-0.8563868E 00	0.1294728E 02	0.3926752E 01	-0.1150445E 01	0.9961656E 01	0.9122866E 01
63	-0.1011620E-01	0.7111389E 01	0.111380E 02	-0.1266268E 01	0.1259204E 02	0.3699442E 01
65	-0.1560326E 01	0.9606420E 01	0.8995556E 01	-0.1467433E-00	0.6992978E 01	0.1093803E 02
67	-0.1586189E 01	0.1217221E 02	0.3440106E 01	-0.1880247E 01	0.9186587E 01	0.8636220E 01
69	-0.2533836E-00	0.6853033E 01	0.1095159E 02	-0.1803856E 01	0.1170391E 02	0.3158710E 01
71	-0.2097914E 01	0.8718290E 01	0.8354824E 01	-0.3259391E-00	0.6696934E 01	0.1075779E 02
73	-0.1910903E 01	0.1120515E 02	0.2866068E 01	-0.2204961E 01	0.8219525E 01	0.8062182E 01
75	-0.3616215E-00	0.6530679E 01	0.1066024E 02	-0.1903217E 01	0.1069508E 02	0.2573426E 01
77	-0.2197275E 01	0.7709460E 01	0.7769540E 01	-0.3590595E-00	0.6360657E 01	0.1056269E 02
79	-0.1781093E 01	0.1019332E 02	0.2292030E 01	-0.2075151E 01	0.7207696E 01	0.7488144E 01
81	-0.3183516E-00	0.6193403E 01	0.1046889E 02	-0.1549224E 01	0.9719139E 01	0.2032694E 01
83	-0.1843283E 01	0.6733516E 01	0.7228808E 01	-0.2416621E-00	0.6035543E 01	0.1038245E 02
85	-0.1216522E 01	0.9290765E 01	0.1805384E 01	-0.1510580E 01	0.6305142E 01	0.7001498E 01
87	-0.1301613E-00	0.5892552E 01	0.1030668E 02	-0.7957713E 00	0.8924660E 01	0.1618836E 01
89	-0.1089830E 01	0.5939037E 01	0.6814950E 01	-0.1008698E-00	0.5770516E 01	0.1024444E 02
91	-0.3031411E-00	0.8634892E 01	0.1480218E 01	-0.5971995E 00	0.5649269E 01	0.6676352E 01
93	0.1742990E-00	0.5673927E 01	0.1019829E 02	0.2424367E-00	0.8432598E 01	0.1394857E 01
95	-0.5162164E-01	0.5446975E 01	0.6590971E 01	0.3561583E-00	0.5606496E 01	0.1016984E 02

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *3DISK9TDSKC* FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

-0.	0.1568275E 01	-0.	-0.5167435E 01	0.6735716E 01	0.2653827E 01
-0.6734050E 01	0.8302329E 01	0.5307654E 01	-0.7177340E 01	0.8745615E 01	0.7961481E 01
-0.6734052E 01	0.8302330E 01	0.1061531E 02	-0.5167439E 01	0.6735717E 01	0.1326913E 02
0.	0.1568276E 01	0.1592296E 02			

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.7089328E-01	0.7123186E-01	C.7153844E-01	0.7168752E-01	0.7167785E-01	0.7150958E-01
0.7118435E-01	0.9580904E-01	0.1160715E-00	0.1247633E-00	0.1170098E-00	0.9716405E-01
0.7330744E-01	0.1211815E-00	0.1816447E-00	0.2177063E-00	0.1844452E-00	0.1226295E-00
0.7425752E-01	0.7561006E-01	0.7790010E-01	0.3633965E-00	0.2776150E-00	0.1528916E-00
0.7488481E-01	0.1438289E-00	0.2610136E-00	0.5323031E 00	0.3692074E-00	0.1679985E-00
0.7561006E-01	0.1556327E-00	0.3057494E-00	0.3190749E-00	0.2706811E-00	0.1554582E-00
0.8151928E-01	0.1430074E-00	0.2374699E-00	0.1166523E-00	0.1171805E-00	0.1169966E-00
0.8439138E-01	0.1140692E-00	0.1155315E-00			
0.8973241E-01					
0.9451812E-01					
0.9966540E-01					
0.1122914E-00					
0.1161085E-00					

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (D)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 2 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *3DISKC*3DISKB*
*9TDSKC*9TDSKB*
D 1 1*

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC* TO SURFACE *3DISKB9TDSKB* = 0.09955

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.19888E 02 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.1230458E 03 SQ UNITS

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC*, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.1314548E 03 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *3DISKB9TDSKB*

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC* = 0.1997725E 03 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SURFACE *3DISKB9TDSKB* = 0.2809301E 02 SQ UNITS.

WARNING

THE MAPPING AREA IS MORE THAN 1 PERCENT DIFFERENT FROM THE AREA IN SURFACE *3DISKC9TDSKC* SEEN BY
SURFACE *3DISKB9TDSKB*. THIS MAY BE CAUSED BY WRONG SURFACE DATA ENTRY (THE SURFACE BOUNDARY
CROSSES A MAPPING LINE IN MORE THAN TWO PLACES), OR TOO COARSE INCREMENTS. THE FACTOR MAY BE INCORRECT.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *3DISKC9TDSKC*

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
0.	0.	0.	0.1000000E 01	---	INTERNAL	GENERATED	ORIENTATION VECTOR)
1	-0.	-0.	-0.	2	0.4591866E-00	-0.	0.
3	0.1997284E 01	0.3059421E-00	0.	4	0.3446224E 01	0.9061083E 00	0.
5	0.4750197E 01	0.1777395E 01	0.	6	0.5859134E 01	0.2886332E 01	0.
7	0.6730421E 01	0.4190305E 01	0.	8	0.7330573E 01	0.5639202E 01	0.
9	0.7636528E 01	0.7177342E 01	0.	10	0.7636528E 01	0.8745617E 01	0.
11	0.7330573E 01	0.1628376E 02	0.	12	0.6730421E 01	0.1173265E 02	0.
13	0.5859134E 01	0.1303663E 02	0.	14	0.4750197E 01	0.1414556E 02	0.
15	0.3446224E 01	0.1501685E 02	0.	16	0.1997725E 01	0.1561700E 02	0.
17	0.4591879E-00	0.1592296E 02	0.	18	-0.1109086E 01	0.1592296E 02	0.

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

```

19 -C.2647270E 01 0.1561699E 02 0.
21 -0.4477923E 01 0.1476174E 02 0.
20 -0.4096123E 01 0.1501685E 02 0.

***** DATA NAME- *3DISK89TDSKB*

POINT      X          Y          Z          POINT      X          Y          Z
1  0.5475978E 01 0.9721171E 01 0.3500083E 01----(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3  0.4997497E 01 0.9576025E 01 0.4366102E 01 2 0.5119621E 01 0.9001464E 01 0.4337279E 01
5  0.5141509E 01 0.8422001E 01 0.4251919E 01 4 0.5052319E 01 0.7853981E 01 0.4113300E 01
7  0.4885097E 01 0.7325155E 01 0.3926751E 01 6 0.4616650E 01 0.6853846E 01 0.3699441E 01
9  0.4267297E 01 0.6458167E 01 0.3440105E 01 8 0.3850463E 01 0.6153322E 01 0.3158709E 01
11 0.3352165E 01 0.5951028E 01 0.2866061E 01 10 0.2860401E 01 0.5859057E 01 0.2573425E 01
13 0.2364453E 01 0.5880946E 01 0.2292029E 01 12 0.1854149E 01 0.6015851E 01 0.2032693E 01
15 0.1369099E 01 0.6258589E 01 0.1805383E 01 14 0.9279441E 00 0.6599832E 01 0.1618834E 01
17 0.5476367E 00 0.7026466E 01 0.1480216E 01 16 0.2427922E-00 0.7522096E 01 0.1394856E 01
19 -0.2512592E-01 0.8067674E 01 0.1366033E 01 18 -0.9699804E-01 0.8642235E 01 0.1394856E 01
21 0.1188059E-00 0.9223698E 01 0.1480217E 01 20 -0.3969675E-01 0.9789718E 01 0.1618835E 01
23 0.1375262E-00 0.1031854E 02 0.1805384E 01 22 0.4059722E-00 0.1078985E 02 0.2032694E 01
25 0.7553254E 00 0.1119553E 02 0.2292030E 01 24 0.1172160E 01 0.1149038E 02 0.2573426E 01
27 0.1640457E 01 0.1169267E 02 0.2866068E 01 26 0.2142221E 01 0.1178464E 02 0.3158710E 01
29 0.2658169E 01 0.1176275E 02 0.3440106E 01 28 0.3168473E 01 0.1162785E 02 0.3699442E 01
31 0.3653523E 01 0.1138511E 02 0.3926752E 01 30 0.4034678E 01 0.1104387E 02 0.4113300E 01
33 0.4474985E 01 0.1061723E 02 0.4251918E 01 32 0.4779829E 01 0.1012160E 02 0.4337278E 01

```

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *3DISK9TDSKB* FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

```

X-LEFT      X-RIGHT      Y          X-LEFT      X-RIGHT      Y
-0.          C.4591666E-00 -0.          -C.8050292E 00 0.5626628E 01 0.2633826E 01
-0.1610054E 01 C.7193241E 01 0.5307652E 01 -0.241508E 01 0.7636528E 01 0.7961479E 01
-0.5220117E 01 0.7193242E 01 0.1061530E 02 -0.44025146E 01 0.5626629E 01 0.1326913E 02
-0.1109086E 01 0.4591879E-00 0.1592296E 02

```

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

```

0.4372625E-08 0.1240607E-03 0.2484966E-05 0.3762521E-03 0.5062687E-03 0.6344831E-05

```

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.7728304E-03	0.6225217E-02	0.1501604E-01	0.2430970E-01	0.3101249E-01	0.3331677E-01
0.8819363E-08	0.3716788E-01	0.1266211E-00	0.1871291E-00	0.1659108E-00	0.1149264E-00
0.3168645E-01	0.1054514E-00	0.4651275E-00	0.5049026E 00	0.3690750E-00	0.2116433E-00
0.2201135E-07	0.4496273E-01	0.2592147E-00	0.4122213E-00	0.3477328E-00	0.2200246E-00
0.7174238E-01	0.9052752E-02	0.3587903E-01	0.8732407E-01	0.1281249E-00	0.1242457E-00
0.3764905E-07	0.1210962E-01	0.1363263E-01	0.1523643E-01	0.1690811E-01	0.1863135E-01
0.1064407E-00					
0.2193724E-07					
0.1171483E-00					
0.9041700E-08					
0.9358395E-01					
0.1067694E-01					
0.2038665E-01					

FIGURE 29. Group D Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

SAMPLE PROBLEM GROUP E

The capability of obtaining form factors to spheres in any position relative to Surface 1 is demonstrated, Figure 30. Closed form configuration factor solutions are utilized, enabling very rapid computations. The data sheets are presented in Figure 31 and the results in Figure 32.

Problem 1E

The factor from a rectangle, 1PLAT8, to a sphere, 7SPH1, fully above the plane of 1PLAT8 (Case I) is requested as Run #1. The configuration factor solution in this case is extremely simple (see Appendix E), which, in addition to the coarse mapping of 1PLAT8, accounts for the short computational time.

Problem 2E

The factor from 1PLAT8 to 7SPH2 is requested. The sphere is the same size as 7SPH1, except part of the lower half of the sphere is below, and outside of, the surface of 1PLAT8 (Case II). The results are shown as Run #2.

Problem 3E

A larger sphere, 7SPH3, is located with part of the upper half of the sphere below the surface of 1PLAT8 (Case III). The results are shown as Run #3.

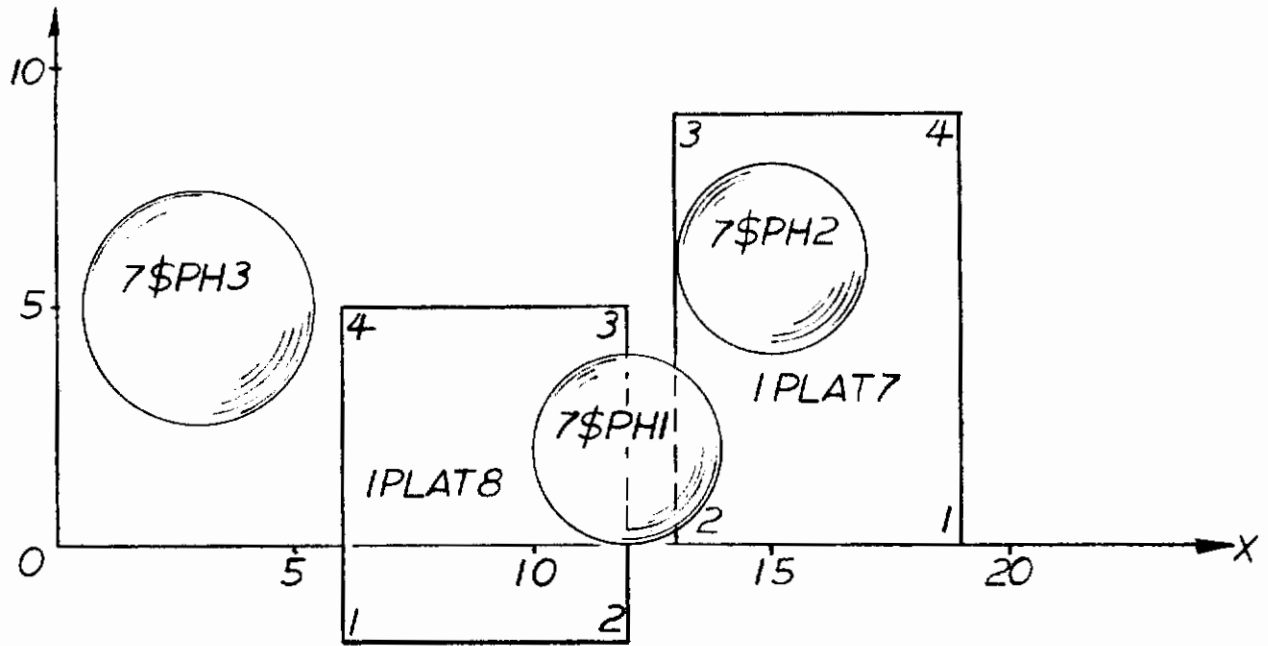
Problem 4E

The program will also compute the factor to a sphere which is embedded in Surface 1, illustrated by 7SPH2 and 1PLAT7. However, no attempt is made to determine what part of 1PLAT7 sees the sphere; when a mapping point on Surface 1 appears inside the sphere, a configuration factor of zero is returned and integrated along with the other computed factors. Therefore, in Run #4 we see no indication that 1PLAT7 is bisected by 7SPH2, although in reality it is. The problem is handled in this way because of the extreme complexity of the general determination of that part of Surface 1 not seen by the sphere.

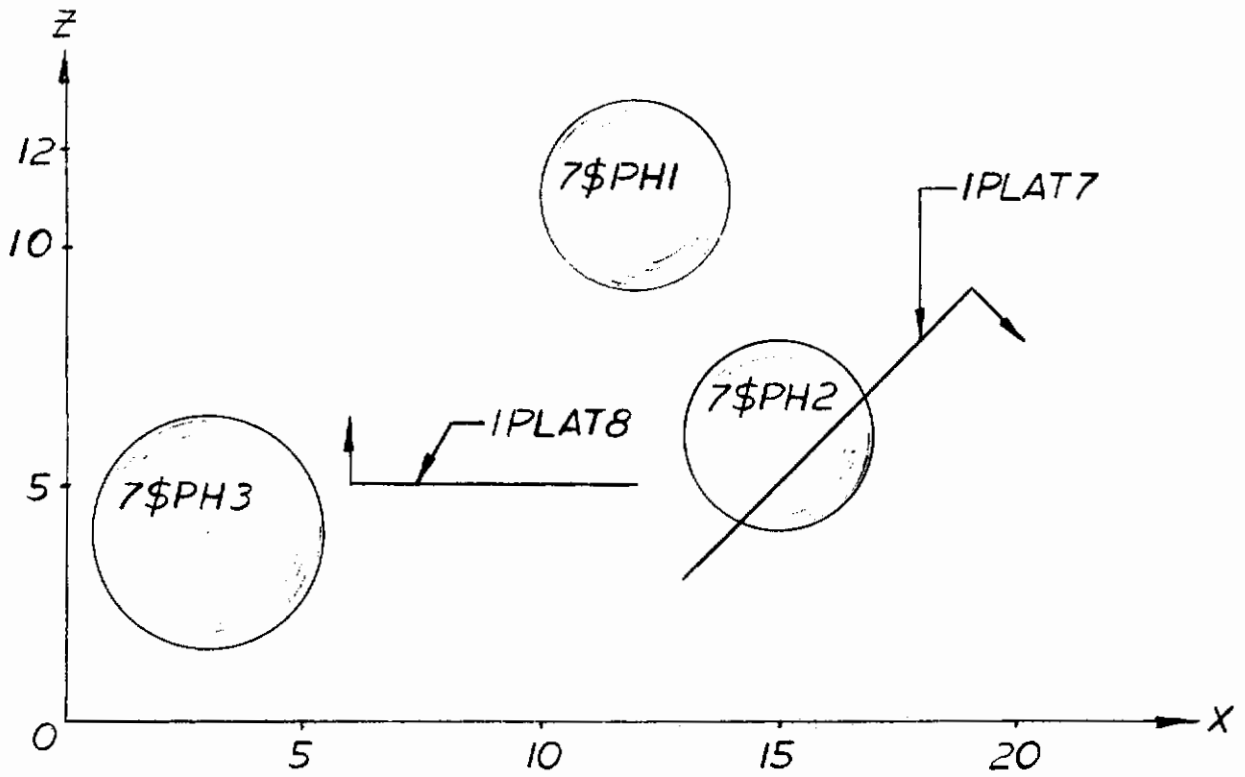
Problem 5E

The trivial case of the sphere completely below Surface 1 is illustrated by Run #5.

Contrails



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

FIGURE 30. Group E Sample Problems Geometry

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 22 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	T K A A C O N P A C			
13	I I R E P O R T O F A			
25	M P L E P R O B L E M			
37	F R O M F I G			
49	(E) - K A T O U			
61	P 11 / 1 / 63	E 0 1 0		
1	1 P L A T 7			
13	R E C T A			
25	N G U L A R P L A T E			
37	I N I T Q U A D			
49	R A N T	E 0 2 0		
61				
1	4 . 0			
13	1 9 . 0			
25	0 . 0			
37	9 . 0			
49	1 3 . 0	E 0 3 0		
61	C . 0			
1	3 . 0			
13	1 3 . 0			
25	9 . 0			
37	3 . 0			
49	1 9 . 0	E 0 4 0		
61	9 . 0			

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-56-YELLOW

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 23 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	9 . 0			
13				
25				
37				
49		E 0 5 0		
61				
1	1 P L A T 8			
13	R E C T P L A T E P			
25	A R A L L E L T O X			
37	Y P L A N E , I N I T			
49	A N D A T H Q U A	E 0 6 0		
61	D R A N T S			
1	4 . 0			
13	6 . 0			
25	- 2 . 0			
37	5 . 0			
49	1 2 . 0	E 0 7 0		
61	- 2 . 0			
1	5 . 0			
13	1 2 . 0			
25	5 . 0			
37	5 . 0			
49	6 . 0	E 0 8 0		
61	5 . 0			

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-56-YELLOW

FIGURE 31. Group E Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO.	PROGRAMMER	DATE	PAGE 24 of 36	JOB NO. 2929-30
NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH	
1	5 . 0			
13				
25				
37				
49				
61		73	80	
			E 0 9 0	
1	7 # P H 1			
13	2 U N I T R A D I D			
25	6 F U L L Y S E E N			
37	1 B Y 1 P L A T 8 , N			
49	6 T S E E N B Y 1	73	80	
61	9 L A T 7 (C A S E I)			E 1 0 0
1	2 . 0			
13	1 2 . 0			
25	2 . 0			
37	1 1 . 0			
49		73	80	
61				E 1 1 0
1	7 # P H 2			
13	2 U N I T # P H E R			
25	4 P A R T L Y S E E			
37	1 B Y 1 P L A T 7			
49	4 A N D 1 P L A T 8 (C	73	80	
61	8 # E . I . I)			E 1 2 0

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLOW

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO.	PROGRAMMER	DATE	PAGE 25 of 36	JOB NO. 2929-30
NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH	
1	2 . 0			
13	1 5 . 0			
25	6 . 0			
37	6 . 0			
49		73	80	
61				E 1 3 0
1	7 # P H 3			
13	2 . 5 U N I T # P H			
25	5 E E P A R T L Y #			
37	5 E E N B Y 1 P L A T			
49	8 (C A S E I I I)	73	80	
61				E 1 4 0
1	2 . 5			
13	3 . 0			
25	5 . 0			
37	4 . 0			
49		73	80	
61				E 1 5 0
1	1 P L A T 8 7 # P H I			
13				
25	D 1 1			
37	1 P L A T 8 7 # P H 2			
49		73	80	
61	D 1 1			E 1 6 0

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLOW

FIGURE 31. Group E Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 26 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

	NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1	P L A T 8 7 # P H 3			
13				
25	D 1 1			
37	P L A T 7 7 # P H 2			
49		73	80	
61	D 3 3		E 1 7 0	
73	P L A T 7 7 # P H 1			
85		73	80	
97			E 1 8 0	
109				
121				
133				
145				
157				
169		73	80	
181				
193				
205				
217				
229		73	80	
241				
253				
265				
277				
289				
301				

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-66 - FELLUM

FIGURE 31. Group E Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION
T+A PROJECT RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM

C O N F I D E N T I A L

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (E)-K.A.T0UPS,11/1/63

I N P U T D A T A

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLAT7 * SKEMED RECTANGULAR PLATE IN 1ST QUADRANT.

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.1970711E 02	0.	0.8292893E 01	1	0.1300000E 01	0.	0.3000000E 01
2	0.1900000E 02	0.	0.9000000E 01	2	0.1300000E 02	0.	0.3000000E 01
3	0.1300000E 02	0.9000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	4	0.1900000E 02	0.9000000E 01	0.9000000E 01

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLAT8 * RECT PLATE PARALLEL TO XY PLANE, 1ST AND 4TH QUADRANTS.

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.6000000E 01	-0.2000000E 01	0.6000000E 01	1	0.5000000E 01	-0.2000000E 01	0.5000000E 01
2	0.6000000E 01	-0.2000000E 01	0.5000000E 01	2	0.1200000E 02	-0.2000000E 01	0.5000000E 01
3	0.1200000E 02	0.5000000E 01	0.5000000E 01	4	0.6000000E 01	0.5000000E 01	0.5000000E 01

***** DATA NAME-- *7SPH1 * 2 UNIT RADIUS FULLY SEEN BY 1PLAT8, NOT SEEN BY 1PLAT7(CASE I)

SPHERE SPECIFICATIONS-

RADIUS = 0.2000000E 01
COORDINATES OF CENTER----- X = 0.1200000E 02 Y = 0.2000000E 01 Z = 0.1100000E 02

***** DATA NAME-- *7SPH2 * 2 UNIT SPHERE PARTLY SEEN BY 1PLAT7 AND 1PLAT8(CASE III)

SPHERE SPECIFICATIONS-

RADIUS = 0.2000000E 01
COORDINATES OF CENTER----- X = 0.1500000E 02 Y = 0.6000000E 01 Z = 0.6000000E 01

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
(13 pages)

**** DATA NAME-- #7SPH3 * 7.5 UNIT SPHERE PARTLY SEEN BY IPLATB(CASE III)
SPHERE SPECIFICATIONS--
RADIUS = 0.2500000E 01
COORDINATES OF CENTER---- X = 0.3000000E 01 Y = 0.5000000E 01 Z = 0.4000000E 01

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (E)-K.A.TOUPTS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 1 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLAT8*7SPH1 *
 D 1 1*

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 0.021 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IPLAT8 * TO SURFACE *7SPH1 * = 0.06859

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.28807E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.4200000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SLRFACE *IPLAT8 * = 0.4200000E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SLRFACE *7SPH1 * = 0.5026548E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME-- *IPLAT8 *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
0.	-0.	0.1000000E 01	0.	1	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.
1	0.	-0.	0.	2	0.6000000E 01	-0.	0.
3	0.6000000E 01	0.7000000E 01	0.	4	0.	0.7000000E 01	0.

***** DATA NAME-- *7SPH1 *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.6000000E 01	0.4000000E 01	0.6000000E 01				

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLAT8 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

X-LEFT	X=RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X=RIGHT	Y
0.	0.6000000E 01	-0.	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.1166667E 01

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

0. 0.600000E 0. 0.233333E 01 0. 0.600000E 01 0.550000E 01
 0. 0.600000E 01 0.466667E 01 0. 0.600000E 01 0.583333E 01
 0. 0.600000E 01 0.700000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.2907282E-01	0.35520.8E-01	0.4280040E-01	0.5037517E-01	0.5727027E-01	0.6220101E-01
0.6400387E-01	0.4184807E-01	0.5160394E-01	0.6215214E-01	0.7210618E-01	0.7943108E-01
0.3352356E-01	0.4712020E-01	0.5919767E-01	0.7267287E-01	0.8577958E-01	0.9566443E-01
0.8215256E-01	0.5006706E-01	0.6354506E-01	0.7884667E-01	0.9398584E-01	0.1055655E-00
0.3711525E-01	0.4982909E-01	0.6319199E-01	0.7834117E-01	0.9330887E-01	0.1047442E-00
0.9938867E-01	0.4648105E-01	0.5826450E-01	0.7136197E-01	0.8405444E-01	0.9359800E-01
0.3907999E-01	0.4097927E-01	0.5037517E-01	0.6048123E-01	0.6997084E-01	0.7692624E-01
0.1099637E-00					
0.3892276E-01					
0.1090848E-00					
0.3668515E-01					
0.9718746E-01					
0.3292181E-01					
0.7950464E-01					

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (E)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 2 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLAT8*7SPH2 *
D 1 1*

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 0.058 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IPLAT8 * TO SURFACE *7SPH2 * = 0.01426

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.59895E 00 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.4200000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *IPLAT8 * = 0.4200000E 02 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *7SPH2 *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.3769911E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *IPLAT8 *

THE AREA OF SURFACE *7SPH2 * = 0.5026548E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *IPLAT8 *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.	-0.	0.1000000E 01	2	0.6000000E 01	-0.	0.
3	0.6000000E 01	0.7000000E 01	0.	4	0.	0.7000000E 01	0.

***** DATA NAME- *7SPH2 *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.9000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.1000000E 01				

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLAT8 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.	0.600000E 01	-0.	0.	0.600000E 01	0.1166667E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.233333E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.350000E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.466666E 01	0.	0.600000E 01	0.583333E 01
0.	0.600000E 01	0.700000E 01			

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.2456234E-02	0.2756008E-02	0.3551573E-02	0.4272042E-02	0.5080212E-02	0.5951812E-02
0.6817956E-02	0.3672576E-02	0.4561014E-02	0.5666165E-02	0.7002876E-02	0.8542521E-02
0.2968622E-02	0.4530011E-02	0.5831172E-02	0.7555847E-02	0.9806508E-02	0.1263230E-01
0.1017746E-01	0.5514498E-02	0.7372421E-02	0.1002924E-01	0.1382694E-01	0.1915586E-01
0.3556305E-02	0.6555658E-02	0.9091390E-02	0.1302962E-01	0.1926402E-01	0.2928970E-01
0.1592354E-01	0.7460952E-02	0.1074253E-01	0.1616383E-01	0.2564950E-01	0.4333516E-01
0.419321E-02	0.8097716E-02	0.1193474E-01	0.1858892E-01	0.3112908E-01	0.5750824E-01
0.2622034E-01					
0.4827291E-02					
0.4516103E-01					
0.5374063E-02					
0.7829274E-01					
0.5737564E-02					
0.1219322E-01					

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (E)-K.A.TGUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 3 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLAT8*7SPH3 *
D 1 1*

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 0.058 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLAT8 * T0 SURFACE *7SPH3 * = 0.00502

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.21089E-00 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.4200000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLAT8 * = 0.4200000E 02 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *7SPH3 *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.2356194E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *1PLAT8

THE AREA OF SURFACE *7SPH3 * = 0.7855982E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *1PLAT8 *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 0. -0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
 2 0. 0.6000000E 01 -0. 0.
 3 0.6000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0. 0. 4 0. 0.7000000E 01 0.

***** DATA NAME- *7SPH3 *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 -0.3000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 -0.1000000E 01
 COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *1PLAT8 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.	0.6000000E 01	-0.	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.1166667E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.2333333E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.3500000E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.4666667E 01	0.	0.6000000E 01	0.5833333E 01
0.	0.6000000E 01	0.7000000E 01			

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.2314553E-C2	0.1940820E-02	0.1589493E-02	0.1284948E-02	0.1033530E-02	0.8316651E-03
0.6718784E-03	0.2911745E-02	0.2252464E-02	0.1730292E-02	0.1332033E-02	0.1033080E-02
0.3684484E-C2	0.4520665E-02	0.3233144E-02	0.2328352E-02	0.1702152E-02	0.1267144E-02
0.8094284E-03	0.7178652E-02	0.4622137E-02	0.3080579E-02	0.2127342E-02	0.1517988E-02
0.6257713E-02	0.1141011E-01	0.6367547E-02	0.3907600E-02	0.2553004E-02	0.1752717E-02
0.9610705E-03	0.1115075E-C2	0.1599525E-01	0.8025666E-02	0.4600457E-02	0.1924313E-02
0.2194706E-01	0.1252203E-02	0.1838423E-01	0.8745356E-02	0.4878217E-02	0.1987817E-02
0.4018943E-01					
0.1348592E-C2					
0.5302282E-C1					
0.1383506E-C2					

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (E)-K.A.TGUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 4 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLAT7*7SPHZ *
D 3 3*

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 0.393 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IPLAT7 * TO SURFACE *7SPHZ * = 0.02446

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.18682E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.7636752E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *IPLAT7 * = 0.7636753E 02 SQ UNITS.

ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *7SPHZ *, COMPRISING AN AREA OF 0.1624699E 02 SQ UNITS,
SEES SURFACE *IPLAT7 *

THE AREA OF SURFACE *7SPHZ * = 0.5026548E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

***** DATA NAME- *IPLAT7 *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
0.				0.			
1	-0.	-0.	0.9999998E 00	2	0.8485281E 01	-0.	0.
3	0.8485281E 01	0.8999999E 01	0.	4	-0.	0.8999999E 01	0.

***** DATA NAME- *7SPHZ *

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.4949747E 01	0.5999999E 01	-0.7071059E 00				

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLAT7 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
-0.	0.8485281E 01	-0.	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.4999999E-00
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.9999999E 00	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.1500000E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.2000000E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.2500000E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.3000000E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.3500000E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.3999999E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.4499999E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.4999999E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.5499999E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.5999999E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.6499999E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.6999999E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.7499999E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.7999999E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.8499999E 01
-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.8999999E 01	-0.	0.8485281E 01	0.8499999E 01
0.1308355E-02	0.1470404E-02	0.1647086E-02	0.1836072E-02	0.2033176E-02	0.2231959E-02
0.2423748E-02	0.2597862E-02	0.2742621E-02	0.2846771E-02	0.2901346E-02	0.2901346E-02
0.2845772E-02	0.2742645E-02	0.2597864E-02	0.2423741E-02	0.2231960E-02	0.2033179E-02
0.1836075E-02	0.1735840E-02	0.1971554E-02	0.2229726E-02	0.2505366E-02	0.2790641E-02
0.1524456E-02	0.3333397E-02	0.3554614E-02	0.3716081E-02	0.3801467E-02	0.3801467E-02
0.3072187E-02	0.3554617E-02	0.3333392E-02	0.3072189E-02	0.2790637E-02	0.2505367E-02
0.3716082E-02	0.2056375E-02	0.2373291E-02	0.2730052E-02	0.3122420E-02	0.3540086E-02
0.2223727E-02	0.4369793E-02	0.4721113E-02	0.4982401E-02	0.5122234E-02	0.5122234E-02
0.1779403E-02	0.4721113E-02	0.4369794E-02	0.3964806E-02	0.3540081E-02	0.3122423E-02
0.3964804E-02	0.2441828E-02	0.2870431E-02	0.3368645E-02	0.3935816E-02	0.4561811E-02
0.4982404E-02	0.5874573E-02	0.6458710E-02	0.6904292E-02	0.7146710E-02	0.7146712E-02
0.2730054E-02	0.6458712E-02	0.5874577E-02	0.5222205E-02	0.4561816E-02	0.3935819E-02
0.2078034E-02	0.2901350E-02	0.3482915E-02	0.4184489E-02	0.5016751E-02	0.5977219E-02
0.5222208E-02	0.8137702E-02	0.9164832E-02	0.9975504E-02	0.1042856E-01	0.1042856E-01
0.6904294E-02	0.9164833E-02	0.8137706E-02	0.7038932E-02	0.5977218E-02	0.5016749E-02
0.368639E-02	0.4184494E-02	0.3444104E-02	0.4229578E-02	0.6458713E-02	0.7966446E-02
0.2423745E-02	0.1168656E-01	0.1362316E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.1616434E-01	0.1616434E-01
0.7038927E-02	0.1168656E-01	0.1362316E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.1616434E-01	0.1616434E-01
0.9975506E-02	0.1168656E-01	0.1362316E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.1616434E-01	0.1616434E-01
0.4184494E-02	0.1168656E-01	0.1362316E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.1616434E-01	0.1616434E-01
0.2816825E-02	0.1168656E-01	0.1362316E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.1616434E-01	0.1616434E-01
0.9736420E-02	0.1168656E-01	0.1362316E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.1616434E-01	0.1616434E-01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 18 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 18

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

FIGURE 32. Group B Sample Problems Program Results

(continued)

0.1523465E-C1	0.1362316E-01	0.1168656E-01	0.9736420E-02	0.7966444E-02	0.6458712E-02
0.5222208E-C1	0.4060008E-02	0.5122229E-02	0.6525123E-02	0.8375808E-02	0.1079056E-01
0.7252088E-C2	0.1753749E-01	0.2153340E-01	0.2513747E-01	0.2734019E-01	0.2734019E-01
0.1385566E-C1	0.2153340E-01	0.1753748E-01	0.1385566E-01	0.1079056E-01	0.8375808E-02
0.2513747E-C1	0.474630E-02	0.6155096E-02	0.8118366E-02	0.1088436E-01	0.1480288E-01
0.6525122E-C2	0.2778961E-01	0.3712062E-01	0.4680520E-01	0.5341565E-01	0.5341564E-01
0.3716081E-C2	0.3712062E-01	0.2778960E-01	0.2031023E-01	0.1480287E-01	0.1088436E-01
0.2031023E-C1	0.5461945E-02	0.7289385E-02	0.9976505E-02	0.1404648E-01	0.2040014E-01
0.4680519E-C1	0.471763E-01	0.7366529E-01	0.1116398E-00	0.1485900E-00	0.1485900E-00
0.8118366E-C2	0.7366529E-01	0.4717632E-01	0.3059036E-01	0.2040013E-01	0.1404648E-01
0.3059037E-01	0.6155093E-02	0.8457162E-02	0.1197619E-01	0.1774963E-01	0.22778961E-01
0.1116397E-C0	0.8795447E-01	0.232282E-00	0.4680517E-01	0.2778959E-01	0.1774962E-01
0.9976504E-C2	0.2232279E-00	0.8795443E-01	0.4680517E-01	0.2778959E-01	0.1774962E-01
0.4621429E-C2	0.6745478E-02	0.9455832E-02	0.1385566E-01	0.2153339E-01	0.3638891E-01
0.4680519E-C1	0.2009126E-00	0.2009124E-00	0.7053788E-01	0.3638890E-01	0.2153339E-01
0.1197619E-C1	0.7142706E-02	0.1017017E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.2450979E-01	0.4400776E-01
0.4982398E-C2	0.7142706E-02	0.1017017E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.2450979E-01	0.4400776E-01
0.7053792E-C1	0.7289383E-02	0.1042856E-01	0.1574621E-01	0.2565938E-01	0.4717633E-01
0.1385565E-01	0.7289383E-02	0.1042856E-01	0.1574621E-01	0.2565938E-01	0.4717633E-01
0.5222204E-C2	0.7142706E-02	0.1017017E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.2450979E-01	0.4400776E-01
0.9780608E-C1	0.7142706E-02	0.1017017E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.2450979E-01	0.4400776E-01
0.1523465E-C1	0.7142706E-02	0.1017017E-01	0.1523465E-01	0.2450979E-01	0.4400776E-01
0.4982398E-02	0.6745478E-02	0.9455832E-02	0.1385566E-01	0.2153339E-01	0.3638891E-01
0.7053792E-C1	0.2009126E-00	0.2009124E-00	0.7053788E-01	0.3638890E-01	0.2153339E-01
0.1385565E-C1	0.6155093E-02	0.8437162E-02	0.1197619E-01	0.1774963E-01	0.22778961E-01
0.4621429E-02	0.8795447E-01	0.232282E-00	0.4680517E-01	0.2778959E-01	0.1774962E-01
0.4680519E-01	0.2232279E-00	0.8795443E-01	0.4680517E-01	0.2778959E-01	0.1774962E-01
0.1197619E-C1	0.5461945E-02	0.7289385E-02	0.9976505E-02	0.1404648E-01	0.2040014E-01
0.4184495E-02	0.4717633E-01	0.7366529E-01	0.1116398E-00	0.1485900E-00	0.1485900E-00
0.3059037E-01	0.4717633E-01	0.7366529E-01	0.1116398E-00	0.1485900E-00	0.1485900E-00
0.1116397E-C0	0.6155093E-02	0.8437162E-02	0.1197619E-01	0.1774963E-01	0.22778961E-01
0.9976504E-C2	0.8795447E-01	0.232282E-00	0.4680517E-01	0.2778959E-01	0.1774962E-01
0.4621429E-C2	0.2232279E-00	0.8795443E-01	0.4680517E-01	0.2778959E-01	0.1774962E-01
0.4680519E-C1	0.5461945E-02	0.7289385E-02	0.9976505E-02	0.1404648E-01	0.2040014E-01
0.3059037E-C1	0.4717633E-01	0.7366529E-01	0.1116398E-00	0.1485900E-00	0.1485900E-00

FIGURE 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.1116397E-C0	0.7366526E-01	0.4717632E-01	0.3059036E-01	0.2040013E-01	0.1404648E-01
0.9976504E-C2	0.474630E-02	0.6155096E-02	0.8118366E-02	0.1088436E-01	0.1480288E-01
0.3716081E-C2	0.2778921E-01	0.3712063E-01	0.4680520E-01	0.5341565E-01	0.5341565E-01
0.2031024E-C1	0.3712062E-01	0.2778960E-01	0.2031023E-01	0.1480287E-01	0.1088436E-01
0.4680519E-01	0.4060008E-02	0.5122229E-02	0.6525123E-02	0.8375808E-02	0.1079056E-01
0.8118366E-C2	0.1753749E-01	0.2153340E-01	0.2513747E-01	0.2734019E-01	0.2734019E-01
0.3252088E-C2	0.2153340E-01	0.1753748E-01	0.1385566E-01	0.1079056E-01	0.8375808E-02
0.1385566E-C1					
0.2513747E-C1					
0.6525123E-C2					

Figure 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (E)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

RUN NO. 5 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLATT*7SPHI *
* * * * *

NONE OF SURFACE *1PLATT * IS SEEN BY SURFACE *7SPHI *

IF THE ABOVE RESULT IS UNEXPECTED, DO NOT BECOME ALARMED- IT HAPPENS TO THE BEST OF EM. JUST CHECK YOUR DATA-ESPECIALLY BE SURE THAT YOU ENTERED ALL POINTS IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE ORDER, AS THEY APPEAR WHEN FACING THE ACTIVE SIDE OF THE SURFACE, AND DERIVED FROM A RIGHT-HANDED COORDINATE SYSTEM.

Figure 32. Group E Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

SAMPLE PROBLEM GROUP F

The capability of computing factors to surfaces which are occluded by intervening surfaces is demonstrated as shown in Figure 33. The data sheets are presented in Figure 34 and the results in Figure 35.

Problem 1F

The factor from 1PLA10 to 1PLA9 is desired with surface 1PLA11 intervening. The surface 5COPLA, representing the boundary points of 1PLA9 including connections, and the boundary points of 1PLA11 including connections is entered in data. Because the silhouette is complex, the surface 5COPLA must be reentered as 8COPLA to enable the silhouette generator to operate in the complex mode. The factor to 8COPLA from 1PLA10 is requested as Run #1. Then, the factor from 1PLA10 to 1PLA11 is requested as Run #2. The factor from 1PLA10 to 1PLA9 is merely the difference between the two,

$$f = 0.26787 - 0.20146$$

$$f = 0.06641$$

Problem 2F

This problem also illustrates the capability of determining factors to occluded surfaces, but data is entered and handled in a different manner. The factor from 1PLA10 to 6PIPE2 is desired, taking into account the flux interceded by 5PIPE1.

The coordinates defining 6PIPE2 are internally generated. 5PIPE1 is entered manually, and the two surfaces are combined for complex processing as 820FEM.

Notice that 5PIPE1 includes a line segment--a "bridge" line--connecting point 7 in 5PIPE1 to 6PIPE2. If this line or any other suitably oriented line serving the purpose were not present, then the silhouette generator would not include 6PIPE2 in any of the silhouettes computed from points on mapping lines 6 and 7 on 1PLA10. The line does not have to actually be in any surface--it need only appear to intersect both surfaces in the silhouette.

The form factor to 820FEM is 0.28139 (Run #3); to 5PIPE1 alone is 0.21556 (Run #4); therefore, the form factor to 6PIPE2 is the difference or 0.06583.

Problem 3F

This problem illustrates improper use of the program, and in particular, the silhouette generator. The factor from 1PLA12 to 5COPLA is requested as Run #5. Note that the data 5COPLA is in reality two surfaces. These surfaces when viewed from 1PLA10 or 1PLA12 present a complex silhouette, and therefore, must be processed in the complex mode. However, when a class 4, 5 or 6 surface is specified as Surface 2, the simple mode is always used. The

Contrails

silhouette generator consequently saw only 1PLA11 sometimes and only 1PLA9 sometimes; this condition would not be relieved by use of a bridge line, because the total silhouette is complex, and must be processed as complex.

Problem 4F

When a class 8 surface is used as Surface 2, Surface 1 must be in the XY plane of the Surface 2 coordinate system, with its orientation vector pointing toward the +Z axis. The results of Run #6 show the diagnostic resulting from a request for the factor from 1PLA12 to 8COPLA.

Contrails

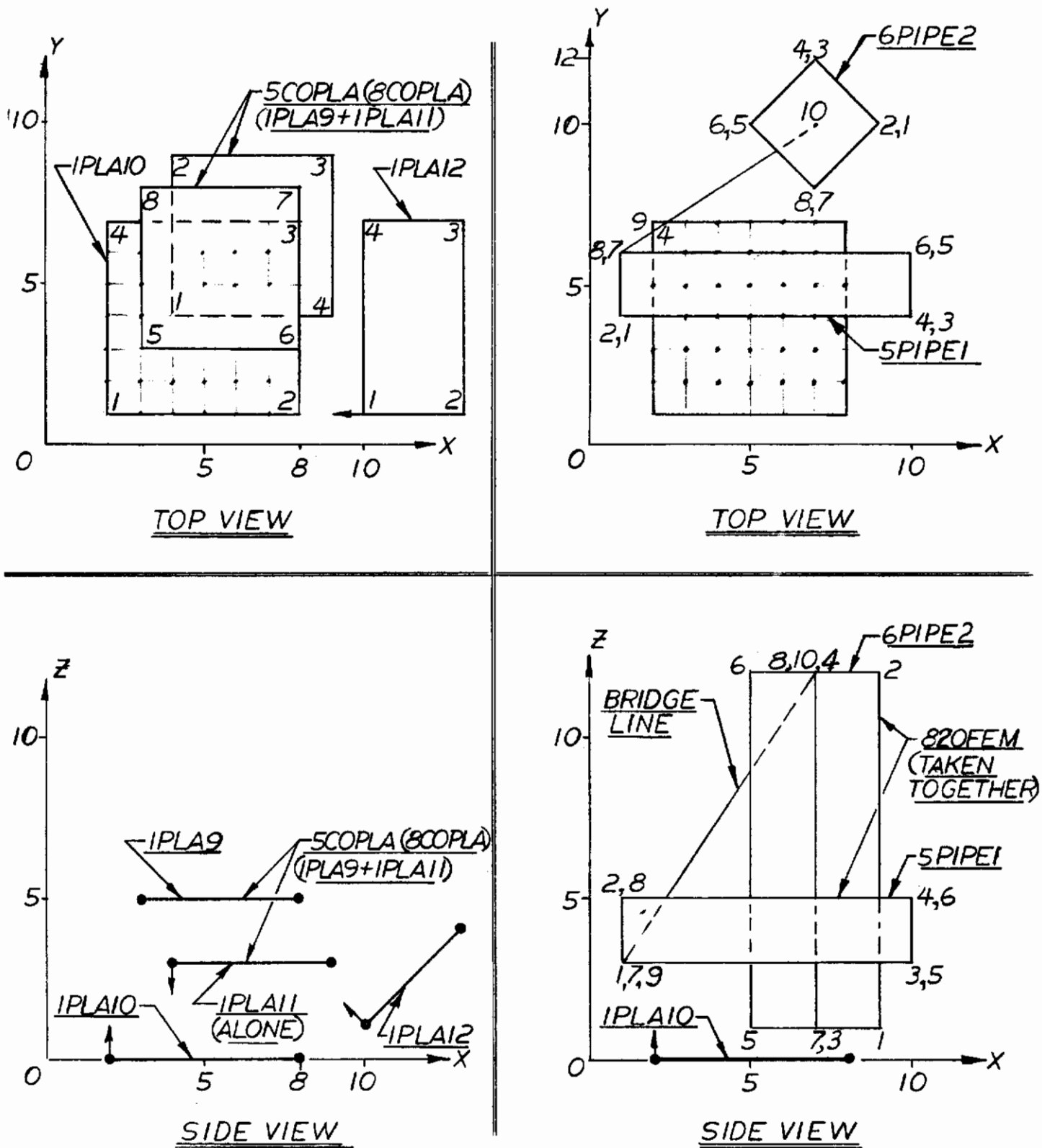


FIGURE 33. Group F Sample Problems Geometry

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 27 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
73			
85			
97			
109			
121			
133			
145			
157			
169			
181			
193			
205			
217			
229			
241			
253			
265			
277			
289			
301			
313			
325			
337			
349			
361			
373			
385			
397			
409			
421			
433			
445			
457			
469			
481			
493			
505			
517			
529			
541			
553			
565			
577			
589			
601			
613			
625			
637			
649			
661			
673			
685			
697			
709			
721			
733			
745			
757			
769			
781			
793			
805			
817			
829			
841			
853			
865			
877			
889			
901			
913			
925			
937			
949			
961			
973			
985			
997			
1009			
1021			
1033			
1045			
1057			
1069			
1081			
1093			
1105			
1117			
1129			
1141			
1153			
1165			
1177			
1189			
1201			
1213			
1225			
1237			
1249			
1261			
1273			
1285			
1297			
1309			
1321			
1333			
1345			
1357			
1369			
1381			
1393			
1405			
1417			
1429			
1441			
1453			
1465			
1477			
1489			
1501			
1513			
1525			
1537			
1549			
1561			
1573			
1585			
1597			
1609			
1621			
1633			
1645			
1657			
1669			
1681			
1693			
1705			
1717			
1729			
1741			
1753			
1765			
1777			
1789			
1801			
1813			
1825			
1837			
1849			
1861			
1873			
1885			
1897			
1909			
1921			
1933			
1945			
1957			
1969			
1981			
1993			
2005			
2017			
2029			
2041			
2053			
2065			
2077			
2089			
2101			
2113			
2125			
2137			
2149			
2161			
2173			
2185			
2197			
2209			
2221			
2233			
2245			
2257			
2269			
2281			
2293			
2305			
2317			
2329			
2341			
2353			
2365			
2377			
2389			
2401			
2413			
2425			
2437			
2449			
2461			
2473			
2485			
2497			
2509			
2521			
2533			
2545			
2557			
2569			
2581			
2593			
2605			
2617			
2629			
2641			
2653			
2665			
2677			
2689			
2701			
2713			
2725			
2737			
2749			
2761			
2773			
2785			
2797			
2809			
2821			
2833			
2845			
2857			
2869			
2881			
2893			
2905			
2917			
2929			

FORM 110-C-17 REV. 7-51-YELLOW

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 28 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1			
13			
25			
37			
49			
61			
73			
85			
97			
109			
121			
133			
145			
157			
169			
181			
193			
205			
217			
229			
241			
253			
265			
277			
289			
301			
313			
325			
337			
349			
361			
373			
385			
397			
409			
421			
433			
445			
457			
469			
481			
493			
505			
517			
529			
541			
553			
565			
577			
589			
601			
613			
625			
637			
649			
661			
673			
685			
697			
709			
721			
733			
745			
757			
769			
781			
793			
805			
817			
829			
841			
853			
865			
877			
889			
901			
913			
925			
937			
949			
961			
973			
985			
997			
1009			
1021			
1033			
1045			
1057			
1069			
1081			
1093			
1105			
1117			
1129			
1141			
1153			
1165			
1177			
1189			
1201			
1213			
1225			
1237			
1249			
1261			
1273			
1285			
1297			
1309			
1321			
1333			
1345			
1357			
1369			
1381			
1393			
1405			
1417			
1429			
1441			
1453			
1465			
1477			
1489			
1501			
1513			
1525			
1537			
1549			
1561			
1573			
1585			
1597			
1609			
1621			
1633			
1645			
1657			
1669			
1681			
1693			
1705			
1717			
1729			
1741			
1753			
1765			
1777			
1789			
1801			
1813			
1825			
1837			
1849			
1861			
1873			
1885			
1897			
1909			
1921			
1933			
1945			
1957			
1969			
1981			
1993			
2005			
2017			
2029			
2041			
2053			
2065			
2077			
2089			
2101			
2113			
2125			
2137			
2149			
2161			
2173			
2185			
2197			
2209			
2221			
2233			
2245			
2257			
2269			
2281			
2293			
2305			
2317			
2329			
2341			
2353			
2365			
2377			
2389			
2401			
2413			
2425			
2437			
2449			
2461			
2473			
2485			
2497			
2509			
2521			
2533			
2545			
2557			
2569			
2581			
2593			
2605			

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 31 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1		PLA12	
13		K E W E D R E C T A	
25		N G L E L O O K I N G	
37		A T B C D P L A	
49			
61		F 1 7 0	
1		4 . 0	
13		1 0 . 0	
25		1 . 0	
37		1 . 0	
49		1 3 . 0	
61		F 1 8 0	
1		4 . 0	
13		1 3 . 0	
25		7 . 0	
37		4 . 0	
49		1 0 . 0	
61		F 1 9 0	
1		7 . 0	
13		1 . 0	
25			
37			
49			
61		F 2 0 0	

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-FEL LUM

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 32 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1		PIPE 1	
13		H O R I Z O N T A L P	
25		A R A L L E L P I P E	
37		D W I T H L I N E	
49		B R I D G E T Y P E 6 P	
61		F 2 1 0	
1		1 0 . 0	
13		1 . 0	
25		4 . 0	
37		3 . 0	
49		2 3 7	
61		F 2 2 0	
1		4 . 0	
13		5 . 0	
25		1 4 8	
37		1 0 . 0	
49		4 . 0	
61		F 2 3 0	
1		1 4 5	
13		1 0 . 0	
25		4 . 0	
37		5 . 0	
49		2 3 6	
61		F 2 4 0	

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-59-FEL LUM

Figure 34. Group F Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 33 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1 6 . 0			
13 3 . 0			
25 1 3 6 7			
37 1 0 . 0			
49 6 . 0	73	80	
61 5 . 0		F 2 5 0	
1 4 5 9			
13 1 . 0			
25 6 . 0			
37 3 . 0			
49 1 5 8	73	80	
61 1 . 0		F 2 6 0	
1 6 . 0			
13 5 . 0			
25 2 7 6			
37 1 . 0			
49 6 . 0	73	80	
61 3 . 0		F 2 7 0	
1 1 0			
13 7 . 0			
25 1 0 . 0			
37 1 2 . 0			
49 9	73	80	
61		F 2 8 0	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLOW

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 34 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1 6 P I P E 2			
13 V E R T I C A L P A R			
25 A L L E L E P I P E D			
37			
49	73	80	
61		F 2 9 0	
1 4 . 0			
13 2 . 0			
25 7 . 0			
37 1 0 . 0			
49 1 . 0	73	80	
61 2 . 0		F 3 0 0	
1 2 . 0			
13 1 4 . 0			
25 2 . 0			
37 2 . 0			
49	73	80	
61		F 3 1 0	
1 8 C # P L A			
13 T # R U N 5 C # P L			
25 A I N C # P L E X			
37 H # D E I N # I L			
49 F A C	73	80	
61		F 3 2 0	

FORM 114-C-17 REV. 7-59-YELLOW

Figure 34. Group F Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 35 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1			
5		C P L A	
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			
31			
32			
33			
34			
35			
36			
37			
38			
39			
40			
41			
42			
43			
44			
45			
46			
47			
48			
49			
50			
51			
52			
53			
54			
55			
56			
57			
58			
59			
60			
61			
62			
63			
64			
65			
66			
67			
68			
69			
70			
71			
72			
73			
74			
75			
76			
77			
78			
79			
80			
81			
82			
83			
84			
85			
86			
87			
88			
89			
90			
91			
92			
93			
94			
95			
96			
97			
98			
99			
100			

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-55-YELLOW

FORTRAN FIXED 10 DIGIT DECIMAL DATA

DECK NO. _____ PROGRAMMER _____ DATE _____ PAGE 36 of 36 JOB NO. 2929-30

NUMBER	IDENTIFICATION	DESCRIPTION	DO NOT KEY PUNCH
1			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			
30			
31			
32			
33			
34			
35			
36			
37			
38			
39			
40			
41			
42			
43			
44			
45			
46			
47			
48			
49			
50			
51			
52			
53			
54			
55			
56			
57			
58			
59			
60			
61			
62			
63			
64			
65			
66			
67			
68			
69			
70			
71			
72			
73			
74			
75			
76			
77			
78			
79			
80			
81			
82			
83			
84			
85			
86			
87			
88			
89			
90			
91			
92			
93			
94			
95			
96			
97			
98			
99			
100			

FORM 116-C-17 REV. 7-55-YELLOW

Figure 34. Group F Sample Problems Input Data Code Sheets
(continued)

NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION
T+A PROJECT RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM

C O N F A C I I

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.T0UPS,11/1/63

I N P U T D A T A

```

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLA10 * 6X6 PLATE IN XY PLANE
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 --- (INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
2 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
3 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.
4 0.2000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLA11 * 5X5 SQUARE,Z=3,LOOKING AT 1PLA10
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.4000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 --- (INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
2 0.4000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.3000000E 01
3 0.9000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.3000000E 01

***** DATA NAME-- *5C0PLA * 1PLA11 COMBINED WITH 1PLA9
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.4000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.3000000E 01
3 0.9000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.5000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.3000000E 01
5 0.3000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.5000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.5000000E 01
7 0.8000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.5000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.5000000E 01

POINT CONNECTING POINTS POINT CONNECTING POINTS POINT CONNECTING POINTS
1 2, 4, -0, -0 2 1, 3, -0, -0 3 2, 4, -0, -0 4 1, 3, -0, -0
5 6, 8, -0, -0 6 5, 7, -0, -0 7 6, 8, -0, -0 8 5, 7, -0, -0

***** DATA NAME-- *1PLA12 *

```

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(18 pages)

SKewed RECTANGLE LOOKING AT RC0PLA

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.9292893E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.1707107E 01	2	0.1300000E 01	0.1000000E 02	0.4000000E 01
2	0.1000000E 02	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	3	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.1000000E 01
3	0.1300000E 02	0.7000000E 01	0.4000000E 01	4	0.1000000E 02	0.7000000E 01	0.1000000E 01

***** DATA NAME-- *SPIPE1 * HORIZONTAL PARALLELEPIPED WITH LINE BRIDGE TO 6PIPE2

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.1000000E 01	0.4000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	2	0.1000000E 01	0.4000000E 01	0.5000000E 01
3	0.1000000E 02	0.4000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	4	0.1000000E 02	0.4000000E 01	0.5000000E 01
5	0.1000000E 02	0.6000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	6	0.1000000E 02	0.6000000E 01	0.5000000E 01
7	0.1000000E 01	0.6000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	8	0.1000000E 01	0.6000000E 01	0.5000000E 01
9	0.1000000E 01	0.6000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	10	0.7000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	0.1200000E 02

POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS	POINT	CONNECTING POINTS
1	2, 3, 7, -0	2	1, 4, 8, -0	3	1, 4, 5, -0	4	2, 3, 6, -0
5	3, 6, 7, -0	6	4, 5, 8, -0	7	1, 5, 8, -0	8	2, 7, 6, -0
9	10, -0, -0, -0	10	9, -0, -0, -0				

***** DATA NAME-- *6PIPE2 * VERTICAL PARALLELEPIPED

SURFACE SPECIFICATIONS--

NO OF X-SECTIONS = 2 NO OF X-SECTION BOUNDARY DIVISIONS = 4

LOCATION OF VERTICAL CENTERLINE, X = 0.7000000E 01, Y = 0.1000000E 02

X-SECTION NO.	X-AXIS RADIUS	Y-AXIS RADIUS	ELEVATION ABOVE XY PLANE
1	0.2000000E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.1000000E 01
2	0.2000000E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.1400000E 02

THE FOLLOWING INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACE DATA RESULTED FROM THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS--

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.9000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	0.1000000E 01	2	0.9000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	0.1400000E 02
3	0.7000000E 01	0.1200000E 02	0.1000000E 01	4	0.7000000E 01	0.1200000E 02	0.1400000E 02
5	0.5000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	0.1000000E 01	6	0.5000000E 01	0.1000000E 02	0.1400000E 02
7	0.7000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	8	0.7000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.1400000E 02

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 1 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLAIO*BCOPLA*
 D 1 1*

SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN

MAPPING LINE PT	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
1	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
1	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
1	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
1	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
1	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
1	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
2	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
2	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
2	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
2	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
2	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
2	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
3	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
3	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
3	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
3	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
3	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
3	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
4	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
4	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
4	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
4	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
4	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
5	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
5	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
5	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
5	5	6	9	4	3	2	10	8	5
5	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5
5	5	6	9	4	3	2	1	10	5

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

```

5 7 5 6 9 4 3 2 1 10 5
6 1 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
6 2 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
6 3 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
6 4 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
6 5 1 4 3 2 1
6 6 1 4 3 2 1
6 7 1 4 3 2 1
7 1 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
7 2 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
7 3 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
7 4 1 4 3 2 9 8 5 10 1
7 5 1 4 3 2 1
7 6 1 4 3 2 1
7 7 1 4 3 2 1
    
```

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 3.646 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IPLAIO * TO SURFACE *8C0PLA * = 0.27337

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA) = 0.98415E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *IPLAIO * = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

```

***** DATA NAME-- *IPLAIO *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
4 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.
COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLAIO * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL
X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y
0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.2000000E 01
    
```

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.4000000E 01
 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.5000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.6000000E 01
 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.6000000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
 LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.8549479E-01	0.1053000E-00	0.1227148E-00	0.1340877E-00	0.1377212E-00	0.1318948E-00
0.1167405E-00					
0.1130059E-00	0.1428044E-00	0.1698850E-00	0.1883679E-00	0.1958413E-00	0.1882831E-00
0.1647709E-00					
0.1428044E-00	0.1848446E-00	0.2244727E-00	0.2531131E-00	0.2678413E-00	0.2602939E-00
0.2266967E-00					
0.1698850E-00	0.2244727E-00	0.2778939E-00	0.3188091E-00	0.3440795E-00	0.3393076E-00
0.2959300E-00					
0.1883679E-00	0.2531131E-00	0.3188091E-00	0.3714197E-00	0.4070679E-00	0.4058596E-00
0.3546937E-00					
0.1958413E-00	0.2678413E-00	0.3440795E-00	0.4070679E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00
0.3927660E-00					
0.1882831E-00	0.2602939E-00	0.3393076E-00	0.4058596E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00
0.3927660E-00					

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
 (continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.TROUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 2 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLA10*1PLA11*
 D 1 1*

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLA1C * TO SURFACE *1PLA11 * = 0.21136

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.76688E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLA10 * = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLA11 * = 0.2500000E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

**** DATA NAME- *1PLA10 *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
 3 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.0.

**** DATA NAME- *1PLA11 *
 POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
 1 0.4000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.
 3 0.9000000E 01 0.9000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.4000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *1PLA10 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.2000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.2000000E 01
0.2000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.8000000E 01	0.4000000E 01

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.5000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.6000000E 01
0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.2571121E-01	0.3491454E-01	0.4487989E-01	0.5346227E-01	0.5840757E-01	0.5840757E-01
0.5346227E-01	0.5576248E-01	0.7595849E-01	0.9394831E-01	0.1043396E-00	0.1043396E-00
0.3838323E-01	0.9394831E-01	0.1264627E-00	0.1624429E-00	0.1830053E-00	0.1830053E-00
0.9394831E-01	0.8716592E-01	0.1264627E-00	0.2559109E-00	0.2910528E-00	0.2910528E-00
0.1624429E-00	0.1264627E-00	0.1934735E-00	0.3436941E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.3927660E-00
0.7595850E-01	0.2559109E-00	0.2559109E-00	0.3436941E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.3927660E-00
0.2559109E-00	0.1624429E-00	0.2559109E-00	0.3436941E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.3927660E-00
0.3436941E-00	0.1830053E-00	0.2910528E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00
0.1043396E-00	0.1830053E-00	0.2910528E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00
0.3927660E-00	0.1830053E-00	0.2910528E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00
0.1043396E-00	0.1830053E-00	0.2910528E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00
0.3927660E-00	0.1830053E-00	0.2910528E-00	0.3927660E-00	0.4496363E-00	0.4496363E-00

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 3 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLA10*U20FEM*
 D 1 1*

SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN

MAPPING LINE PT	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18	
1	1	1	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18	
1	2	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18
1	3	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18
1	4	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18
1	5	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18
1	6	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18
1	7	18	19	4	3	5	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2	22	18
2	1	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
2	2	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
2	3	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
2	4	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
2	5	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
2	6	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
2	7	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
3	1	2	4	3	5	19	20	11	13	15	21	7	1	2		
3	2	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
3	3	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
3	4	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
3	5	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
3	6	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
3	7	2	4	3	5	19	11	13	15	20	7	1	2			
4	1	1	19	20	3	5	21	17	11	13	15	22	7	1		
4	2	1	19	20	3	5	21	22	11	13	15	23	7	1		
4	3	1	19	20	3	5	21	11	13	15	22	7	1			
4	4	1	19	20	3	5	21	11	13	15	22	7	1			
4	5	1	19	20	3	5	21	11	13	15	22	7	1			
4	6	1	19	20	3	5	21	11	13	15	22	7	1			
4	7	1	19	20	3	5	21	11	13	15	22	7	1			
5	1	3	5	19	17	11	13	15	20	9	1					
5	2	1	3	5	19	17	11	13	15	20	9	1				
5	3	1	3	5	19	12	20	11	13	15	21	9	1			
5	4	1	3	5	19	12	11	13	15	20	9	1				
5	5	1	3	5	19	12	11	13	15	20	9	1				
5	6	1	3	5	19	12	11	13	15	20	9	1				

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

```

5 7 1 3 5 19 12 11 13 15 20 9 1 15 16 22 9 1
6 1 5 5 19 20 7 21 18 17 11 13 15 16 22 9 1
6 2 1 3 5 19 20 7 21 18 17 11 13 15 16 22 9 1
6 3 1 3 5 19 20 7 21 18 17 11 13 15 16 22 9 1
6 4 1 3 5 19 20 7 21 16 18 12 22 11 13 15 23 9 1
6 5 1 3 5 19 20 7 21 16 18 12 11 13 15 22 9 1
6 6 1 3 5 19 20 7 21 16 18 12 11 13 15 22 9 1
6 7 1 3 5 19 20 7 21 16 18 12 11 13 15 22 9 1
7 1 1 3 5 6 19 20 18 17 11 13 21 14 16 22 23 8 7 1
7 2 1 3 5 6 8 7 19 18 17 11 13 15 16 20 9 1
7 3 1 3 5 6 8 7 19 18 17 11 13 15 16 20 9 1
7 4 1 3 5 6 8 7 19 18 17 11 13 15 16 20 9 1
7 5 1 3 5 6 8 7 19 18 12 20 11 13 15 16 21 9 1
7 6 1 3 5 6 8 7 19 18 12 11 13 15 16 20 9 1
7 7 1 3 5 6 8 7 19 16 18 12 11 13 15 17 20 9 1
    
```

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 15.570 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLA10 * TO SURFACE *820FEM * = 0.28258

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA) = 0.10173E 02 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLA10 * = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

```

***** DATA NAME= *1PLA10 *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
3 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.
2 0.8000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
4 0.2000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.
COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *1PLA10 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL
X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y X-LEFT X-RIGHT Y
0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.2000000E 01
    
```

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.3000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.4000000E 01
0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.5000000E 01 0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.6000000E 01
0.2000000E 01 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.1145098E-00	0.1329408E-00	0.1457498E-00	0.1525982E-00	0.1535865E-00	0.1485711E-00
0.1372063E-00	0.1758640E-00	0.1935055E-00	0.2028280E-00	0.2045044E-00	0.1982487E-00
0.1494541E-00	0.2259356E-00	0.24489559E-00	0.2612524E-00	0.2642969E-00	0.2574969E-00
0.1829118E-00	0.2678093E-00	0.2957793E-00	0.3115554E-00	0.3170587E-00	0.3110726E-00
0.1900968E-00	0.3361398E-00	0.3672052E-00	0.3898299E-00	0.3995240E-00	0.3940366E-00
0.2384187E-00	0.3146966E-00	0.3492657E-00	0.3656158E-00	0.3809775E-00	0.3787753E-00
0.2261132E-00	0.3034336E-00	0.3501732E-00	0.3844522E-00	0.3862797E-00	0.3884276E-00
0.2897589E-00					
0.2824968E-00					
0.3683885E-00					
0.2631508E-00					
0.3536777E-00					
0.2490930E-00					
0.3604015E-00					

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.TOUPS, 11/1/63

```

RUN NO. 4 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *IPLA10*5PIPEI*
      * * * * *
      *D 1* 1* 1*

MAPPING SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN
LINE PT
1 1 2 2 4 4 3 5 7 1 2
1 1 3 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
1 1 4 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
1 1 5 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
1 1 6 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
1 1 7 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 1 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 2 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 3 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 4 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 5 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 6 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
2 2 7 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 1 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 2 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 3 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 4 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 5 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 6 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
3 3 7 2 4 3 3 5 7 1 2
4 4 1 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
4 4 2 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
4 4 3 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
4 4 4 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
4 4 5 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
4 4 6 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
4 4 7 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
5 5 1 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
5 5 2 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
5 5 3 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
5 5 4 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
5 5 5 1 3 3 5 7 1 1
5 5 6 1 3 3 5 7 1 1

```

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

```

5 7 1 3 5 7 1
6 1 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
6 2 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
6 3 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
6 4 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
6 5 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
6 6 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
6 7 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 1 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 2 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 3 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 4 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 5 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 6 1 3 5 6 8 7 1
7 7 1 3 5 6 8 7 1

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 1.464 SECONDS.
THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *1PLA10 * T0 SURFACE *SPIPE1 * = 0.21472
THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.77299E 01 SQ UNITS
THE AREA OF SURFACE *1PLA10 * = 0.3600000E 02 SQ UNITS.
    
```

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

```

***** DATA NAME- *1PLA10 *
POINT X Y Z POINT X Y Z
1 0.2000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0.
3 0.8000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0. 2 0.8000000E 01 0.1000000E 01 0. 4 0.2000000E 01 0.7000000E 01 0.

***** DATA NAME- *SPIPE1 *
    
```

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	0.100000E 01	0.400000E 01	0.500000E 01	2	0.100000E 01	0.400000E 01	0.500000E 01
3	0.100000E 02	0.400000E 01	0.500000E 01	4	0.100000E 02	0.400000E 01	0.500000E 01
5	0.100000E 02	0.600000E 01	0.500000E 01	6	0.100000E 02	0.600000E 01	0.500000E 01
7	0.100000E 01	0.600000E 01	0.300000E 01	8	0.100000E 01	0.600000E 01	0.300000E 01
9	0.100000E 01	0.600000E 01	0.300000E 01	10	0.700000E 01	0.100000E 02	0.120000E 02

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *IPLA10 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

POINT	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.100000E 01	0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.200000E 01
0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.300000E 01	0.300000E 01	0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.400000E 01
0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.500000E 01	0.500000E 01	0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.600000E 01
0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.700000E 01	0.700000E 01	0.200000E 01	0.800000E 01	0.800000E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.1016907E-00	0.1102164E-00	0.1292339E-00	0.1345965E-00	0.1345965E-00	0.1292339E-00
0.1182164E-00	0.1567490E-00	0.1714910E-00	0.1783416E-00	0.1783416E-00	0.1714910E-00
0.1333195E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.1567490E-00	0.2236736E-00	0.2429936E-00	0.2509736E-00	0.2509736E-00	0.2429936E-00
0.1663359E-00	0.2581371E-00	0.2799281E-00	0.2887510E-00	0.2887510E-00	0.2799281E-00
0.1971616E-00	0.2236736E-00	0.2429936E-00	0.2509736E-00	0.2509736E-00	0.2429936E-00
0.1878273E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.2236736E-00	0.2236736E-00	0.2429936E-00	0.2509736E-00	0.2509736E-00	0.2429936E-00
0.2166066E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.2581371E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.1878273E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.2236736E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.1663359E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00
0.1971616E-00	0.1971616E-00	0.2151487E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2230397E-00	0.2151487E-00

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 5 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLA12*5C0PLA*
D 1 1*

SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN

MAPPING LINE PT	5	6	7	8	5
1 1	5	6	7	8	5
1 2	5	6	7	8	5
1 3	5	6	7	8	5
1 4	5	6	7	8	5
1 5	5	6	7	8	5
1 6	5	6	7	8	5
1 7	5	6	7	8	5
2 1	5	6	7	8	5
2 2	5	6	7	8	5
2 3	5	6	7	8	5
2 4	5	6	7	8	5
2 5	5	6	7	8	5
2 6	5	6	7	8	5
2 7	5	6	7	8	5
3 1	5	6	7	8	5
3 2	5	6	7	8	5
3 3	5	6	7	8	5
3 4	5	6	7	8	5
3 5	5	6	7	8	5
3 6	5	6	7	8	5
3 7	5	6	7	8	5
4 1	6	7	8	5	6
4 2	6	7	8	5	6
4 3	6	7	8	5	6
4 4	6	7	8	5	6
4 5	6	7	8	5	6
4 6	6	7	8	5	6
4 7	6	7	8	5	6
5 1	4	3	2	1	4
5 2	4	3	2	1	4
5 3	4	3	2	1	4
5 4	4	3	2	1	4
5 5	4	1	2	3	4
5 6	4	1	2	3	4

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

```

5 7 4 1 2 3 4
6 1 4 3 2 1 4 4
6 2 4 3 2 1 4 4
6 3 4 3 2 1 4 4
6 4 4 3 2 1 4 4
6 5 4 1 2 3 4 4
6 6 4 1 2 3 4 4
6 7 4 1 2 3 4 4
7 1 4 3 2 1 4 4
7 2 4 3 2 1 4 4
7 3 4 3 2 1 4 4
7 4 4 3 2 1 4 4
7 5 4 1 2 3 4 4
7 6 4 1 2 3 4 4
7 7 4 1 2 3 4 4

```

TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC = 1.119 SECONDS.

THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *IPLA12 * T3 SURFACE *SCOPLA * = 0.06482

THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)= 0.16501E 01 SQ UNITS

THE MAPPING AREA = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS

THE AREA OF SURFACE *IPLA12 * = 0.2545584E 02 SQ UNITS.

THE AREA OF : 5 SQ UNITS.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FACTOR COMPUTATION-

```

***** DATA NAME- *IPLA12 *
POINT X Y Z' POINT X Y Z
1 0. 0. 0.1000000E 01---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)
3 0.4242641E 01 0.6000000E 01 0. -0. 2 0.4242641E 01 0. 0.
4 0. 4 0. 0.6000000E 01 -0.

```

***** DATA NAME- *SCOPLA *

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results (continued)

POINT	X	Y	Z	POINT	X	Y	Z
1	-0.2828427E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.5656854E 01	2	-0.2828427E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.5656854E 01
3	0.7071067E 00	0.8000000E 01	0.2121320E 01	4	0.7071067E 00	0.3000000E 01	0.2121320E 01
5	-0.2121320E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.7778175E 01	6	0.1414213E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.4242641E 01
7	0.1414213E 01	0.7000000E 01	0.4242641E 01	8	-0.2121320E 01	0.7000000E 01	0.7778175E 01

COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *1PLA12 * FOR EACH Y INTERVAL

	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y	X-LEFT	X-RIGHT	Y
0.	0.4242641E 01	0.	0.	0.4242641E 01	0.1000000E 01	0.4242641E 01
0.	0.4242641E 01	0.2000000E 01	0.	0.4242641E 01	0.3000000E 01	0.4242641E 01
0.	0.4242641E 01	0.4000000E 01	0.	0.4242641E 01	0.5000000E 01	0.4242641E 01
0.	0.4242641E 01	0.6000000E 01	0.	0.4242641E 01	0.7000000E 01	0.4242641E 01

NO. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS= 6 NO. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS= 6

THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR THIS RUN
LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.

0.6586177E-01	0.5720102E-01	0.4672842E-01	0.3566683E-01	0.2522045E-01	0.1623940E-01
0.9095126E-02	0.7692802E-01	0.6270104E-01	0.4741228E-01	0.3301521E-01	0.2085200E-01
0.8817281E-01	0.9807096E-01	0.7981849E-01	0.5949299E-01	0.4116668E-01	0.2557466E-01
0.1119025E-00	0.1377330E-01	0.1161775E-00	0.9447607E-01	0.7052859E-01	0.4804987E-01
0.1521407E-00	0.1509413E-01	0.1646303E-00	0.8519655E-01	0.2931816E-01	0.2951229E-01
0.2373021E-00	0.1708626E-01	0.1877606E-00	0.9682411E-01	0.3306940E-01	0.1271022E-01
0.1708626E-01	0.1856288E-01	0.1877606E-00	0.9682411E-01	0.3306940E-01	0.1398839E-01
0.2708583E-00	0.1856288E-01	0.1877606E-00	0.9682411E-01	0.3306940E-01	0.1398839E-01
0.1856288E-01					

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

NAA CONFAC II REPORT SAMPLE PROBLEMS FROM FIG. (F)-K.A.TOUPS,11/1/63

RUN NO. 6 DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1PLA12*8C0PLA*
* * * * *
D 1 1*

SURFACE 1 MUST BE IN THE XY PLANE OF ITS CS WHEN SURFACE 2 IS CLASS 8-THIS RUN ABORTED.

Figure 35. Group F Sample Problems Program Results
(continued)

APPENDIX B

PROGRAM DECK SETUP, LISTINGS, AND MAPS

The program deck arrangement shown in Figure 36 contains a main program and six subprograms which are listed in this appendix. A listing of the main program, 7J360, is shown in Figure 37 followed by a map of the core storage locations in Figure 38.

The first subprogram in the deck setup is subroutine UNIVEC which is shown in Figure 39 and the map of core storage in Figure 40. The transformation subroutine, TXFRM, is presented in Figure 41 and the map of core storage in Figure 42. The listing and map of subroutine DOICU is presented in Figures 43 and 44. The listing and map of subroutine MAP, is presented in Figure 45 and 46. The listing of the subroutine FACTOR is presented in Figure 47 and the map of core storage in Figure 48. Subroutine SILFAC listing and core storage is given in Figure 49 and 50. Figure 51 shows the variable formats used by this program.

This IBM FORTRAN II program uses two input-output statements which must be modified for computing systems other than the NAA Monitor, FIB III, system. These are

```
READ N, List
```

```
PRINT N, List
```

A convenient FAP assembled program is included which will convert the READ-PRINT statement to,

```
READ INPUT TAPE 5, N, List
```

```
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6, N, List
```

This assembly is listed in Figure 52. The convert to any other computing system using peripheral equipment and not using the same tape designations, the last three EOU cards are simply changed to read

```
MIN EOU A (Input statement tape number)
```

```
MOUT EOU B (Output statement tape number)
```

```
MPUNCH EOU C (Punch statement tape number)
```

For computing centers using attached printing equipment, the FAP assembly can be removed and the program will execute in that system.

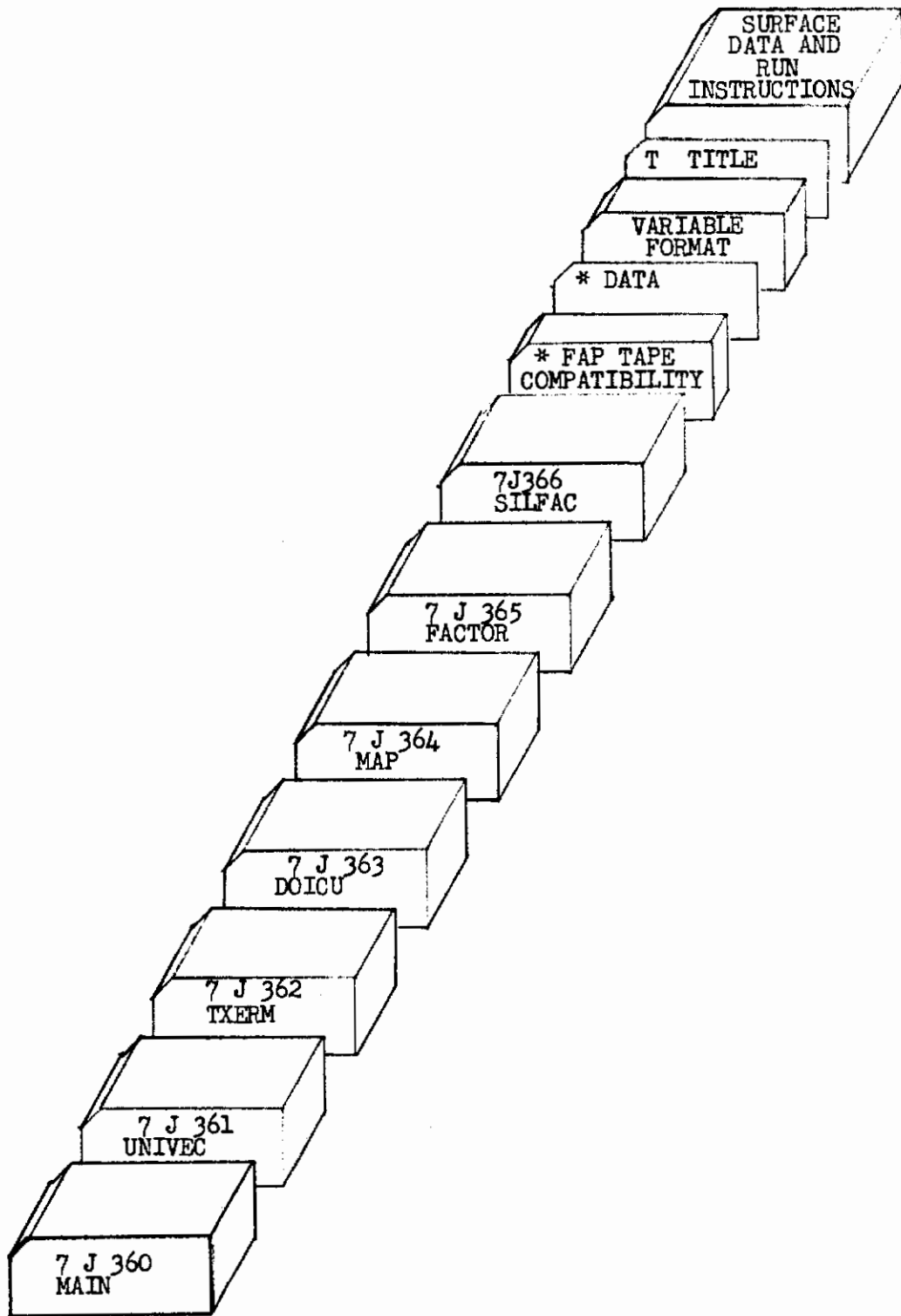


FIGURE 36. PROGRAM DECK SETUP

```

C CONFAC II, MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PROG BY K.A.TOUPS, NAA SID, 11/1/63 36000100
C THIS MAIN PROGRAM CONTROLS THE COMPUTATION OF CONFIGURATION AND FORM 36000200
C FACTORS BETWEEN SURFACES EXCHANGING RADIANT FLUX/HEAT OR ILLUMINATION)36000300
C FORTRAN SUBROUTINES READ ARE UNIVC, TXFRM, DGTICU, MAP, FACTOR, AND SILFAC36000400
C LIBRARY FUNCTIONS USED ARE SIN, COS, AND SORT 36000500
C ALL READ AND PRINT STATEMENTS ARE ON-LINE. THESE ON-LINE STATEMENTS 36000600
C ARE CONVERTED TO TAPE READ AND WRITE BY A FAP COMPATIBILITY SUBROUTINE36000700
C TIMING FAP SUBROUTINES COUNTY AND TIMEVARE USED IN SILFAC. 36000800
C SEE NAA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS REPORT SFC 63-1397 FOR DETAILS 36000900
C OF PROGRAM STRUCTURE AND USE. 36001000
  DIMENSION F0(12),F1(36),F2(12),F2S(12),F3(24),F4(12),F5(12),F6(12)36001100
  1,F7(12),F8(48),F9(24),F10(24),F11(12),F12(24),F13(12),F14(12), 36001200
  2F15(12),F16(12),F17(12),F18(24),F19(12),F20(24),F21(12), 36001300
  3F22(12),F23(12),F24(72),F25(12),F26(36),F27(24),F28(12), 36001400
  4F29(60),F30(24),F31(36),F32(12),F33(24),F34(12),F35(23), 36001500
  5F36(12),F37(12),F38(12),F39(12),F40(24),F41(12),F42(12),F43(12) 36001600
  DIMENSION NTITLE(24),NSN(56),TDN(12),NDN(12),NCLS(19),NSC(56), 36001700
  1AREAT(56),NDL(56),NQP(34),P(3,102,34),ZS(11),RX(11),RY(11),KC(34),M36001800
  2P(4,102,11),RA(9),SP(3,9),NMS(12,12),DK(4,10),KD(4,10),PT(3,4,10),36001900
  3PPI(3,102,34),V(3),PAF(11),CL(11),NDA(6),TDA(6),LD(6),LP(2),LI(2), 36002000
  4AREAX(12),INC(12),FHP(25,25),X1(61,2),Y1(61,2),DX(61),MSDL(12,12), 36002100
  5MSN05(12),FH(61),FV(61),NSIL(120,25),X(120),Y(120),NDC(10),FX(1), 36002200
  6SL(4,100),VA(4,100),C1(102),C2(102),C3(102),NNN(100,2) 36002300
  EQUIVALENCE (P,PP(4)),(KD,DK),(TDN,NDN),(DT,NDT),(TNSID,NSID),(TDA36002400
  1,NDAT),(NSIL(1),PP(7345)),(NDN(3),NDC(1)),(VAL(1),C1(1)),(VAL150),C236002500
  2(1)),(VA(300),C3(1)),(NNN(1),SL(1)),(FX,F42(3)) 36002600
  COMMON NTITLE,NSN,NDN,NSC,NDL,P,PP,NQP,AREA,AREAX,RX,RY,ZS,KC,MP, 36002700
  1RA,SP,NMS,KD,PT,V,PAF,CL,NDAT,LD,LP,LI,FHP,ND,KX,KP,NP,X1,Y1, 36002800
  2DX,FAP,NHI,NHL,NVI,NVL,F,DY,NCLS,NSID,AMAP,ND0,MSDL,MSN05,NSIL,FH, 36002900
  3FV,X,Y,VA,SL,C1,C2,C3,NNN,NDC,INC,F41,F43 36003000
  C READ VARIABLE FORMAT DATA 36003100
  1 FORMAT(1Z46) 36003200
  READ 36003300
  1F5,F6,F7,F8,F9,F10,F11,F12,F13,F14,F15,F16,F17,F18,F19,F20,F21, 36003400
  2F22,F23,F24,F25,F26,F27,F28,F29,F30,F31,F32,F33,F34,F35,NBLNK,F36,36003500
  3F37,F38,F39,F40,F41,F42,F43 36003600
  C LOAD HOLLERITH BLANKS INTO TITLE ARRAY-(2 CARDS)24 WORDS)MAX) 36003700
  400 DO 500 M=1,24 36003800
  500 NTITLE(M)=NBLNK 36003900

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing

/J36C CONFAC II,MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PROG BY K.A.TOUPS,NAA SID, 11/1/63

```

GO TO 2200
C READ FIRST CARD
1000 READ
1,NDN
C LIFT THE FIRST CHARACTER FROM THE FIRST WORD ON THE CARD AND STORE IN36004300
C DT, LEFT ADJUSTED, REMAINDER FILLED WITH BLANKS.
36004200
C DT, LEFT ADJUSTED, REMAINDER FILLED WITH BLANKS.
36004300
C DT, LEFT ADJUSTED, REMAINDER FILLED WITH BLANKS.
36004400
C DT, LEFT ADJUSTED, REMAINDER FILLED WITH BLANKS.
36004500
C IS THIS A TITLE CARD-(THE CHARACTER T IDENTIFIES A TITLE CARD)
36004600
IF(NDT=NTT)2500,1500,2500
36004700
C BLANK THE FIRST CHARACTER FOR LATER PRINTOUT
36004800
81500 TUNT1)=TUNT1)*OC77777777*600000000000
36004900
C LOAD INTO TITLE ARRAY
36005000
DO 2000 M=1,12
36005100
2000 NTITLE(M)=NDN(M)
36005200
C PRINT PROGRAM HEADING AND TITLE READ IN-
36005300
PRINT F1
36005400
PRINT F2,NTITLE
36005500
C INITIALIZE RAD INSTRUCTIONS COUNT
36005600
2200 NB=0
36005700
C INITIALIZE DATA COUNT VARIABLES
36005800
C TXFRM DATA COUNT
36005900
J=0
36006000
C MULTISURFACE DATA COUNT
36006100
KM=0
36006200
C SPHERE DATA COUNT
36006300
KS=0
36006400
C PLAINAR AND NONPLANAR SURFACE DATA COUNT
36006500
I=0
36006600
C SURFACE SILHOUETTE CONNECTIONS DATA COUNT
36006700
IC=0
36006800
C RUM, NO COUNT
36006900
NR=0
36007000
C NAME OF DATA(NSI),DATA CLASS(NSC),SURFACE AREA(AREA),XREF ARRAYS,COUNT36007100
IS=0
36007200
C AFTER INITIALIZING ABOVE BY PRESENCE OF TITLE CARD, GO BACK TO READ
36007300
C NEXT CARD
36007400
GO TO 1000
36007500
C TEST FOR A COMMENTS CARD=YES,3000-NO,4000
36007600
2500 IF(NDT=NTC)4000,3000,4000
36007700
C IF A COMMENT CARD, LOAD INTO LAST HALF OF TITLE ARRAY TO BE PRINTED
36007800

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

C ALLOC WITH TITLE.
C REPLACE THE FIRST CHARACTER IN FIRST WORD WITH A BLANK
B3000 TD(1)=TDN(1)*00(77777777+600000000000
C LOAD THE COMMENT INTO THE SECOND HALF OF TITLE ARRAY
    DO 3500 M=13,24
3500 NTITLE(M)=NDN(M-12)
C RETURN TO READ NEXT CARD
    GO TO 1000
C THIS IS NOT A TITLE OR COMMENT CARD.
C IS THIS AN S CONTROL CARD (DETAIL SILHOUETTE DIAGNOSTIC PRINTOUT)
4000 IF(NDT-NTS)4200,4100,4200
4100 DO 4150 I=1,25
    FV(I)=-1.
4150 FH(I)=-1.
    READ
    1K,NH),I=L,M),J=1,N)
    GO TO 1000
C IF 1ST WORD IS BLNK, THIS IS NOT DATA-GO TO RUN INSTRUCTION TEST
4200 IF(NDN(1)-NBLNK)4250,5000,4250
C TEST THE SECOND WORD-IF BLANK, THIS IS A NAME CARD. IF NOT BLANK, THIS IS
C THE FIRST CARD IN RUN INSTRUCTIONS
4250 IF(NDN(2)-NBLNK)5000,4500,5000
C DETERMINE CLASS OF DATA FROM NUMERAL IN COL 1
4500 DO 5000 IT=1,9
    IF(NCLS(IT)-NDT) 5000,5500,5000
5000 CONTINUE
C IF FLOW TO THIS POINT, NO CLASS IS GIVEN-INTERPRET AS ERROR-PRINT
C WORD AND TERMINATE JOB
    PRINT
    GO TO 19600
C PRINT DATA NAME AND PROCESS ACCORDING TO CLASS
5500 PRINT
    F4,NDN(1),NBLNK
C PRINT COMMENTS ON REST OF NAME CARD- WORDS 3-6
    PRINT
    F42,NDC
C ADVANCE COUNT FOR NAME, CLASS, AREA, AND XREF ARRAYS
    IS=IS+1
C STORE NAME OF DATA
    NSN(IS)=NDN(1)
C STORE CLASS OF DATA (ASSUME A NONPLANAR SURFACE INITIALLY(NEG SIGN))

```

```

36007900
36008000
36008100
36008200
36008300
36008400
36008500
36008600
36008700
36008800
36008900
36009000
36009100
36009200
36009300
36009400
36009500
36009600
36009700
36009800
36009900
36010000
36010100
36010200
36010300
36010400
36010500
36010600
36010700
36010800
36010900
36011000
36011100
36011200
36011300
36011400
36011500
36011600
36011700

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

7J36C CONFAC II, MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PR0G BY K.A.T0UPS, NAA SID, 11/1/63

```

NSC(IIS)=-IT
AREA(IIS)=0.
C INITIALIZE SENSE LIGHTS
SENSE LIGHT 0
C DATA BELOW CLASS 7 ARE SURFACE DATA TO BE STORED IN ARRAY P, AND
C IN THE CASE OF SOLIDS, CONNECTIONS ARE STORED IN MP
IF(IT-6) 6000, 6000, 7000
C ADVANCE COUNT FOR SURFACE DATA STORAGE
6000 I=I+1
C IF THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE NO OF SURFACES ARE EXCEEDED, STOP JOB
IF(I-34)6600,6600,6500
6500 PRINT F38
GO TO 19600
C ESTABLISH X-REF BETWEEN NAME SUBSCRIPT(IIS) AND DATA SUBSCRIPT (I)
6600 MDL(IIS)=I
C FLUX TO PROCESSING IS CONTROLLED BY CLASS NO. INDICATE BY VALUE OF IT
C IT=1, A PLANE SURFACE, SILHOUETTE FORMED BY THE INPUT DATA.
C IT=2, A NONPLANAR SURFACE, SILHOUETTE FORMED BY THE INPUT DATA.
C IT=3, A PLANE SURFACE TO BE INTERNALLY GENERATED BY CODED INSTRUCTIONS
C GIVEN IN DATA. THE BOUNDARY POINTS GENERATED WILL BE USED DIRECTLY
C AND THE SILHOUETTE GEN. WILL NOT BE EMPLOYED
C IT=4, A PLANE SURFACE IS GIVEN IN DATA ALONG WITH SURFACE POINT
C CONNECTIONS DATA WHICH WILL BE USED BY THE SILHOUETTE GENERATOR.
C IT=5, SAME AS 4, EXCEPT THE SURFACE IS NONPLANAR
C IT=6, A PLANE OR SOLID SURFACE PER THE CODED INSTRUCTIONS WILL BE
C INTERNALLY GENERATED ALONG WITH CONNECTIONS DATA FOR USE BY THE
C SILHOUETTE GENERATOR(SUBROUTINE SILUET)
C IT=7, A SPHERE AS GIVEN IN DATA WILL BE USED(SURFACE 2 ONLY)
C IT=8, A GROUP OF SURFACES ARE GIVEN IN DATA(SURFACE 2 ONLY)
C IT=9, TRANSFORM DATA
7000 GO TO(11000,12000,13000,14000,15000,16000,17000,18000,19000),IT
C SET CLASS NO. + TO INDICATE A PLANE SURFACE
11000 NSC(IIS)=IT
C READ INPUT DATA FOR CLASSES 1 AND 2
12000 READ F5,PN ,P(1,1,I),P(2,1,I),P(3,1,I),P(1,2,I),P(2,2,I)
NOP(I)=PN
IF(NUP(I)-100)12400,12400,12200

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

12200 F12(I0)=F11(I0)
C SELECT HOLLERITH FOR ERROR PRINTOUT AND TERMINATE JOB
GO TO 19400
C READ REMAINDER OF THIS SURFACE DATA
12400 NP=NOP(I)
      READ
      GO TO 22000
      F5,P(3,2,I),((P(K,M,I),(K=1,3),M=3,NP)
C READ CLASS 3 DATA-INTERNAL PLANE POLYGON-CONSTANT SILUET BOUNDARY PTS.
13000 READ
      F5, SIU,XB,YB,ZS(I),RX(I),RY(I)
      NSID=SID
C PRINT SPECIFICATIONS
      *SECL=1
      GO TO 16500
C READ DATA FOR A PLANE SURFACE W/CONNECTION DATA-CLASS 4
14000 NSG(I)=IT
C READ DATA FOR A NONPLANAR SURFACE W/CONNECTION DATA-CLASS 5
C ADVANCE COUNTER LOCATING CONNECTIONS DATA
15000 IC=IC+1
      IF(IC-1)14600,14600,14500
14500 PRINT
      F37
      GO TO 19600
C CROSS REFERENCE SURFACE DATA LOCATION TO CONNECTIONS
14600 KC(I)=IC
      SENSE LIGHT 1
C READ DATA-XYZ COORDINATES AND CONNECTIONS TO OTHER POINTS FORMING
C BOUNDARY(LIMIT 4)
      READ
      F6,PN,(P(M,1,I),M=1,3),(MP(M,1,IC),M=1,4),P(36018300
      11,4,I)
      NOP(I)=PN
C TEST AGAINST MAX ALLOWABLE
      IF(NOP(I)-100)15200,15200,12200
C READ REMAINDER OF DATA IF MAX NO. OF POINTS IS NOT EXCEEDED
15200 NP=NOP(I)
      READ
      F 7,P(2,2,I),P(3,2,I),(MP(M,2,IC),M=1,4),
      1((P(M,K,I),M=1,3),(MP(M,K,IC),M=1,4),K=3,NP)
      GO TO 22000
C READ CLASS 6 DATA TO GENERATE A PLANE POLYGON OR MULTIFACETED SURFACE
C W/CONNECTIONS DATA
16000 SENSE LIGHT 1

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

READ          36019600
NSEC=SEC     36019700
NSID=SID     36019800
READ         36019900
16500 PRINT  36020000
             36020100
             F5, SID, SEC, XB, YB, ZS(1), RX(1)
             F5, RY(1), (ZS(M), KX(M), RY(M), M=2, NSEC)
             F 8, NSEC, NSID, XB, YB, (M, RX(M), RY(M), ZS(M), M=1
             36020200
             F9
             36020300
C IS A PLANE POLYGON REQUESTED-YES, 20000-NO, 20400
             36020400
             IF(NSEC-1)20400,20000,20400
             36020500
             READ CLASS 7 DATA(SPHERE)
             36020600
17000 KS=KS+1
             36020700
             IF(KS-9)17500,17500,19200
             36020800
17500 NDL(I5)=KS
             36020900
             READ
             36021000
             PRINT
             36021100
             F5 ,RA(KS), (SP(M,KS),M=1,3)
             F10,KA(KS), (SP(M,KS),M=1,3)
C COMPUTE AREA OF SPHERE
             36021200
             AREAL(I5)=12.566371*RA(KS)**2
             36021300
             GO TO 1000
             36021400
C READ CLASS 8 DATA(MULTISURFACE)
             36021500
18000 KM=KM+1
             36021600
             IF(KM-12)18500,18500,19200
             36021700
18500 NDL(I5)=-KM
             36021800
             READ
             36021900
             PRINT
             36022000
             GO TO 1000
             36022100
C READ TXFRM DATA
             36022200
19000 J=J+1
             36022300
             NDL(I5)=J
             36022400
C IF MAX ALLOWABLE TXFRM DATA IS EXCEEDED, STGP JOB
             36022500
19200 IF(J-10 )19800,19800, 19200
             36022600
19400 PRINT
             36022700
19600 CALL EXIT
             36022800
             STOP
             36022900
19800 READ
             36023000
             KD(2,J)=DK(2,J)
             36023100
             KD(3,J)=DK(3,J)
             36023200
             KD(4,J)=DK(4,J)
             36023300
C CREATE A 4TH POINT NORMAL TO THREE READ IN DATA
             36023400
             F 5 , (DK(K,J), (PT(M,K,J),M=1,3)K=2,4)

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

CALL UNIVEC(1,J,2,3,4)
PT(1,1,J)=PT(1,3,J)+V(1)
PT(2,1,J)=PT(2,3,J)+V(2)
PT(3,1,J)=PT(3,3,J)+V(3)
PRINT F13
PRINT F14
PRINT F15 ,(KD(M,J),PT(1,M,J),PT(2,M,J),PT(3,M,J),36024100,
36024200
36024300
36024400
36024500
36024600
36024700
36024800
36024900
36025000
36025100
36025200
36025300
36025400
36025500
36025600
36025700
36025800
36025900
36026000
36026100
36026200
36026300
36026400
36026500
36026600
36026700
36026800
36026900
36027000
36027100
36027200
36027300

20000 SENSE LIGHT 2
NSC(15)=IT
C GENERATE X,Y,Z COORDINATES FOR CLASS 3 AND 6 DATA
C IF MAX ALLOWABLE NO OF POINTS ARE EXCEEDED, STOP JOB
20400 IF(NSEC*NSID+NSEC-102)20500,20500,12200
C INITIALIZE PARAMETERS
20500 ANG= 6.2831853/SID
SINB=SINF(ANG)
COSB=COSF(ANG)
COSA=1.
SINA=0.
NP=0
C ADD 1 TO NO. OF SIDES TO CLOSE SURFACE(USED IN SURFACE AREA COMP)
NCP=NSID+1
DO 21500 K=1,NCP
DO 21000 M=1,NSEC
NP=NP+1
P(1,NP,1)=RX(M)*COSA+XB
P(2,NP,1)=RY(M)*SINA+YB
21000 P(3,NP,1)=ZS(M)
C COMPUTE NEW VALUES OF SINA,COSA BY (A+B) FORMULA
SINC= SINA*SINB
SINA= SINA*COSB+COSA*SINB
21500 COSA= COSA*COSB-SINC
C STORE NO OF POINTS GENERATED(D3 NOT INCLUDE CLOSURE POINTS)
NP=NP+NSEC
NOP(1)=NP
C IF A PLANE, ERECT A UNIT VECTOR ABOVE POINT 1 AND COMPUTE AREA
C IF NONPLANAR, TRANSFER TO GENERATE CONNECTIONS DATA
IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)21600,30000

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

21600 PP(1,1)=P(1,1,1)
PP(2,1,1)=P(2,1,1)
PP(3,1,1)=P(3,1,1)+1.
AREA(1,1)= SID *RX(1)*RY(1)*SINB/2.
C TRANSPER TO GENERATE CONNECTIONS DATA
GO TO 40000
C CLOSE THE SURFACE TO FACILITATE AREA AND FACTOR COMPUTATION-CLASS 1,2
22000 K=N+1
P(1,K,1)=P(1,1,1)
P(2,K,1)=P(2,1,1)
P(3,K,1)=P(3,1,1)
22400 IF(MSC(1,1))4000,44000,22500
C GENERATE UNIT ORIENTATION VECTOR DCOS FOR CLASSES 1,4
22500 CALL URIVEC(0,1,NP,1,2)
SENSE LIGHT 3
SENSE LIGHT 4
DO 26000 M=1,3
IF(SENSE LIGHT 3)22700,23500
22700 IF(ABS(F(V(M)))-.1)23000,23000,24700
23000 SENSE LIGHT 3
23500 IF(SENSE LIGHT 4)24000,24500
24000 N1=M
GO TO 26000
24500 N2=M
GO TO 26000
C IF P1,2 AND LAST FORM A TRIANGLE LYING IN THE SURFACE, THE ORIENTA-36029900
C TION VECTOR DIRECTION COSINE AND THE COMPUTED PROJECTED AREA WILL HAVE36030000
C THE SAME SIGN FOR AREAS COMPUTED ON THE ZY AND XY PLANES, AND ARE 36030100
C OPPOSITE IN SIGN ON XZ PLANE. THE SIGN OF THE DC IS THEREFORE REVERSED36030200
C TO YIELD A POSITIVE NUMBER FOR AREA.
24700 IF(M-2125500,25000,25500
25000 DC=-V(M)
GO TO 26000
25500 DC=V(M)
26000 CONTINUE
C PUT N1 COORDINATE OF CLOSURE POINT TEMPORARILY IN N0.1 SPOT IN ARRAY
C PP TO FACILITATE AREA COMPUTATION.
PP(N1,1,1)=PP(N1,K,1)
C COMPUTE PROJECTED AREA ON PRINCIPAL PLANE N1,N2
36027400
36027500
36027600
36027700
36027800
36027900
36028000
36028100
36028200
36028300
36028400
36028500
36028600
36028700
36028800
36028900
36029000
36029100
36029200
36029300
36029400
36029500
36029600
36029700
36029800
36029900
36030000
36030100
36030200
36030300
36030400
36030500
36030600
36030700
36030800
36030900
36031000
36031100
36031200

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

DU 26500 M=2,K
26500 AREA(IS)=AREA(IS)+PP(INZ,M,I)*PP(N1,M-1,I)-PP(N1,M+1,I)
   AREA(IS)=AREA(IS)/DC/2.
C IF THE AREA IS NEGATIVE THE ORIENTATION VECTOR MUST BE REVERSED. THE
C I,2 AND LAST DATA POINTS FORMED THE SMALLER ANGLE OUTSIDE THE SURFACE
C PROPER WHEN THE X-PRODUCT WAS TAKEN TO CREATE THE ORIENTATION VECTOR.
   IF(AREA(IS))27000,27500,27500,27500
27000 V(1)=-V(1)
   V(2)=-V(2)
   V(3)=-V(3)
   AREA(IS)=ABS(AREA(IS))
C ERECT UNIT ORIENTATION VECTOR
27500 PP(1,1,I)=PP(1,2,I)+V(1)
   PP(2,1,I)=PP(2,2,I)+V(2)
   PP(3,1,I)=PP(3,2,I)+V(3)
   GO TO 44000
C DETERMINE IF X-SECTIONS ARE SIMILAR, AND IF CIRCULAR OR ELLIPTICAL
30000 SENSE LIGHT 3
DU 35000 N=1,NSEC
   RAL=RX(N)/RY(N)
   IF(RAL)30500,33000,30500
C SL3 IS USED TO CONTROL FLOW TO INITIALIZE RAF FOR FIRST NONZERO RAL
30500 IF(SENSE LIGHT 3)31000,32000
31000 RAF=RAL
C COMPUTE TOLERANCE FOR NON-SIMILARITY
   RTOL=.005*RAF
C TEST CIRCULARITY
   IF(ABS(RAL-1)-.005)31500,31500,32000
C THIS XSECTION IS CIRCULAR WITHIN TOLERANCE -SL4 ON
31500 SENSE LIGHT 4
C TEST SIMILARITY TO PRIOR XSECTION
C IF SIMILAR, CONTINUE. IF NOT SIMILAR, THE AREA WILL NOT BE COMPUTED
32000 IF(ABS(RAF-RAL)-RTOL)33000,33000,40000
33000 CONTINUE
C FLOW TO THIS POINT INDICATES X-SECTIONS ARE SIMILAR, AND IF SL4 IS ON,
C THEY ARE CIRCULAR
C THE AREA OF ONE FACET ONLY THROUGH ALL X-SECTIONS NEED BE COMPUTED
C (TIMES THE NO OF SIDES) FOR CIRCULAR X-SECTIONS. ALL MUST BE COMPUTED
L FOR ELLIPTICAL X-SECTIONS, EXCEPT FOR AN EVEN NO. OF SIDES WHEN ONLY
36031300
36031400
36031500
36031600
36031700
36031800
36031900
36032000
36032100
36032200
36032300
36032400
36032500
36032600
36032700
36032800
36032900
36033000
36033100
36033200
36033300
36033400
36033500
36033600
36033700
36033800
36033900
36034000
36034100
36034200
36034300
36034400
36034500
36034600
36034700
36034800
36034900
36035000
36035100

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

C HALF NEED BE BECAUSE OF SIMILARITY.
NS=NSID
C AN EVEN NO. HAS A 0 BIT IN BINARY 17
  DT=INSID*00001000000
  IF(DT)34600,34500,34600
C 0 IN BINARY 17-TURN ON SL2
34500 SENSE LIGHT 2
  NS=NSID/2
34600 M=0
C COMPUTE PROJECTED AREA OF FACETS. FACETS FORMED BY EQUAL PARAMETRIC
C ANGLES BETWEEN PARALLEL X-SECTIONS HAVE EQUAL PROJECTED AREAS, FOR EACH
C PAIR OF XSECTIONS. THE 1/2 IS CANCELLED BY A 2 IN COMPUTING SLANT H.
C THE PROJECTED AREA IS USED TO COMPUTE THE PROJECTED SLANT HEIGHT OF
C THE FACET. THE PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM IS USED TO COMPUTE THE PLANE SLANT
C HEIGHT OF THE FACET.
  DO 35000 N=2,NSEC
  PAF(N) = SINB* (RX(N)*RY(N)-RX(N-1)*RY(N-1))
  DO 36000 N=1,NS
  SENSE LIGHT 3
  DO 37000 K=1,NSEC
  M=M+1
  MN=M+NSEC
C COMPUTE LENGTH OF CHORDS (TRAPEZOID BASES)
  CL(K)=SQRT( (P(1,M,I)-P(1,MM,I))**2+(P(2,M,I)-P(2,MM,I))**2)
  IF(SENSE LIGHT 3)37000,36000
36000 AREA(IS)=AREA(IS)+ SQRT( (PAF(K))**2+(CL(K-1)-CL(K-1))*CL(K-1))**2)
  1(K))**2)
37000 CONTINUE
C IF SL4 ON, XSECTIONS ARE CIRCULAR
  IF(SENSE LIGHT 4)37500,38000
37500 AREA(IS)=AREA(IS)*SID/2.
  GO TO 39500
38000 CONTINUE
C IF SL2 IS NOT ON, DIVIDE BY 2 TO YIELD AREA.
  IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)39500,39000
39000 AREA(IS)=AREA(IS)/2.
C ADD BASE AND TOP
39500 AREA(IS)=AREA(IS)+(RX(I)*RY(I)+RX(NSEC)*RY(NSEC))*SID*SINB/2.
C CREATE CONNECTIONS DATA FOR INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACES
36035200
36035300
36035400
36035500
36035600
36035700
36035800
36036000
36036100
36036200
36036300
36036400
36036500
36036600
36036700
36036800
36036900
36037000
36037100
36037200
36037300
36037400
36037500
36037600
36037700
36037800
36037900
36038000
36038100
36038200
36038300
36038400
36038500
36038600
36038700
36038800
36038900
36039000
36039100

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)


```

C INCREMENT COUNT FOR DATA STORAGE
40000 IC=IC+1
C X-REF TO SURFACE DATA IN ARRAY P
  IF(IC-11)40500,40500,14500
40500 KC(1)=IC
C LOOK AT THE POINT WITH SURFACE ORIENTED WITH +Z-AXIS UP
  DO 41000 M=1, NP
C CONNECT TO POINT ON RIGHT
  MP(1, M, IC)=M+NSEC
C CONNECT TO POINT ABOVE
  MP(2, M, IC)=M+1
C CONNECT TO POINT TO LEFT
  MP(3, M, IC)=M-NSEC
C CONNECT TO POINT BELOW
  MP(4, M, IC)=M-1
C ESTABLISH PROPER CONNECTIONS FOR BOUNDARY POINTS-RIGHT AND LEFT FIRST
  MM=(NSID-1)*NSEC
  DO 42000 M=1, NSEC
    K=MM+M
    MP(3, M, IC)=K
  42000 MP(1, K, IC)=M
C ZERO OUT CONNECTIONS FOR LOWER AND TOPMOST POINTS
  MM=NSEC-1
  DO 43000 M=1, NP, NSEC
    K=M+MM
    MP(4, M, IC)=0
  43000 MP(2, K, IC)=0
C PRINT SURFACE DATA READ IN OR GENERATED
  44000 PRINT
  C IF THIS IS A PLANE SURFACE, PRINT ORIENTATION VECTOR
    IF(NSC(15))46000,45000
  45000 PRINT
  C PRINT SURFACE DATA
  46000 PRINT
  C PRINT CONNECTIONS IF SL1 ON
    IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)47000,1000
  47000 PRINT
    14, M, IC, M=1, NP)
    GO TO 1000
36039200
36039300
36039400
36039500
36039600
36039700
36039800
36039900
36040000
36040100
36040200
36040300
36040400
36040500
36040600
36040700
36040800
36040900
36041000
36041100
36041200
36041300
36041400
36041500
36041600
36041700
36041800
36041900
36042000
36042100
36042200
36042300
36042400
36042500
36042600
36042700
36042800
36042900
36043000

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

7J360 CONFAC II,MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PROG BY K.A.TOUPS,MAA SID, 11/1/63

```

C INTERPRET RUN INSTRUCTIONS-2 RUNS PER CARD
50000 NC=0
C INITIALIZE PRINTOUT FLAG- IF 0, STANDARD PRINTOUT RESULTS. IF NONZERO, 36043100
C A DETAILED PRINTOUT RESULTS. 36043200
50500 NDO=0 36043300
C LOAD SIX WORDS AT ONE TIME 36043400
      DO 51000 N=1,6 36043500
      MS=MC+N 36043600
      51000 NDA(N)=NDN(NS) 36043700
      C IF FIRST WORD IS BLANK,ASSUME ALL ARE AND GO TO NEXT SET 36043800
      IF(NDA(1)-NBLNK)51500,81000,51500 36043900
      C COUNT RUNS 36044000
      51500 NR=NR+1 36044100
      SENSE LIGHT C 36044200
      DO 52000 N=1,6 36044300
      C COMPARE RUN DATA WITH NAMES IN DICTIONARY 36044400
      IF(NDA(N)-NBLNK)52500,52000,52500 36044500
      52000 IF(N-2)57050,57050,52100 36044600
      52100 IF(N-4)52200,52200,52300 36044700
      C IF MC TRFM IS SPECIFIED, LOAD 0 FOR LOCATION. 36044800
      52200 LDR(N)=0 36044900
      GO TO 57000 36045000
      C IF MC INCREMENT NUMBER IS SPECIFIED, ASSUME 4 36045100
      52300 LDR(N)=4 36045200
      GO TO 57000 36045300
      52500 IF(N-4)52700,52700,5320 36045400
      52700 DO 53000 K=1,15 36045500
      IF(NDA(N)-NSN(K))53000,56000,53000 36045600
      53000 CONTINUE 36045700
      C FLOW TO THIS POINT INDICATES THE WORD IS NOT IN DICTIONARY-PRINT ERROR 36045800
      GO TO 57050 36045900
      85320 DT=TDA(N)*777777770000+C000000006060 36046000
      IF(NDT-NBLNK)53400,5350,53400 36046100
      53400 NDO=1 36046200
      85350 DT=TDA(N)*000000007777+606060600000 36046300
      IF(NDT-NBLNK)53600,52300,53600 36046400
      53600 DO 54200 K=1,12 36046500
      54000 IF(NDT-INC(K))54200,56000,54200 36046600
      54200 CONTINUE 36046700
      36046800
      36046900

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

7J360 GUNFAL II, MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PROG BY K.A.TOUPS, NAA SID, 11/1/63

```

C FLOW TO THIS POINT INDICATES THE WORD IS NOT IN DICTIONARY-PRINT ERROR36047000
GO TO 57050
C PLACE LOCATION OF NAME IN DICTIONARY IN ARRAY LD
5600G LD(N)=K
5700G CONTINUE
N1=LD(I)
N2=LD(I2)
IF(NSC(N2))57060,57040,57060
C COUNT SUCCESSIVE NO OF TIMES THIS HAPPENS- IF MORE THAN 10, SUPPRESS
C PRINTED OUTPUT
57040 SENSE LIGHT 1
57050 NB=NB+1
IF(NB-1)57100,57300,81000
57060 NB=0
C PRINT OUTPUT GENERAL HEADING
57100 PRINT F20,NTITLE,NK,NDA
IF(NB)57200,57400,57200
57200 IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)57210,57250
57210 N2=NDL(N2)
57220 PRINT F11,(NMS(M,N2),M=1,12)
57250 PRINT F18
GO TO 81000
57300 PRINT F19
GO TO 81000
C VERIFY SURFACE 1 IS CLASSED AS A PLANE
57400 IF(NSC(N1))57500,57500,57600
C PRINT ERROR
57500 PRINT F21
GO TO 81000
C TRANSFORM SURFACES AS INDICATED BY RUN DATA -
57600 DO 60000 KP=1,2
SENSE LIGHT 0
KP2=KP+2
C SELECT SUBSCRIPT OF DATA NAME
IN=LD(KP)
C LOCATE DATA SUBSCRIPT THROUGH CROSS REF ARRAY NDL
ND=NDL(IN)
C SELECT TRANSFORMATION WORD CORRESPONDING TO SURFACE KP
C LP(KP) IS THE CURRENT LOCATION OF SURFACE KP DATA IN ARRAY P.

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

7J360 CONFAC II,MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PR0G BY K.A.T0UPS,NAA SID, 11/1/63

```

C TEST FOR BLANK-MEANS NO TXFRM REQD- LOAD ND IN LP(KP) FOR NO TXFRM
IF(LD(KP2))58000,59500,58000
C IF THE WORD IN LOCATION KP+2 IS NOT BLANK, VERIFY PROPER CLASS--9.
58000 K=LD(KP2)
IF(NSC(K)+9)58500,59000,58500
58500 PRINT
      F22
C IF THE DATA CLASS IS BELOW 6, TXFRM THE DATA. THE NEW LOCATION OF THE
C TXFRM COORDINATES IS ESTABLISHED IN SUB TXFRM THROUGH ARRAY LP(KP)
59000 IF(XABS(NSC(IN))-6)59300,59300,59200
59200 PRINT
      F23
C SL4 IS USED TO INDICATE A PRIMARY TXFRM
59300 SENSE LIGHT 4
      CALL TXFRM
      GO TO 60000
59500 LP(KP)=ND
C INITIALIZE BISECTION FLAGS
60000 LI(KP)=1
C IF SURFACE 2 IS A SPHERE, TRANSFER SPHERE COORDINATES TO LOC 8 IN P
60200 IF(NSC(IN2)+7)60300,60200,60300
      P(1,1,8)=SP(1,ND)
      P(2,1,8)=SP(2,ND)
      P(3,1,8)=SP(3,ND)
      LP(2)=8
      NUP(8)=1
C TURN ON SL3 TO FLOW TO SILFAC,SL4 TO AUX TXFRM IN D0ICU IF NECESSARY
      GO TO 61050
C SET SL2 FOR CLASS 8 IN D0ICU-TO RETURN IF SURFACE 1 IS NOT IN XY PLANE
C SET SL3 FOR 5, NONPLANE 6, AND 8 FOR FLOW TO SILFAC TO COMPUTE FACTOR
C SET SL4 TO PERFORM AUX TRANSFORM ONLY TO 5 OR NONPLANE 6, AND 8 TEST
60300 IF (NSC(IN2)+2)61000,62000,62000
61000 IF(NSC(IN2)+8)57200,61500,61650
C VERIFY SURFACE NAMES GIVEN UNDER THE MULTISURFACE NAME, BEFORE D0ICU
C ND IS INITIALLY NEGATIVE AND AFTER VERIFICATION IS MADE POSITIVE
61500 IF(ND)61510,61510,61590
61510 ND=-ND
      MDL(IN)=-NDL(IN)
      K=V

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

D0 61580 N=1,12
IF(NKS(N,ND)-NBLNK)61520,61580,61520
61520 K=K+1
C VERIFY NAME AND CLASS (4,5,6 ONLY)
D0 61530 M=1,15
IF(LMS(N,ND)-NSN(M))61530,61550,61530
61530 CONTINUE
C FLOW TO THIS POINT MEANS NAME IS NOT IN DICTIONARY
61540 SC(ND)=0
GO TO 57210
C CONFIRM CLASS 4,5, OR 6
61550 IF(XABSF(NSC(M))-4)61540,61560,61560
61560 IF(XABSF(NSC(M))-6)61570,61570,61540
61570 MSULK(ND)=NDL(M)
61580 CONTINUE
MSX05(ND)=K
61590 SENSE LIGHT 2
61650 SENSE LIGHT 3
61700 SENSE LIGHT 4
C TRANSFER TO SUB D01CU TO DETERMINE IF ALL,NONE OR PART OF EACH SURFACE
C SEES THE OTHER.
62000 CALL D01CU
C IF SURFACE 1 IS NOT IN XY PLANE FOR CLASS 8(SURF 2) , PRINT ERROR
IF(SENSE LIGHT 4)62500,63000
F35
62500 PRINT
GO TO 81000
C IF THE SURFACES SEE NONE OF EACH OTHER, PRINT COMMENT AND PROCEED TO
C NEXT RUN. LI(1) IS SET TO 0 IN SUB D01CU TO FLAG THIS CONDITION.
63000 IF(LI(1))67000,64000,67000
F24, NDA(1), NDA(3), NDA(2), NDA(4)
64000 PRINT
D0 66000 KP=1,2
KP2=KP+2
IF(LD(KP2))65000,66000,65000
65000 JP=LP(KP)
NP=NP(KP)
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT
PRINT
F25, NDA(KP), NDA(KP2)
F14
F16, (PP(M,1,JP), M=1,3)
F15, (M, P(1, M, JP), P(2, M, JP), P(3, M, JP), M=1, NP) 36058600
36054800
36054900
36055000
36055100
36055200
36055300
36055400
36055500
36055600
36055700
36055800
36055900
36056000
36056100
36056200
36056300
36056400
36056500
36056600
36056700
36056800
36056900
36057000
36057100
36057200
36057300
36057400
36057500
36057600
36057700
36057800
36057900
36058000
36058100
36058200
36058300
36058400
36058500
36058600

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

6600 CONTINUE
C PROCEED TO NEXT RUN
GO TO 81000
6700 CALL MAP
IF(SENSE LIGHT 3)67500,67600
67500 IF(ND0)67520,67550,67520
67520 IF(1-24)67540,67540,67530
67530 PRINT
      F38
      F39
GO TO 81000
C IF SURFACE 2 IS A SPHERE, DO NOT PRINT DETAILED SILHOUETTE HEADING
67540 IF(NSC(N2))+7)67545,67550,67545
67545 PRINT
      F40
67550 CALL SILFAC
C SL1 0N MEANS 0 OR NEG Z COORD IN CLASS 8 SURFACE-PRINT DIAGNOSTIC
67590 PRINT
      F36
GO TO 81000
67600 CALL FACTOR
67700 PRINT
C PRINT OUTPUT INDICATING AREA OF EACH SURFACE SEEN, IF NOT ALL.
DO 70000 KP=1,2
  J3=LD(KP)
  IF(NSC(J3)+8)67800,70000,67800
67800 KP2=KP+2
68000 J1=3-KP
      J2=J1+2
  IF(NSC(J1)+2)68200,68100,68200
68100 PRINT
      FX, NDA(KP), NDA(KP2), NDA(J1), NDA(J2)
68200 PRINT
      F27, NDA(KP), NDA(KP2), AREAX(KP), NDA(J1), NDA(J2)
1J2)
68400 IF(NSC(J3))68500,70000,69000
68500 IF(NSC(J3)+6)69000,69000,70000
69000 PRINT
      F28, NDA(KP), NDA(KP2), AREA(J3)
70000 CONTINUE
C DETERMINE WHETHER THE MAPPING AREA IS WITHIN TOLERANCE OF THE ACTUAL
C SURFACE AREA MAPPED(SURFACE 1)
36058700
36058800
36058900
36059100
36059200
36059300
36059400
36059500
36059600
36059700
36059710
36059720
36059800
36059900
36060000
36060100
36060200
36060300
36060500
36060600
36060800
36060900
36061000
36061100
36061200
36061500
36061600
36061700
36061720
36061740
36061760
36061800
36061900
36061950
36061970
36062000
36062100
36062200
36062300

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

```

C IF SURFACE 1 WAS BISECTED, USE MODIFIED SURFACE-
  IF(L1(1))72000,64000,71000
  71000 AREA(1)=AREA(N1)
  72000 IF(ABS(FAMAP- AREA(1))-.01*AREA(1))73500,73500,73000
  C PRINT WARNING
  73000 PRINT F29,NDA(1),NDA(3),NDA(2),NDA(4)
  C IF A DETAILED OUTPUT WAS NOT REQUESTED,PROCEED TO NEXT RUN
  73500 IF(ND(8)74000,81000 ,74000
  74000 PRINT F30
  SENSE LIGHT 1
  KP=1
  75000 KP2=KP+2
  IN=LD(KP)
  IF(NSC(IN)+7180000,76000,76000
  76000 ND=LP(KP)
  NP=N(ND)
  PRINT F4,NDA(KP),NDA(KP2)
  PRINT F14
  C IF THE SURFACE IS PLANAR, PRINT ORIENTATION VECTOR.
  IF(NSC(IN))78000,78000,77000
  77000 PRINT F16,(PP(M,1,ND),M=1,3)
  78000 PRINT F15,(M,P(1,M,ND),P(2,M,ND),P(3,M,ND),M=1,NP)
  KP=2
  IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)75000,80000
  80000 PRINT F31,NDA(1),NDA(3),(X1(M,1),X1(M,2),Y1(M),M=1,36064800
  1,NVL)
  PRINT F32,NH1,NVI
  C PRINT POINT FACTORS COMPUTED, BUT NOT TO EXCEED 625(STANDARD 24X24)
  C CONTROLLED BY SUR FACTOR.
  PRINT F33
  IF(NHL-25)80500,80500,80400
  80400 NHL=25
  80500 IF(NVL-25)80700,80700,80600
  80600 NVL=25
  80700 DO 80800 N=1,NVL
  80800 PRINT F34,(FHP(M,N),M=1,NHL)
  81000 IF(NC)1000 ,82000,1000
  82000 NC=6
  GO TO 50500
  END(1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)

```

Figure 37. Main Program Listing (continued)

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
4006 07646
DEC OCT
14613 34425

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	DEC	OCT	AREA 21067 51113	DEC	OCT	AREA 21011 51023	DEC	OCT	CI 22094 53116
C2 21945 52671			C3 21795 52443			CL 16140 37414			DK 22154 53212
DT 22102 53126			DX 15246 35616			DY 15179 35513			F41 14637 34555
F43 14625 34441			FAP 15185 35521			FHP 16119 37367			FH 15011 35243
F 15180 35514			FV 14950 35146			INC 14649 34471			KC 20976 50760
KD 22154 53212			KP 15492 36204			IX 15493 36205			LD 16129 37401
LI 16121 37371			LP 16123 37373			MP 20942 50716			MSDL 15167 35477
MSNGS 15023 35257			NCLS 15178 35512			ND 22100 53124			NDC 22112 53140
NDL 21157 51245			NDN 22114 53142			NDG 15168 35500			ND 15494 36206
NDT 22102 53126			NHI 15184 35520			NHL 15183 35517			NMS 16418 40042
NMN 21693 52275			NOP 21101 51155			NP 15491 36203			NSC 21213 51335
NSID 22101 53125			NSIL 25217 61201			NSN 21269 51425			NTITLE 21293 51455
NVI 15182 35516			NVL 15181 35515			PAF 16151 37427			PP 32561 77461
P 32558 77456			PT 16274 37622			RA 16454 40106			RX 21009 51021
RY 20998 51006			SL 21693 52275			SP 16445 40075			TDA 22100 53124
TDN 22114 53142			TNSID 22101 53125			VA 22094 53116			V 16154 37432
XI 15490 36202			X 14889 35051			YI 15368 36010			Y 14769 34661
ZS 20987 50773									

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN DIMENSION AND EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

FO 3993 07631	DEC	OCT	F10 3777 07301	DEC	OCT	F11 3753 07251	DEC	OCT	F12 3741 07235
F13 3717 07205			F14 3705 07171			F15 3693 07155			F16 3681 07141
F17 3669 07125			F18 3657 07111			F19 3633 07061			F1 3981 07615
F20 3621 07045			F21 3597 07015			F22 3585 07001			F23 3573 06765
F24 3561 06751			F25 3489 06641			F26 3477 06625			F27 3441 06561
F28 3417 06531			F29 3405 06515			F2 3945 07551			F25 3933 07535
F30 3345 06421			F31 3321 06371			F32 3285 06325			F33 3273 06311
F34 3249 06261			F35 3237 06245			F36 3214 06216			F37 3202 06202
F38 3190 06166			F39 3178 06152			F3 3921 07521			F40 3166 06136
F42 4005 07645			F4 3897 07471			F5 3885 07455			F6 3873 07441

Figure 38. Main Program Core Storage Map

F7 3861 07425 F8 3849 07411 F9 3801 07331 FX 4003 07643

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

DEC	ØCT	DEC	ØCT	DEC	ØCT	DEC	ØCT
ANG	3142 06106	C0SA	3141 06105	C0SB	3140 06104	DC	3139 06103
IC	3138 06102	IN	3137 06101	I	3136 06100	IS	3135 06077
IT	3134 06076	J1	3133 06075	J2	3132 06074	J3	3131 06073
JP	3130 06072	J	3129 06071	KM	3128 06070	KP2	3127 06067
K	3126 06066	KS	3125 06065	MM	3124 06064	M	3123 06063
N1	3122 06062	N2	3121 06061	NBLNK	3120 06060	NB	3119 06057
NCP	3118 06056	NC	3117 06055	NH	3116 06054	NK	3115 06053
NR	3114 06052	NR	3113 06051	NSEC	3112 06050	NS	3111 06047
NTC	3110 06046	NTS	3109 06045	NTT	3108 06044	NV	3107 06043
PN	3106 06042	RAF	3105 06041	RAL	3104 06040	RTOL	3103 06037
SEC	3102 06036	SID	3101 06035	SINA	3100 06034	SINB	3099 06033
SINC	3098 06032	XB	3097 06031	YB	3096 06030		

SYMBOLS AND LOCATIONS FOR SOURCE PROGRAM FORMAT STATEMENTS

EFN	LØC	EFN	LØC	EFN	LØC
811	1 05742				

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

DEC	ØCT	DEC	ØCT	DEC	ØCT	DEC	ØCT
1)	3043 05743	2)	2998 05666	3)	3019 05713	4)	32767 77777
6)	3036 05734	A1100	2829 05415	A1104	2842 05432	A1107	2851 05443
A1103	2860 05454	A1160	2873 05471	A1167	2882 05502	A1169	2891 05513
A115A	2906 05532	A116B	2921 05551	A116C	2934 05566	A116G	2953 05611
A116G	2968 05630	A116I	2983 05647	C160	3047 05747	C162	3048 05750
C163	3049 05751	C164	3050 05752	C165	3051 05753	C166	3052 05754
C167	3053 05755	C168	3054 05756	C169	3055 05757	C16A	3056 05760
C16B	3057 05761	C16C	3058 05762	C16D	3059 05763	C16E	3060 05764
C16F	3061 05765	C16G	3062 05766	C16H	3063 05767	C16I	3064 05770
C16J	3065 05771	C16K	3066 05772	C16L	3067 05773	C1100	3058 05774
C1104	3069 05775	C1105	3070 05776	C1107	3071 05777	C1108	3072 06000
C1109	3073 06001	C1160	3074 06002	C1167	3075 06003	C1168	3076 06004
C1169	3077 06005	C116A	3078 06006	C116B	3079 06007	C116C	3080 06010
C116D	3081 06011	C116E	3082 06012	C116F	3083 06013	C116G	3084 06014

Figure 36. Main Program Core Storage Map (continued)

C11GH	3085	06015	C11GI	3086	06016	C1201	3087	06017	C1209	3088	06020
C120F	3089	06021	C120G	3090	06022	C120I	3091	06023	C120J	3092	06024
C120L	3093	06025	C120M	3094	06026	C120R	3095	06027	D110G	335	00517
D1112	511	00777	D111B	595	01123	D112D	946	01662	D112E	949	01865
D112F	957	01675	D112U	1183	02237	D1131	1267	02363	D113V	1515	02753
D1146	1563	03033	D1147	1578	03052	D1140	1818	03432	D114U	1847	03467
D1150	2009	03731	D115U	2053	04005	D1171	2598	05046	D117U	2602	05052
D123T	1472	02700	D123U	1478	02706	D124F	1724	03274	D125L	1974	03666
D125N	1988	03704	D1264	2112	04100	D1268	2135	04127	D126A	2148	04144
D126F	2217	04251	D126L	2256	04320	D126P	2278	04346	D126R	2290	04362
D126S	2293	04365	D1270	2560	05000	D127R	2588	05034	D1282	2638	05116
D128L	2821	05405	D1312	510	00776	D131B	594	01122	D132D	945	01661
D1331	1266	02362	D133T	1471	02677	D1346	1562	03032	D134U	1846	03466
D1350	2008	03730	D136F	2216	04250	D138L	2820	05404	D1403	202	00312
D1404	221	00335	D142L	1077	02065	D143F	1376	02540	D1440	1539	03003
D1452	1867	03513	D1453	1872	03520	D145H	1946	03632	D145I	1951	03637
D145L	1977	03671	D145P	2014	03736	D145S	2040	03770	D1470	2314	04412
D147J	2491	04673	D1470	2563	05003	D147R	2586	05032	D1503	201	00311
D1512	508	00774	D152F	956	01674	D1540	1538	03002	D1547	1577	03051
D1552	1866	03512	D1553	1871	03517	D155H	1945	03631	D155I	1950	03636
D155L	1976	03670	D155S	2039	03767	D1603	198	00306	D1604	220	00334
D162L	1076	02064	D164F	1723	03273	D165P	2013	03735	D1665	2292	04364
D1670	2313	04411	D1703	200	00310	D171B	593	01121	D1731	1265	02361
D174F	1722	03272	D174U	1845	03465	D1750	2007	03727	D176F	2215	04247
E10	386	00602	E134	1277	02375	E135	1281	02401	E137	1298	02422
E13B	1313	02441	E13K	1409	02601	E13M	1418	02612	E140	1537	03001
E14V	1853	03475	E156	1885	03535	E158	1902	03556	E159	1904	03560
E15E	1927	03607	E161	2246	04306	E177	2412	04554	E17M	2522	04732
E170	2562	05002	E17P	2567	05007	E117Q	2573	05015	E137R	2590	05036

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

DEC	0CT	0CT	DEC	0CT	DEC	0CT	
10	00012	13	00017	7	00007	16	00020
14	00016	15	00015	9	00011	11	00013
12	00014	8	00010	1	00001	5	00005
0	00000	3	00003	2	00002	6	00006
4	00004						
COS		D01CU		EXIT		FACTOR	
MAP		SILFAC		SIN		SORT	
TXFRM		UNIVEC		(CSH)		(FIL)	
(FPT)		(RTN)		(SLI)		(SL0)	
(SPH)							

Figure 38. Main Program Core Storage Map
(continued)

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

COS TXFRM (SPH)	DDICU UNIVFC	EXIT (CSH)	FACTBR (FIL)	MAP (FPT)	SILFAC (RTN)	SIN (SLI)	SQRT (SLO)
-----------------------	-----------------	---------------	-----------------	--------------	-----------------	--------------	---------------

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN	IFN	L9C	EFN	IFN	L9C	EFN	IFN	L9C	EFN	IFN	L9C
400	9	00360	500	10	00301	1000	12	00313	1500	16	00336
2000	18	00343	2200	22	00362	2500	31	00444	3000	32	00451
3500	34	00456	4000	36	00463	4100	37	00470	4150	39	00473
4200	56	00564	4250	57	00567	4500	58	00574	5000	60	00606
5500	64	00622	6000	74	00657	6500	76	00711	6600	78	00717
7000	79	00721	11000	80	00732	12000	81	00734	12200	85	01000
12400	87	01003	13000	98	01044	14000	103	01103	15000	104	01105
14500	106	01124	14600	108	01132	15200	121	01220	15000	138	01325
16500	149	01415	17000	157	01464	17500	159	01475	18000	174	01561
18500	176	01570	19000	188	01641	19200	191	01663	19400	192	01666
19600	193	01676	19800	195	01705	20000	219	02104	20400	221	02107
20500	222	02116	21000	234	02201	21500	237	02217	21600	241	02240
22000	246	02260	22400	250	02307	22500	251	02313	22700	257	02366
23000	258	02373	23500	259	02377	24000	260	02402	24500	262	02416
24700	264	02424	25000	265	02431	25500	267	02434	26000	268	02436
26500	271	02500	27000	274	02527	27500	278	02541	30000	282	02553
30500	286	02564	31000	287	02566	31500	290	02602	32000	291	02603
3232	292	02616	1732	296	02633	1832	298	02644	2232	300	02657
3232	308	02754	4232	309	03004	4732	311	03010	5232	313	03020
6232	315	03027	6732	316	03034	7232	317	03053	7732	319	03066
8232	324	03117	9232	329	03176	10232	334	03262	11232	335	03275
12232	337	03306	13232	342	03330	14232	348	03367	17232	354	03427
17732	355	03433	18232	358	03445	18732	360	03455	19232	364	03476
19332	365	03503	19432	366	03507	19532	368	03514	19732	370	03521
19932	371	03525	20232	373	03554	5320	375	03561	20632	377	03570
5350	378	03572	20832	380	03601	21232	381	03602	21432	382	03626
23232	384	03633	24232	385	03640	24272	389	03665	24282	390	03672
24292	392	03702	24332	393	03705	24432	396	03732	24442	397	03737
24452	398	03743	24482	403	03771	24532	405	03777	24632	407	04006
24732	408	04011	24832	410	04017	25232	416	04051	25732	418	04072

Figure 38. Main Program Core Storage Map
(continued)

7J360	CONFAC II, MAIN PROG-ANALYSIS AND PROG BY K.A. TOUPS, NAA SID, 11/1/63	02/06/84	PAGE 22
26232	420 04101	26432	421 04107
27232	427 04130	27432	429 04145
28732	437 04171	28742	438 04174
28772	447 04321	28782	449 04330
28812	452 04347	28822	454 04363
29232	457 04370	29732	459 04377
32232	467 04445	464	482 04555
1984	487 04572	1994	488 04577
2014	493 04620	2054	495 04627
2264	503 04703	2464	505 04713
2864	513 05004	2964	514 05010
5464	519 05047	6464	520 05053
8464	524 05106	9464	527 05117
12464	541 05226	14464	548 05276
15064	560 05350	15164	561 05352
16464	568 05412		
		26532	423 04115
		27532	435 04160
		28752	443 04255
		28792	450 04336
		28882	455 04366
		30232	461 04405
		1464	484 04561
		2004	491 04610
		2064	497 04635
		2564	508 04733
		3464	515 05016
		7464	521 05055
		10464	530 05135
		14864	558 05341
		19264	562 05370
		26732	426 04124
		28232	436 04164
		28762	446 04316
		28802	451 04343
		28932	456 04367
		31232	462 04413
		1964	486 04570
		2009	492 04613
		2164	498 04642
		2664	511 04755
		4464	517 05037
		7964	523 05104
		11464	536 05200
		14964	559 05343
		15464	567 05406

Figure 38. Main Program Core Storage Map
(continued)

7J361 UNIVEC(CONFAC II)ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63 36100100

```

C UNIVEC(CONFAC II)ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63 36100100
SUBROUTINE UNIVEC(I,K,J,M,N)
C THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES THE DIRECTION COSINES OF A VECTOR NORMAL TO
C THE POINTS J,M,N IN ARRAY P(X,Y,K) OR PT(X,Y,K), AS CONTROLLED BY I.
C THE CROSS PRODUCT YIELDS A VECTOR NORMAL TO THE SURFACE. THIS VECTOR
C IS UNITIZED, THUS YIELDING THE DIRECTION COSINES OF A UNIT VECTOR,
C WHICH ARE ALSO THE XYZ VALUES DEFINING THE UNIT VECTOR.
DIMENSION NTITLE(24),NSN(56),TDN(12),NDN(12),NCLSI(9),NSC(56),
1AREA(56),NDL(56),NBP(34),P(3,102,34),Z5(11),RX(11),RY(11),KC(34),M36100900
2P(4,102,11),RA(9),SP(3,9),NMS(12,12),DK(4,10),KD(4,10),PT(3,4,10),36101000
3PP(3,102,34),V(3),PAF(11),CL(11),NDA(6),TDA(6),LD(6),LP(2),LI(2),
4AREAX(2),INC(12),FHP(25,25),X(161,2),Y(161,2),DX(61),MSDL(12,12),
5MSNOS(12),FH(61),FV(61),NSIL(120,25),X(120),Y(120),NDC(10),
6SL(4,100),VA(4,100),CL(102),C2(102),C3(102),NND(100,2)
EQUIVALENCE (P,PP(4)),(KD,DK),(TDN,NDN),(DT,NDT),(TNSID,NSID),(TDA,36101500
1,NDA),(NSIL(1),PP(73,45)),(NDN(3),NDC(1)),(VA(1),CL(1)),(VA(150),C236101600
2(1)),(VA(300),C3(1)),(NND(1),SL(1))
COMMON NTITLE,NSN,NDN,NSC,NDL,P,PP,NBP,AREA,AREAX,RX,RY,Z5,KC,MP,
IRA,SP,NMS,KD,PT,V,PAF,CL,NDA,NDT,LD,LP,LI,FHP,ND,KX,KP,MP,XI,YI,
2DX,FAP,NHI,NHL,NVI,NVL,F,DY,NCLSI,NSID,AMAP,NDG,MSDL,MSNOS,NSIL,FH,36102000
3FV,X,Y,VA,SL,C1,C2,C3,MNN,NDC,INC
DIMENSION D(2,3)
11=N
D0 40 I2=1,2
IF(I)30,20,30
20 D0 25 I3=1,3
25 D(I2,I3)=P(I3,I1,K)-P(I3,M,K)
G0 T0 40
30 D0 35 I3=1,3
35 D(I2,I3)=PT(I3,I1,K)-PT(I3,M,K)
40 I1=J
V(1)=D(1,2)*D(2,3)-D(2,2)*D(1,3)
V(2)=D(2,1)*D(1,3)-D(1,1)*D(2,3)
V(3)=D(1,1)*D(2,2)-D(2,1)*D(1,2)
VL=SQRT(V(1)**2+V(2)**2+V(3)**2)
V(1)=V(1)/VL
V(2)=V(2)/VL
V(3)=V(3)/VL
RETURN
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0)
36102200
36102300
36102400
36102500
36102600
36102700
36102800
36102900
36103000
36103100
36103200
36103300
36103400
36103500
36103600
36103700
36103800
36103900

```

Figure 39. Subroutine UNIVEC Listing

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
206 00316
DEC OCT
14637 34455

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	AREA 21067 51113	AREAX 21011 51023	CI 22094 53116
C2 21945 52671	C3 21795 52443	CL 16140 37414	DK 22154 53212
DT 22102 53126	DX 15246 35616	DY 15179 35513	FAP 15185 35521
FHP 16119 37367	FH 15011 35243	F 15180 35514	FV 14950 35146
INC 14649 34471	KC 20976 50760	KD 22154 53212	KP 15492 36204
KX 15493 36205	LD 16129 37401	LI 16121 37371	LP 16123 37373
MP 20942 50716	MSDL 15167 35477	MSNBS 15023 35257	NCLS 15178 35512
NDA 22100 53124	NDC 22112 53140	NDL 21157 51245	NDN 22114 53142
NDG 15168 35500	ND 15494 36206	NDT 22102 53126	NHI 15184 35520
NHL 15183 35517	NMS 16418 40042	NNN 21693 52275	NOP 21101 51155
NP 15491 36203	NSC 21213 51335	NSID 22101 53125	NSIL 25217 61201
NSN 21269 51425	NTITLE 21293 51455	NVI 15182 35516	NVL 15181 35515
PAF 16151 37427	PP 32561 77461	P 32558 77456	PT 16274 37622
RA 16454 40106	RX 21009 51021	RY 20998 51006	SL 21693 52275
SP 16445 40075	TDA 22100 53124	TDN 22114 53142	TNSID 22101 53125
VA 22094 53116	V 16154 37432	X1 15490 36202	X 14889 35051
Y1 15368 36010	Y 14769 34661	Z5 20987 50773	

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN DIMENSION AND EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

DEC OCT
D 205 00315
DEC OCT

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

DEC OCT
I1 199 00307
DEC OCT
VL 198 00306
DEC OCT

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

Figure 40. Subroutine UNIVEC Core Storage Map

DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT
1)	189 00275	2)	178 00262	DEC	QCT
C1160	194 00302	C1161	195 00303	183	00267
D1101	32 00040	D1103	72 00110	C1162	196 00304
C1703	70 00106	E11	30 00036	D1303	71 00107
				E12	37 00045

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT
SORT	0 00000				

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

SORT

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN	IFN	LGC	EFN	IFN	LGC	EFN	IFN	LGC
10	8	00032	20	10	00046	30	13	00123
35	14	00162	40	15	00174			

Figure 40. Subroutine UNIVECTOR Core Storage Map (continued)

TJ362 TXFRM(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63

```

C TXFRM(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63 36200100
SUBROUTINE TXFRM 36200200
C THIS SUBROUTINE IS DIVIDED INTO TWO PARTS- THE FIRST SECTION TRANS-
C FORMS A SURFACE SO THAT ALL Z COORDINATES ARE ZERO, I.E., THE SURFACE 36200300
C LIES IN THE X-Y PLANE OF THE NEW CS. THE OTHER SURFACE IS THEN ALSO 36200400
C TRANSFORMED INTO THIS SYSTEM IN ITS PROPER POSITION RELATIVE TO THE 36200500
C FIRST SURFACE. THIS IS TERMED AN AUXILIARY TRANSFORMATION 36200600
C THE SECOND SECTION TRANSFORMS THE COORDINATES OF A GIVEN SURFACE TO 36200700
C SOME POSITION SPECIFIED BY THE TRANSFORMATION DATA POINTS. THIS IS 36200800
C TERMED A PRIMARY TRANSFORMATION. 36200900
DIMENSION NTITLE(24),NSNI(56),TDN(12),NDN(12),NCLS(9),NSCI(56), 36201000
1AREA(56),NDL(56),NORI(34),PI(3,102,34),ZS(11),RX(11),RY(11),KC(34),M36201100
2P(4,102,11),RAI(9),SPI(3,9),NMS(12,12),DK(4,10),KD(4,10),PT(3,4,10),36201200
3PP(3,102,34),V(13),PAF(11),CL(11),NDA(6),TDA(6),LD(6),LP(2),LI(2), 36201300
4AREAX(2),INC(12),FHP(25,25),XI(61,2),YI(61,2),DX(61),MSDL(12,12), 36201400
5MSNGS(12),FH(61),FV(61),NSIL(120,25),X(120),Y(120),NDC(10), 36201500
6SL(4,100),VA(4,100),CI(102),C2(102),C3(102),NNN(100,2) 36201600
EQUIVALENCE (P,PP(4)),(KD,DK),(NDN,NDN),(DT,NDT),(TNSID,NSID),(TDA36201700
1,NDA),(NSIL(1),PP(73+5)),(NDN(3),NDC(1)),(VA(1),CI(1)),(VA(150),C236201800
2(1)),(VA(1300),C3(1)),(NNN(1),SL(1)) 36201900
COMMON NTITLE,NSN,NDN,NSC,NDL,P,PP,NGP,AREA,AREAX,RX,RY,ZS,KC,MP, 36202000
1RA,SP,NMS,KD,PT,V,PAF,CL,NDA,NDT,LD,LP,LI,FHP,ND,KX,KP,NP,XI,YI, 36202100
2DX,FAP,NHI,NHL,NVI,NVL,F,DY,NCLS,NSID,AMAP,NDG,MSDL,MSNGS,NSIL,FH,36202200
3FV,X,Y,VA,SL,C1,C2,C3,NNN,NDC,INC T(3),DI(3,3)
DIMENSION R(4,3),COSA(3,3), 36202300
IF (SENSE LIGHT 4)28,10 36202400
C START OF AUXILIARY TRANSFORMATION 36202500
C THE SURFACE TO WHICH THE CS WILL BE MOVED WAS SELECTED IN CALLING PROG36202600
C THE Z AXIS OF THE NEW CS IS THE SURFACE ORIENTATION VECTOR ERRECTED 36202700
C ABOVE POINT 1 IN THE SURFACE. THE X-AXIS IS ALIGNED FROM POINT 1 TO 36202800
C POINT 2. THE Y-AXIS IS OBTAINED BY THE X-PRODUCT OF THE OTHER TWO. 36202900
DO 12 M=1,3 36203000
12 DI(M,1)=P(M,2,ND)-P(M,1,ND) 36203100
DV=SQRT(DI(1,1)**2+DI(2,1)**2+DI(3,1)**2) 36203200
DO 13 M=1,3 36203300
13 DI(M,1)=DI(M,1)/DV 36203400
C COMPUTE DIRECTION COSINES OF NEW X-AXIS RELATIVE TO OLD X-Y-Z 36203500
COSA(1,M)=DI(M,1)/DV 36203600
C COMPUTE DIRECTION COSINES OF NEW Z-AXIS RELATIVE TO OLD X-Y-Z 36203700
C THE HEAD END OF THE UNIT VECTOR IS STORED AS POINT 1 IN ARRAY PP. 36203800
PP 36203900

```

Figure 41. Subroutine TXFRM Listing

```

C AND P ARE STAGGERED 1 POINT( 3 COORDINATES) THROUGH EQUIVALENCE.
13 COSA(3,M)=PP(M,1,ND)-PP(M,2,ND)
C COMPUTE DIRECTION COSINES OF NEW Y-AXIS RELATIVE TO OLD X-Y-Z
C USE VECTOR CROSS OF OTHER COMPONENTS.
COSA(2,1)=COSA(3,2)*COSA(1,3)-COSA(1,2)*COSA(3,3)
COSA(2,2)=COSA(1,1)*COSA(3,3)-COSA(3,1)*COSA(1,3)
COSA(2,3)=COSA(3,1)*COSA(1,2)-COSA(1,1)*COSA(3,2)
C COMPUTE TRANSLATION COMPONENTS H,K,L MOVING OLD ORIGIN TO NEW ORIGIN
C AT POINT 1 IN SURFACE.
DO 15 K=1,3
    T(K)=-P(1,1,ND)*COSA(K,1)-P(2,1,ND)*COSA(K,2)-P(3,1,ND)*COSA(K,3)
    KH=2
GO TO 310
C START OF PRIMARY TRANSFORMATION SECTION
C SELECT TRANSFORMATION DATA NAME
28 NC=LD(KP+2)
C PICKUP TXFRM DATA FROM NDL
    NC=NDL(NC)
C SELECT MIDDLE POINT FOR MULTIPLE USE LATER.
    NP=KD(3,NC)
C COMPUTE A FOURTH POINT FROM THE THREE COORDINATES IN SURFACE DATA,
C NECESSARILY NOT IN THE PLANE OF THE OTHER THREE. THIS POINT CORRES-
C POND TO THE FOURTH POINT WHICH WAS CREATED IN LIKE MANNER USING THE
C THREE POINTS GIVEN IN TRANSFORMATION DATA(SEE MAIN PROGRAM)
    CALL UNIVEC(0,ND,KD(2,NC),NP,KD(4,NC))
    R(1,1)=P(1,NP,ND)+V(1)
    R(1,2)=P(2,NP,ND)+V(2)
    R(1,3)=P(3,NP,ND)+V(3)
C THE FOLLOWING FUNDAMENTAL EQUATION IS SOLVED FOR THE NEW CS AXES
C DIRECTION COSINES RELATIVE TO OLD, ALONG WITH THE TRANSLATION COMP
C X,Y,Z=XP*COS(A1,B1,G1)+YP*COS(A2,B2,G2)+ZP*COS(A3,B3,G3)+H,K,L
C THIS EQUATION IS WRITTEN FOUR TIMES FORMING A 4X4 DETERMINANT, AND
C SOLVED FOR COS(A2,B2,G2) AND COS(A3,B3,G3) BY CRAMERS RULE. COS(A1,B1,
C G1) IS THEN DERIVED BY THE X-PRODUCT OF THE Y-Z UNIT VECTORS(DCOSINES)
C ARRAY R CONTAINS THE OLD COORDINATES,ARRAY PT CONTAINS THE NEW.
C COMPUTE DIRECTION COSINES OF NEW AXES BY MEANS OF A 4X4 DETERMINANT
C WITH 4TH COLUMN 1'S(COEFFICIENT OF TRANSLATION COMPONENT).
36204000
36204100
36204200
36204300
36204400
36204500
36204600
36204700
36204800
36204900
36205000
36205100
36205200
36205300
36205400
36205500
36205600
36205700
36205800
36205900
36206000
36206100
36206200
36206300
36206400
36206500
36206600
36206700
36206800
36206900
36207000
36207100
36207200
36207300
36207400
36207500
36207600
36207700
36207800

```

Figure 41. Subroutine TXFRM Listing (continued)

7J362 TXFRM(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63

```

C COMPUTE Y AND Z AXIS DCOSINES BY CRAMERS RULE
D0 30 I=2,4
N=KD(I,NC)
D0 30 J=1,3
30 R(I,J)=P(J,N,ND)
N=0
CD=1.
C START LOOP TO COMPUTE Y AND Z DCOSINES
40 D0 200 I=2,3
D0 60 K=1,4
C STORE THE ITH COLUMN OF R IN TEMPORARY C1
60 C1(K)=R(K,I)
D0 150 J=1,3
C ON THE FIRST PASS, COMPUTE THE COEFFICIENT DETERMINANT FROM R.
IF(N) 80,100,80
C PLACE X,Y AND Z VALUES FOR POINTS 1-4 SUCCESSIVELY FROM PK INTO R ITH
80 D0 90 K=1,4
90 R(K,I)=PT(J,K,NC)
C COMPUTE COMMON FACTOR IN EXPANDED DETERMINANT
100 A= R(3,3)-R(4,3)
B= R(3,2)-R(4,2)
C= R(3,2)*R(4,3)-R(4,2)*R(3,3)
D= R(3,1)-R(4,1)
E= R(3,1)*R(4,3)-R(4,1)*R(3,3)
F= R(3,1)*R(4,2)-R(4,1)*R(3,2)
C COMPUTE COEFFICIENT DETERMINANT ON FIRST PASS, AND DIRECTION COSINES
C ON SUCCESSIVE PASSES
COSA(J,I)= (R(1,1)*(A*R(2,2)-B*R(2,3)+C)+R(1,3))*(B*R(2,1)-D*R(2,2)+E*R(2,3))/CD
I)+F)-R(1,2)*(A*R(2,1)-D*R(2,3)+ E)-C*R(2,1)*E*R(2,2)-F*R(2,3))/CD
IF(N)150,120,150
120 CD=COSA(I,2)
N=N+1
G0 T0 40
150 CONTINUE
C RESTORE ITH COLUMN OF R FROM TEMPORARY C1
D0 170 K=1,4
170 R(K,I)=C1(K)
200 CONTINUE
C COMPUTE THE X-AXIS DCOSINES BY THE VECTOR X-PRODUCT OF YXZ DCOSINES.
36207900
36208000
36208100
36208200
36208300
36208400
36208500
36208600
36208700
36208800
36208900
36209000
36209100
36209200
36209300
36209400
36209500
36209600
36209700
36209800
36209900
36210000
36210100
36210200
36210300
36210400
36210500
36210600
36210700
36210800
36210900
36211000
36211100
36211200
36211300
36211400
36211500
36211600
36211700

```

Figure 41. Subroutine TXFRM Listing (continued)

```

COSA(1,1)=COSA(2,2)*COSA(3,3)-COSA(2,3)*COSA(3,2)
COSA(2,1)=COSA(1,3)*COSA(3,2)-COSA(1,2)*COSA(3,3)
COSA(3,1)=COSA(1,2)*COSA(2,3)-COSA(1,3)*COSA(2,2)
C COMPUTE TRANSLATION COMPONENTS H,L,K
DO 300 I=1,3
300 T(I)=PT(I,2,NC)-R(2,1)*COSA(I,1)-R(2,2)*COSA(I,2)-R(2,3)*COSA(I,3)
KM=1
KX=KP+5
SENSE LIGHT 2
DO 500 K=1,KM
M=KX+K
IF (SENSE LIGHT 2)320,330
320 LP(KP)=M
GO TO 335
330 ND=LP(K)
LP(K)=M
335 NOP(M)=NOP(ND)
J2=NOP(M)+2
C TRANSFORM ALL COORDINATES TO NEW CS AND STORE IN M
DO 500 I=1,J2
DO 500 J=1,3
PP(J,I,M)=PP(1,I,ND)*COSA(J,1)+PP(2,I,ND)*COSA(J,2)+PP(3,I,ND)*
1 COSA(J,3)+T(J)
IF (PP(J,I,M))460,500,460
460 IF (ABS(PP(J,I,M))- .0001)480,480,500
480 PP(J,I,M)=0.
500 CONTINUE
700 RETURN
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)
36211800
36211900
36212000
36212100
36212200
36212300
36212400
36212500
36212600
36212700
36212800
36212900
36213000
36213100
36213200
36213300
36213400
36213500
36213600
36213700
36213800
36213900
36214000
36214100
36214200
36214300
36214400
36214500

```

Figure 41. Subroutine TXFRM Listing (continued)

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
702 01276
DEC OCT
14637 34455

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	DEC OCT	AREA 21067 51113	DEC OCT	AREAX 21011 51023	DEC OCT	C1 22094 53116	DEC OCT
C2 21945 52671		C3 21795 52443		CL 16140 37414		DK 22154 53212	
DT 22102 53126		DX 15246 35616		DY 15179 35513		FAP 15185 35521	
FHP 16119 37367		FH 15011 35243		F 15180 35514		FV 14950 35146	
INC 14649 34471		KC 20976 50760		KD 22154 53212		KP 15492 36204	
KX 15493 36205		LD 16129 37401		LI 16121 37371		LP 16123 37373	
MP 20942 50716		MSDL 15167 35477		MSN0\$ 15023 35257		NCLS 15178 35512	
NDA 22100 53124		NDC 22112 53140		NDL 21157 51245		NDN 22114 53142	
NDG 15168 35500		ND 15494 36206		NDT 22102 53126		NHI 15184 35520	
NHL 15183 35517		MMS 16418 40042		NNN 21693 52275		NIP 21101 51155	
NP 15491 36203		NSC 21213 51335		NSID 22101 53125		NSIL 25217 61201	
NSN 21269 51425		NTITL 21293 51455		NVI 15182 35516		NVL 15181 35515	
PAF 16151 37427		PP 32561 77461		P 32558 77456		PT 16274 37622	
RA 16454 40106		RX 21009 51021		RY 20998 51006		SL 21693 52275	
SP 16445 40075		TDA 22100 53124		TDN 22114 53124		TNSID 22101 53125	
VA 22094 53116		V 16154 37432		X1 15490 36202		X 14889 35051	
Y1 15368 36010		Y 14769 34661		ZS 20987 50773			

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN DIMENSION AND EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

DEC OCT
686 01256
DEC OCT
UI 677 01245
DEC OCT
R 698 01272
DEC OCT
T 701 01275

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
A 668 01234	B 667 01233	CD 666 01232	C 665 01231
D 664 01230	DV 663 01227	E 662 01226	I 661 01225
J2 660 01224	J 659 01223	KM 658 01222	K 657 01221
M 656 01220	NC 655 01217	N 654 01216	

Figure 42. Subroutine TXFRM Core Storage Map

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT
1)	613 01145	21	595 01123	31	604 01134	61	607 01137
A)104	562 01062	A)1G1	571 01073	A)1G2	580 01104	C)G0	625 01161
C)G1	626 01162	C)G2	627 01163	C)G4	628 01164	C)G5	629 01165
C)G6	630 01166	C)G7	631 01167	C)100	632 01170	C)102	633 01171
C)103	634 01172	C)104	635 01173	C)106	636 01174	C)107	637 01175
C)108	638 01176	C)109	639 01177	C)10A	640 01200	C)10B	641 01201
C)1G0	642 01202	C)1G1	643 01203	C)1G2	644 01204	C)1G4	645 01205
C)1G5	646 01206	C)1G6	647 01207	C)1G7	648 01210	C)200	649 01211
C)201	650 01212	C)202	651 01213	C)203	652 01214	C)204	653 01215
D)109	190 00276	D)100	221 00335	D)10E	234 00352	D)112	478 00736
D)208	122 00172	D)20F	239 00357	D)20P	375 00567	D)214	515 01003
D)406	103 00147	D)40H	260 00404	D)40U	447 00677	D)413	508 00774
D)60H	259 00403	D)614	514 01002	D)70H	258 00402	D)714	513 01001
E)E	236 00354	E)G	245 00365	E)M	357 00545	E)Q	381 00575
E)17	539 01033	E)10L	272 00420				

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

SQRT	DEC	QCT	UNIVEC	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT
	0	00000	1	00001			

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

SQRT UNIVEC

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN	IFN	L0C	EFN	IFN	L0C	EFN	IFN	L0C
10	8	00030	12	9	00042	13	13	00107
28	21	00173	30	32	00320	40	35	00336
80	40	00407	90	41	00407	100	42	00422
150	53	00561	170	55	00570	200	56	00576
310	65	00700	320	68	00715	330	70	00721
460	78	01023	480	79	01030	500	80	01035
						15	18	00150
						60	37	00360
						120	50	00547
						300	61	00650
						335	72	00737
						700	81	01056

Figure 42. Subroutine TXFRM Core Storage Map (continued)


```

C DOICU(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63 36300100
SUBROUTINE DOICU 36300200
C THIS SUBROUTINE DETERMINES WHETHER THE SURFACES SEE EACH OTHER IN 36300300
C WHOLE OR IN PART, AND IF IN PART, COMPUTES THE COORDINATES AND AREA OF 36300400
C THE PORTION OF EACH SURFACE WHICH IS SEEN BY THE OTHER 36300500
DIMENSION NTITLE(24),NSI(56),TON(12),NDN(12),NCLSI(9),NSCI(56), 36300600
IAREA(56),NDL(56),NOP(34),P(3,102,34),ZS(11),RX(11),RY(11),KC(34),M36300700
2P(4,102,11),KA(9),SP(3,9),NMS(12,12),DK(4,10),KD(4,10),PT(3,4,10),36300800
3PP(3,102,34),V(3),PAF(11),CL(11),NDA(6),TDA(6),LD(6),LP(2),LI(2),36300900
4AREAX(2),INCL(2),FHP(25,25),XI(61,21),YI(61,21),OX(61),MSDL(12,12), 36301000
5MSNOS(12),FHI(61),FY(61),NSIL(120,25),X(120),Y(120),NDC(10), 36301100
6SL(4,100),VA(4,100),C1(102),C2(102),C3(102),NNN(100,2) 36301200
EQUIVALENCE (P,PP(4)),(KD,DK),(TON,NDN),(DT,NDT),(TNSID,NSID),(TDA,36301300
I,NDA),(NSIL,NSI),(NDN(3),NDC(1)),(VA(1),C1(1)),(VAL150),C236301400
2(1)),(VA(300),C3(1)),(NNN(1),SL(1)) 36301500
COMMON NTITLE,NSN,NDN,NSC,NDL,P,PP,AREA,AREAX,RX,RY,ZS,KC,MP, 36301600
1RA,SP,NMS,KD,PT,V,PAF,CL,NDA,NDT,LD,LP,LI,FHP,ND,KX,KP,NP,XI,YI, 36301700
2DX,FAP,WHI,NHL,NVI,NVL,F,DY,NCLSI,NSID,AMAP,NDU,MSDL,MSNOS,NSIL,FH, 36301800
3FV,X,Y,VA,SL,C1,C2,C3,NNN,NDC,INC 36301900
IF(SENSE LIGHT 4)400,450 36302000
400 KL=1 36302100
GO TO 34000 36302200
450 KL=2 36302300
DO 10000 KP=1,2 36302400
C INITIALIZE SENSE LIGHTS 36302500
SENSE LIGHT 0 36302600
C IF SURFACE KP IS NONPLANAR, DO NOT CHECK BISECTION OF SURFACE KL 36302700
JP=LDI(KP) 36302800
IF(NSC(JP))9000,9000,500 36302900
C SELECT POSITION OF SURFACE KP IN ARRAY P 36303000
500 JP=LP(KP) 36303100
C DO LIKEWISE FOR SURFACE KL 36303200
JL=LP(KL) 36303300
C NP= NO. OF POINTS DEFINING SURFACE JL 36303400
NP=NOP(JL) 36303500
C COMPUTE COMPONENTS OF UNIT VECTOR IN SURFACE KP. 36303600
DXP=PP(1,1,JP)-PP(1,2,JP) 36303700
DYP=PP(2,1,JP)-PP(2,2,JP) 36303800
DZP=PP(3,1,JP)-PP(3,2,JP) 36303900

```

Figure 43. Subroutine DOICU Listing

```

00 6000 I=1,MP
C COMPUTE COMPONENTS OF VECTOR FROM POINT I IN KP (UNIT VECTOR ORIGIN)
C TO POINT I IN SURFACE KL.
    DYL= P(1,I,JL)-P(1,I,JP)
    DYL= P(2,I,JL)-P(2,I,JP)
    DZL= P(3,I,JL)-P(3,I,JP)
C COMPUTE THE DOT PRODUCT RESULTING FROM UNIT VECTOR IN DP AND VECTOR
C FORMED BY THE KP UNIT VECTOR ORIGIN AND POINT I IN SURFACE KL
    CS=DYL*DXP+DYL*DYP+DZL*DZP
C IF THE DOT PRODUCT IS POS, GO TO SET SL1. IF 0, CONTINUE TO NEXT PT.-
C IF NEG, COMPUTE COSINE AND COMPARE WITH TOLERANCE
    IF(CS)1000,6000,4000
C IF COSINE IS NEG AND GREATER THAN TOLERANCE, GO TO SET SL2
1000 IF(CS/SQRT(DXL**2+DYL**2+DZL**2)*.0001)5000,6000,6000
C SET SL1 IF THIS POINT IS ABOVE THE REF PLANE OF SURFACE KP.
4000 SENSE LIGHT 1
C IF SL2 IS ON, THEN SURFACE KL IS BISECTED BY SURFACE KP
    IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)8000,6000
C SET SL2 IF THIS POINT IS BELOW THE REF PLANE OF SURFACE KP.
5000 SENSE LIGHT 2
C IF SL1 IS ON, THEN SURFACE KL IS BISECTED BY THE REF PLANE OF SURF KP
    IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)8000,6000
6000 CONTINUE
C FLOW TO THIS POINT MEANS SURFACE KL IS NOT BISECTED BY KP.
C IF SL1 IS NOT ON, NO POINT IN KL IS ABOVE SURFACE KP REF PLANE.
    IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)9000,7000
C NONE OF KL IS SEEN BY KP, SET FLAG TO TRIGGER DIAGNOSTICS, RETURN MP
7000 LI(1)=0
    GO TO 36000
C PART OF KL IS SEEN BY KP
8000 LI(KL)=-1
C ALL OF KL IS SEEN BY KP (LI(KL)=1, INITIAL VALUE)
9000 KL=1
C TEST VIEW FROM OTHER SURFACE REF PLANE
10000 CONTINUE
C IF A SURFACE IS TO BE BISECTED, ALL COORDINATES ARE TRANSFORMED TO THE
C REF PLANE OF THE OTHER SURFACE, THEN, THE POINT WHERE Z-COORDINATES
C CHANGE SIGN ARE DETECTED AND A NEW POINT COMPUTED WHERE Z=0. RENUMBER-
C ING OF POINTS IS PERFORMED AS THE SURFACE IS REDEFINED TO EXCLUDE ALL

```

```

36304000
36304100
36304200
36304300
36304400
36304500
36304600
36304700
36304800
36304900
36305000
36305100
36305200
36305300
36305400
36305500
36305600
36305700
36305800
36305900
36306000
36306100
36306200
36306300
36306400
36306500
36306600
36306700
36306800
36306900
36307000
36307100
36307200
36307300
36307400
36307500
36307600
36307700
36307800

```

Figure 43. Subroutine DOICU Listing (continued)

```

36307900
36308000
36308100
36308200
36308300
36308400
36308500
36308600
36308700
36308800
36308900
36309000
36309200
36309300
36309400
36309500
36309600
36309700
36309750
36309800
36309900
36310000
36310100
36310150
36310200
36310300
36310400
36310500
36310600
36310700
36310800
36310900
36311000
36311200
36311300
36311400
36311500
36311600

C NEG Z SURFACES.
C
C START WITH THE REF PLANE IN SURFACE 2.
  SENSE LIGHT 0
  KP=2
C THIS NUMBER CONTROLS LOCATION OF TRANSFORMED SURFACE COORD IN ARRAY P
  KX=4
  KL=1
10500 GO TO(11000,12000),KL
C IF SURFACE 2 IS NOT BIASECTED, NO AUXILIARY TRANSFORMATION IS REQUIRED
C FOR THAT PURPOSE, HOWEVER, SURFACE 1 MUST BE IN THE XY PLANE WITH THE
C ORIENTATION VECTOR POINTING TOWARD THE Z-AXIS, IF NOT ALREADY THERE
11000 IF(LIKL)12000,7000,34000
C SELECT POSITION OF SURFACE KP IN ARRAY P
12000 ND=LPI(KP)
C PICKUP LAST POINT, POINTS 1,2 AND LAST POINT FORM REFERENCE PLANE.
  NP=ND*(ND)
C IS THE REF PLANE OF SURF KP IN XY PLANE WITHIN TOLERANCE INDICATED
C FLOW TO 15000 INDICATES THE SURFACE IS NOT IN XY PLANE.
  IF( ABSF(P(3, 1,ND))-0.001)13000,13000,15000
13000 IF( ABSF(P(3, 2,ND))-0.001)14000,14000,15000
14000 IF( ABSF(P(3, NP,ND))-0.001)14500,14500,15000
C FLOW TO 15000 INDICATES ORIENTATION VECTOR IS NOT POINTING TO +Z AXIS
14500 IF(P(3,1,ND))15000,15000,15500
15000 IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)15100,15200
15100 SENSE LIGHT 4
  GO TO 36000
15200 CALL TXFRM
C IF SURFACE 2 IS A SPHERE, LOOK AT Z-COORDINATE FROM SURFACE 1
15500 N2=LD(2)
  IF(NSQ(N2)+7)15700,15600,15700
15600 IN=LPI(2)
  JP=NUL(N2)
  H=P(J,1,IN)+RA(JP)
15650 IF(H)7000,7000, -5555
15655 IF(P(3,1,IN)-RA(JP))15660,36000,36000
15660 ARCA(XI2)=6.2831853*RA(JP)*H
  LI( )=-1
  GO TO 36000

```

Figure 43. Subroutine DOICU Listing (continued)

```

C PROCEED TO BISECT SURFACE KL IF REQUIRED
15700 IF(LI(KL))16000,7000,34000
C PICKUP SUBSCRIPTS OF SURFACES IN ARRAY P
16000 JL=LP(KL)
      NP=NP(I,JL)
C TEST Z-COORDINATES OF SURFACE KL, COMPUTE X,Y AT TRANSITION AND RENUM-
C BER POINTS ABOVE HORIZON.
      K=0
      SENSE LIGHT 0
      DO 22000 M=1,NP
C IF Z IS POSITIVE OR ZERO, USE THE POINT. TURN ON SLL IF ZERO.
      IF(P(3,M,JL))17000,18000,19000
C IF NEXT POINT IS - OR 0,CONTINUE. IF +,GO TO COMPUTE X,Y AT HORIZON.
17000 IF(P(3,M+1,JL))22000,22000,21000
18000 SENSE LIGHT 1
C ADVANCE TO THE NEXT SUBSCRIPT TO NEW POSITION IN KP OF ARRAY P.
19000 K=K+1
      P(1,K,KL)=P(1,M,JL)
      P(2,K,KL)=P(2,M,JL)
      P(3,K,KL)=P(3,M,JL)
C TEST NEXT POINT ON BOUNDARY-IF BELOW(NEG),TEST SLL-IF ZERO OR POSITIVE
C GO TO CONTINUE THE LOOP TO PICKUP ON NEXT GO ROUND.
      IF(P(3,M+1,JL))20000,22000,22000
C IF THE LAST POINT WAS NOT ZERO, THE VALUE OF X,Y AT THE HORIZON MUST
C BE COMPUTED.
20000 IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)22000,21000
21000 K=K+1
C COMPUTE X,Y AT HORIZON(Z=0) FROM TRACE OF LINE SEGMENT M-M+1 ON XZ
C YZ PLANES.
      ZC=P(3,M,JL)/(P(3,M+1,JL)-P(3,M,JL))
      DO 21500 I=1,2
21500 P(I,K,KL)=P(I,M,JL)-ZC*(P(I,M+1,JL)-P(I,M,JL))
22000 CONTINUE
      LP(KL)=KL
      NP(KL)=K
C COMPUTE ORIENTATION UNIT VECTOR COMPONENTS FROM OLD DATA(ARRAY JL) AND
C USE TO RESTORE UNIT VECTOR IN NEW ARRAY KL, AND FOR USE IN AREA COMP-
C UTATION- ADD POINT K+1 EQUAL TO POINT 1 FOR USE LATER
36311700
36311800
36311900
36312000
36312100
36312200
36312300
36312400
36312500
36312600
36312700
36312800
36312900
36313000
36313100
36313200
36313300
36313400
36313500
36313600
36313700
36313800
36313900
36314000
36314100
36314200
36314300
36314400
36314500
36314600
36314700
36314800
36314900
36315000
36315100
36315200
36315300
36315400
36315500

```

Figure 43. Subroutine DOICU Listing
(continued)

```

K=K+1
SENSE LIGHT 1
SENSE LIGHT 2
DO 32000 M=1,3
V(M)=PP(M,1,JL)-PP(M,2,JL)
P(M,K,KL)=P(M,1,KL)+V(M)
IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)Z6000,28000
26000 IF(ABS(F(V(M)))-.1)Z7000,27000,31000
27000 SENSE LIGHT 1
28000 IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)Z9000,30000
29000 N1=M
30000 GO TO 32000
30000 N2=M
31000 GO TO 32000
32000 DC=V(M)
32000 CONTINUE
C
AREAX(KL)=0.
C SAVE POINT 1
P1=PP(N1,1,KL)
C PUT COORDINATE OF LAST POINT IN THIS SPOT FOR AREA COMPUTATION
PP(N1,1,KL)=PP(N1,K,KL)
C COMPUTE PROJECTED AREA ON N1,N2 PRINCIPAL PLANE
DO 33000 M=2,K
33000 AREAX(KL)=AREAX(KL)+PP(N2,M,KL)*(PP(N1,M-1,KL)-PP(N1,M+1,KL))
C FIND PLANE AREA
AREAX(KL)=ABS(F(AREAX(KL)/DC/2.))
C RESTORE COORDINATE IN UNIT VECTOR
PP(N1,1,KL)=P1
C GO TO SURFACE 2 BISECTION IF REQD
34000 KP=1
KX=2
35000 IF(KL-2)35500,36000,36000
35500 KL=2
GO TO 10500
36000 RETURN
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)
36315600
36315700
36315800
36315900
36316000
36316100
36316200
36316300
36316400
36316500
36316600
36316700
36316800
36316900
36317000
36317100
36317200
36317300
36317400
36317500
36317600
36317700
36317800
36317900
36318000
36318100
36318200
36318300
36318400
36318500
36318600
36318700
36318800
36318900
36319000
36319100
36319200

```

Figure 43. Subroutine DOICU Listing (continued)

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
831 01477
DEC OCT
14037 34455

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	DEC OCT	AREA 21067 51113	DEC OCT	AREAX 21011 51023	DEC OCT	CI 22094 53116
C2 21945 52671		C3 21795 52443		CL 16140 37414		DK 22154 53212
DI 22102 53126		DX 13246 55616		DY 15179 35513		FAP 15185 35511
FHP 16119 37367		FH 15011 35243		F 15180 35514		FV 14950 35146
INC 14649 34471		KC 20976 50760		KD 22154 53212		KP 15492 56204
KX 15493 36205		LD 16129 37401		LI 16121 37371		LP 16123 37373
MP 20942 50716		MSDL 15127 35477		MSNDS 15023 35257		NCLS 15178 35512
NDA 22100 53124		NDC 22112 53140		NDL 21157 51245		NDN 22114 53142
NDQ 15168 35500		ND 15494 36206		NDT 22102 53126		NHI 15184 35220
NHL 15183 35517		NMS 16418 40042		MN 21693 52275		NMP 21101 51155
NP 15491 36205		NSC 21213 51335		NSID 22101 53145		NSIL 25217 61201
NSN 21269 51425		NTITLE 21293 51455		NVI 15182 35516		NVL 15181 35515
PAF 16151 37427		PP 32561 77461		P 32558 77456		PT 15274 37622
RA 16454 40106		RX 21009 51021		RY 20998 51006		SL 21693 52275
SP 16445 40075		TDA 22100 53124		TUN 22114 53142		TNSID 22101 53125
VA 22094 53116		Y 16154 37432		XI 15490 36202		X 14889 35051
Y1 15368 36010		Y 14769 34661		ZS 20987 50773		

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

CS 830 01476	DEC OCT	DC 829 01475	DEC OCT	DXL 828 01474	DEC OCT	DXP 827 01473
DYL 826 01472		DYP 825 01471		DZL 824 01470		DZP 823 01467
H 822 01466		IN 821 01465		I 820 01464		JL 819 01463
JP 818 01464		KL 817 01461		K 816 01460		M 815 01457
NI 814 01456		N2 813 01455		PI 812 01454		ZC 811 01453

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

Figure 44. Subroutine DDICU Core Storage Map

DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT
1)	780 01414	2)	762 01372	3)	769 01401	6)	774 01406
A11G0	673 01244	A11G2	682 01252	A11G3	691 01263	A11G4	706 01302
A11G6	715 01313	A11G4	730 01332	A11GD	743 01347	C160	784 01420
C1G1	785 01424	C1G2	786 01422	C1G3	787 01423	C1G5	788 01424
C1G6	789 01425	C1G7	790 01426	C11G0	791 01427	C11G1	792 01430
C11G2	793 01431	C11G3	794 01432	C11G4	795 01433	C11G5	796 01434
C11G6	797 01435	C11G7	798 01436	C11G8	799 01437	C11G9	800 01440
C11GA	801 01441	C11G8	802 01442	C11GC	803 01443	C11GD	804 01444
C11GE	805 01445	C11GF	806 01446	C1200	807 01447	C1201	808 01450
C1202	809 01451	C1203	810 01452	C110D	178 00262	D110H	230 00346
D111H	566 01066	D120F	188 00274	D1218	457 00711	D121L	639 01177
D130D	177 00264	D130F	187 00273	D130H	229 00345	D131L	638 01176
D1410	369 00561	D1412	378 00572	D1415	402 00622	D1416	439 00667
D141C	539 01033	D141D	544 01040	D141N	668 01234	D150D	174 00256
D1512	377 00571	D1516	438 00666	D151C	538 01032	D151D	543 01037
D170H	428 00344	D1610	368 00560	D161N	664 01230	D170D	176 00260
E1K	287 00437	E1V	324 00504	E16	127 00177	E17	152 00230
E11E	547 01043	E11G	563 01063	E15	401 00621	E11D	542 01036
E130D	172 00254			E11M	649 01211	E1115	404 00524

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

SURT	DEC	QCT	TXFRM	DEC	QCT	DEC	QCT
	6	00000		1	00001		

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

SURT	TXFRM	EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS
400	7	00025
4000	27	00232
8000	35	00270
11000	43	00351
14500	49	00413
	450	9100044
	5000	29 00240
	9000	36 00275
	12000	44 00354
	15000	50 00416
	500	14 00100
	6000	31 00246
	10000	37 00313
	13000	47 00401
	15100	51 00420
	1000	26 00201
	7000	33 00263
	10500	42 00347
	14000	48 00406
	15200	53 00422

Figure 44. Subroutine DOICU Core Storage Map (continued)

7J363 DOICU(CGNFAC III) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63 11/09/73 PAGE 8

15500	54 00427	15600	56 00440	15650	59 00461	15655	60 00465
15660	61 00471	15700	64 00501	16000	65 00505	17000	71 00565
18000	72 00573	19000	73 00574	20000	78 00616	21000	79 00625
21500	82 00670	22000	84 00712	26000	95 01025	27000	96 01034
28000	97 01041	29000	98 01044	30000	100 01056	31000	102 01064
32000	103 01067	232	108 01145	1232	111 01200	2232	113 01205
2732	114 01213	3232	116 01235				

Figure 44. Subroutine DOICU Core Storage Map
(continued)

```

C MAP (CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63 36400100
SUBROUTINE MAP 36400200
C GIVEN THE COORDINATES OF THE SURFACE FROM WHICH THE FACTOR IS DESIRED,36400300
C THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES THOSE POINTS ON THE SURFACE FROM WHICH THE 36400400
C PLANE POINT FACTOR TO THE RECEIVING SURFACE WILL BE COMPUTED. 36400500
DIMENSION NTITLE(24),NSN(56),TDN(12),NDN(12),NCLS(9 ),MSC(56), 36400600
1AREA(56),NDL(56),NOP(34),P(3,102,34),ZS(11),RX(11),RY(11),KC(34),M36400700
2P(4,102,11),RA(9),SP(3,9),NMS(12,12),DK(4,10),KD(4,10),PT(3,4,10),36400800
3PP(3,102,34),V(3),PAF(11),CL(11),NDA(6),TDA(6),LD(6),LP(2),LI(2), 36400900
4AREAAX(2),INC(12),FHP(25,25),X1(61,2),Y1(61,2),DX(61),MSDL(12,12), 36401000
5MSNGS(12),FH(61),FV(61),NSIL(120,25),X(120),Y(120),NDC(110), 36401100
6SL(4,100),VA(4,100),CI(102),C2(102),C3(102), N(100,2) 36401200
EQUIVALENCE (P,PP(4)),(KD,DK),(TDN,NDN),(DT,NDT),(TNSID,NSID),(TDA36401300
1,NDAT),(NSIL(11),PP(7345)),(NDN(3),NDC(1)),(VA(1),CI(1)),(VA(150),C236401400
2(1)),(VA(300),C3(1)),I N(1),SL(1)) 36401500
COMMON NTITLE,NSN,NDN,NSC,MDL,P,PP,NGP,AREA,AREAX,RX,RY,ZS,KC,MP, 36401600
IRA,SP,NMS,KD,PT,V,PAF,CL,NDA,NDT,LD,LP,LI,FHP,ND,KX,KP,NP,X1,Y1, 36401700
2DX,FAP,NHI,NHL,NVI,NVL,F,DY,NCLS,NSID,AMAP,NDG,MSDL,MSNGS,NSIL,FH,36401800
3FV,X,Y,VA,SL,C1,C2,C3,N,NDC,INC 36401900
C SET UP HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL INCREMENTS 36402000
C CONVERT INCREMENT NG INTO NG OF INCREMENTS 36402100
IF(LD(5)-1)120,10,20 36402200
10 NHI=2 36402300
GO TO 30 36402400
20 NHI=LD(5)*6 36402500
30 NHL=NHI+1 36402600
IF(LD(6)-1)150,40,50 36402700
40 NVI=2 36402800
GO TO 60 36402900
50 NVI=LD(6)*6 36403000
60 NVL=NVI+1 36403100
90 ND=LP(1) 36403200
NP=NGP(ND) 36403300
C DETERMINE THE SUBSCRIPTS OF THE COORDINATES HAVING THE MIN AND THE MAX36403400
C VALUE OF Y. 36403500
YMIN=1.E+30 36403600
YMAX=-1.E+30 36403700
DO 200 K=1,NP 36403800
IF(P(2,K,ND)-YMIN)110,110,120 36403900

```

Figure 45. Subroutine MAP Listing

```

110 YMIN=P(2,K,ND)
MN = K
120 IF(P(2,K,ND)-YMAX)200,200,175
175 YMAX=P(2,K,ND)
MX = K
200 CONTINUE
N(I,1)=MN
N(I,2)=MN
C STARTING FROM YMIN, AND MOVING TOWARD YMAX CLOCKWISE, STORE SUBSCRIPTS
C OF POINTS IN ARRAY P DEFINING THE SURFACE INTO THE ARRAY NI .1). DO
C THE SAME FOR POINTS ON THE RIGHT COUNTERCLOCKWISE ,BUT STORE IN N( ,2)
220 I1=-1
225 DO 300 I=1,2
DO 290 J=2,NP
N(J,I)=N(J-1,I)+11
IF(I1)245,260,230
230 IF(N(J,I)-NP) 260,260,240
240 N(J,I)=1
GO TO 260
245 IF(N(J,I))260,250,260
C IF POINT 1 IS ENCOUNTERED PRIOR TO YMAX, THE LAST POINT IS THE NEXT
C POINT
250 N (J,I)=NP
C GO TO THE OTHER SIDE IF YMAX IS ENCOUNTERED
260 IF(N(J,I)-MX)290,295,290
290 CONTINUE
295 I1=1
C THE FOLLOWING MANEUVER PREVENTS DIFFICULTIES IN MAPPING THE TOPMOST
C LINES OF THE SURFACE.
N(J+1,I)=MX
N(J+2,I)=MX
300 CONTINUE
C THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS COMPUTE THE POINTS OF INTERSECTION OF EACH
C HORIZONTAL GRID LINE AND THE LINE SEGMENTS FORMING THE SURF BOUNDARY
C COMPUTE THE VERTICAL INCREMENT
390 DY=(YMAX-YMIN)/FLOAT(NVI)
Y(I1)=YMIN
C COMPUTE THE HORIZONTAL GRID LINES

```

```

36404000
36404100
36404200
36404300
36404400
36404500
36404600
36404700
36404800
36404900
36405000
36405100
36405200
36405300
36405400
36405500
36405600
36405700
36405800
36405900
36406000
36406100
36406200
36406300
36406400
36406500
36406600
36406700
36406800
36406900
36407000
36407100
36407200
36407300
36407400
36407500
36407600
36407700
36407800

```

Figure 45. Subroutine MAP Listing (continued)

```

36407900
36408000
36408100
36408200
36408300
36408400
36408500
36408600
36408700
36408800
36408900
36409000
36409100
36409200
36409300
36409400
36409500
36409600
36409700
36409800
36409900
36410000
36410000
36410000
36411000
36411100
36411200
36411300
36411400
36411500
36411600
36411700
36411800
36411900
36412000
36412100
36412200
36412300
36412400
36412500

YI(NVL)=YMAX
D0 400 I=2,NVI
400 YI(I)=YI(I-1)+DY
C COMPUTE VALUE OF TOLERANCE FOR USE IN MAPPING SURFACE 1.
DT=.01*DY
C STARTING WITH THE LEFT BOUNDARY, COMPUTE THE INTERSECTION OF HORZ
C GRID LINES AND LINE SEGMENTS FORMING BOUNDARY OF SURFACE 1.
D0 700 I=1,2
C SET MAPPING LINE COUNTER
K=1
C SET UP LOOP TO DETERMINE INTERSECTION OF MAPPING LINE WITH BOUNDARY
C LINE SEGMENT J1-J2
D0 690 J=1,NP
J1=N(J,I)
J2=N(J+1,I)
J3=N(J+2,I)
C IS THE POINT J2 NEAR THE MAPPING LINE WITHIN THE TOLERANCE DT-YES,460-
C N0,560
440 PD=YI(K)-P(2,J2,ND)
IF(ABS(PD)-DT)460,460,560
C IF THE MAPPING LINE IS BELOW THE POINT J2, COMPUTE THE VALUE OF X AT
C THE INTERSECTION OF LINE J1-J2 AND THE MAPPING LINE(600)
C IF THE MAPPING LINE IS ABOVE THE POINT J2, CONTINUE J-LOOP TO SELECT
C NEXT LINE SEGMENT BUT D0 NOT SELECT A NEW MAPPING LINE(690)
560 IF(PD)600,460,690
C COMPUTE X , GO TO NEXT MAPPING LINE BUT USE SAME BOUNDARY LINE SEGMENT
600 X1(K,I)=P(1,J1,ND)+(YI(K)-P(2,J1,ND))*(P(1,J2,ND)-P(1,J1,ND))/(P(2
1,J2,ND)-P(2,J1,ND))
K=K+1
GO TO 440
C IS THE NEXT POINT (J3) ALSO NEAR THE MAPPING LINE -YES,480-N0,540
460 IF(ABS(YI(K)-P(2,J3,ND))-DT)480,480,540
C IF J3 IS NOT THE OUTERMOST POINT, CONTINUE J-LOOP WITH SAME MAP LINE.
C IF J3 IS THE OUTERMOST POINT, USE POINT AND SELECT NEXT MAPPING LINE.
C IF THE X-VALUES ARE EQUAL, USE J2 AND SELECT NEXT MAPPING LINE IF ANY.
480 IF(P(1,J2,ND)-P(1,J3,ND))500,540,520
500 GO TO(540,690),I
520 GO TO(690,540),I
540 X1(K,I)=P(1,J2,ND)

```

Figure 45. Subroutine MAP Listing (continued)

```

IF(K=NVL)680,700,700
C GO TO NEXT MAPPING LINE AND NEXT BOUNDARY LINE SEGMENT
680 K=K+1
690 CONTINUE
700 CONTINUE
800 HNI=NHI
AR=0.
C COMPUTE THE MAPPING AREA
DO 840 K=1,NVL
DXL=X1(K,2)-X1(K,1)
AR=AR+DXL
840 DX(K)=DXL/HNI
AMAP =(AR -(DXL *X1(1,2)-X1(1,1)))/2.)*DY
RETURN
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0)
36412600
36412700
36412800
36412900
36413000
36413100
36413200
36413300
36413400
36413500
36413600
36413700
36413800
36413900

```

Figure 45. Subroutine MAP Listing (continued)

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
510 00776
DEC OCT
14637 34455

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	DEC OCT	AREA 21067 51113	DEC OCT	AREA 21011 51023	DEC OCT	CI 22094 53116
C2 21945 52671	DEC OCT	C3 21795 52443	DEC OCT	CL 16140 37414	DEC OCT	DK 22154 53212
DT 22102 53126	DEC OCT	DX 15246 35616	DEC OCT	DY 15179 35513	DEC OCT	FAP 15185 35521
FHP 16119 37367	DEC OCT	FH 15011 35243	DEC OCT	F 15180 35514	DEC OCT	FV 14950 35146
INC 14649 34471	DEC OCT	KC 20976 50760	DEC OCT	KD 22154 53212	DEC OCT	KP 15492 36204
KX 15493 36205	DEC OCT	LD 16129 37401	DEC OCT	LI 16121 37371	DEC OCT	LP 16123 37373
MP 20942 50716	DEC OCT	MSDL 15167 35477	DEC OCT	MSNOS 15023 35257	DEC OCT	NCLS 15178 35512
NDA 22100 53124	DEC OCT	NDC 22112 53140	DEC OCT	NDL 21157 51245	DEC OCT	NDN 22114 53142
NDG 15168 35500	DEC OCT	ND 15494 36206	DEC OCT	NDT 22102 53126	DEC OCT	NHI 15184 35520
NHL 15183 35517	DEC OCT	NMS 16418 40042	DEC OCT	NOP 21101 51155	DEC OCT	NP 15491 36203
N 21693 52275	DEC OCT	NSC 21213 51335	DEC OCT	NSID 22101 53125	DEC OCT	NSIL 25217 61201
NSN 21269 51425	DEC OCT	NTITLE 21293 51455	DEC OCT	NVI 15182 35516	DEC OCT	NVL 15181 35515
PAF 16151 37427	DEC OCT	PP 32561 77461	DEC OCT	P 32558 77456	DEC OCT	PT 16274 37622
RA 16454 40106	DEC OCT	RX 21009 51021	DEC OCT	RY 20998 51006	DEC OCT	SL 21693 52275
SP 16445 40075	DEC OCT	TDA 22100 53124	DEC OCT	TDN 22114 53142	DEC OCT	TNSID 22101 53125
VA 22094 53116	DEC OCT	Y 16154 37432	DEC OCT	X1 15490 36202	DEC OCT	X 14889 35051
YI 15368 36010	DEC OCT	Y 14769 34661	DEC OCT	Z5 20987 50773	DEC OCT	

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

AR 509 00775	DEC OCT	DXL 508 00774	DEC OCT	HNI 507 00773	DEC OCT	II 506 00772
I 505 00771	DEC OCT	J1 504 00770	DEC OCT	J2 503 00767	DEC OCT	J3 502 00766
J 501 00765	DEC OCT	K 500 00764	DEC OCT	MN 499 00763	DEC OCT	MX 498 00762
PD 497 00761	DEC OCT	YMAX 496 00760	DEC OCT	YMIN 495 00757	DEC OCT	

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

I1 479 00737	DEC OCT	21 462 00716	DEC OCT	31 469 00725	DEC OCT	61 473 00731
A1102 404 00624	DEC OCT	A11G1 417 00641	DEC OCT	A11G2 432 00660	DEC OCT	A11G3 447 00677
C1G1 483 00743	DEC OCT	C1G2 484 00744	DEC OCT	C1G3 485 00745	DEC OCT	C1G4 486 00746

Figure 46. Subroutine MAP Core Storage Listing


```

C FACTOR(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS, NAASID, 11/1/63 36500100
SUBROUTINE FACTOR
C THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES CONFIGURATION FACTORS FROM POINTS ON SURF 1 36500200
C TO SURFACE 2 BY A METHOD USING THE UNIT SPHERE. THE FORM FACTOR FROM 36500300
C SURFACE 1 TO 2 IS COMPUTED BY INTEGRATION OF ALL CONFIGURATION FACTORS 36500400
C TO YIELD THE AREA-WEIGHTED MEAN. TRAPEZOIDAL INTEGRATION IS USED. 36500500
DIMENSION NTITLE(24), NSN(56), TDN(12), NDN(12), NCLS(9), NSC(56), 36500600
1AREAL(56), NDL(56), NOP(34), P(3,102,34), ZS(11), RX(11), RY(11), KC(34), M36500700
2P(4,102,11), RA(9), SP(3,9), NMS(12,12), DK(4,10), KD(4,10), PT(3,4,10), 36500800
3PP(3,102,34), V(3), PAF(11), CL(11), NDA(6), TDA(6), LD(6), LP(2), LI(2), 36500900
4AREAX(12), INC(12), FHP(25,25), X(16), Y(16), Z(16), DX(6), MSDL(12,12), 36501000
5MSNOS(12), FHI(6), FV(6), NSIL(120,25), XP(120), YP(120), NDC(10), 36501100
6SL(4,100), VA(4,100), C1(102), C2(102), C3(102), NNN(103,2) 36501200
EQUIVALENCE (P,PP(4)), (KD,DK), (TDN,NDN), (OT,NDT), (TNSID,NSID), (TDA36501300
1,NDA), (NSIL(1),PP(7345)), (NDN(3),NDC(1)), (VA(1),C1(1)), (VA(150),C236501400
2(1)), (VA(300),C3(1)), (NNN(1),SL(1))
COMMON NTITLE,NSN,NDN,NSC,NDL,P,PP,NOP,AREA,AREAX,RX,RY,ZS,KC,MP, 36501500
IRA,SP,NMS,KD,PT,V,PAF,CL,NDA,NDT,LD,LP,LI,FHP,MD,KX,RP,NP,XI,YI, 36501600
2DX,FAP,NHI,NHL,NVI,NVL,F,OY,NCLS,NSID,AMAP,NDB,MSDL,MSNOS,NSIL,FH, 36501700
3FV,XP,YP,VA,SL,C1,C2,C3,NNN,NDC,INC
F=0.
J1=LD(1)
C LOCATE THE ARRAY CONTAINING THE FINAL COORDINATES OF SURFACE 2.
J2=LP(2)
C NP=NO. OF POINTS DEFINING SURFACE 2
NP=NOPLJ2)
ML=NP+1
C COMPUTE A CONSTANT IN Z OF SURFACE 2 FOR LATER COMPUTATION OF VECTOR
C DOT PRODUCT
DO 860 J=1, NP
860 C1(J)=P(3,J,J2)*P(3,J+1,J2)
C START WITH LOWEST HORIZONTAL GRID LINE, MOVING UP TO YMAX
DO 1000 K=1, NVL
FV(K)=0.
C LOCATE THE POINTS FROM WHICH THE PLANE POINT FACTOR WILL BE COMPUTED-
DO 890 J=1, ML
C START AT LEFT BOUNDARY OF SURFACE1 AND MOVE TO RIGHT(CONSTANT Y)
XP(J)=P(1,J,J2)-X1(K,1)
YP(J)=P(2,J,J2)-Y1(K)

```

Figure 47. Subroutine FACTOR Listing

```

7J365 FACTOR(CONFAC I)ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS,NAASID,11/1/63
C ZERO OUT COMPUTATIONAL ERROR
IF(ABS(XP(J))-1.E-6)865,865,870
865 XP(J)=0.
870 IF(ABS(YP(J))-1.E-6)875,875,890
875 YP(J)=0.
890 CONTINUE
C COMPUTE THE PART OF THE VECTOR CROSS PRODUCT INVARIANT FOR EACH HORIZ
C GRID LINE (CONSTANT Y AND Z)
DO 900 J=1,NP
C COMPUTE FUNCTION OF SINE OF ANGLE FORMED BY J,J+1 IN SURFACE 2.
C2(J)=(YP(J)*P(3,J+1,J2)-YP(J+1)*P(3,J,J2))*2
900 C3(J)=YP(J)*YP(J+1)
C COMPUTE PLANE POINT FUNCTION FOR EACH INCREMENT OF X ALONG GRID
DO 987 I=1,NHL
930 FH(I)=0.
DO 980 J=1,NP
ANG=0.
FS1=C2(J)+(XP(J)*P(3,J+1,J2)-XP(J+1)*P(3,J,J2))*2
C THIS X-PRODUCT IN X,Y REVEALS THE PROJECTED AREA OF THE TRIANGLE
C ORIGIN,J,J+1 ON THE X-Y PLANE
FS2=XP(J)*YP(J+1)-XP(J+1)*YP(J)
C IF THE PROJECTED AREA IS NOT ZERO, PROCEED TO COMPUTE THE PROJECTED
C AREA FUNCTION OF THE CIRCULAR SECTOR FORMED BY THE TRIANGLE AND UNIT
C SPHERE
IF(FS2)950,910,950
C IF Z-S ARE ZERO, THE ORIGIN LIES ALONG THE EXTENDED LINE OR WITHIN THE
C LINE SEGMENT (A BOUNDARY OF SURFACE 2 LIES ON SURFACE 1)
C IS THE ORIGIN ON THE LINE SEGMENT ENDS,SOMEWHERE BETWEEN,OR ON AN
C EXTENSION
910 IF(P(3,J,J2)+P(3,J+1,J2))980,936,980
936 IF(XP(J)*XP(J+1))945,937,980
937 IF(YP(J)*YP(J+1))945,940,980
C IF PRECISELY ON THE END OF THE LINE SEGMENT, ADD P1/2 SO THAT THE
C FINAL RESULT WILL REFLECT THE VALUE APPROACHING THE END, RATHER THAN
C ZERO
940 FH(I)=FH(I)+1.5707963
GO TO 980
C IF SOMEWHERE BETWEEN THE ENDS, ADD PI SO THAT THE FINAL RESULT WILL
C BE THE FACTOR APPROACHING THE BOUNDARY

```

Figure 47. Subroutine FACTOR Listing (continued)

```

945 FH(I)=FH(I)+3.1415927
    GO TO 980
C COMPUTE THE CROSS PRODUCT OF VECTORS TO POINTS DEFINING LINE SEGMENT
950 FS3=SQRT(FS1+FS2**2)
C COMPUTE THE COSINE OF ANGLE BETWEEN THE CIRCULAR SECTOR AND X-Y PLANE
C (K-COMPONENT OF X-PRODUCT )
    CSG=FS2/FS3
C COMPUTE THE DOT PRODUCT SAME VECTORS
    FCS = XP(J)*XP(J)+C3(J)+C1(J)
C COMPUTE THE ANGLE BETWEEN VECTOR IN RADIANS
    IF(FCS)960,965,970
960 ANG=3.1415927
    GO TO 970
965 FH(I)=FH(I)-1.5707963*CSG
    GO TO 980
970 FH(I)=FH(I)-(A TANF(FS3/FCS)+ANG)*CSG
980 CONTINUE
C A NEG AREA RESULTS WHEN THE ORDER OF COMPUTATION REVERSES (THE BACKSIDE
C OF SURFACE 2 IS VIEWED). THIS MAY BE DELIBERATED INDUCED FROM THE
C RECONSTRUCTION OF A BIASECTED NONPLANAR SURFACE, TXERM ROUNDUPFF, OR BY
C SURFACE WHICH SHOULD BE BUT IS NOT QUITE PLANAR
    IF(FH(I))903,986,986
903 IF(FH(I)+.0001)904,985,985
904 FH(I)=FH(I)+6.2831853
    GO TO 986
985 FH(I)=0.
C IF A DETAILED PRINTOUT WAS REQUESTED, COMPUTE THE POINT FACTOR
986 IF(ND0)971,984,971
971 IF(I-25)500,500,984
500 IF(K-25)520,520,984
520 FHP(I,K)=FH(I)/6.2831853
C IF THE LAST POINT ON THE LINE IS REACHED, USE THE MAP BOUNDARY VALUE
C FOR THE POINT TO AVOID ERROR BUILDUP IN X
984 IF(I-NH)972,973,988
973 DO 974 J=1,ML
    XP(J)=P(I,J,J2)-X1(K,2)
C MAKE NEAR ZERO VALUES ZERO
    IF(ABS(FXP(J)))-1.E-6)964,964,974
964 XP(J)=0.

```

```

36507900
36508000
36508100
36508200
36508300
36508400
36508500
36508600
36508700
36508800
36508900
36509000
36509100
36509200
36509300
36509400
36509500
36509600
36509700
36509800
36509900
36510000
36510100
36510200
36510300
36510400
36510500
36510600
36510700
36510800
36510900
36511000
36511100
36511200
36511300
36511400
36511500
36511600
36511700

```

Figure 47. Subroutine FACTOR Listing
(continued)

```

974 CONTINUE
GO TO 987
C MOVE THE ORIGIN(THE POSITION OF THE POINT RELATIVE TO SURFACE 2) TO
C THE RIGHT AN INCREMENT AND CONTINUE
972 DO 975 J=1,ML
975 XP(J)=XP(J)-DX(K)
987 CONTINUE
C INTEGRATE THE FUNCTION FH ALONG THE HORIZONTAL GRID
988 DO 990 I=2,NHI
990 FV(K)= FV(K)+FH(I)
FV(K)=(FV(K)+(FH(1)+FH(NHL))/2.)*DX(K)
1000 CONTINUE
C INTEGRATE THE FUNCTION FV ALONG THE VERTICAL. DIVIDE BY 2 TO CONVERT
C FH TO AREA, BY PI TO CONVERT THIS TO A CONFIGURATION FACTOR, AND BY
C THE MAPPING AREA TO YIELD THE FORM FACTOR.
DO 1050 K=2,NVI
1050 F=F+FV(K)
F=ABSF(F+(FV(1)+FV(NVL))/2.)*DY/AMAP /6.2831853
C IF A PART OF SURFACE 1 IS SHADOWED, THE FACTOR MUST BE REDUCED TO
C REFLECT THIS.
IF(LI(1))1060,1500,1500
1060 F = F * AREA(1)/AREA(J1)
C COMPUTE THE FACTOR X AREA PRODUCT
1500 FAP=F*AREA(J1)
2000 RETURN
END(1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0)

```

```

36511800
36511900
36512000
36512100
36512200
36512300
36512400
36512500
36512600
36512700
36512800
36512900
36513000
36513100
36513200
36513300
36513400
36513500
36513600
36513700
36513800
36513900
36514000
36514100
36514200

```

Figure 47. Subroutine FACTOR Listing
(continued)

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
459 00713
DEC OCT
14637 34455

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	DEC OCT	AREA 21067 51113	DEC OCT	AREA 21011 51023	DEC OCT	C1 22094 53116	DEC OCT
C2 21945 52671		C3 21795 52443		CL 16140 37414		DK 22154 53212	
DT 22102 53126		DX 15246 35616		DY 15179 35513		FAP 15185 35521	
FHP 16119 37367		FH 15011 35243		F 15180 35514		FV 14950 35146	
INC 14649 34471		KC 20976 50760		KD 22154 53212		KP 15492 36204	
KX 15493 36205		LD 16129 37401		LI 16121 37371		LP 16123 37373	
MP 20942 50716		MSDL 15167 35477		MSNOS 15023 35257		NCL 15178 35512	
NDA 22100 53124		NDC 22112 53140		NOL 21157 51245		NDN 22114 53142	
NOO 15168 35500		ND 15494 36206		NDT 22102 53126		NHI 15184 35520	
NHL 15183 35517		NMS 16418 40042		NNN 21693 52275		NIP 21101 51155	
NP 15491 36203		NSC 21213 51335		NSID 22101 53125		NSIL 25217 61201	
NSN 21269 51425		NTITLE 21293 51455		NVI 15182 35516		NVL 15181 35515	
PAF 16151 37427		PP 32561 77461		P 32558 77456		PT 16274 37622	
RA 16454 40106		RX 21009 51021		RY 20998 51006		SL 21693 52275	
SP 16445 40075		TDA 22100 53124		TUN 22114 53142		TNSID 22101 53125	
VA 22094 53116		V 16154 37432		X1 15490 36202		XP 14889 35051	
Y1 15368 36010		YP 14769 34661		ZS 20987 50773			

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

ANG 458 00712	DEC OCT	CSG 457 00711	DEC OCT	FCS 456 00710	DEC OCT	F51 455 00707	DEC OCT
FS2 454 00706		FS3 453 00705		I 452 00704		J1 451 00703	
J2 450 00702		K 449 00701		ML 448 00700			

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

11 434 00662	DEC OCT	21 416 00640	DEC OCT	31 421 00645	DEC OCT	61 428 00654	DEC OCT
C1G1 438 00666		C1G2 439 00667		C1G3 440 00670		C1G4 441 00671	
C1G5 442 00672		C1G6 443 00673		C1G7 444 00674		C1100 445 00675	
C1101 446 00676		C1100 447 00677		D1104 76 00114		D1113 314 00472	

Figure 48. Subroutine FACTOR Core Storage Map

7J365 FACTOR(CONFAC) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A. TOUPS, NAASID, 11/1/63 11/07/73 PAGE 6

D1210	287 00437	D1218	332 00514	D121A	340 00524	D121C	350 00536
D1313	313 00471	D131A	339 00523	D140D	152 00230	D141D	354 00542
D141J	408 00630	D160D	151 00227	D1713	312 00470	E1G	187 00273
E1P	260 00404	E110	286 00436	E112	297 00451	E1110	286 00436
E120N	251 00373	E1210	286 00436	E140N	248 00370		

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

A	TAN	DEC	0CT	DEC	0CT	DEC	0CT
		1	00001		0	00000	
			SORT				

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

A TAN SORT

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC
860	12	00052	865	19	00132	870	20	00134
890	22	00143	900	25	00174	930	27	00207
936	34	00266	937	35	00276	940	36	00303
950	40	00313	960	44	00337	965	46	00342
980	49	00376	903	51	00405	904	52	00411
986	55	00417	971	56	00421	500	57	00425
984	59	00440	973	60	00452	964	63	00503
972	66	00511	975	67	00515	987	68	00525
990	70	00543	1000	72	00562	1050	74	00576
1500	78	00631	2000	79	00634			

Figure 48. Subroutine FACTOR Core Storage Map
(continued)

```

C SILFAC(CGNFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TOUPS, NAASID, 11/1/63 36600100
SUBROUTINE SILFAC 36600200
C THIS SUBROUTINE DETERMINES THE SILHOUETTE OF SURFACE 2 FROM SELECTED 36600300
C POINTS ON SURFACE 1. COMPUTES A CONFIGURATION FACTOR FOR EACH POINT 36600400
C AND FINALLY THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE 1 TO SURFACE 2. 36600500
DIMENSION NTITLE(24), NSN(56), TDN(12), NDN(12), NCLS(9), NSC(56), 36600600
1, AREA(56), NDL(56), NOM(34), P(3, 102, 34), ZS(11), RX(11), RY(11), KC(34), M36600700
2C(4, 102, 11), RA(9), SP(3, 9), NMS(12, 12), DK(4, 10), KD(4, 10), PT(3, 4, 10), 36600800
3PP(3, 102, 34), V(3), PAF(11), CL(11), NDA(6), TDA(6), LD(6), LP(2), LI(2), 36600900
4AREAX(2), IHC(12), FHP(25, 25), XK(61, 2), YK(61, 2), DX(61, 12), MSDL(12, 12), 36601000
5MSVUS(12), FHI(61), FY(61), NSIL(120, 25), X(120), Y(120), NDC(10), 36601100
6SL(4, 100), VA(4, 100), C1(102), C2(102), C3(102), NNN(100, 2) 36601200
LIMENSION MH(100), NST(25), NJM(20), NS(120), YI(4, 100), NI(100), NJ(100) 36601300
1), XV(2), YV(2), DXI(100), MPI(4, 100), F41(12), F43(12) 36601400
EQUIVALENCE (P, PP(4)), (K, DK), (TDN, NDN), (DT, NDT), (TNSID, NSID), (TDA, 36601500
1, NDA), (NSIL(1), PP(7345)), (NDN(3), NDC(1)), (VA(1), C1(1)), (VA(150), 36601600
2(1)), (VA(300), C3(1)), (NH(11), SL(1)) 36601700
COMMON NTITLE, NSN, NDN, NSC, NDL, P, PP, NOM, AREA, AREAX, RX, RY, ZS, KC, MC, 36601800
1RA, SP, NMS, KU, PT, V, PAF, CL, NDA, NUT, LD, LP, LI, FHP, ND, KX, KP, NP, XK, YK, 36601900
2UX, FAP, NHI, NHL, NVI, NVL, F, DY, NCLS, NSID, AMAP, NDO, MSDL, MSNOS, NSIL, FH, 36602000
3FV, X, Y, VA, SL, C1, C2, C3, NNN, NDC, INC, F41, F43 36602100
CALL COUNTY 36602200
F=C. 36602300
C PICKUP LOCATION OF SURFACE 1 AREA 36602400
J1=LD(I) 36602500
C PICKUP LOCATION OF SURFACE 2 NAME 36602600
N2=LU(I) 36602700
C PICKUP ORIGINAL LOCATION OF SURFACE 2 SURFACE DATA IN ARRAY P AND PP 36602800
ND=NUL(N2) 36602900
C PICKUP FINAL POSITION (NOT TRANSFORMED OR NOT) OF SURFACE 2-CLASSES 4,5,6,7 36603000
IN=LP(I) 36603100
IF(NSC(N2)+7) 29800, 29000, 29800 36603200
29000 N=1 36603300
NX=-1 36603400
FD=1. 36603500
IF(P(3,1,IN)-RA(ND)) 29050, 29200, 29200 36603600
29050 IF(P(3,1,IN)) 29100, 29100, 29150 36603700
29100 NX=-3 36603800
GO TO 29160 36603900

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SIIFAC Listing


```

29150 NX=-2
29160 FD=3.14159265
29200 ZSQ=P(3,1,IN)**2
      RSQ=RA(ND)**2
      RSMZ=RSQ*P(3,1,IN)
      RSMZ5=ABSF(RSQ-ZSQ)
      GO TO 31000
29800 FD=6.28318531
C INITIALIZE FLAG TO CONTROL CONNECTIONS DATA SETUP
      KK=0
C IF SURFACE 2 IS MULTISURFACE, DETERMINE NO OF SURFACES NX FROM MSNOS.
C IF NOT, SET NX=0-00 12000 LOOP WILL EXECUTE ONCE. ZERO IS USED INSTEAD
C OF 1 FOR EFFICIENT FLOW CONTROL IN LOOP
      IF(NSC(N2)+8) 30000,30500,30000
30000 NX=C
C PICKUP POSITION OF CONNECTIONS DATA
      ID=KC(ND)
      GO TO 31000
C PICKUP NO. OF SURFACES INCLUDED UNDER MULTISURFACE NAME(CLASS 8 ONLY)
30500 NX=MSNOS(ND)
C START WITH LOWEST MAPPING LINE OF SURFACE 1.
31000 DO 1000 NV=1,NVL
      IF(FV(NV))11017,31550,31500
31500 FV(NV)=0.
31550 IF(NX)29250,29900,29900
C COMPUTE SPHERE Y-CONSTANT
29250 YSPZS=(P(2,1,IN)-YK(NV))**2+ZSQ
      X=P(1,1,IN)-XK(NV,1)
      DXI=DX(NV)
      GO TO 12100
C INITIALIZE POINT COUNT FOR NEW COMPOSITE SURFACE
29900 N=C
C INITIALIZE YMIN FOR SELECTION OF LOWEST POINT IN COMPOSITE SURFACE
C LOOP TO CREATE COMPOSITE SURFACE-ASSEMBLE ALL POINTS IN ONE ARRAY FOR
C RAPID PROCESSING BY SIL LOGIC.
      YMIN=1.E+38
      XYMIN=1.E+38
      DO 12000 L=1,NX
C SET CONNECTIONS COUNTER

```

```

36604000
36604100
36604200
36604300
36604400
36604500
36604600
36604700
36604800
36604900
36605000
36605100
36605200
36605300
36605400
36605500
36605600
36605700
36605800
36605900
36606000
36606100
36606200
36606300
36606400
36606500
36606600
36606700
36606800
36606900
36607000
36607100
36607200
36607300
36607400
36607500
36607600
36607700
36607800

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

36607900
36608000
36608100
36608200
36608300
36608400
36608500
36608600
36608700
36608800
36608900
36609000
36609100
36609200
36609300
36609400
36609500
36609600
36609700
36609800
36609900
36610000
36610100
36610200
36610300
36610400
36610500
36610600
36610700
36610800
36610900
36611000
36611100
36611200
36611300
36611400
36611500
36611600
36611700

NC=M
IF(NX)2100,2200,2100
C IF NX IS NOT 0, PICKUP SUBSCRIPT IN ARRAY P FROM MULTIPLE SURFACE DATA
C LOCATION ARRAY MSDL FOR EACH SURFACE L, AND THE CONNECTIONS DATA FOR
C SURFACE L FROM KC
2100 IN=MSDL(L,ND)
      ID=KC(IN)
C PICKUP NO OF POINTS DEFINING SURFACE L
2200 NP=NON(IN)
C SET UP LOOP TO TRANSFORM EACH X,Y,Z TO X,Y ON Z=1 PLANE.
      DO 12000 J=1,MP
C UPDATE POINT NO COUNTER
      N=N+1
C TRANSFORM X-COORD OF SURFACE POINT TO THE Z=1 PLANE, WITH THE ORIGIN
C AT THE BEGINNING(X-LEFT)OF MAPPING LINE NV.
      IF(P(3,J,IN))6900,6900,7000
6900 SENSE LIGHT 1
      GO TO 2300
7000 X(N)=(P(1,J,IN)-XK(NV,1))/P(3,J,IN)
C COMPUTE HORIZONTAL INCREMENT IN Z=1 PLANE
      DX(N)=DX(NV)/P(3,J,IN)
C TRANSFORM Y-COORDINATE TO Z=1 PLANE TO SAME CS AS X-COORDINATE
      Y(N)=(P(2,J,IN)-YK(NV))/P(3,J,IN)
      YDI=Y(N)-YMIN
8000 IF(ABS(YDI))-1.E-6)10100,10100,8000
L SELECT ALL YMIN
10000 JM=1
      YMIN=Y(N)
      GO TO 10200
10100 JM=JM+1
10200 NJM(JM)=N
C IF KK=0, CONTINUE TO ASSEMBLE CONNECTIONS DATA FROM EACH SURFACE INTO
C ONE CONTINUOUS COMPOSITE ARRAY MP
11000 IF(KK)12000,11500,12000
C RESET CONNECTIONS COUNTER-NO OF CONNECTIONS TO THE POINT
11500 K2=0
C LOOP TO LOAD CONNECTIONS DATA FROM INDIVIDUAL SURFACE CONNECTIONS DATA
C ARRAY MC TO COMPOSITE ARRAY MP

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

    DO 11700 K=1,4
    C PICKUP CONNECTING POINT K1 TO POINT J IN SURFACE ID
    C IF K1 IS ZERO, NO DATA IN THIS SPOT- CONTINUE
      IF(MC(K,J,ID))11600,11700,11600
    C UPDATE NO OF CONNECTIONS COUNTER
    11600 K2=K2+1
    C ADD CONNECTING POINT NO TO TOTAL OF POINTS DEFINING COMPOSITE SURFACE
    C UP TO THIS SURFACE TO CREATE NEW CONNECTING POINTS CONSISTENT
    C WITH NEW COMPOSITE SURFACE POINT NUMBER N.
      MP(K2,N)=NO*MC(K,J,ID)
    11700 CONTINUE
    C LOAD TOTAL NO OF POINTS CONNECTING TO NEW POINT NO N.
      MN(N)=K2
    12000 CONTINUE
    C SET CONNECTIONS PROCESSING FLAG TO NONZERO(ONLY ONE ENTRY REQD)
      KK=1
    C START LOOP TO DETERMINE SILHOUETTE FROM LINE SEGMENTS PROJECTED ON Z-136613400
    C PLANE AND COMPUTE PLANE POINT FACTOR FROM THIS SILHOUETTE.
    12100 DO 987 NH=1,NHL
      IF(FH(NH))903,12150,12150
    12150 IF(NH)12200,12800,12800
    12200 DSQ=X**2+Y**2
      U=SQRT(DSQ)
      F1=RSQZ/(DSQ*D)
      FH(NH)=F1
      IF(NH+1)12300,986,12300
    12300 ALPHA =DSQ-RSQ
      IF(ALPHA)903,903,12350
    12350 BETA=SQRT(RSMZS/ALPHA)
      FH(NH)=A TANF(BETA)-F1*A TANF(BETA)*D/P(3,1,IN))-ALPHA*BETA/DSQ
      IF(NH+2)986,12400,986
    12400 FH(NH)=FH(NH)+F1*3.1459265
      GO TO 986
    C COMPUTE VECTOR SLOPES, ANGLES AND Y-INTERCEPTS
    12800 NLS=N-1
      SENSE LIGHT 0
      DO 400 I=1,NLS
    C PICKUP NO OF POINTS CONNECTING TO POINT I.
      NP=MN(I)

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing
(continued)

```

36615700
36615800
36615900
36616000
36616100
36616200
36616300
36616400
36616500
36616600
36616700
36616800
36616900
36617000
36617100
36617200
36617300
36617400
36617500
36617600
36617700
36617800
36617900
36618000
36618100
36618200
36618300
36618400
36618500
36618600
36618700
36618800
36618900
36619000
36619100
36619200
36619300
36619400
36619500

DO 400 J=1, NP
C PICKUP JTH POINT CONNECTING TO I.
  NPP=MP(J,I)
C THE SLOPE OF LINE SEGMENT FROM I TO J IS THE SAME AS J TO I. IF THE
C CONNECTING POINT IS NUMERICALLY LESS THAN POINT, THE SLOPE AND
C Y-INTERCEPT HAVE ALREADY BEEN COMPUTED.
C IF NPP IS GREATER THAN I, GO TO COMPUTE LINE SEGMENT PARAMETERS.
  IF(I-NPP)225,400,400
C SEARCH FOR POINT I FROM CONNECTIONS TO NPP.
  225 DO 240 K=1,4
  240 CONTINUE
C COMPUTE SLOPES, Y-INTERCEPTS AND VECTOR QUASI ANGLES
  260 DYY=Y(NPP)-Y(I)
    DXA=X(NPP)-X(I)
    SL(J,I)=DYY/DXA
  IF(ABS(SL(J,I))-1.)270,300,300
  270 IF(DXA)280,295,290
  280 VAL(J,I)=SL(J,I)+4.
    GO TO 325
  290 VAL(J,I)=SL(J,I) + 8.
    GO TO 315
  295 IF(X(I)297,296,297
  296 SENSE LIGHT I
    YI(J,I)=0.
  297 SL(J,I)=1.E+30
  300 IF(DYY)310,330,320
  310 VAL(J,I)=6.-1./SL(J,I)
  315 VAL(K,NPP)=VA(J,I)-4.
    GO TO 370
  320 VAL(J,I)=2.-1./SL(J,I)
  325 VAL(K,NPP)=VA(J,I)+4.
    GO TO 370
  330 SL(J,I)=0.
    VAL(J,I)=-10.
    VAL(K,NPP)=-10.
    YI(J,I)=1.E+38
  IF(SENSE LIGHT I)13600,13600
C IF NOT CLASS 8 SURFACE, THE FOLLOWING LINE ELEMENTS ARE NOT NEEDED

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing
(continued)

```

370 IF(NK)375,400,375
C COMPUTE YINTERCEPT BASED ON MINY TO INCREASE COMPUTATIONAL ACCURACY
375 IF(SENSE LIGHT 1)13600,12900
12900 IF(ABSF(Y11))-ABSF(Y(NPP))13000,13000,13500
13000 Y1(J,I)=Y11-X11*SL(J,I)
      GO TO 13600
13500 Y1(J,I)=Y(NPP)-X(NPP)*SL(J,I)
13600 Y1(K,NPP)=Y1(J,I)
      SL(K,NPP)=SL(J,I)
400 CONTINUE
C SELECT YMIN HAVING XMIN AS FIRST POINT ON SILHOUETTE
      DO 11400 J=1,JM
          I=NJM(J)
          IF(X(I)-YMIN)11300,11400,11400
11300 NS(I)=I
          XYMIN=X(I)
11400 CONTINUE
C NL=SUBSCRIPT OF POSITION OF COMPUTED X,Y OF POINT ON SILHOUETTE
C OBTAINED BY INTERSECTION OF LINE ELEMENTS
      NL=N
C NS(I) IS THE FIRST POINT OF SILHOUETTE
      L=NS(I)
C NPP IS BASE POINT OF VECTOR FORMING SILHOUETTE.
      NPP=N+1
C JR IS SUBSCRIPT OF CONNECTING POINT FORMING SIL VECTOR, AS (JR,NPP)
      JR=1
          VA(JR,NPP)=5.
          IF(NK)649,105,649
105 LX=L
      M=1
          NLP=L
          GO TO 115
100 M=M+1
2600 IF(M-120)2700,2700,2600
          PRINT F43
          GO TO 2000
2700 NS(M)=NPP
          IF(NPP-L)104,995,104
104 IF(NPP-LX)110,995,110
36619600
36619700
36619800
36619900
36620000
36620100
36620200
36620300
36620400
36620500
36620600
36620700
36620800
36620900
36621000
36621100
36621200
36621300
36621400
36621500
36621600
36621700
36621800
36621900
36622000
36622100
36622200
36622300
36622400
36622500
36622600
36622700
36622800
36622820
36622840
36622860
36622900
36623000
36623100

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

110 NLP=NPP
115 SENSE LIGHT 0
    SENSE LIGHT 2
    MX=J
140 NP=MN(NLP)
    DO 190 J=1,NP
    IF(VA(J,NLP))160,180,180
160 IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)170,190
170 SENSE LIGHT 3
    JX=J
175 IF(M-1)190,175,190
    LX=MP(JX,NLP)
    GO TO 190
180 MX=MX+1
    NI(MX)=NLP
    NJ(MX)=J
190 CONTINUE
195 IF(SENSE LIGHT 3)195,835
    NLP=MP(JX,NLP)
    GO TO 140
649 SL(JR,NPP)=1.
    YI(JR,NPP)=YMIN-X(L)
    X(NPP)=X(L)
    Y(NPP)=YMIN
C M=NO. OF POINTS DEFINING SILHOUETTE
M=0
C X1= X-VALUE OF HEAD OF DEPARTURE VECTOR
    X1=X(L)-1.
C X2= X-VALUE OF BASE OF DEPARTURE VECTOR
    X2=X(L)
660 XMIN=1.E+30
    SLR=0.
    IF(1. -ABS(SL(JR,NPP)))402,403,403
402 SLR=1.
C INITIALIZE COUNT OF VECTORS TO BE CONSIDERED IN FINAL SELECTION OF
C SILHOUETTE PATH.
403 MX=0
404 IF(NSIL(M+1,NH))404,662,662
    XM=7777777.
36623200
36623300
36623400
36623500
36623600
36623700
36623800
36623900
36624000
36624100
36624200
36624300
36624400
36624500
36624600
36624700
36624800
36624900
36625000
36625100
36625200
36625300
36625400
36625500
36625600
36625700
36625800
36625900
36626000
36626100
36626200
36626300
36626400
36626500
36626600
36626700
36626800
36626900
36627000

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing
(continued)

```

YM=XM
PRINT 5000, NS(M), M, NL, NPP, NLP, MP(JR, NPP), SL(JR, NPP), YI(JR, NPP), VA(36627100
1JK, NPP), X(NPP), Y(NPP), X(NLP), Y(NLP), X1, X2
5000 FORMAT(1H-'6X6HNS(M)=I4/I0X2HM=I4/9X3HNL=I4/8X4HNPP=I4/8X4HNLP=I4/36627300
1/12H MP(JR, NPP)= I3 /12H SL(JR, NPP)=E14.7/12H YI(JR, NPP)=E14.7/1236627400
2H VA(JR, NPP)=E14.7/5X7HX(NPP)=E14.7/5X7HY(NPP)=E14.7/5X7HX(NLP)=E136627500
34.7/5X7HY(NLP)=E14.7/9X3HX1=E14.7/9X3HX2=E14.7)
C ENTER LOOP TO DETERMINE WHICH VECTORSTOUCH THE REFERENCE OR DEPARTURE
C VECTOR (JR, NPP)
662 DO 804 I=1, N
NPP=NN(I)
C SELECT VECTOR (J, I)-
663 DO 804 J=1, N0P
IF(NSIL(M+1, NH))651, 664, 664
651 XA=7777777.
YA=XA
XC=XA
XD=XA
XE=XA
XF=XA
XG=XA
C SELECT HEAD END OF TEST VECTOR(J, I)
664 SENSE LIGHT 0
C COMPUTE COEFFICIENT DETERMINANT WITH REF VECTOR
CD=SL(JR, NPP)-SL(J, I)-
C IF CD=0, OR NEAR ZERO, TEST VECTOR(J, I) AND REFERENCE VECTOR(JR, NPP)
C OF ALL VECTORS PARALLEL TO REF VECTOR, SELECT ONLY THOSE TOUCHING AND
C EXTENDING BEYOND THE REF VECTOR IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION.
665 IF(ABSF(CD))-1.E-6)667, 667, 670
C EXCLUDE ALL VECTORS HAVING SAME DIRECTION AS REF VECTOR
667 IF(ABSF(VA(JR, NPP)-VA(J, I))-1.0G01)800, 800, 668
C EXCLUDE ALL NOT IN SAME LINE(NONCONCURRENT)
668 IF(ABSF(YI(JR, NPP))-1.1669, 669, 671
669 TOL=1.E-5
GO TO 672
671 TOL=ABSF(1.E-5*YI(JR, NPP))
672 IF(ABSF(YI(JR, NPP)-YI(J, I))-TOL)673, 673, 800
C QUASI-ANGLES OF 9 UNITS ARE THE SAME AS 1 UNIT(1ST QUAD, 45DEG VECTOR) 36630900
36627100
36627200
36627300
36627400
36627500
36627600
36627700
36627800
36627900
36628000
36628100
36628200
36628300
36628400
36628500
36628600
36628700
36628800
36628900
36629000
36629100
36629200
36629300
36629400
36629500
36629600
36629700
36629800
36629900
36630000
36630100
36630200
36630300
36630400
36630500
36630600
36630700
36630800
36630900

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)


```

7J366  SILFAC(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A. TOUPS, NAASID, 11/1/63
673  IF(ABS(LVA(JR,NPP))-VA(J,I))-7.99991674,800,800
674  XA=X(NPP)
    YA=Y(NPP)
    GO TO 679
670  XA=(YI(J,I))-YI(JR,NPP)/CD
    IF(ABS(XA)-1.E-8)2400,2400,2500
2400  XA=0.
2500  IF(ABS(SL(JR,NPP))-ABS(SL(J,I)))1677,677,678
677  YA=SL(JR,NPP)*XA+YI(JR,NPP)
    GO TO 679
678  YA=SL(J,I)*XA+YI(J,I)
679  IF(ABS(XA)-1.)4000,4000,4100
4000  TOLX=1.E-5
    GO TO 4200
4100  TOLX=1.E-5*ABS(XA)
4200  IF(ABS(YA)-1.)4300,4300,4400
4300  TOLY=1.E-5
    GO TO 4500
4400  TOLY=1.E-5*ABS(YA)
4500  IF(SLR)410,420,410
410  XB=YA-Y(LT)
    TOL1=TOLY
    GO TO 430
420  XB=XA-X1
    TOL1=TOLX
430  XC=ABS(XB)
    IF(XC-TOL1)800,800,435
435  IF(SLR)440,450,440
440  XD=YA-Y(NPP)
    GO TO 460
450  XD=XA-X2
460  IF(ABS(XD)-TOL1)695,695,675
675  IF(XB)690,800,680
680  IF(XD)695,800,800
690  IF(XU)800,800,695
695  NPC=MPI(J,I)
    IF(ABS(SL(J,I))-1. 1697,696,696
696  SE=SE+LIGHT 2
    XF=YA-Y(NPC)
36631000
36631100
36631200
36631300
36631400
36631500
36631600
36631700
36631800
36631900
36632000
36632100
36632200
36632300
36632400
36632500
36632600
36632700
36632800
36632900
36633000
36633100
36633200
36633300
36633400
36633500
36633600
36633700
36633800
36633900
36634000
36634100
36634200
36634300
36634400
36634500
36634600
36634700
36634800

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

TOL2=TOLY
GO TO 700
697 XF=XA-X(NPC)
TOL2=TOLX
700 IF(ABSF(XF)-TOL2)800,800,704
704 IF(SENSE LIGHT 2)705,706
705 XE=YA-Y(I)
GO TO 708
706 XE=XA-X(I)
710 IF(ABSF(XE)-TOL2)735,735,710
710 IF(XE)720,740,730
720 IF(XE)800,800,735
730 IF(XF)735,800,800
735 XG=XC-XMIN
740 IF(ABSF(XG)-TOL1)760,760,745
745 IF(XG)755,760,800
755 XM=XA
YM=YA
TOL3=TOLX
TOL4=TOLY
XMIN=XC
MX=I
GO TO 770
760 MX=MX+1
770 NI(MX)=I
NI(MX)=J
800 IF(NSIL(M+1,NH))801,804,804
801 PRINT 5010,NV,NH,I,NPC,J,SL(JR,NPP),YI(J,I),VA(J,I),SL(J,I),YI(JR),36637700
LNPP),CD,XA,YA,MX,XI,Y(NLP),XM,A2,Y(NPP),YM,X(I),Y(I),NI(MX),X(NPC)36637800
Z,Y(NPC),NJ(MX),XB,XMIN,XD,TOLX,TOLY,XE,TOL1,TOL2,XF,TOL3,TOL4 36637900
FORMAT(4HONV=I3,4H NH=I3,3H I=I3,5H NPC=I3,3H J=I3/6H SLRF=E14.7,536638000
1X 8HYI(J,I)=E14.7,10H VAI(J,I)=E14.7/4X8HSL(J,I)=I4.7,13H YI(JR,N36638100
ZPP)=E14.7/9X3HCD=E14.7/9X3HXA=E14.7,10X3HYA=E14.7,7X3HMX=I3/9X3HX136638200
3=E14.7,6X7HY(NLP)=E14.7,7X3HXM=E14.7/9X3HX2=E14.7,6X7HY(NPP)=E14.736638300
4,7X3HYM=E14.7/7X5HX(I)=E14.7,8X5HY(I)=E14.7,10H NI(MX)=I3/5X7HX(36638400
5NPC)=E14.7,6X7HY(NPC)=E14.7,10H NJ(MX)=I3/9X3HXB=E14.7,56X5HXMIN36638500
6=E14.7/9X3HXD=E14.7,8X5HTOLX=E14.7,5X5HTOY=E14.7/9X3HXE=E14.7,8X536638600
7HTOL1=E14.7,5X5HTOL2=E14.7/9X3HXF=E14.7,8X5HTOL3=E14.7,5X5HTOL4=E136638700
84.7)
36638800

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

804 CONTINUE
802 IF(M)805,803,805
803 M=1
GO TO 835
805 M=M+1
IF(MX)4560,4550,4560
4550 XM=X(NPP)
YM=Y(NPP)
4560 IF(M-120)810,810,2600
810 IF(ABS(XM-X(NPP))-TOL3 )540,540,830
540 IF(ABS(YM-Y(NPP))-TOL4 )820,820,830
820 IF(ABS(XM-X(L))-TOL3 )821,821,823
821 IF(ABS(YM-Y(L))-TOL4 )822,822,823
822 NS(M)=L
GO TO 995
830 MX=MX+1
NI(MX)=NLP
NJ(MX)=NXJ
834 NL=NL+1
2800 IF(NL-120)824,824,2600
d24 X(NL)=XM
Y(NL)=YM
NS(M)=NL
NERR=NERR+1
IF(NERR-6) 835 ,832,832
832 SENSE LIGHT 4
GO TO 1015
823 NS(M)=NPP
4570 IF(MX)4580,4570,4580
NLP=NPP
NXJ=JR
GO TO 4590
4580 NERR=0
835 VAMIN=10.
SENSE LIGHT 1
840 I=NI(K)
J=NJ(K)
IF(VA(JR,NPP)-VA(J,I))850,940,870
36638900
36639000
36639100
36639200
36639300
36639400
36639500
36639600
36639700
36639800
36639900
36640000
36640100
36640200
36640300
36640400
36640500
36640600
36640700
36640800
36640900
36641000
36641100
36641200
36641300
36641400
36641500
36641600
36641700
36641800
36641900
36642000
36642100
36642200
36642300
36642400
36642500
36642600
36642700

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

850 IF(SENSE LIGHT 11860,890 36642800
860 VAMIN=10. 36642900
GO TO 890 36643000
870 IF(SENSE LIGHT 11880,940 36643100
880 SENSE LIGHT 1 36643200
890 IF(VA(J,I)-VAMIN)910,905,940 36643300
905 NLP=NI(NK) 36643400
NXJ=NJ(NK) 36643500
NXP=MP(NXJ,NLP) 36643600
NPG=MP(J,I) 36643700
IF(SQRTF((X(NPC)-XM)**2+(Y(NPC)-YM)**2)-SQRTF((X(NPX)-XM)**2+(Y(NPX)-YM)**2))940,940,920 36643800
1X)-YM)**2))940,940,920 36643900
910 VAMIN=VA(J,I) 36644000
920 NK=K 36644100
940 CONTINUE 36644200
945 NLP=NI(NK) 36644300
NXJ=NJ(NK) 36644400
4590 NPP=MP(NXJ,NLP) 36644500
610 DO 650 JR=1,4 36644600
615 IF(MP(JR,NPP)-NLP)650,656,650 36644700
650 CONTINUE 36644800
656 IF(NK)657,100,657 36644900
657 LI=NS(M) 36645000
X1=X(LT) 36645100
X2=X(NPP) 36645200
GO TO 660 36645300
995 NP=N-1 36645400
C INITIALIZE FACTOR FUNCTION FH. 36645500
IF(IND)996,998,996 36645600
996 IF(NH-25)1600,1600,998 36645700
1600 NST(NH)=M 36645800
DO 997 I=1,M 36645900
997 NSIL(I,NH)=NS(I) 36646000
998 FH(NH)=0. 36646100
DO 980 I=1,NP 36646200
J=NS(I) 36646300
K=NS(I+1) 36646400
ANG=0. 36646500
FS2=X(J)*Y(K)-X(K)*Y(J) 36646600

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

```

C IF THE PROJECTED AREA IS NOT ZERO, PROCEED TO COMPUTE THE PROJECTED
C AREA FUNCTION OF THE CIRCULAR SECTOR FORMED BY THE TRIANGLE AND UNIT
C SPHERE
IF(FS2)950,980,950 36646700
C COMPUTE THE CROSS PRODUCT OF VECTORS TO POINTS DEFINING LINE SEGMENT
950 FS3=SQRT((Y(J)-Y(K))*2+(X(J)-X(K))*2+FS2**2) 36646800
C COMPUTE THE COSINE OF ANGLE BETWEEN THE CIRCULAR SECTOR AND X-Y PLANE
C (K-COMPONENT OF X-PRODUCT )
CS0=FS2/FS3 36646900
C COMPUTE THE DOT PRODUCT SAME VECTORS
FCS=X(J)*X(K)+Y(J)*Y(K)+1. 36647000
C COMPUTE THE ANGLE BETWEEN VECTOR IN RADIANS
IF(FCS)960,965,970 36647100
960 ANG=3.1415927 36647200
GO TO 970 36647300
965 F(HINH)=F(HINH)+1.5707963*CSG 36647400
970 F(HINH)=F(HINH)*(A*TAN(FS3/FCS)+ANG)*CSG 36647500
980 CONTINUE 36647600
C IF THE PROJECTED AREA IS VERY SMALL, SET TO 0 (FH IS DOUBLE THIS AREA)
IF(FH(NH)-1.E-6)903,903,986 36647700
903 F(HINH)=0. 36647800
C IF A DETAILED PRINTOUT WAS REQUESTED, COMPUTE THE POINT FACTOR
986 IF(ND0)971,984,971 36647900
971 IF(LNH-25)500,500,984 36648000
500 IF(LNV-25)520,520,984 36648100
520 F(HINH,NV)=F(HINH)/FD 36648200
984 IF(LNH-NH)972,972,988 36648300
C MOVE THE ORIGIN(THE POSITION OF THE POINT RELATIVE TO SURFACE 2) TO
C THE RIGHT AN INCREMENT AND CONTINUE
972 DO 975 J=1,N 36648400
975 X(J)=X(J)-DX(I,J) 36648500
987 CONTINUE 36648600
C INTEGRATE THE FUNCTION FH ALONG THE HORIZONTAL GRID
988 DO 990 I=2,NH1 36648700
990 F(V(NV))=F(V(NV))+F(H(I))*F(H(NVL))/2.*DX(NV) 36648800
IF(LND0)1015,1000,1015 36648900
1015 IF(LNX)1000,999,999 36649000
36649100
36649200
36649300
36649400
36649500
36649600
36649700
36649800
36649900
36650000
36650100
36650200
36650300
36650400
36650500

```

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

7J366 SILFAC(CONFAC II)ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.A.TGUPS,NAASID,11/1/63

```

999 IF(INH-25)1700,1700,1000
1700 DO 1020 I=1,NH
      NP=NST(I)
1020 PRINT F41,NV,I,(NSIL(J,I),J=1,NP)
      IF(SENSE LIGHT 4)1016,1000
1016 CALL DUMP
1017 FV(NV)=0.
1000 CONTINUE
C INTEGRATE THE FUNCTION FV ALONG THE VERTICAL. DIVIDE BY 2 TO CONVERT
C FH TO AREA, BY PI TO CONVERT THIS TO A CONFIGURATION FACTOR, AND BY
C THE MAPPING AREA TO YIELD THE FORM FACTOR.
      DO 1050 K=2,NVI
1050 F=F+FV(K)
      F=ABS(F+(FV(I)+FV(NVL))/2.)*DY/ AMAP /FD
C IF A PART OF SURFACE I IS SHADOWED, THE FACTOR MUST BE REDUCED TO
C REFLECT THIS.
      IF(L(I))1060,1500,1500
1060 F = F * AREA(I)/AREA(J1)
C COMPUTE THE FACTOR X AREA PRODUCT
1500 FAP=F*AREA(J1)
      CALL TIMEV(END)
      PRINT 1999,END
1999 FORMAT(23H-TOTAL TIME IN SILFAC =F9.3,9H SECONDS.)
2000 SENSE LIGHT 0
2300 RETURN
      END(1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0)

```

36650600
36650700
36650800
36650900
36651000
36651100
36651200
36651300
36651400
36651500
36651600
36651700
36651800
36651900
36652000
36652100
36652200
36652300
36652400
36652500
36652600
36652700
36652800
36652900
36653000

Figure 49. Subroutine SILFAC Listing (continued)

STORAGE NOT USED BY PROGRAM

DEC OCT
3725 07215
DEC OCT
14613 34425

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN COMMON STATEMENTS

AMAP 15169 35501	AREA 21067 51113	DEC OCT	CI 22094 53116
C2 21945 52671	C3 21795 52443	DEC OCT	DK 22154 53212
UT 22102 53126	DX 15246 35616	DEC OCT	F41 14637 34455
F43 14625 34441	FAP 15185 35521	DEC OCT	FH 15011 35243
F 15180 35514	FV 14950 35146	DEC OCT	KC 20976 50760
KD 22154 53212	KP 15492 36204	DEC OCT	LD 16129 37401
LI 16121 37371	LP 16123 37373	DEC OCT	MSDL 15167 35477
MSNGS 15323 35257	NCLS 15178 35512	DEC OCT	NOC 22112 53140
NDL 21157 51245	NDN 22114 53142	DEC OCT	RD 15494 36206
NDI 22102 53126	NHI 15184 35520	DEC OCT	NMS 16418 40042
NNN 21693 52275	NOM 21101 51155	DEC OCT	NMC 21213 51335
NVI 15182 35516	NSIL 25217 61201	DEC OCT	NTITLE 21293 51455
P 32558 77456	NVL 15181 35515	DEC OCT	PP 32561 77461
KY 20998 51006	PT 16274 37622	DEC OCT	RX 21009 51021
TDN 22114 53142	SL 21693 52275	DEC OCT	TDA 22100 53124
XK 15490 36202	TNSID 22101 53125	DEC OCT	V 16154 37432
ZS 20987 50773	X 14489 35051	DEC OCT	Y 14769 34661

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES APPEARING IN DIMENSION AND EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

DXI 3255 06267	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
NJM 3599 07017	MN 3724 07214	MP 2755 05303	NI 3459 06603
XV 3259 06273	NJ 3359 06437	NS 3579 06773	NST 3624 07050
	YI 3155 06123	YV 3257 06271	

STORAGE LOCATIONS FOR VARIABLES NOT APPEARING IN COMMON, DIMENSION, OR EQUIVALENCE STATEMENTS

ALPHA 2355 04463	DEC OCT	DEC OCT	DEC OCT
CSG 2351 04457	ANG 2354 04462	BETA 2353 04461	CD 2352 04460
DYV 2347 04453	D 2350 04456	DSQ 2349 04455	DXX 2348 04454
	END 2346 04452	FI 2345 04451	FCS 2344 04450

Figure 50. Subroutine SILFAC Core Storage Map

Label	Address	Label	Address	Label	Address	Label	Address
FU	2343	F52	2342	F53	2341	ID	2340
IN	2339	I	2338	J1	2337	JM	2336
JR	2335	J	2334	JX	2333	K2	2332
KK	2331	K	2330	L	2329	LT	2328
LX	2327	M	2326	NH	2325	NO	2324
NZ	2323	NERR	2322	NLS	2321	NK	2320
NLP	2319	NL	2318	NPX	2317	NOP	2316
NPL	2315	NPP	2314	NPX	2313	N	2312
NV	2311	NXJ	2310	NX	2309	RSMZS	2308
KSL	2307	RSQZ	2306	SLR	2305	TOL1	2304
TOL2	2303	TOL3	2302	TOL4	2301	TOL	2300
TOLA	2299	TOLY	2298	VAMIN	2297	XI	2296
X2	2295	XA	2294	XB	2293	XC	2292
XD	2291	XE	2290	XF	2289	XG	2288
XMIN	2287	XM	2286	XYMIN	2285	YA	2284
YU1	2283	YMIN	2282	YM	2281	YSPZS	2280
Z5L	2279						

SYMBOLS AND LOCATIONS FOR SOURCE PROGRAM FORMAT STATEMENTS

Label	Address	Label	Address	Label	Address	Label	Address
811UF	1999	814S8	5000	814SI	5010	EFN	L0C

LOCATIONS FOR OTHER SYMBOLS NOT APPEARING IN SOURCE PROGRAM

Label	Address	Label	Address	Label	Address	Label	Address
11	2231	21	2055	31	2068	61	2089
A1102	1955	A1103	1968	A1104	1981	A1105	1994
A1107	2067	A1108	2020	A1109	2033	A1160	2046
C1G1	2235	C1G2	2236	C1G3	2237	C1G4	2238
C1G5	2239	C1G6	2240	C1G7	2241	C1G8	2242
C1G9	2243	C1G0	2244	C1G8	2245	C1G6	2246
C1G0	2247	C1G0	2248	C1G7	2249	C1G6	2250
C1G8	2251	C1G1	2252	C1GJ	2253	C1GK	2254
C1G6	2255	C1G6	2256	C1100	2257	C1101	2258
C1102	2259	C1103	2260	C1104	2261	C1105	2262
C1106	2263	C1107	2264	C1108	2265	C1109	2266
C1108	2267	C1100	2268	C11G1	2269	C11G2	2270
C1201	2271	C1202	2272	C1203	2273	C1204	2274
C1205	2275	C1206	2276	C1207	2277	C1208	2278

Figure 50. Subroutine SILFAC Core Storage Map (continued)

U1C5	303 00457	D1114	351 00537	D112E	712 01310	D1121	738 01342
U12K	768 01400	D112P	801 01441	D114K	1208 02270	D1158	1441 02641
U159	1451 02653	D115H	1553 03021	D115K	1583 03057	D1166	1751 03327
U16P	1853 03475	D116U	1890 03542	D1175	1946 03632	D1176	1950 03636
U20C	289 00441	D121C	462 00716	D121I	505 00771	D121M	533 01025
U21P	543 01037	D1223	601 01131	D1224	609 01141	D1225	618 01152
U22R	808 01450	D123C	999 01747	D123I	1035 02013	D123R	1078 02066
U23V	1097 02111	D1243	1116 02154	D124K	1210 02272	D124M	1301 02425
U262	1691 03233	D1268	1761 03341	D1269	1766 03346	D126D	1782 03366
U26M	1838 03456	D126V	1896 03550	D1274	1931 03613	D1305	302 00456
U31C	461 00715	D1325	617 01151	D132K	767 01377	D1362	1690 03232
U368	1760 03340	D1369	1765 03345	D136M	1837 03455	D136U	1889 03541
U375	1945 03631	D1376	1949 03655	D140E	130 00202	D140G	172 00254
U40I	189 00275	D140P	285 00435	D1410	325 00505	D1424	611 01143
U42J	747 01353	D142T	844 01514	D1431	907 01613	D1433	933 01645
U44R	1335 02467	D145F	1485 02715	D145I	1560 03030	D145P	1616 03120
U45L	1619 03123	D145K	1630 03136	D146J	1815 03427	D1510	324 00504
U55I	1559 03027	D155R	1629 03135	D156J	1814 03426	D160G	171 00253
U60P	284 00434	D1624	608 01140	D162J	746 01352	D162T	843 01513
U633	932 01644	D165P	1615 03117	D166V	1895 03547	D170S	301 00455
U725	616 01150	D172K	766 01376	D176U	1888 03540	D176V	1894 03546
U775	1944 03630	D1776	1948 03634	E1C	118 00166	E1K	227 00343
E1M	267 00413	E1R	294 00446	E1S	356 00544	E1D	478 00736
E1IF	495 00757	E12A	642 01202	E12B	645 01205	E12L	772 01404
E135	956 01674	E137	974 01716	E13D	1005 01755	E14L	1214 02276
E15K	1607 03107	E16A	1769 03351	E110D	124 00174		

LOCATIONS OF NAMES IN TRANSFER VECTOR

A	TAN	DEC	QCT	COUNTY	DEC	QCT	DUMP	DEC	QCT	SORT	DEC	QCT
		2	00002	(FIL)	0	00000	(SPH)	5	00005	SORT	1	00001
		6	00006	(FIL)	4	00004	(SPH)	3	00003			

ENTRY POINTS TO SUBROUTINES NOT OUTPUT FROM LIBRARY

A	TAN	COUNTY	SORT	TIMEV	(FIL)	(SPH)

Figure 50. Subroutine SILFAC Core Storage Map (continued)

EXTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS WITH CORRESPONDING INTERNAL FORMULA NUMBERS AND OCTAL LOCATIONS

EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC	EFN	IFN	LOC
29000	17	00062	29050	21	00103	29100	22	00106	29150	24	00111
29100	25	00113	29200	26	00115	29800	31	00133	30000	34	00142
30500	37	00147	31000	38	00151	31500	40	00171	31550	41	00177
29250	42	00203	29900	46	00220	2100	52	00261	2200	54	00276
6900	58	00344	7000	60	00365	8000	65	00414	10000	66	00417
10100	69	00426	10200	70	00436	11000	71	00442	11500	72	00447
11600	75	00462	11700	77	00474	12000	79	00506	12100	81	00527
12150	83	00545	12200	84	00550	12300	89	00576	12350	91	00605
12400	94	00656	12800	96	00663	225	103	00740	227	104	00752
240	105	00766	260	106	00772	270	110	01012	280	111	01015
290	113	01021	295	115	01026	296	116	01032	297	118	01035
300	119	01040	310	120	01043	315	121	01051	320	123	01056
325	124	01064	330	126	01071	370	131	01105	375	132	01107
12900	133	01112	13000	134	01123	13500	136	01132	13600	137	01144
400	139	01153	11300	143	01175	11400	145	01203	105	152	01245
100	156	01272	2600	158	01311	2700	160	01320	104	162	01325
110	163	01330	115	164	01343	140	167	01354	160	170	01406
170	171	01410	175	174	01424	180	176	01427	190	179	01442
195	181	01451	649	183	01464	660	190	01515	402	193	01527
403	194	01531	404	196	01541	662	200	01614	663	202	01624
651	204	01651	664	212	01675	665	214	01702	667	215	01707
668	216	01717	669	217	01724	671	219	01727	672	220	01733
673	221	01741	674	222	01750	670	225	01756	2400	227	01767
2500	228	01771	677	229	02001	678	231	02006	679	232	02014
4000	233	02021	4100	235	02024	4200	236	02032	4300	237	02037
4400	239	02042	4500	240	02050	410	241	02052	420	244	02061
430	246	02067	435	248	02077	440	249	02101	450	251	02106
460	252	02112	675	253	02120	680	254	02124	690	255	02130
695	256	02135	696	258	02147	697	262	02156	700	264	02163
704	265	02171	705	266	02173	706	268	02200	708	269	02204
710	270	02212	720	271	02215	730	272	02221	735	273	02224
740	274	02227	745	275	02235	755	276	02240	760	283	02257
770	284	02264	800	286	02273	801	287	02277	804	289	02426
802	290	02441	803	291	02445	805	293	02454	4550	295	02470
4560	297	02474	810	298	02500	540	299	02507	820	300	02515
821	301	02524	822	302	02532	830	304	02535	834	307	02546
2800	308	02553	824	309	02557	832	314	02575	823	316	02606

Figure 50. Subroutine SILFAC Core Storage Map (continued)

7J306 SILFAC(CONFAC II) ANALYSIS AND PROGRAMMING BY K.-A. TOUPS, NAASID, 11/1/63 11/08/83 PAGE 19

457C	318 02614	458C	321 02637	835	322 02642	840	324 02645
850	328 02700	860	329 02702	870	331 02705	880	332 02707
890	333 02710	905	334 02716	910	339 03016	920	340 03022
940	341 03031	945	342 03036	4590	344 03060	610	345 03070
615	346 03102	650	347 03114	656	348 03121	657	349 03124
995	353 03137	996	355 03144	1600	356 03150	997	358 03167
998	359 03174	950	366 03234	960	370 03300	965	372 03303
970	374 03310	980	375 03330	903	377 03342	986	378 03347
971	379 03352	500	380 03356	520	381 03362	984	382 03367
972	383 03403	975	384 03406	987	385 03413	988	386 03430
99C	387 03433	1015	390 03457	999	391 03463	1700	392 03467
102C	394 03500	1016	401 03535	1017	402 03543	1000	403 03551
105C	405 03561	1060	408 03605	1500	409 03614	2000	414 03623
2300	415 03637						

Figure 50. Subroutine SILFAC Core Storage Map
(continued)

```

* 7090 FORTRAN INPUT-OUTPUT COMPATIBILITY ROUTINE CAUSES
* READ N, LIST TO BE EXECUTED AS 'READ INPUT TAPE
* M1, N, LIST', 'PRINT N, LIST TO BE EXECUTED AS
* WRITE OUTPUT TAPE M2, N, LIST', AND 'PUNCH N, LIST'
* TO BE EXECUTED AS 'WRITE OUTPUT TAPE M3, N, LIST'
* WHERE N IS THE STATEMENT NUMBER OF A FORMAT AND
* M1, M2, AND M3 ARE THE LOGICAL TAPE NUMBERS
* FOR PERIPHERAL INPUT, OUTPUT AND PUNCHING RESPECTIVELY.
*
* WRITTEN BY G. M. GEORGE, NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION, INC.
* SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION, DOWNEY, CALIF.
*
* ENTRY (CSH)
* ENTRY (SPH)
* ENTRY (SCH)

```

```

00002
00004
00006

```

```

TRANSFER VECTOR
00000 746362303460 (TSH)
00001 746263303460 (STH)

```

00002	-0500	00	0	00010	(CSH)	CAL	M1	00000018
00003	0020	00	0	00000	(TSH)	TRA	\$ (TSH)	00000019
00004	-0500	00	0	00011	(SPH)	CAL	M2	00000020
00005	0020	00	0	00001	(STH)	TRA	\$ (STH)	00000021
00006	-0500	00	0	00012	(SCH)	CAL	M3	00000022
00007	0020	00	0	00001	(SCH)	TRA	\$ (STH)	00000023
00010	0	00005	0	00000	M1	PZE	0,0,MIN	00000024
00011	0	00006	0	00000	M2	PZE	0,0,MPUNCH	00000025
00012	0	00016	0	00000	M3	PZE	0,0,MPUNCH	00000026
				00005	MIN	EQU	5	00000027
				00006	MBUT	EQU	6	00000028
				00016	MPUNCH	EQU	14	00000029
						END		00000030

Figure 51. FAP Innut-Output Compatibility Subroutine Listing

PGST PROCESSOR ASSEMBLY DATA

13 IS THE FIRST LOCATION NOT USED BY THIS PROGRAM

REFERENCES TO DEFINED SYMBOLS	DEFINED SYMBOLS
10	M1 2
11	M2 4
12	M3 6
5	MIN 10, 13
6	MGUT 11, 13
2	(CSH)
6	(SCH)
4	(SPH)
1	(STH)
0	(TSH)
16	MPUNCH 12, 13

NO ERROR IN ABOVE ASSEMBLY.

Figure 51. FAP Inmut-Output Compatibility Subroutine Listing
(Continued)

```

* DATA
S T C 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
(1H1/(1H 12A6))
( 1H13X42HNA SPACE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS DIVISION/25X60HT+A PROJECT36700300
RADIANT-INTERCHANGE CONFIGURATION FACTOR PROGRAM/1H045X16HC 0 N F A C 36700500
I I) 36700600
( 1H018X12A6/19X12A6/1H045X18HI N P U T D A T A) 36700700
(3612) 36700800
( 13H0DATA NAME- *1A6,1H*/ 78H0NG CLASS NO.GIVEN IN COL.1 OF DATA NAME C36700900
ARD--Y0JR JOB CANNOT BE CONTINUED.)
(1H0/19+0**** DATA NAME- *2A6,1H*) 36701000
(6F12.0) 36701200
(4F12.0,413,1F12.0) 36701300
(2F12.0,413,3F12.0/413,3F12.0,413,F12.0) 36701400
(24H0SURFACE SPECIFICATIONS-/ 19H0NG OF X-SECTIONS =13,10X36HNG OF X-SEC36701500
TION BOUNDARY DIVISIONS =13/36H0LOCATON OF VERTICAL CENTERLINE, X=E14.736701600
,4H, Y=E14.7/14H0X-SECTION NO.5X13HX-AXIS RADIUS6X13HY-AXIS RADIUS6X24HE36701700
LEVATION ABOVE XY PLANE/(17,6X3E19.7)) 36701800
( 88H0THE FOLLOWING INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACE DATA RESULTED FROM THE 36701900
ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS-) 36702000
(23H0SPHERE SPECIFICATIONS-/ 9H0RADIUS =E14.7/30H C00RDINATES OF CENTER-36702100
--- X =E14.7,5X3HY =E14.7,5X3HZ =E14.7) 36702200
(19H0MULTISURFACE DATA-/1H012(1A6,1H,)) 36702300
(102H0YOU HAVE EXCEEDED THE MAX ALLOWABLE NO OF DATA ENTRIES IN THE CLA36702400
SS IN WHICH THE ABOVE NAME APPEARS./ 30H YOUR JOB CANNOT BE CONTINUED.) 36702500
( 21H0TRANSFORMATION DATA-) 36702600
(1H02(5HPOINT7X1HX14X1HY14X1HZ11X)) 36702700
(2(115,1X3E15.7,3X)) 36702800
( 6X3E15.7,44H---(INTERNALLY GENERATED ORIENTATION VECTOR)) 36702900
(1H0/4(27H POINT CONNECTING POINTS ) /4(115,17,1H,13,1H,13,1H,13,3X)) 36703000
(75H-ONE OR MORE OF ABOVE NAMES OR INSTRUCTIONS IS INCORRECT. THIS RUN A36703100
BORTED.) 36703200
( 48H- 4I-I H0PC YOU ARE GLAD I STOPPED THIS- K.T0UPS) 36703300
(1H118X12A6/19X12A6/8H-RUN NO.14,28H DATA USED FOR THIS RUN- *1A6,1H*136703400
A6,1H*/2(139X,1H*1A6,1H*1A6,1H*/)) 36703500
( 66H-A NONPLANAR SURFACE CANNOT BE USED AS SURFACE 1-THIS RUN ABORTED.)36703600
( 61H-TKFRM DATA MUST BE IN CLASS 9. THIS RUN CANNOT BE CONTINUED.) 36703700
( 63H-SURFACE DATA ABOVE CLASS 6 CANNOT BE TRANSFORMED. RUN ABORTED.) 36703800
(18H-NONE OF SURFACE *2A6,22H* IS SEEN BY SURFACE *2A6,1H*/104H IF THE 36703900
ABOVE RESULT IS UNEXPECTED, DO NOT BECOME ALARMED- IT HAPPENS TO THE BES36704000
T OF EM. JUST CHECK YOUR/ 99H DATA-ESPECIALLY BE SURE THAT YOU ENTERED A36704100
LL POINTS IN COUNTERCLOCKWISE ORDER, AS THEY APPEAR WHEN/ 90H FACING THE36704200
ACTIVE SIDE OF THE SURFACE, AND DERIVED FROM A RIGHT-HANDED COORDINATE 36704300

```

Figure 52. Variable Format

SYSTEM.) 36704400
 (10H)SURFACE *1A6,22H* WAS TRANSFORMED BY *1A6,19H* TO THE FOLLOWING-1 36704500
 (31H)THE FORM FACTOR FROM SURFACE *2A6,14H* TO SURFACE *2A6,3H* =F8.5/ 36704600
 (31H)THE EXCHANGE COEFFICIENT (FA)=E14.5,9H SQ UNITS/1H01818THE MAPPING 36704700
 G AREA =E14.7,9H SQ UNITS) 36704800
 (25H=ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *2A6,25H*, COMPRISING AN AREA OF E14.7, 11H 36704900
 SQ UNITS,715H SEES SURFACE *2A6,1H*) 36705000
 (2H)THE AREA OF SURFACE *2A6,3H* = E14.7,10H SQ UNITS.) 36705100
 (16H)WARNING-WARNING/ 77H THE MAPPING AREA IS MORE THAN 1 PERCENT DIFF 36705200
 ERENT FROM THE AREA IN SURFACE *2A6, 9H* SEEN BY/10H SURFACE *2A6, 71H*36705300
 • THIS MAY BE CAUSED BY WRONG SURFACE DATA ENTRY (THE SURFACE BOUNDARY/ 36705400
 105H CROSSES A MAPPING LINE IN MORE THAN TWO PLACES), OR TOO COARSE INCR36705500
 EMENTS. THE FACTOR MAY BE INCORRECT.) 36705600
 (83H-THE FOLLOWING ARE THE (FINAL) SURFACE COORDINATES USED FOR THE FAC36705700
 TOR COMPUTATION-1 36705800
 (47H)COORDINATES OF POINTS ON BOUNDARY OF SURF *2A6,21H* FOR EACH Y 36705900
 INTERVAL /1H06X,6HX-LEFT9X,7HX-RIGHT10X,1HY22X,6HX-LEFT9X,7HX-RIGHT136706000
 0X,1HY// (1X,3E15.7,10X,3E15.7)) 36706100
 (3CH-N0. OF HORIZONTAL INCREMENTS=13,29H N0. OF VERTICAL INCREMENTS=13)36706200
 (74H-THE FOLLOWING ARE PLANE POINT CONFIGURATION FACTORS COMPUTED FOR TH36706300
 IS RUN/48H LOWEST GRID LINE FIRST, FROM X-LEFT TO X-RIGHT.///) 36706400
 (6E16.7) 36706500
 (88H)SURFACE 1 MUST BE IN THE XY PLANE OF ITS CS WHEN SURFACE 2 IS CLAS36706600
 S 8-THIS RUN ABORTED.) 36706700
 (60H-SURF 2 HAS A 0 OR - Z-COORD REL TO SURF 1-THIS RUN ABORTED.) 36706800
 (63H-THE ALLOWABLE GRAND TOTAL OF CLASS 4,5,6 SURFACES IS EXCEEDED.) 36706900
 (67H-YOU HAVE EXCEEDED THE MAX. GRAND TOTAL OF ALL SURFACE DATA ENTRIES)36707000
 (66H ALLOWED WHEN A DETAILED SILHOUETTE GENERATOR OUTPUT IS REQUESTED.) 36707100
 (66H-MAPPING SURFACE 2 SILHOUETTE COMPUTED FROM MAPPING POINT SHOWN/ 36707200
 8H LINE PT) 36707300
 (1H 13,14,3X,24I4/(11X,24I4)) 36707400
 (1H*32X10A6) (25H-ONLY A PART OF SURFACE *2A6,16H* SEES SURFACE *2A6,1H*)36707500
 (53H-TROUBLE IN SILFAC-THIS SILHOUETTE DOES NOT CONVERGE.) 36707600

Figure 52. Variable Format

APPENDIX C

COORDINATE TRANSFORMATION

PRIMARY TRANSFORMATION

As indicated in Section II, the surface coordinate transformation technique employed by the program does not require transformation parameters such as direction cosines, Euler angles and translation terms to be entered as input data to the program for transformation purposes. Instead, the x, y and z coordinates of three points, not in a line, are given from the new origin, or to the new position of the surface. These data are then used to derive the rotational and translation terms required to transform the remaining surface data to the new origin or surface position.

The classical equations for transformation of rectangular coordinates in space are employed for both primary and auxiliary transformation. The new x, y and z coordinates in terms of the old coordinates are:

$$x = x' \cos \alpha_1 + y' \cos \alpha_2 + z' \cos \alpha_3 + H \quad (1)$$

$$y = x' \cos \beta_1 + y' \cos \beta_2 + z' \cos \beta_3 + L \quad (2)$$

$$z = x' \cos \gamma_1 + y' \cos \gamma_2 + z' \cos \gamma_3 + K \quad (3)$$

Note that there are 9 unknown direction cosines and 3 translation terms, or a total of 12 unknowns. It is clear that the coordinates of four points from the new origin are required if these equations are to be used directly to determine the unknown parameters.

It can be shown, however, that the coordinates of three points (not in a line) are sufficient and necessary to fix the position of a surface in any rectangular coordinate system. It appears, therefore, that another point must be made available for solution of the above equations, or another technique developed which directly requires only three points. Investigation of the latter yielded a complex, difficult to program, solution. On the other hand, solution of the classical equations is straightforward, but requires the extra point (not in the plane of the other three). Rather than require the user to supply the extra point in data, it was decided to generate the point as a unit normal vector above the second point given in transformation data. This extra point must, of course, be generated in both old and new coordinate systems.

Figure 53 depicts a primary transformation of Surface A from the old (primed) to the new (unprimed) coordinate system. Note that the primary transformation shown affects only one surface, whereas both surfaces are involved in the auxiliary transformation, which will be discussed in more

Contrails

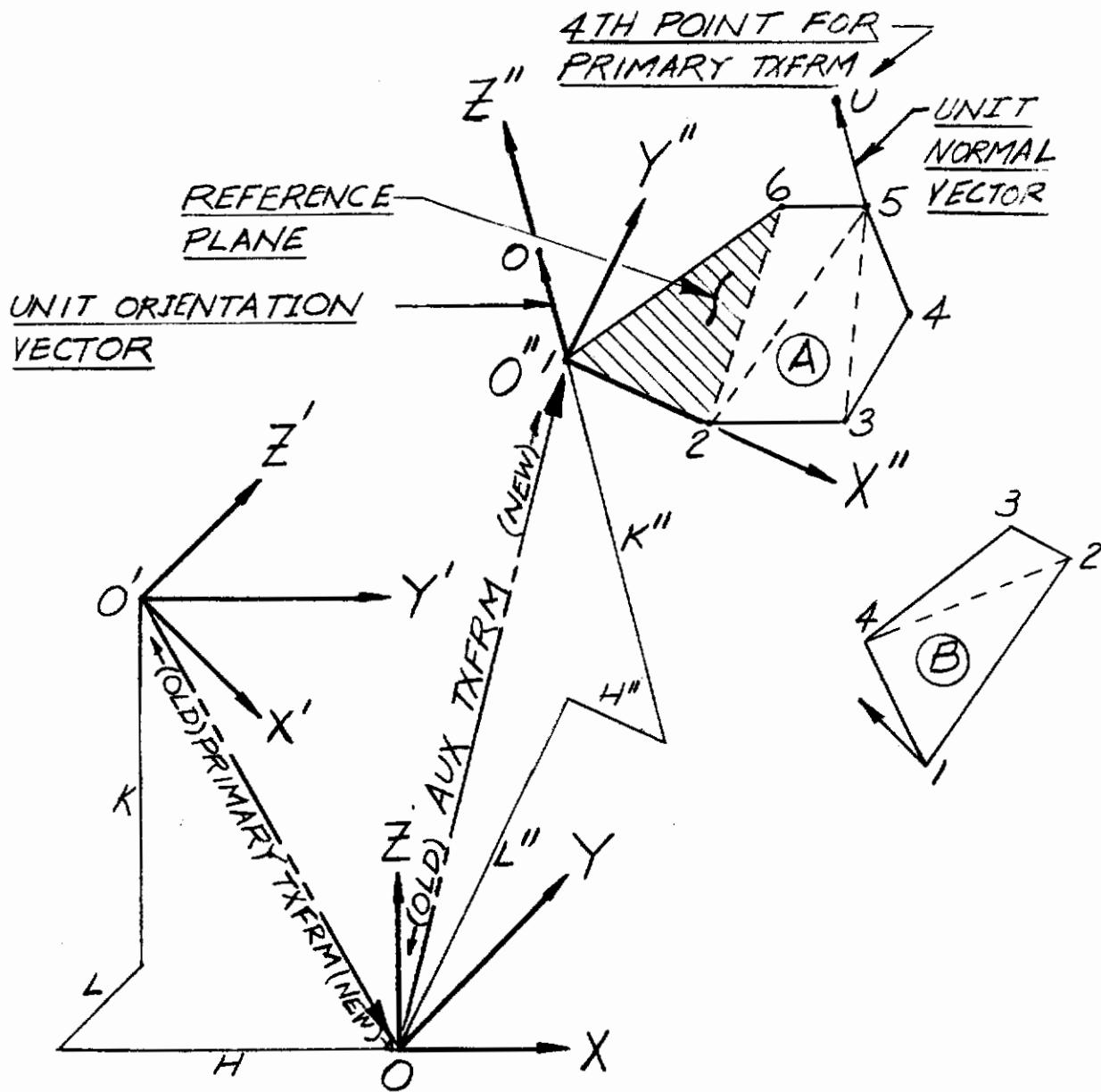


Figure 53. Coordinate Transformation

Contrails

detail later in this Appendix. The angles (α , β and γ) shown in Equations 1, 2 and 3 are related in the following manner with the primed and unprimed coordinate axes shown in Figure 53:

$$\alpha_1 = \angle O'X'OX, \alpha_2 = \angle O'Y'OX, \alpha_3 = \angle O'Z'OX$$

$$\beta_1 = \angle O'X'OY, \beta_2 = \angle O'Y'OY, \beta_3 = \angle O'Z'OY$$

$$\gamma_1 = \angle O'X'OZ, \gamma_2 = \angle O'Y'OZ, \gamma_3 = \angle O'Z'OZ$$

Given the coordinates of points 2, 5 and 6 in Surface A, and the generated point U, from both the old and new coordinate systems, we may write four independent equations similar to Equation 1. Using Equation 1, the resulting set of equations in x is:

$$x_2 = x_2' \cos \alpha_1 + y_2' \cos \alpha_2 + z_2' \cos \alpha_3 + H \quad (4)$$

$$x_5 = x_5' \cos \alpha_1 + y_5' \cos \alpha_2 + z_5' \cos \alpha_3 + H \quad (5)$$

$$x_6 = x_6' \cos \alpha_1 + y_6' \cos \alpha_2 + z_6' \cos \alpha_3 + H \quad (6)$$

$$x_U = x_U' \cos \alpha_1 + y_U' \cos \alpha_2 + z_U' \cos \alpha_3 + H \quad (7)$$

We may similarly write two more sets of equations in y and z similar to Equations 2 and 3, for a total of twelve independent equations. Each set of four simultaneous equations is solved by Cramer's Rule (Reference 2) for the unknown direction cosines relating the old y' and z' axes to the new x, y and z axes.

For example, using the set developed above for Equation 1 (Equations 4, 5, 6 and 7), the coefficient determinant D is

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} x_2' & y_2' & z_2' & 1 \\ x_5' & y_5' & z_5' & 1 \\ x_6' & y_6' & z_6' & 1 \\ x_U' & y_U' & z_U' & 1 \end{vmatrix} \quad (8)$$

By Cramer's Rule, we successively replace the elements in each column of the set with the respective element on the left of each equation in the set. For example, the solution for $\cos \alpha_2$ is:

Contrails

$$\cos \alpha_2 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} x'_2 & x_2 & z'_2 & 1 \\ x'_5 & x_5 & z'_5 & 1 \\ x'_6 & x_6 & z'_6 & 1 \\ x'_U & x_U & z'_U & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{D} \quad (9)$$

and similarly,

$$\cos \alpha_3 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} x'_2 & y'_2 & x_2 & 1 \\ x'_5 & y'_5 & x_5 & 1 \\ x'_6 & y'_6 & x_6 & 1 \\ x'_U & y'_U & x_U & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{D} \quad (10)$$

The above process is repeated for the solution of $\cos \beta_2$, $\cos \beta_3$, $\cos \gamma_2$, and $\cos \gamma_3$, using the sets developed for y and z. The coefficient determinant is the same for all sets, because the coefficients of the unknowns in all sets are identical.

To increase computational efficiency, repeated factors in the expanded determinants are computed only once for each set. Also, considerable economy results in computing the unknown direction cosines $\cos \alpha_1$, $\cos \beta_1$, $\cos \gamma_1$, as the cross product of the corresponding direction cosines of the other (y and z) axes:

$$\cos \alpha_1 = \cos \beta_2 \cos \gamma_3 - \cos \gamma_2 \cos \beta_3 \quad (11)$$

$$\cos \beta_1 = \cos \gamma_2 \cos \alpha_3 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \gamma_3 \quad (12)$$

$$\cos \gamma_1 = \cos \alpha_2 \cos \beta_3 - \cos \beta_2 \cos \alpha_3 \quad (13)$$

The translation components H, L and K are computed by substituting the coordinates of the point below point U in the surface to be transformed into Equations 1, 2 and 3, along with the known values of direction cosines. For the Surface A shown in Figure 53, using point 5,

$$H = x_5 - x'_5 \cos \alpha_1 - y'_5 \cos \alpha_2 - z'_5 \cos \alpha_3 \quad (14)$$

$$L = y_5 - x'_5 \cos \beta_1 - y'_5 \cos \beta_2 - z'_5 \cos \beta_3 \quad (15)$$

$$K = z_5 - x'_5 \cos \gamma_1 - y'_5 \cos \gamma_2 - z'_5 \cos \gamma_3 \quad (16)$$

Contours

The program now transforms all point coordinates in Surface A from the old to the new system by direct substitution in Equations 1, 2 and 3.

The method outlined above will always perform the transformation desired, providing the three points selected are (1) sufficiently separated in space, (2) accurately computed, and (3) do not form a straight line in space. Because the fourth point U is always computed outside the plane of the other three, the coefficient determinant D can never be 0. Hence, by Cramer's Rule, a unique solution must always exist.

AUXILIARY TRANSFORMATION

An auxiliary transformation transforms the coordinates of both surfaces into the reference plane of a specified surface--the "Control" surface. In Figure 53, Surface A is the control surface; the auxiliary transformation depicted transforms both Surface A and B from the unprimed (old) system to the double-primed (new) system. In general, the origin O'' in the control surface is always point 1 in the control surface coordinate array. It may not always be the first point entered in input surface data; if a bisection of the surface occurs, and the original point 1 is not seen by the other surface (assumed planar), then a new point 1 will be computed. The new point will be used as the origin O''. The same processing occurs for internally generated surfaces. Only surfaces classed as plane surfaces may be control surfaces, i.e., Classes 1, 3, 4 and planar 6. For example, if both Surface A and B in Figure 53 are plane and bisect each other, two auxiliary transformations would occur to facilitate surface reconstruction. Actually, if Surface A were entered as Surface 1, the first auxiliary transformation to occur would be to point 1 in Surface B, rather than Surface A. This would not occur, however, if Surface A were not bisected by Surface B. In any case, the last transformation always is to point 1 in Surface 1, so that mapping and factor computation may proceed forthwith.

The processing of an auxiliary transformation differs from the primary transformation because unknowns may be more readily computed from available data. Equations 1, 2 and 3 are rewritten for the auxiliary old and new coordinate systems,

$$x'' = x \cos \alpha_1 + y \cos \alpha_2 + z \cos \alpha_3 + H'' \quad (17)$$

$$y'' = x \cos \beta_1 + y \cos \beta_2 + z \cos \beta_3 + L'' \quad (18)$$

$$z'' = x \cos \gamma_1 + y \cos \gamma_2 + z \cos \gamma_3 + K'' \quad (19)$$

The angles are defined as follows, referring to Figure 53:

$$\alpha_1 = \angle OXO''X'', \quad \alpha_2 = \angle OYO''X'', \quad \alpha_3 = \angle OZO''X''$$

$$\beta_1 = \angle OXO''Y'', \quad \beta_2 = \angle OYO''Y'', \quad \beta_3 = \angle OZO''Y''$$

$$\gamma_1 = \angle OXO''Z'', \quad \gamma_2 = \angle OYO''Z'', \quad \gamma_3 = \angle OZO''Z''$$

Controls

Because the O''X'' axis in the new system is directed along the line segment formed by the first and second point in the control surface, the direction cosines related to that axis are readily computed.

The length of line $\overline{12}$ in Surface A is

$$LS_{12} = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2 + (z_2 - z_1)^2},$$

and the direction cosines relating the new O''X'' axis to the old OX, OY and OZ axes are:

$$\cos \alpha_1 = (x_2 - x_1)/LS_{12} \quad (20)$$

$$\cos \alpha_2 = (y_2 - y_1)/LS_{12} \quad (21)$$

$$\cos \alpha_3 = (z_2 - z_1)/LS_{12} \quad (22)$$

Because the new O''Z'' axis is directed along the surface unit orientation vector (point 0 above Surface A) the cosines relating that axis to the old OX, OY and OZ axes are

$$\cos \gamma_1 = x_0 - x_1 \quad (23)$$

$$\cos \gamma_2 = y_0 - y_1 \quad (24)$$

$$\cos \gamma_3 = z_0 - z_1 \quad (25)$$

The remaining direction cosines are computed by cross products of the X'' and Z'' axis unit base vectors (direction cosines).

$$\cos \beta_1 = \cos \gamma_2 \cos \alpha_3 - \cos \alpha_2 \cos \gamma_3 \quad (26)$$

$$\cos \beta_2 = \cos \alpha_1 \cos \gamma_3 - \cos \gamma_1 \cos \alpha_3 \quad (27)$$

$$\cos \beta_3 = \cos \gamma_1 \cos \alpha_2 - \cos \alpha_1 \cos \gamma_2 \quad (28)$$

The unknown translation terms are determined from Equations 17, 18 and 19 for point 1 in Surface A ($x_1'' = 0, y_1'' = 0, z_1'' = 0$).

$$H'' = -x_1 \cos \alpha_1 - y_1 \cos \alpha_2 - z_1 \cos \alpha_3 \quad (29)$$

$$L'' = -x_1 \cos \beta_1 - y_1 \cos \beta_2 - z_1 \cos \beta_3 \quad (30)$$

$$K'' = -x_1 \cos \gamma_1 - y_1 \cos \gamma_2 - z_1 \cos \gamma_3 \quad (31)$$

The program now transforms all coordinates in Surface A and Surface B to the new system by using Equations 17, 18 and 19.

APPENDIX D

COMPUTATION OF SURFACE AREA OF INTERNALLY GENERATED SURFACES

In Figure 54, View J-J shows a view of the surface of a right elliptical cone between the two arbitrary cross-sections indicated in the isometric sketch of the cone. Because the program internal surface generator uses the elliptical cross-section as the basic generating element, elemental surface areas such as Area ABCD in Figure 54 are trapezoids having, in general, unequal nonparallel sides. Also, because each elemental surface is developed by equal elliptical parametric angles, one need compute the area of only one elemental surface for each pair of cross-sections (providing, of course, the cross-sections are similar).

The plane area of trapezoid ABCD is

$$A_T = \frac{1}{2} h (L_1 + L_2). \quad (1)$$

L_1 and L_2 are readily computed from the X, Y coordinates of points A, B, C and D;

$$L_1 = \sqrt{(X_C - X_A)^2 + (Y_C - Y_A)^2} \quad (2)$$

$$L_2 = \sqrt{(X_D - X_B)^2 + (Y_D - Y_B)^2} \quad (3)$$

The trapezoid height h is computed indirectly from the projected area A_p of the trapezoid on the XY plane in the following manner:

$$h = \sqrt{h_p^2 + Z^2} \quad (4)$$

where h_p is the projected length of trapezoid height h , and Z is the distance between cross-sections.

The projected area of ABCD is:

$$A_p = \frac{1}{2} h_p (L_1 + L_2). \quad (5)$$

Solving for h_p in Equation 5:

$$h_p = \frac{2 A_p}{(L_1 + L_2)} \quad (6)$$

The area A_p is computed from the trapezoid (X,Y) coordinates in the following manner:

Contraails

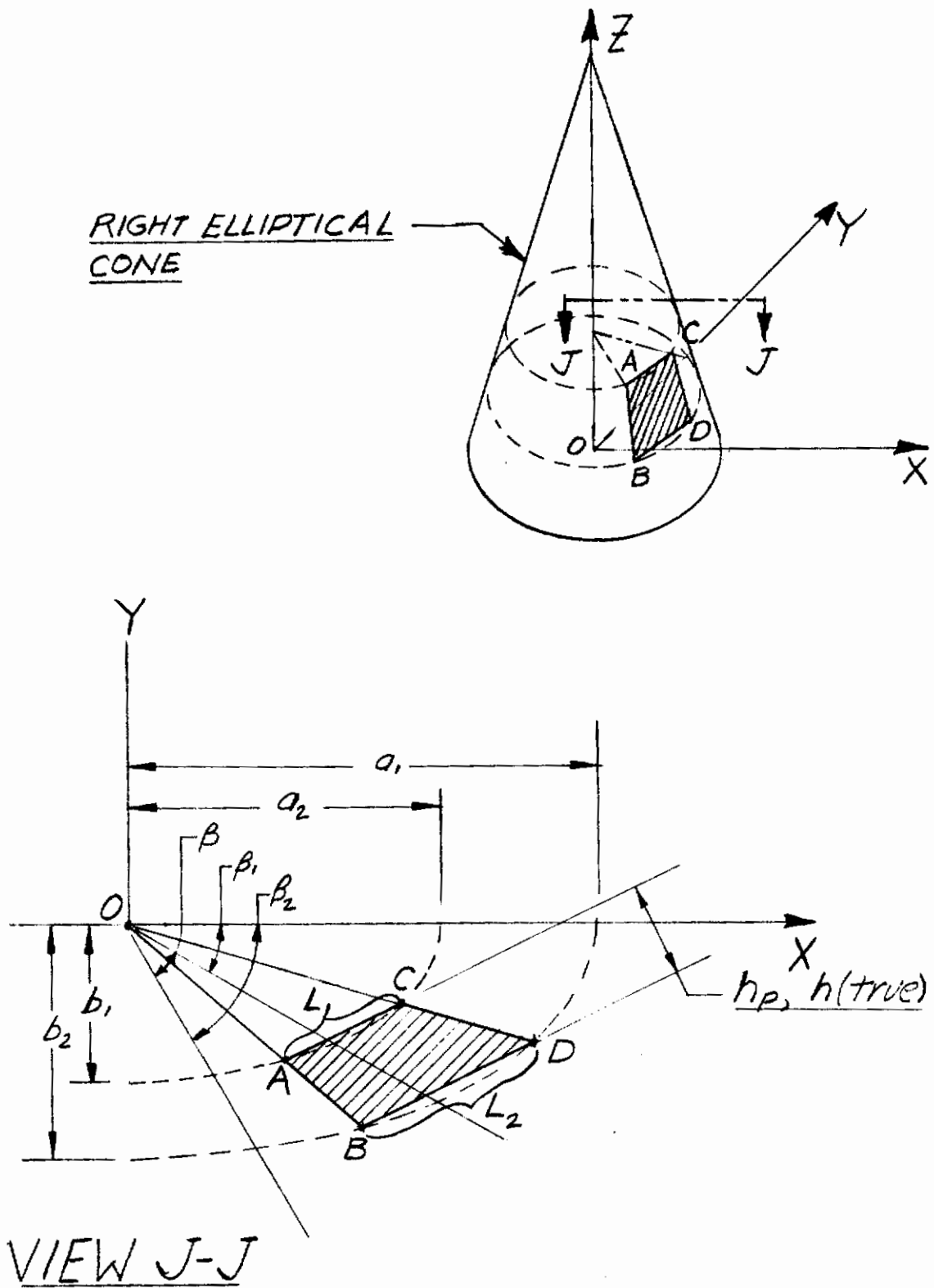


Figure 54. Surface Area Geometry of Internally Generated Polyhedra

Noting triangles BOD and AOC

$$A_p = \text{Area } \Delta BOD - \text{Area } \Delta AOC \quad (7)$$

It is desirable for computational efficiency to compute A_p using known parameters. In this case, $\sin \beta$ is known and is used. The parametric equations of the ellipse are:

$$x = a \cos \theta \quad (8)$$

$$y = b \sin \theta \quad (9)$$

where a is the semi-major axis, b is the semi-minor axis and θ is the parametric angle. In Figure 54, angle β_1 defines points A and B and angle β_2 defines points C and D. Angle $\beta = \beta_2 - \beta_1$.

The area of triangle AOC can be computed by vector cross products,

$$A_{AOC} = \frac{1}{2} (X_A Y_C - X_C Y_A) \quad (10)$$

From Equations 8 and 9 for the parametric angles β_1 and β_2 defining points A and C,

$$X_A = a_1 \cos \beta_1, Y_A = b_1 \sin \beta_1 \quad (11)$$

$$X_C = a_1 \cos \beta_2, Y_C = b_1 \sin \beta_2 \quad (12)$$

Substituting Equations 11 and 12 in Equation 10,

$$\begin{aligned} A_{AOC} &= \frac{1}{2} a_1 b_1 (\cos \beta_1 \sin \beta_2 - \cos \beta_2 \sin \beta_1) \\ A_{AOC} &= \frac{1}{2} a_1 b_1 \sin (\beta_2 - \beta_1) \\ A_{AOC} &= \frac{1}{2} a_1 b_1 \sin \beta \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

A similar derivation is developed to obtain the area of triangle BOD.

$$A_{BOD} = \frac{1}{2} a_2 b_2 \sin \beta \quad (14)$$

Substituting Equations 13 and 14 in Equation 7,

$$A_p = \frac{1}{2} \sin \beta (a_2 b_2 - a_1 b_1) \quad (15)$$

Substituting Equation 15 into Equation 6,

$$h_p = \frac{2 \left[\frac{1}{2} \sin \beta (a_2 b_2 - a_1 b_1) \right]}{L_1 + L_2} \quad (16)$$

Contrails

Substituting Equation 16 into Equation 4,

$$h = \sqrt{\left[\frac{\sin \beta (a_2 b_2 - a_1 b_1)}{L_1 + L_2} \right]^2 + z^2} \quad (17)$$

Finally, substituting Equation 17 into Equation 1,

$$A_T = \frac{L_1 + L_2}{2} \sqrt{\left[\frac{\sin \beta (a_2 b_2 - a_1 b_1)}{L_1 + L_2} \right]^2 + z^2}$$

Rearranging terms,

$$A_T = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\left[\sin \beta (a_2 b_2 - a_1 b_1) \right]^2 + \left[z (L_1 + L_2) \right]^2} \quad (18)$$

The total surface area is computed by repeated evaluation of Equation 18 for the particular surface generated.

APPENDIX E.

DERIVATION OF CONFIGURATION FACTOR TO A SPHERE

The analytic solution of the configuration factor to a sphere depends upon the position of the sphere relative to the plane of Surface 1. This is clearly demonstrated geometrically by using the Nusselt unit sphere projection as shown in Figure 55. Three unique solutions are apparent from the five different sphere positions; Ib and IIIa represent "limit" values in each case. The unit sphere projections (crosshatched areas) shown in the lower part of Figure 55 correspond respectively to sphere positions (not to scale) depicted in the upper half. Case I results when the sphere is above (Ia) and/or touching (Ib) the plane of Surface 1. The locus on the Nusselt hemisphere base is an ellipse, and varies from a circle (when the sphere is vertically over the point O) to the single tangency position shown in Ib. When the sphere goes below the plane of Surface 1, the Case II locus appears, and is formed by the ellipse boundary on the left and the unit circle boundary on the right.

The locus projected on the unit sphere surface is a circle, in every case. The radius, b , of the circle becomes the semi-major axis of the projected ellipse. By similar triangles,

$$\frac{b}{1} = \frac{R}{D}$$
$$b = \frac{R}{D} \quad (1)$$

where D = distance from center of sphere to origin of unit sphere and R is the sphere radius. The semi-minor axis, a , of the ellipse is the projection on the unit circle of b ; again by similar triangles,

$$\frac{Z}{D} = \frac{a}{b}$$

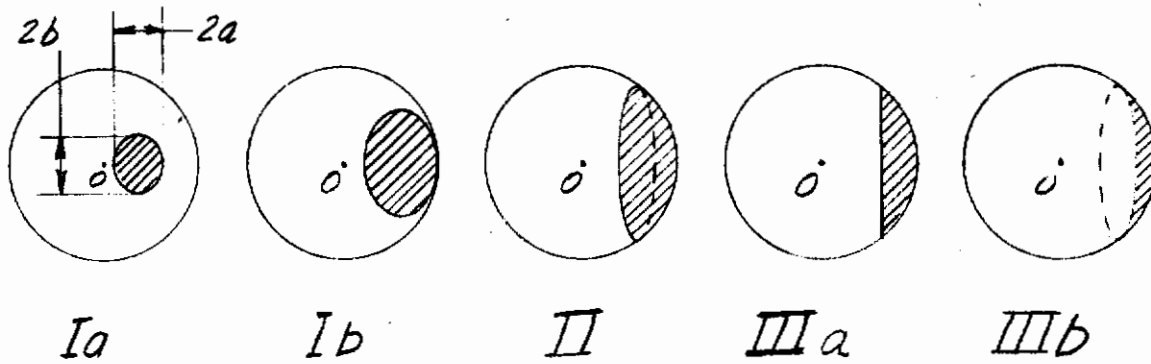
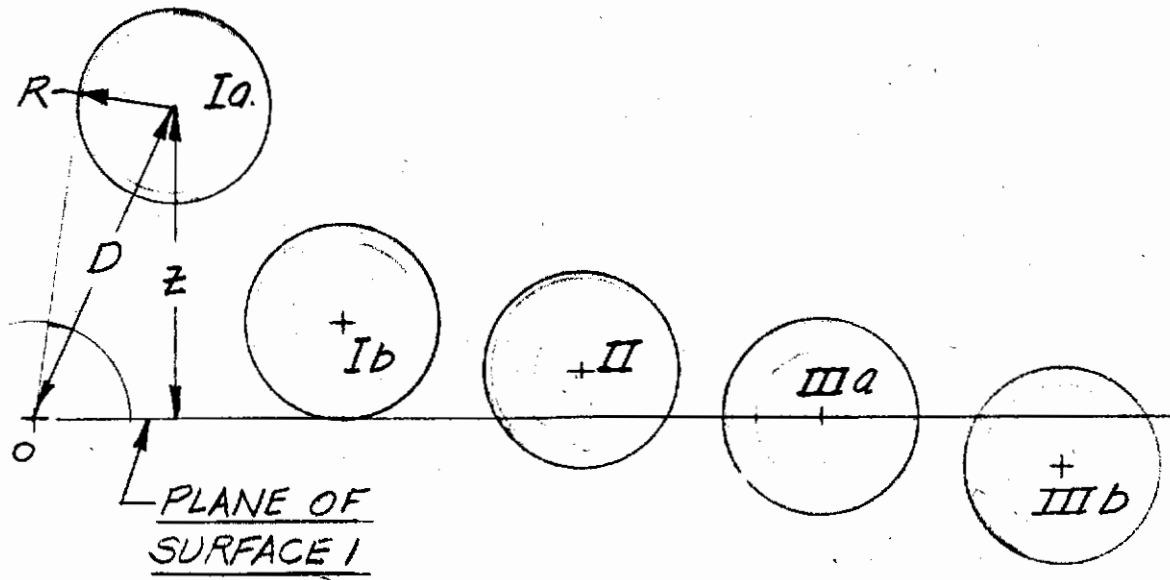
or

$$a = b \frac{Z}{D} = \frac{RZ}{D^2} \quad (2)$$

The area of the ellipse is

$$A = \pi ab = \pi \frac{R^2 Z}{D^3} \quad (3)$$

The configuration factor for Case I is the area of the ellipse divided by the area of the unit radius circle,



NUSSELT UNIT SPHERE PROJECTIONS
(NOT TO ANY SCALE)

Figure 55. Areas Involved in Configuration Factor to Spheres

Contrails

$$e_I = \frac{\pi R^2 Z}{D^3}$$

$$e_I = \frac{R^2 Z}{D^3}, \quad Z \geq R \quad (4)$$

The computation of Case III proceeds as follows. Referring to Figure 56, a detailed drawing of the upper half of the Case III b locus, the area to be determined is Area ACB.

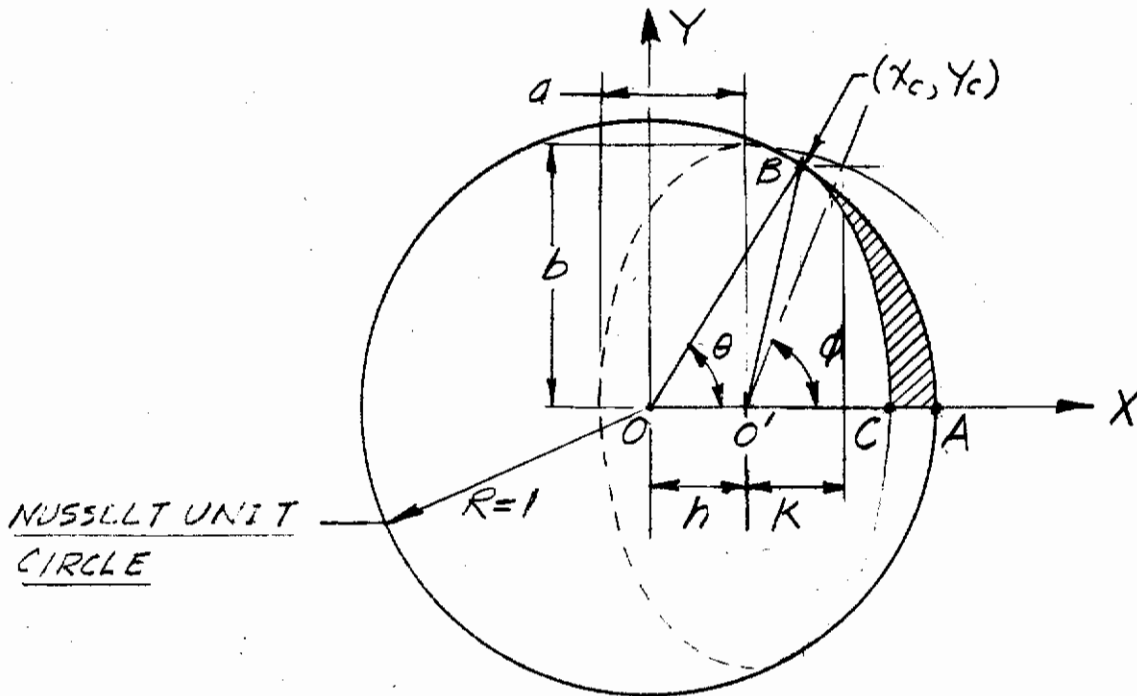


Figure 56, Case IIIb Detail Geometry

By inspection,

$$A_{ACB} = A_{AOB} - A_{O'OB} - A_{CO'B} \quad (5)$$

Area AOB is a sector of the unit circle, $R = 1$,

$$A_{AOB} = \frac{1}{2} R^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} \theta \quad (6)$$

Given h , the distance between centers O and O' , and Y_c , the value of y at the tangency point between the ellipse and the circle, the area of the triangle $O'OB$ is

$$A_{O'OB} = \frac{1}{2} h y_c \quad (7)$$

Conrails

The area CO'B is an elliptical sector defined by the parametric angle ϕ at (x_c, y_c) the point of tangency,

$$A_{CO'B} = \frac{ab}{2} \phi \quad (8)$$

Inserting Equations 6, 7 and 8 into Equation 5,

$$A_{ACB} = \frac{1}{2} (\theta - hy_c - ab\phi) \quad (9)$$

The unknowns θ , h , y_c and ϕ must be evaluated in terms of R, Z and D. The tangency point x_c, y_c , is determined as follows. The equation of the ellipse when translated a distance h in the x direction from the origin O is

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1 \quad (10)$$

The equation of the unit circle is

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad (11)$$

At the intersection point the slopes are equal. Taking the first derivative of Equation 10,

$$\frac{2}{a^2} (x-h) dx + \frac{2y}{b^2} dy = 0$$

Rearranging,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{b^2}{2y} \left[\frac{2}{a^2} (h-x) \right] = \frac{b^2}{a^2} \frac{(h-x)}{y} \quad (12)$$

The slope at any point x, y on the circle is:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = - \frac{x}{y} \quad (13)$$

Equating Equations 12 and 13,

$$\frac{b^2}{a^2} \frac{(h-x)}{y} = - \frac{x}{y}$$

Solving for h , at $x = x_c$ and $y = y_c$,

$$h = x_c \frac{(b^2 - a^2)}{b^2} \quad (14)$$

Substituting Equation 14 into Equation 10,

Contraails

$$\left[\frac{x_c - x_c \frac{(b^2 - a^2)}{b^2}}{a^2} \right]^2 + \frac{y_c^2}{b^2} = 1$$

Reducing and rearranging terms, and solving simultaneously with Equation 11:

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 x_c^2 + y_c^2 = b^2 \quad (15)$$

$$x_c^2 + y_c^2 = 1$$

Subtracting Equation 11 from Equation 15,

$$x_c^2 \left[\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - 1 \right] = b^2 - 1$$

Solving for x_c ,

$$x_c^2 = \frac{b^2 - 1}{\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 - 1} \quad (16)$$

$$x_c = b \sqrt{\frac{1 - b^2}{b^2 - a^2}} \quad (17)$$

Solving for y_c in Equation 11,

$$y_c = \sqrt{1 - x_c^2} \quad (18)$$

Substituting Equation 1 and 2 into Equation 17,

$$x_c = \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - D^2}{Z^2 - D^2}} \quad (19)$$

Substituting Equation 1, 2 and 16 into Equation 18,

$$y_c = \sqrt{\frac{Z^2 - R^2}{Z^2 - D^2}} \quad (20)$$

The angle ϕ may be defined as

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{y_c}{x_c} = \tan^{-1} \frac{y_c b}{\alpha \sqrt{b^2 - y_c^2}} \quad (21)$$

$K = \frac{(x_c - h)}{(x_c - h) + \frac{a}{b} \sqrt{b^2 - y_c^2}}$

Substituting Equation 1 and 20 into Equation 21,

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{D}{|Z|} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{Z^2 - R^2}{R^2 - D^2}} \right] \quad (22)$$

Contrails

The angle θ may be defined as

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y_c}{x_c} \quad (23)$$

Substituting Equations 19 and 20 into Equation 23,

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{Z^2 - R^2}{R^2 - D^2}} \quad (24)$$

Substituting Equations 1, 2 and 19 into Equation 14,

$$h = \frac{D^2 - Z^2}{D^2} \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - D^2}{Z^2 - D^2}} \quad (25)$$

The parameter hy_c in Equation 9 is evaluated by multiplying Equations 20 and 25,

$$\begin{aligned} hy_c &= \left[\frac{D^2 - Z^2}{D^2} \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - D^2}{Z^2 - D^2}} \right] \frac{Z^2 - R^2}{Z^2 - D^2} \\ hy_c &= \frac{\sqrt{D^2 - R^2} \cdot \sqrt{R^2 - Z^2}}{D^2} \\ hy_c &= \left(\frac{D^2 - R^2}{D^2} \right) \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - Z^2}{D^2 - R^2}} \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

Let $\alpha = D^2 - R^2$ (27)

and $\beta = \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - Z^2}{\alpha}}$ (28)

Substituting Equations 27 and 28 into Equations 22, 24 and 26, respectively,

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{D}{|Z|} \beta \right] \quad (29)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \beta \quad (30)$$

and $hy_c = \frac{\alpha \beta}{D^2}$ (31)

Finally, substitute Equations 29, 30 and 31 into 9; the actual area projected on the hemisphere base is twice Area ACB and is divided by the base area to yield the configuration factor.

Contrails

$$c_{III} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[(\tan^{-1} \beta) - \frac{R^2 |Z|}{D^3} \left(\tan^{-1} \frac{\beta D}{|Z|} \right) - \frac{\alpha \beta}{D^2} \right] \quad (32)$$

where

$$\alpha = D^2 - R^2$$

$$\beta = \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - Z^2}{\alpha}}, \quad Z \leq 0 \text{ and } Z^2 \leq R^2$$

By inspection of Figure 55, the projected area for Case II is the sum of the ellipse evaluated by the Case I formula and the crescent shaped area determined by the Case III formula,

$$c_{II} = c_I + c_{III}, \quad 0 < Z < R \quad (33)$$

In summary, referring to Figure 55,

$$c_I = \frac{R^2 Z}{D^3}, \quad Z \geq R$$

$$c_{III} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[(\tan^{-1} \beta) - \frac{R^2 |Z|}{D^3} \left(\tan^{-1} \frac{\beta D}{|Z|} \right) - \frac{\alpha \beta}{D^2} \right]$$

where

$$\alpha = D^2 - R^2, \quad \beta = \sqrt{\frac{R^2 - Z^2}{\alpha}},$$

$$Z \leq 0, \quad Z^2 \leq R^2$$

$$c_{II} = c_I + c_{III}, \quad 0 < Z < R$$

Contrails